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The Washington Post

Fair and warmer.

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41 Die, Many Hurt as U. S. Celebrates July Fourth

Heavy Toll Is Taken by Fireworks, Autos and Drownings.

Bridegroom Only Washington Victim

Wife, 2 Others Injured in Accident Near Virginia Beach.

Forty-one persons, including one District of Columbia man, were killed and scores injured yesterday in the Nation-wide celebration of the 158th anniversary of the signing of the Declaration of Independence, according to a survey made by the Associated Press.

The Washingtonian killed was Stanley W. Cates, Hamilton National Bank clerk and a bridegroom of less than a month, injured fatally in an automobile collision about two miles from Virginia Beach, where he and his bride had planned to spend the day. Cates suffered a fractured skull and died in a Norfolk hospital a few hours later.

Injured in the same accident were Cates' wife, Mrs. Harriett Cates; Mildred Blackwood and Dudley Hodge, both of Washington, and companions of Cates and his wife on the trip. The injured were taken to St. Vincent's Hospital, Norfolk.

T. Vincent Chorey, said to be of Norfolk and driver of the other car in the collision, was charged with assault with an automobile. He was released on bail for appearance in court next Tuesday. He was riding alone.

D. C. Casualties Light.

Fourth of July casualties in the District were comparatively light. Records showed two persons slightly injured by firecrackers and two arrested for shooting firecrackers.

William E. Cline, 26, of 703 Varnum street northwest, and Frank L. Ahern, 12, of 5705 Chevy Chase parkway, were treated for minor burns at Emergency Hospital. Both were injured on the legs by bursting firecrackers.

Early compilations throughout the Nation showed fireworks cost only one life, but maimed and injured many others, the Associated Press reported. Twelve persons were drowned, 20 perished in automobile accidents, 2 were killed in accidental shootings and 6 met death from other causes, while scores of others suffered hurts of varying degree, as hundreds of

Continued on Page 2, Column 1.

Premier Wins Seduction Case

Canadian Jurists Drop Charge Despite Jury's Verdict for Woman.

Edmonton, Alta., July 4 (U.P.).—The Alberta Supreme Court today erased a scandalous page from Canadian court records.

Ignoring a jury verdict of guilty, the court dismissed the action brought by Miss Vivian MacMillan, stenographer, and her father, against Premier John E. Brownlee, charging seduction. A jury Saturday awarded her $10,000 damages and $5,000 to her father.

Acting Chief Justice Ives, in his judgment said:

"Counsel for the defendant moved for dismissal of the action on the ground that there was no evidence of an interference with the daughter's services to the parent, to which he was entitled, and no evidence that the seduction in any way interfered with the daughter's ability to serve.

"It is quite clear that the daughter left her home in Edson with the consent and approval of her parents and was accompanied to Edmonton by her mother."

Turkey's Former Envoy to U. S. Dies

Pneumonia Proves Fatal to Ahmet Muhtar Bey.

Ankara, Turkey, July 4 (A.P.).—Ahmet Muhtar Bey, former Ambassador to the United States, died here yesterday of pneumonia.

At the time he left Washington, early this year, Ahmet Muhtar Bey was the dean of the Diplomatic Corps in the American Capital, having served there from December, 1927.

He was a career diplomat.

Duke of York Is Ill With Blood Poisoning

London, July 4 (A.P.).—The Duke of York, second son of King George, was suffering today from blood poisoning in the left hand, and was ordered by doctors to rest for a few days.

The duke had intended to go tomorrow to Sheffield where he had an engagement to open a library. The Duchess of York will fulfill the engagement.

Good Ship Kress Arrives Safely at Home Plate

Post Staff Photos.

Ralph Kress, the Nats' Acting first-sacker, is shown above scoring from third on Crowder's fly in the third inning of the first game.

100,000 See Colorful D. C. Holiday Fete

Celebration Is Climaxed With Program at Monument.

Bombs, music, and oratory burst from the Washington Monument grounds last night, glorifying the 158th anniversary of the Nation's birth in the view of nearly 100,000 residents of its Capital.

It was the last and the climactic and loudest celebration of a day of celebrations—a day which had seen at least half of the city's population move en masse to seek the pleasures of shore and country to be replaced by thousands of tourists, a festive day marred by not less than one fatality and scores of minor incidental casualties.

More glory "for the last experiment of the greatest democratic government on the face of the globe" was predicted for the Nation by the Capital's principal Independence Day speaker, Charles H. Brough, former Governor of Arkansas, who addressed the 100,000 at the Monument.

"The fathers who signed the Declaration of Independence gave us our chart and compass," he said. "No President of the United States and no Congress will depart from the immortal principles of the Declaration of Independence, the Constitution of the United States, and our Bill of Rights. Let us on this natal day of our Republic, reconsecrate ourselves to the perpetuation of lofty ideals given to our keeping."

"Leads the World."

To the Mayflower and the signers of the Declaration, Gov. Brough traced the progenitors of several of the leaders of the "last experiment"—Franklin Roosevelt, a direct decendant of the last two survivors of the Mayflower, John Howland

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German Tourists Seized on Ship On Plot Charges

Oslo, Norway, July 4 (A.P.).—Eight German tourists aboard the North German Lloyd vessel Sierra Cordoba, charged with complicity in the plot against the Nazi government, were arrested today by the captain of the ship.

The captain acted on orders received by wireless from Berlin. The tourists were placed under restraint and dth Siera Cordoba proceeded to North Cape.

On a vacation cruise in Norwegian waters, the vessel is not due to return to Bremerhaven for 10 or 12 days.

Guns Salute Roosevelt on Holiday at Sea

President Goes Fishing With Sons Off the Bahamas.

Aboard U. S. S. Gilmer at Sea, July 4 (U.P.).—The booming of a 21-gun Presidential salute on board the cruiser Houston today marked the Navy's tribute to President Roosevelt on Independence Day.

The cruiser and two attendant destroyers, steaming toward Panama and Hawaii, were gay in full dress.

The President, enjoying his holiday to the utmost, anchored off Long Island, in the Bahamas, and went fishing. He and his two sons, Franklin D., jr., and John, went over the side in a small boat seeking barracuda.

On board, the men engaged in holiday games, potato races and other sports, while at noon a special "chow" was served for luncheon.

The President, already appearing rested, is getting a deep tan under the tropical sun.

Three Die, 50 Hurt When Stand Falls

New York Institutions Inmates Victims.

New York, July 4 (A.P.).—Caught in the collapse of a grandstand at an Independence Day athletic carnival, three inmates of city institutions on Welfare Island were killed today and 56 others injured. The dead were George Myers, 60; Arthur Cornell, 46, and Luther Townsend, 49, colored, all of New York City.

Myers and Cornell, both drug addicts voluntarily confined to Correction Hospital on the island, died almost immediately of spinal fractures.

Townsend, serving a three-month sentence for unlawful entry and due to be released from the City Penitentiary in five days, suffered a fractured skull and died within an hour.

White Funeral Set For Prince Henry

Netherlands Will Comply With His Last Wish.

The Hague, Netherlands, July 4 (A.P.).—A "white funeral" will be held Monday or Tuesday for Henry, prince consort of the Netherlands, in compliance with his last wish.

The hearse and horses will be draped in white, and Queen Wilhelmina and Crown Princess Juliana will forego mourning for the day.

The Crown Princess, who was on a holiday in England when her father died yesterday, arrived by boat at Hook of Holland, where she was met by the Queen.

Dengis Winner In Marathon as Agee Is Second

Baltimoreans Run First and Second; Dewhurst Leads D. C. Group.

By Lew Atchison.

Goading his tired, spindle-legs onward through an inferno of blistering city streets with the same dogged courage that marked his efforts in the recent National A. A. U. Marathon, Pat Dengis, of the Stonewall Democratic Club, Baltimore, plodded to victory yesterday over a field of 31 runners in the annual 10-mile run sponsored by the Department of Playgrounds and Takoma Citizens Association.

Feature of the Takoma Park Independence Day celebration, the race attracted a throng of more than 1,000 persons to the community playground, scene of the finish. Dengis, who negotiated the distance in 59 minutes 28 3-5 seconds, more than four minutes slower than record time, appropriately had a fluttering No. 76 pinned to his loose-fitting, damp shirt.

Under prevailing weather conditions it was a severe, almost brutal task that the little band of perspiring athletes imposed on themselves. But they plunged into it with a relentless determination sufficient to speed all but a few to the finishing mark. The toll of casualties was surprisingly low. Twenty-five of the original 31 finished, though this starting number comprised less than half of the 82 supposed to participate.

Bill Agee Is Second.

In second place, a scant minute behind the winner, came Bill Agee, record holder for the event and a heavy pre-race favorite to retain the laurels he won last year. Although apparently the fresher of the two, Agee blamed his downfall on the intense heat, "a better runner," and two stopovers in gasoline stations along the route for water. He

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Thousands Cheer As Florida Frog Leaps to Glory

Wauchula, Fla., July 4 (A.P.).—A lanky inhabitant of central Florida ponds today dug his lean back legs into the turf and sailed 13 feet 7 inches to claim a new frog jumping record as 5,000 spectators cheered wildly.

The winner, who possesses as symetrical a pair of legs as ever graced a dinner plate, had to do some tall jumping to take the title claimed by a California product that leaped 13 feet 3 inches in 1932.

On a first leap the Florida frog tied with another on a distance of 12 feet 5 inches, and the judges called for another jump.

The champion's rival had his mind on something else and refused to leap a second time.

"New Deal" Proposed By Belgian Premier

Brussels, July 4 (A.P.).—Legislation for an economic "New Deal" was presented to Parliament today by the government of Count de Brocqueville, Prime Minister, and is expected to be approved quickly.

The government will be empowered to adjust taxes, regulate long and short term loans, modify salaries and pensions of state and public utility employes and supervise communal and provincial budgets.

Former Cuban Navy Chief Held for 'Revolt'

Havana, July 4 (A.P.).—Salvador M. Villoch, former chief of the Cuban navy, was placed under confinement today on a charge of having instigated the short-lived revolt of the crew of the cruiser Cuba at Antilla on June 23.

The Cuba came into Havana harbor today, lacking the decorations which were hung on other Cuban warships in honor of the Fourth of July. This indicated that the crew is still under technical arrest.

"Sleepy" Wallace Repulses Marshal Serving Summons

Chautauqua, N. Y., July 4 (A.P.).—Secretary of Agriculture Henry A. Wallace said tonight he does not know whether he hurled back a summons at a U. S. marshal or merely repulsed an intruder into his Pullman berth at Odenton, Md.

"I was too sleepy and tired to really know," the Secretary declared.

U. S. Deputy Marshal E. Norris Becker reported he attempted to serve the summons on Wallace last night at Odenton, but the Secretary angrily threw it into his face.

Becker's second attempt to complete the formalities, he declared, was also repulsed. The summons involved the suit of a Baltimore dairy, challenging the Constitutionality of the agricultural adjustment act.

Wallace said here he was "expecting some kind of nutty performance" because he had been warned by his secretary that a man, representing himself to be a member of the party, had obtained the number of Wallace's berth.

At Odenton, Wallace continued, an attempt was made to place a package of papers in the berth but he tossed them out.

"The man made a second attempt to put the package in the berth and said something about being a United States marshal," Wallace related.

"I informed him he was invading the privacy of my domicile and I could see no adequate reason for disturbing me; also that if he were a marshal there was plenty of time for serving papers later."

Deputy Marshal Becker claimed to have left the papers in the berth but Wallace denied having seen them.

Becker added he told Wallace "I wanted him to understand that he was under orders to appear in the United States District Court at Baltimore July 23. He threw the summons back at me again. So I just laid it down on top of him in his berth and walked off."

A's Defeat Nats Twice, 10-9 and 6-3

Washington Loses First After Bad Break and Dumb Baseball.

Burke Falters as Foe Gets 4-1 Late Lead in Nightcap.

By Shirley L. Povich (Sports Editor of The Post).

The Nats observed the Fourth of July and the Athletics yesterday. They observed while the Athletics made away with two ball games at Griffith Stadium—the first with the help of the baseball gods and the second by the sheer power of their bats.

It is probably more correct to state that the A's didn't win the first game, but that the Nats lost it—lost it, first, in the eighth inning when the tying Washington run became entangled in the shirt of Johnny Stone, and lost it again in the ninth with some downright dumb baseball. But there were no complaints about that second game. By the sheer power of their bats the A's tacked a 6-3 victory onto that 10-9 triumph in the dizzy first game.

Drop Into Fifth Place.

Twenty thousand fans filtered from Griffith Stadium at the end of the 4½-hour proceedings with their collective jaw on their chests, after watching the Nats go through the process of losing the double-header that shook them loose from the first division into fifth place.

Getting back to that first game, the Nats were trailing, 10-9, when with one out in the eighth inning Pinch Hitter Dave Harris drew a walk from Joe Cascarella to put the Nats' tying run on base. After Buddy Myer had popped out, Johnny Stone breathed a well-defined spark of life into the Nats' rally with a single to right field that sent Harris to third.

Stone Is Waved Out.

At this point, up came Heinie Manush, the one guy in the league a manager would prefer to have at the plate in this kind of a situation. That .405 batting average of Manush's didn't lie. Toward right field, Manush hammered a clean single, and Harris was off from third with the tying run. But wait. There is Johnny Stone out there a few yards off first base trying to get out of the line of the hit. But, no. He is too late. The ball, whistling toward the outfield terrain flicks Stone's shirt. Second Baseman Rabbitt Warstler calls the attention of Umpire in chief Moriarty, Stone is waved out for being hit by a batted ball and the tying run is nullified in a freakish turn of event.

The baseball gods had frowned on the Nats in the eighth, but with a chance to tie the score in the ninth they out-sandlotted the sandlotters. McNair's error had put Travis on base with the tying run in the ninth and two were out with Kress at bat, when Travis was seen

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Five Cremated In Plane Crash

Bodies Are Unrecognizable When Extricated by Iowa Firemen.

St. Ansgar, Iowa, July 4 (A.P.).—Five bodies burned beyond recognition were recovered from the charred wreckage of an airplane which crashed today.

Officials expressed belief the four passengers were the Libersky brothers, Ed and Daney, of St. Ansgar, and a young couple from Grafton, Iowa.

Witnesses said the plane was flying east and fairly low when the covering of one of the wings appeared to peel off, throwing the ship into a spin.

It crashed and burst into flames instantly. Firemen were unable to extricate any of the passengers.

It was reported that a plane, from Waterloo, had landed in a field at the edge of town earlier in the day.

The pilot was reported to have been taking holiday vacationers for rides.

St. Ansgar is in northeast Iowa near Mason City and the Minnesota line.

Guy Swapped Chairs For Drinks; Is Jailed

Hagerstown, Md., July 4 (Spl.).—Magistrate Richard Duffey decided yesterday that if the Good Samaritan Hall was to continue as a meeting place for the colored residents of the town, he would have to do something with Guy Kennedy.

According to the witnesses at Kennedy's trial, every time he wanted a drink, he took one of the chairs at the hall and traded it in for whisky. He got away with 14 before the police caught up with him, so the magistrate sentenced him to six months in jail.

California Range Land Burning.

Gras Valley, Calif., July 4 (A.P.).—Fire that swept over 20 miles of tinder dry range land in southwestern Nevada County yesterday, burning two farm homes and endangering lives, was still blazing today.

Von Papen Keeps Post On Hindenburg Order; Ill, He May Take Leave

Mme. Curie Dies at 66, Victim of Radium Rays

She and Husband Gave Priceless Curative Agent to World.

Sallanches, France, July 4 (A.P.).—Radium, the priceless curative agent which she and her husband gave to the world, today caused the death of Mme. Curie, the world's best known woman scientist.

The end came at 6 a. m., in a quiet sanitarium to which the 66-year-old woman had come last Friday for treatment.

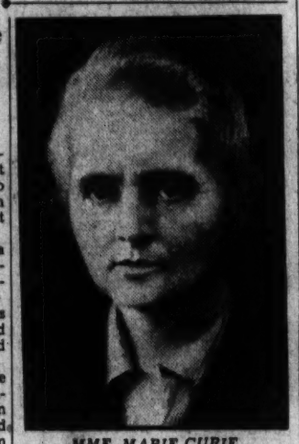
Physicians said that radium rays had accumulated in her system and injured the organs producing red corpuscles.

Pernicious anemia attacked the already frail scientist, and a consultation of 12 leading Parisian scientists and physicians resulted in her coming to the sanitarium here.

Fainted Twice at Station.

She arrived with two daughters and a son-in-law, who remained with her until the end. She was in such a weakened condition that she fainted twice at the railroad station and was taken to the sanitarium in an ambulance.

During the few days she was here she lay before a window facing



MME. MARIE CURIE.

Mount Blanc and gave directions concerning experiments being conducted in her Paris laboratory.

Yesterday she seemed to realize that the end was near. She gave directions that her funeral be simple, and arrangements were made

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Vender Held For Slaying U. S. Employe

Suspect Says Dead Man Had Invaded Room When He Fired.

Blinking mildly behind tortoiseshell spectacles, Cyril Marcier Rousseau, 58, diminutive fruit vendor, sat in his cell at the Third Precinct last night after admitting he shot and killed Henry L. Purtill, 50, assistant section chief in the office of the Custodian of Alien Property, at the Paterson Hotel, in the 1700 block of Pennsylvania avenue, early yesterday.

Coroner R. Magruder MacDonald will hold an inquest tomorrow.

Meanwhile, no bond has been set for Rousseau, who is known to thousands of Washingtonians as "Mercier, the huckster." Rousseau has kept a stand in front of the State, War and Navy Building for several years.

The shooting occurred at the small hotel, where Rousseau has been an intermittent roomer. He told police he saw Purtill enter his room, scantily attired. Terrified when the intruder failed to halt at his command, he blazed away with his .32-caliber revolver, Rousseau said.

Bullet Entered Chest.

Crashing through Purtill's chest, the bullet sent him staggering toward the doorway. In a second he collapsed. Rousseau called the night clerk, Harry Kaylan, who had been startled by the shot.

"I've shot a man," he said. "Call the police."

Purtill was taken to Emergency

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France Will Increase Propaganda in U. S.

Paris, July 4 (A.P.).—A propaganda fund of 80,000,000 francs—more than twice the figure for recent years—was approved today by the foreign affairs committee of the Chamber of Deputies.

The committee agreed that propaganda on behalf of France is necessary, particularly in the United States where "nothing has yet been done."

Private Relief Drive Opened By President

Need Is as Great Now as It Was Last Year, He Tells Baker.

Stressing the "absolute necessity of maintaining private welfare services at more than normal," President Roosevelt, just before departing on his vacation, invited the 34 National welfare agencies cooperating in the 1934 Mobilization for Human Needs to hold the opening session of the fall rallly at the White House, September 28.

Announcement to this effect was made yesterday by Newton D. Baker, former Secretary of War, who is serving again as chairman of the mobilization.

Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt again will serve as chairman of the National women's committee of the mobilization, directing the organization of women's crusades in 255 cities in 40 States, Baker announced.

President's Letter.

The following letter from the President was made public:

"My dear Mr. Baker:

"The 1934 Mobilization for Human Needs is of such vital interest in the National recovery plan that I am writing you as chairman in regard to publicity for this great effort of the 34 National welfare agencies.

"I am fully conscious of the great help that the advertising mediums of the country, such as the magazines, movie companies and radio systems, have been to you and your associates in the past.

"I wrote you on January 2, thanking you for the invalu-

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Fireworks Set Blaze At Statue of Liberty

New York, July 4 (U.P.).—Dense clouds of smoke swirled around the Statue of Liberty today when Fourth of July sightseers' firecrackers set fire to a U. S. Army warehouse on Bedloe's Island, where the monument stands.

A fireboat quickly extinguished the flames. Visitors were herded to the far side of the island.

Brothers Doomed by Mystery Malady See First Fireworks

Belmont, Ohio, July 4 (A.P.).—Doomed to certain death, possibly within a year, the paralyzed Dietrich brothers were all smiles today. They saw fireworks for the first time in their lives.

Their bodies twisted by a strange disease their doctor terms "creeping paralysis," 16-year-old Glen W. and 17-year-old John L. disregarded the sharp pains that shoot through their crippled limbs each time they move and uttered shrieks of delight at the July 4 display.

Their father, George Dietrich, was the master of ceremonies at the celebration in which scores of neighbors participated.

For three generations, ever since 1868, all of the male offspring of the daughters in the family have been afflicted by the strange malady. The disease has taken a grip at the age of 5 and, in the cases of seven other boys, has been fatal at 18. An elder brother of John and Glen died two years ago. None of the feminine members of the family ever has been afflicted.

Their physician, Dr. D. W. Turner, predicts "these boys will not live more than a year. The paralysis will likely strike the brain any time now."

Probate Judge Harry Albright became interested in the case today and announced that he has invited a number of prominent physicians, including Dr. R. H. Wilson, surgeon and head of the Martins Ferry Hospital, to visit the Dietrich home and attempt to diagnose the disease.

A year ago, Dr. Turner said, the brothers were exhibited before a clinic of 50 physicians at Wheeling, W. Va., but the medical minds were unable to explain the mystery malady.

Hitler Bows; President Acts to Bar Plot Guilt Stigma.

Munich Slaying Leader Revealed

Many Others Reported Killed There, One by Mistake.

(Copyright, 1934, by Associated Press.)

Berlin, July 4.—Germany's "sturdy oak," President Paul von Hindenburg, refused today to bow before the will of Adolf Hitler, and the President's protege, Franz von Papen, kept his place as vice chancellor of the Reich.

Hitler, who a few days ago ruthlessly killed his enemies in the Nazi party, came back to Berlin this afternoon from a conference at Neudecker with the 86-year-old President.

Shortly afterward, it was announced, Von Papen, who not only is not a Nazi but is a critic of many Nazi policies, would keep his position.

Until yesterday it had been the plan of the "purged" Nazi party to remove him from office and give the second place in the cabinet to Hermann Wilhelm Goering, at present Hitler's closest collaborator.

When the "resignation" was not forthcoming, as expected, Hitler made a dramatic flight by plane to the country estate of the President, who had told the Reichswehr (regular army) to protect Von Papen.

May Take Leave of Absence.

The announcement that Von Papen will remain in office was accompanied with an official intimation that he might go on a "leave of absence" shortly.

It was explained the middle-aged conservative vice chancellor has been in bad health—and his condition was undermined by the stirring events of the last week.

That week had seen Von Papen stripped of his close personal and official aids, several of whom were killed as "traitors."

Von Hindenburg, who congratulated Hitler on his sanguinary "liquidation" of rebels, insisted in his talk with the chancellor that Von Papen not be eased out of the cabinet under the present circumstances.

His removal would have been generally interpreted, the President is understood to have said, as an

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Ambassadors File Protests

Three, Including Dodd, Hit Failure to Name "Nation in Plot."

Berlin, July 4 (A.P.).—Several protests have been made to the foreign office, it was learned today, over the failure of the government to disclose the identity of the "foreign power" which Chancellor Hitler said was involved in the plot or Ernst Roehm and others.

Three ambassadors made separate calls at the foreign office today after the French attempt to organize a collective protest failed.

United States Ambassador William E. Dodd, the French Ambassador Andre Francois-Poncet, and Sir Eric Phipps, British Ambassador, each said after his call that he had seen Foreign Minister Konstantin von Neurath to "talk over the general situation."

Dodd was understood to have timed his Fourth of July visit to fit in with those of the other ambassadors, although there has been no intimation that the United States might have been the country referred to.

The Russian Ambassador, it is understood, intends to make a protest later.

There has been much speculation as to what county Hitler meant, most of the guesses being France and Russia.

Luray Endangered By Record Holocaust

Luray, Va., July 4 (Spl.).—Luray firemen for one hour this evening battled one of the most stubborn blazes ever seen in this city. The fire started in a vacant building adjoining the Norfolk & Western Railway freight depot and the Luray Creamery. The Page Milling Co., nearby, was threatened with destruction.

A dozen streams of water were played on the blaze. Exploding tanks of gasoline held 1,000 persons at a distance. The Luray Creamery Building was badly damaged.

Dive Breaks Youth's Neck.

Pocomoke City, Md., July 4 (Spl.).—Diving from a pier at the public landing today while swimming, Page P. Chesser, 21, suffered a broken neck. Tonight he was near death in a hospital in Salisbury.

Action Urged For Reduction Of Tax Burden

William Fortune Scores Deficit Financing as Dangerous.

Consolidation and simplification of local governments to reduce the burden on property owners was demanded yesterday by William Fortune, of Indianapolis, member of the State and local taxation committee of the United States Chamber of Commerce.

Fortune complained a survey disclosed 20 per cent of the National income will be required this year to finance Federal, State, and local governments. He said the percentage in most of the years in the decade prior to the depression was only half so great.

"Good public credit," he declared, "is a prerequisite to any substantial business recovery. If the credit of our governments is to be preserved it is axiomatic that budgets should be brought into balance.

"A policy of deficit financing, with rapid and continuous increase in the public debt, can not be continued for long without producing difficulties of the first magnitude. Borrowings are merely deferred taxes. Interest charges mount. It usually costs our governments $1 of interest for each $1 of debt retired.

He said the prospective 1934 National tax bill of $9,000,000,000 failed to tell the entire story because total expenditures of Government are considerably larger than annual tax collections.

"It is not correct," Fortune declared, "to dismiss demands for budgetary balances by stating that heavy public expenditures contribute to busines recovery and, therefore, large borrowings are justified as a means of ending the depression.

"In periods of economic difficulty, when revenues fall off, it may be feasible to defer some taxes and avoid tax increases by increasing Governmental borrowings. Essential services must be maintained and certain additional expenditures, such as those for relief, become necessary.

"Supplementary borrowings, however, must not be allowed to become so great as to increase public indebtedness to unmanageable proportions. Such a borrowing policy calls for greater scrutiny of all expenditures."

Expert Sees Soaring Prices

20 to 30% Rise in Farm Markets Forecast by Dr. W. B. Young.

Blacksburg, Va., July 4 (Spl.).—An increase in the price of farm products of from 20 to 30 per cent in the next four to five years was predicted by Dr. W. B. Young, of the Virginia Polytechnic Institute Agricultural Economics Department, in a talk this morning before the sixteenth annual conference of instructors of vocational agriculture in session here all this week.

Dr. Young's address dealt chiefly with probable price trends which may be expected under the Agricultural Adjustment Act.

Lawrence Berry, Assistant Commissioner of Agriculture, outlined the work of the United States Department of Agriculture in an address, and discussed recent legislation affecting agriculture in Virginia. Dr. T. K. Wolfe, of the Southern States Cooperative, Richmond, described changes in the organization which is now a regional farmers purchasing organization covering Virginia, Maryland, North Carolina and Delaware.

Committees reported this afternoon on suggestions regarding how much of practical value there is in the philosophy underlying the "New Deal," and how it can be applied in a practical way to agriculture.

The conference approved three or four topics for general discussion later.

41 Killed as U. S. Celebrates Fourth

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thousands took to highways leading to town and country.

2 Killed at Prison.

Among the dead were two inmates of the Welfare Island City Penitentiary at New York. They were crushed to death and 40 others were injured when a grand stand collapsed as they watched a baseball game between prison teams.

More than 500 persons were treated for fireworks injuries, the majority of them of minor nature. Two persons were accidentally killed when they used guns in lieu of firecrackers.

Fireworks casualties were widespread despite the fact pyrotechnics were forbidden in many localities. Sixty-four persons had been treated at New York City hospitals by midafternoon.

Chicago police were kept busy taking victims of mishaps to infirmaries and an 8-year-old girl, an aged man and a hotel clerk were shot accidentally. A holiday bomb seriously injured a boy in Chicago.

More than a score of fireworks injuries were reported at Kansas City.

Bingham Party Celebrates Fourth.

London, July 4 (AP).—Ambassador Robert W. Bingham entertained between 2,000 and 3,000 persons at a garden party today in celebration of the Fourth of July. A military band played American airs.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BOYD Summer School Training PAYS Big Profit today and every day. Our graduates earn much more. Gregg and Boyd shorthand, all business subjects. Position guaranteed graduates. New Classes July 2, 9. BOYD BUSINESS UNIVERSITY. 1333 F (Ext. 17 yrs.) Nat. 2340.

I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR debts contracted by any one other than myself. Harriet Rosenbloom, 715 Eighth St. NE.

100,000 See Colorful D. C. Rites Celebrating Holiday

Continued from Page 1.

and John Tilley; Mrs. Roosevelt, a direct descendant of Robert Livingston, one of the drafters of the Declaration.

"The United States," he declared, "is today the leader in world affairs; happy at home and respected abroad * * * because 129,000,000 of the American people have regarded liberty, idealism, robust manhood and cultured womanhood as sacred trusts confided to their keeping by the Fathers of our Republic."

The celebration on the Monument Grounds began with a concert by the Army Band. It included a tableau reproduction of "The Spirit of '76," the singing of "America" and "Hail Columbia," reading of the Declaration, massing of colors, a short address by the celebration chairman, J. G. Yaden, invocation by Dr. Benjamin W. Meeks, and, finally, the fireworks.

Weather Moderate.

Anticipating Washington's return to the sub-tropical temperatures of a week ago, the Capital's officialdom joined the general exodus. Perversely, the city's weather held comparatively moderate. The skies were clear. A light breeze blew. Official United States Weather Bureau readings said the day's highest temperature was 90.

Secretaries Ickes and Perkins were virtually the only ranking Government officials in town. The Stars and Stripes were unfurled on the cruiser Houston as it bore President Roosevelt, according to the Associated Press, to the Bahamas for a day's fishing.

Secretary of the Treasury Morgenthau was en route to a Montana "dude" ranch. Secretary of Commerce Roper was due in Alaska. Secretary Wallace spent the day at a New York State summer resort, and War Secretary Dern had begun a month's trip through the Caribbean for an inspection of the Canal and military bases in Panama. Secretary Hull motored through Virginia. Postmaster General Farley stayed in New York. Secretary Swanson and Attorney General Cummings cruised down the Potomac, Swanson on the Presidential yacht Sequoia, Cummings with friends on a private boat. Vice President Garner rested at his home in Uvalde, Tex.

Celebration Abroad.

Americans abroad joined their countrymen in observing the day. In Paris they were joined by Frenchmen. In Denmark, Minister Ruth Bryan Owen read a message to the Danes, the Associated Press reported, and King Christian and Prime Minister Stauning radioed felicitations to the United States.

First of the formal celebrants were the city's oldest inhabitants, members of the Association of Oldest Inhabitants, who gathered in the Old Union Engine House, Nineteenth and H streets northwest, for annual Independence Day exercises. They heard a patriotic address by Rice Hoge, the reading of the Declaration of Independence by G. E. Dunkum and an original poem read by John Clagett Proctor, its author.

The exercises were opened with an invocation by the Rev. John Edward Fort, pastor of Union Methodist Episcopal Church. Barytone selections by Frank K. Henderson, accompanied by Mrs. Henderson, and violin and piano numbers by E. C. Palmer and George E. Heisley constituted the musical program. The exercises were arranged by J. Eliot Wright, the association's recording secretary.

Rites at Arlington.

In the hallowed precincts of Arlington a plaque in memory of the Unknown Soldier was added to the cemetery's permanent collection of war memorial trophies during Independence Day services held in the amphitheater under the joint auspices of the Jewish War Veterans of the United States and the District of Columbia citizens committee.

Here the occasion's principal speaker, Senator Millard E. Tydings, of Maryland, found the world confronted with "portents of war and decay" unprecedented since November 11, 1918, and untaught by the lessons of the great war "that greed and hat, malice and envy are not proper impulses to bring to the settlement of differences."

He blamed these conditions upon the peace-makers at Versailles, where "hate and prejudice and retribution wove themselves into the very letter and line of the documents of peace." He followed the course of the war debts "shuttled back and forth without any resolve to settle them honestly, fairly and in justice," and disarmament," with each country an armed camp until in no era of so-called peace in all history have there been so many men under arms or so many instruments ready to deal death." He touched, too, upon "the international struggle" that "eddies on into the field of prohibitory tariffs."

Views on Germany.

Then he turned to Germany where conditions since 1918 "almost made inevitable the rise of a dictator because the German people, oppressed and impoverished * * * in their desperation turned here and there hoping for economic sufficiency," where it was inevitable "that these intolerable restrictions should sooner or later express themselves * * * in group persecutions and mob psychology."

"But," he asked, "how can the world, wrong though it may have been in its attitude toward Germany, look with favor upon Germany's postwar plight when the present German government itself oppresses hundred of thousands of its own citizens solely because of their race?"

Though a headquarters' edict sent out to all precincts presaged a strict enforcement of the District's antifireworks law, firecrackers boomed satisfyingly or sizzled ingloriously throughout the city from early dawn until late evening.

And for the more adult thousands who failed to join an almost endless procession of cars that carried thousands to nearby bathing resorts, there were more formal, less disorganized celebrations in virtually every section of the city.

Other Celebrations.

At the Takoma Park Playground the ending of a 10-mile marathon for the District A. A. U. championship, the day's principal nonprofessional athletic contest, signalized the opening of a program of games, track and field events that were a principal activity of the community's annual Fourth of July celebration, a celebration that included a pageant depicting "The Tercentenary of Maryland and Its History," a parade led by the Army Band, and pyrotechnics in the evening.

Less elaborate but generally similar celebrations were conducted under the auspices of neighborhood and citizens' associations in Fort Bayard Park, Weslely Heights and Spring Valley, Taft Recreation Center and Anacostia Park. All public swimming pools were crowded, and the public golf courses, baseball diamonds and other sports centers drew thousands.

A track and field meet and a baseball game were the high points of the first Fourth of July celebration at the National Training School for Boys, and in Battery Park the Battery Park Citizens Association staged a children's costume parade, under the direction of Mrs. Paul Ledig, engaged in a variety of sports events and wound up with a dance in the club in the evening.

Mme. Curie Dies; Research Victim

Continued from Page 1.

to bury her beside her husband in the family vault.

Mme. Curie had carried on for 28 years the radium experiments which she started with her husband, Pierre Curie.

Husband Killed by Truck.

The husband was killed by a truck in 1906, shortly after the couple announced their important discovery.

The wife was honored by her own and other nations with the highest awards a scientist can win, but always shrank from public view.

She twice won the Nobel Prize in chemistry and was the only woman ever elected to the French Academy of Sciences.

Radium, which was to bring relief to so many sufferers from cancer and other diseases, was discovered by the Curies in a makeshift laboratory.

At times, when she lacked funds to carry on her work, Mme. Curie was aided by friends in the United States, where she traveled in 1921 and 1929.

Marland Leads OklahomaRace For Governor

Rep. Swank Is Defeated; Other Congressmen in Run-Off.

Oklahoma City, Okla., July 4 (AP). Representative E. W. Marland, running on a "New Deal" platform, held a 40,000-vote margin over Speaker Tom Anglin, candidate of Gov. William H. Murray, tonight in the tabulation of votes from Tuesday's Democratic gubernatorial primary. The two leading candidates will compete in a run-off July 24.

"Bring the New Deal to Oklahoma," was the slogan of Marland, former millionaire philanthropist, who turned to politics two years ago after his oil fortune faded.

"I know from the vote today," he said, "that we in Oklahoma will do our part in the National recovery program."

Marland attributed his surprising showing to his advocacy of a home subsistence plan, one of the platform planks that he dovetailed with President Roosevelt's National recovery program.

Anglin, veteran of 16 years in the State Legislature, increased his lead over Jack Walton, removed as Governor in 1923, to 10,000 votes. The dozen other candidates, including Lieut. Gov. Robert Burns and Attorney General J. Berry King, were out of the running.

Returns from 2,470 precincts out of 3,352 gave the three leaders:

Marland, 111,301; Anglin, 70,074; Walton, 60,084.

Representative Will Rogers, of Ardmore, apparently was assured of first place in the Representative at large race, which he won unexpectedly two years ago. Second place lay between E. B. Howard, former Representative, and Henry S. Johnston, former Governor.

Representative Wesley Disney, First District, had a clear majority, which, if maintained, will eliminate a run-off.

Representative F. B. Swank, Fifth District, apparently was defeated. Josh Lee, University of Oklahoma public speaking professor, had close to a majority, and John Tomerlin, of Oklahoma City, was in second place.

The remaining incumbent Representatives were assured of places in the run-off, it appeared.

Diver Seeking Treasure Is Victim of "Bends"

Norfolk, Va., July 4 (AP).—Klass Evarts, diver, was in a local hospital this afternoon suffering from "bends," a condition caused by going too deeply into water or remaining under water for too long a time. He is understood to have been operating from a vessel known as the Sea Gull in an attempt to recover sunken treasure off the Virginia coast.

Lynchburg Widow Dies.

Lynchburg, Va., July 4 (Spl.). Mrs. Mary V. Riley, 76, widow of W. D. Riley, died at her home here yesterday. She was a member of Fort Mill Methodist Church and is survived by two daughters, Miss Leola Riley, of this city, and Mrs. D. M. Cleason, of Elon; four sons, I. B., J. R., and O. D. Riley, of Lynchburg, and W. H. Riley, of Bluefield, W. Va.

President Opens Private Aid Drive; Says Need Is Large

Continued from Page 1.

able assistance that the 1933 Mabilization for Human Needs rendered the Government in in relief work last year, and I wish to state again emphatically that volunteer welfare services are indispensable to National recovery. This is every whit as true this year as it was last year. I am sure that 1934 mobilization will be a success if every one that can will render aid this coming fall, and I bespeak for you their utmost cooperation.

Very sincerely yours,

"FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT."

While a majority of the Community Chest rallies occur in the fall, Baker said yesterday that spring campaigns have indicated a generous increase in giving over 1933.

$70,000,000 Raised.

Last year, $70,000,000 was raised, and it is expected that this sum will be exceeded during 1934.

"The rally opening at the White House," Baker said, "inaugurates the united National campaign to reinforce the efforts of all local communities to raise the necessary funds for their own welfare services.

"Throughout the depression, the mobilization has helped the cities of the United States to add to their resources for human welfare so as more nearly to meet the increased needs.

"The President indicated grave fear that private citizens would assume that the Government's billions of oppropriations for merely material relief would make the support of nursing, child and family welfare services, guidance and recreation of youth seem unnecessary.

"Only half the unemployed secure any relief whatsoever, and the billions of Government funds mean only $24 per month for each family on relief. That human need is far from covered by such limited provision would seem self evident. Hence the necessity for the mobolization as indicated by the President."

Importance Explained.

Tracing the progress of the "spirit of neighborliness" in the United States, Baker told yesterday why, in his opinion, the campaign to be undertaken is a "very important and significant thing."

"When we were a new Nation, and life ran along simpler lines," the former War Secretary said, "the spirit of neighborliness was more marked.

"The intricacies of modern civilization have led to that spirit of neighborliness expanding into the community idea. For the most part, community welfare activity has become stabilized. We have in our cities the hospitals, child welfare institutions, Boy Scout organizations required for the good of the community. The practice had become for communities to take these agencies under their wings at an annual get-together each fall.

"But this situation has been profoundly disturbed during the past few years. There has been unemployment, and there has been uncertainty. State governments have stepped in, as has the Federal Government, but they have not decreased the normal load. Rather, this has increased. More people than ever are in need of institutional services.

"Many persons have an idea that the Government is taking over the duty of giving, but in reality it is only swinging the unusual, abnormal load."

The mobilization for human needs started under President Hoover, the purpose being to pool knowledge of the Nation's need and the technique of meeting it.

Farmers Get 6 Millions Daily

Loans Last Month on U. S.-Guaranteed Bonds Total $154,000,000.

A peak average of $6,000,000 a day in loans to farmers through Federal land banks and the land bank commissioner has been received by the Farm Credit Administration, Governor W. I. Myers announced yesterday.

Loaning on a basis of Federal-guaranteed bonds, in lieu of cash, the banks last month negotiated 57,400 loans aggregating $154,000,000, Governor Myers reported.

The bonds, given a ready cash value by Congress last session in guaranteeing principal as well as interest, up to $2,000,000,000 total, are selling above par in the financial markets, Myers said.

British Fliers Plan Distance Flight Mark

Toronto, July 4 (AP).—A. R. Ayling, British aviator, and Leonard G. Reid, formerly of Montreal, hope to start within two weeks an effort to boost the world's nonstop distance flight record to 6,500 miles.

The fliers hope to reach Bagdad from Wasaga Beach, north of here. Their machine is the monoplane which Capt. James Mollison was unable to get off the ground with a heavy load of fuel last October. Changes in its motor have increased its power.

Dr. William Mosher Will Study Rates

Electric Survey Ordered by Last Congress.

Selection of Dr. William E. Mosher, of Syracuse University, to direct an electric rate survey authorized by Congress was announced yesterday by the Federal Power Commission.

Mosher, known as an authority on power rates, has written several books on utilities. He is director of the School of Citizenship and Public Affairs at Syracuse.

"His long, practical experience," commented Chairman McNinch of the commission, "as well as his extensive studies in this field, seem to qualify him particularly for this important undertaking."

Capone Bets Smokes On U. S. Prison Bouts

Atlanta, July 4 (AP).—It was a swell Fourth for Al Capone, who laid down his hammer in the shoe shop at the Federal Penitentiary here to take in a two-hour boxing show at the big house.

Garbed in the regulation prison denim, the former Chicago gang chieftain climbed upon a bench to shout advice to the combatants, pounded his fists when his man was winning and wagered cigarettes—legal tender among prisoners—on the outcome of the bouts.

Boy, 4, Injured by Auto.

Struck by an automobile while playing in front of his home, Joseph F. Curseen, colored, 4, of 1512 Massachusetts avenue southeast, was taken to Gallinger Hospital with serious injuries yesterday. The boy suffered a fractured right leg and possible internal injuries.

TAILORED BY COBLE'S — John Roach — FROM THE GENUINE BLOCH

BANGKOK
GENUINE PALM BEACH

We are pleased to be the first to show BANGKOK, a new shade of genuine PALM BEACH. This cool straw shade will be a welcome companion to the fashionable whites.

$18.50

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Apparel for Gentlemen . . . Established 1875
1409 H Street N.W. NAtional 1409

A SUMMER IDYL

The gaiety and freedom of beach life. The sheer pleasure of luxurious carefree laziness. The delight to enlivened appetites of a patrician cuisine.

Private Cabanas on Protected Beach. Dress for surf in your room. Spacious Sun Decks. Two far-famed restaurants. A Continental Cocktail Lounge. Music. Dancing. Bridge. Golf. Tennis.

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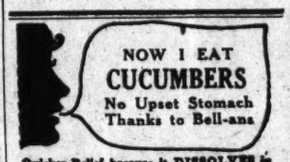
AT THE OCEAN'S EDGE
ATLANTIC CITY

NOW I EAT CUCUMBERS
No Upset Stomach Thanks to Bell-ans



Quicker Relief because it DISSOLVES in water, reaches stomach ready to act. Sure Relief since 1907 and Trial is Proof. 25c.
BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

BEAT THE HEAT WITH BUTTERMILK

HAVE you ever tried chilled buttermilk for delicious relief on hot days? The cool zest of rich, creamy buttermilk "picks you up." Gives you new enthusiasm in the midst of summer heat.

It's very easy to have delicious buttermilk. Our salesman will deliver it right to your doorstep. And Chestnut Farms—Chevy Chase real-churned Buttermilk has the smooth goodness that makes buttermilk delicious. Order from our salesman. Or *phone*.

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Chestnut Farms
A DIVISION OF NATIONAL DAIRY
Chevy Chase Dairy

Open All Day Saturday, July 7th

Burt's Clearance Sale
is in full force

Clearance here means just what it says—and therefore you are offered choice of

Men's and Women's Footwear

of accepted modes and established qualities at acute reductions.

Shoes that were 8.50 to 15.00

5.85 7.85 9.85

Boys' and Girls' Low Shoes and Moccasins
Also at "Clearance" Prices
1.95 to 4.95

BURT . . . . . 1343 F Street

Park at the Capital Garage at our expense

The Hecht Co.
F STREET AT SEVENTH

Annual July Corset Sale!

$2.95

Five different models for your choice! Get your vacation garments today at this low price! Famous Bien Jolie and Fashion Mode models included.

1: Bien Jolie 14-inch side hook corsette with swami bust.
2: Bien Jolie 15-inch side hook corsette with lace bust.
3: Fashion Mode corsette in semi-step-in style. Lace bust.
4: Fashion Mode 15-inch side hook girdle of batiste.
5: Fashion Mode 16-inch brocade semi-step-in, 4-inch lacing.

(Third Floor, Corsets)

THE HECHT CO. CLOSED
Saturdays During July and August

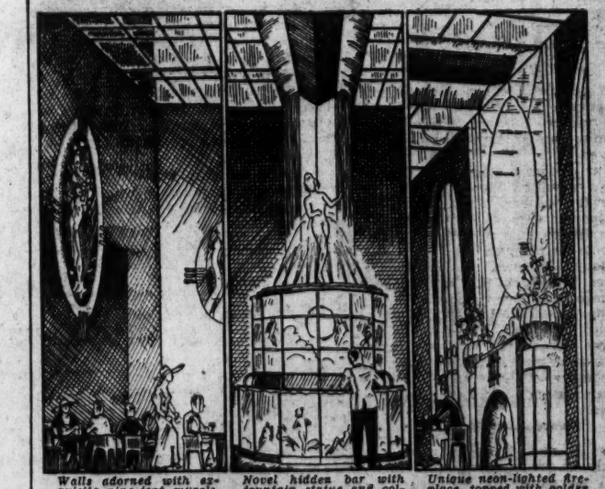
ALL USED UP!

AND THEN SHE SMOKED A CAMEL—

AFTER A TIRING GAME, enjoy a Camel. Thanks to the "energizing effect" in Camels your "pep" soon returns! You can smoke as many Camels as you want. They never jangle the nerves.

"Get a LIFT with a Camel!"

Opening Tomorrow at Noon...
CLUB CARLTON AND GARDEN



Walls adorned with exquisite nine-foot murals. Novel hidden bar with fountain status and colored lights. Unique neon-lighted fireplace, topped with golden mirror.

Of course we're prejudiced, but we think thousands will soon agree that the CLUB CARLTON is the smartest "Oasis" this side of Chicago's famed "Eastman Room," which was designed by the same genius who created the bizarre splendor of the CLUB CARLTON.

CLUB CARLTON HOURS . . . 10:00 A. M. to 2:00 A. M.

The CARLTON GARDENS, adjoining CLUB CARLTON, will serve luncheon, dinner and supper. Gregory Franzell and his musicians, having just completed a six-month engagement at the Savoy-Plaza, will entertain CLUB CARLTON guests with their novel musical arrangements.

Water nymphs play in the fountain which is centered in French Cafe-Type Garden.

hotel CARLTON 16TH at K. N.W.

Von Papen's Office Saved; Hitler Yields

Hindenburg Stands by Protege, Who May Take Leave.

Continued from Page 1.

admission the vice chancellor was implicated in the "treachery" which aroused the fury of Hitler.

Von Papen held a conference with the chancellor late tonight, being accompanied by his son and secret service operatives as he went to the chancellery.

It was stated that no announcement would be made regarding the conference before tomorrow.

Von Papen Sagged by Worries.

Friends of Von Papen said his illness was not simply "diplomatic" ill health to account for the leave of absence.

He was represented as "completely sagged" by worries about his own person and his family during the three-day period they were prisoners in their residence on Hitler's order.

Von Papen did not attend yesterday's cabinet session, a friend said, because he did not want to sign his name to the law legalizing the executions Saturday and Sunday.

If he had done so he would have been forced to approve the violent death of his own close collaborator, Hubert Von Bose.

Another cabinet member was also said to have absented himself because he could not bear to commend the killing of Erich Klausener, leader of the Catholic Action party.

Meanwhile, another tragic chapter in last Saturday's story of bloody deeds was written with the revelation in Munich that Fritz Beck, 48-year-old head of the foreign academic bureau, was killed.

"Director Beck met with a terrible accident," said the bureau, and it was understood that he was killed by a hot-headed Nazi acting without authorization.

Death Estimate Revised.

Munich heard many other prominent persons, not yet officially listed as dead, fell. One was said to have been killed because he was mistaken for another person.

The press department, while still not giving out an official list, revised its former estimate of the number of executions downward.

Yesterday the number was given as "below 60," and today as "below 50." Unofficial estimates run into the hundreds.

Four names were officially added by the Nazi organ in Silesia, which announced that "for attempting to escape while being transported from Hirschberg to Goerlitz on the night of July 2" an attorney, a married couple and a merchant were killed.

This would seem to indicate, informed persons said, that measures had been taken against Jews in that section of Germany.

Reports from both Silesia and Bavaria were rather disturbing. Dispatches from Warsaw told of Silesian refugees fleeing across the border by the hundreds. Some 2,000 already have entered Poland, these reports said.

Anti-Catholic Move Feared.

The violent speech yesterday of Gov. Helmut Brueckner of Silesia warning priests not to oppose the government caused fears and anti-Catholic move was under way.

Berlin was without news from the provinces, the correspondents of newspapers apparently being unable to get through their dispatches.

Reports from Bavaria were to the effect that the Nazi party is badly disorganized in its home state as a result of participation in the mutiny of many subleaders of the Storm Troops.

Many were understood to have followed Ernst Roehm, executed leader of the Storm Troopers, in his plan for an uprising against Hitler, and some escaped arrest and death.

In this country, where there is no freedom of the press, rumors pile up with almost incredible rapidity.

The former royal family, subject of hundreds of rumors, continued to deny through spokesmen that any member had been harmed.

The Exchange Telegraph News Agency reported that Goering dismissed Prince August Wilhelm from suspicion with these words: "Get away; you are too stupid to have done anything." This version, however, lacked confirmation.

Goering Absolves Prince.

It had been officially announced, however, that Goering questioned the prince—a Storm Troop leader despite family opposition—and absolved him.

The probable length of Von Papen's possible "leave of absence" was the subject of much political conjecture after it was established Von Hindenburg would not permit him to be dropped.

Many professed to believe he never would return to an active place in the government.

The vice chancellor has given no public indication of his future course, which will be watched as the barometer which predicts surely the future of Germany and, to a certain extent, of Europe and the world.

Newspapers Banned.

The London Sunday Express and two Swiss newspapers were banned from Germany "until further notice" because of their accounts of the events of recent days, indicating whatever else the "second revolution" means it does not yet involve a free press.

One of the important German papers—Propaganda Minister Goebbels' Angriff—today published a long editorial demanding more austere conduct of Nazi party leaders.

The paper demanded automobiles used for party purposes be of the cheapest type, uniformly painted, and leaders live simply.

The status of Baron Manfred von Killinger, former premier of Saxony, who has been reported killed, was cleared up by an official announcement he was dismissed as a Storm Troop leader July 1, placed in a concentration camp, and later released.

Storm Troopers on Review

Wide World Photo.

Gen. Werner von Blomberg (left) and Gen. von Mackensen (right) are shown reviewing the Storm Troopers' "Staff Guard Ernst." Karl Ernst, commander of these troops, was killed in last Saturday's revolt.

Cut in Duties On Hard Drink Faces Delay

Reciprocal Tariff Move Awaits Trade Treaty Negotiations.

(Associated Press.)

Those who are seeking a reduction in the duties on imported liquor are going to have to bide their time until the laborious task of working out general trade agreements with nations supplying the beverages has been completed.

Passage by the recent Congress of the reciprocal tariff legislation raised hopes that import levies, particularly the tariff on hard liquor, would be forthcoming. The lower tax advocates have found, however, it is not as simple as that, and that months may be expected to pass before liquor levy cuts materialize.

Negotiations already are under way with Cuba, source of much Bacardi rum, but it is a long drawn-out task to complete an agreement involving trade and commerce.

Cuba is only the first of the countries to be approached with reciprocal trade agreement propositions. So far as liquor is concerned, however, other sources are of more importance, notably Canada and her American type whisky.

"Prohibition" Rates in Now.

"I do not know what is in the President's mind on the subject, but I suppose that the liquor tariff is one of the first he will consider," Director J. H. Choate, jr., of the Alcohol Control Administration and advocate of lower liquor tariffs and taxes, said today, "but as I understand the effects of the new tariff law, he can only change a tariff rate to conform with a trade agreement made by him with some other nation; so that he must make his agreements first and make the tariff conform.

"I regard the present tariffs as purely prohibition gestures. They were vastly higher than any one would have ventured to suggest as a protective tariff, and they were put on top of the excise tax, while before prohibition they had always been separate—import paid duties, domestic goods paid excise, nothing paid both.

"The most important single drink, the most widely used strong drink in this country, has always been American-type whisky, that is rye and Bourbon. The lack of aged whiskies of those types has left the public with a choice between paying very high prices for what is left of the aged whisky and using newer whiskies and blended whiskies.

Imports Lower Prices.

"These have sold, but they have not sold in anything like the quantity that they used to sell before prohibition, and I suppose the distillers' reason—I think this is the correct reason—is that if they can import those American types of whisky from Canada, and thus supply the demand for the more expensive types without making them too expensive, they can keep the country drinking what it was before, instead of changing to Scotch whiskies, gin and other things.

"Thus the whisky distillers have something very real to gain by a cut tariff, and nothing much to lose."

James M. Doran, head of the organized distillers, said his industry was in favor of tariff reductions on American type whiskies. He said, however, that those who anticipated immediate liquor tariff slashes were not taking into account the necessarily extended job of negotiating diplomatic agreements between the State Department and other countries.

Five Parks in Drought Area to Get CCC Aid

Five National parks are within the drought areas that will be given help through 172 new companies of the Civilian Conservation Corps, according to Arno B. Cammerer, director of the park service.

One company each will be located in Zion, Wind Cave, Mesa Verde and Pinnacles National Monument, and two companies in Sequoia National Park. Details of their work projects will be announced later, Cammerer said.

Endeavor Outsails Rival on Trials Run

Plymouth, Eng., July 4 (AP).—Endeavor, Britain's latest challenger for the America's Cup, today made one of the best showings of her preparatory trials as she defeated Velsheda, her closest challenger, by almost ten minutes in a 42-mile race.

Equipped with her new boom and carrying all the canvas she could "crack on" Endeavor finished in 3 hours 40 minutes 15 seconds.

Memory of Coolidge Honored at Plymouth

Plymouth, Vt., July 4 (AP).—The memory of Calvin Coolidge was honored here today in this hamlet where he was born 62 years ago today and buried a year ago last January.

President Roosevelt, bound for Hawaii, remembered the thirtieth President with a wreath which Maj. Raymond E. Lee, of Montpelier, placed on the Coolidge grave in the President's name. In behalf of the Boy Scouts of the United States, Robert Ward, of Leominster, Mass., placed another wreath near the simple headstone.

Drought Brings Alterations in Farm Program

Crops in Bad Shape; Stock Production Control to Be Abandoned.

Widespread rains were needed last night to check the far-flung drought which has extended to new districts in the Middle West, Weather Bureau officials reported.

Crop experts declared the drought, while not receiving the sensational attention of May and early June, has continued with little break in most sections.

Secretary Wallace voiced concern over Iowa corn. He said that while that crop had not suffered nearly so much as wheat and other grains, a severe cut in production would result unless general rains fall within a fortnight.

Changing conditions, the Associated Press reported, are necessitating alterations in the Farm Administration program. Changes contemplated include:

Abandonment of control over livestock production.

An increased production of wheat and cotton over the figures for the current year.

Institution of a single reduction contract to cover all feed grains subject to curtailment.

Establishment of a plan for storing grains on the farms, with loans made against it. Possibly the grain would be placed under Government seal.

A broad milk program for the Eastern States with many milk marketing agreements condensed into one adjustment program.

Farm Exports In May Least of Past 20 Years

Only Half of Prewar Years; Shipments of Cotton Decline.

Farm exports in May were the lowest for any single month in 20 years, the Bureau of Agricultural Economics reported yesterday.

The May index number of 50 was only half the volume of agricultural products exported for the prewar years 1909 to 1914. One of the causes for the decline, experts said, was the failure of Japan, the United Kingdom and Germany to buy large amounts of American cotton as in the past.

May cotton exports totaled 299,000 bales, against 628,000 in May, 1933.

Meanwhile, the Agricultural Adjustment Administration reassured apprehensive cottton ginners that there would be little red tape connected with their issuance of bale tags under the Bankhead act for control of staple production.

Officials announced ginners would not be required to keep the tags in safes. Representatives of the Bureau of Internal Revenue will visit gins monthly and administer oaths free of charge to certify gin returns.

Secretary Wallace and Chester C. Davis, farm administrator, approved plans for administration of the Kerr-Smith tobacco act. The program calls for an ad valorem tax of 25 per cent, the minimum rate provided by the law.

Yeast Firm Must Ban Health Ads

Ten Concerns Discontinue Unfair Practices.

The Federal Trade Commission announced yesterday that it had ordered the Ironized Yeast Co., of Atlanta, Ga., to cease advertising that its product would cure overnight indigestion, constipation and skin eruptions.

The commission stated that unfair practices had been discontinued by ten firms, among them Life Savers, Inc., confection distributors, of Port Chester, N. Y., and Monroe Green, successor to the National Rabbit Institute of Arcadia, Calif., which sells courses of instruction on breeding rabbits.

Vendor Held In Slaying of U. S. Employe

Suspect Says He Shot When Man Entered His Room.

Continued from Page 1.

Hospital, where he died within an hour.

In sultry weather, Rousseau told police, he always left the door of his room open. He was the only occupant, as far as he knew, of the top floor. Several weeks ago an intruder frightened him, he informed police, and since then he has kept the gun.

About 4:30 a. m. Rousseau was awakened, he asserted.

"I looked from my pillow. In the doorway I saw the figure of the man I shot. He was partially clad, and looked strange against the dim light in the hallway.

"'Who are you?' I yelled, and he didn't answer. Then he rushed right at me, and I fired."

Purtill occupied an apartment in the 2600 block of Connecticut avenue, and was a bachelor. He has a brother living in Cennecticut, who was notified of his death.

He registered at the hotel Tuesday night under the name of B. H. White. According to officials, he obviously had been drinking heavily. With him was a younger man who registered as W. A. Waters. Waters left several hours before the shooting.

For the past eight years, Purtill has been associated with the Alien Custodian's office.

"He was efficient, quiet, dilligent, and an all around good worker," C. P. Bray, chief of personnel, said yesterday.

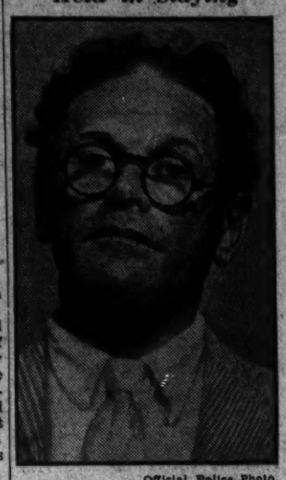
Police found the apartment where Purtill lived to be elaborately furnished. They found valuable etchings and furniture and several coin collections.

Following his arrest, Rousseau donated the fruit from his stand to St. Ann's Infant Asylum.

More Building Reported.

Martinsburg, W. Va., July 4 (Spl.).—There was a sharp increase in building operations in Martinsburg during the month of June, according to records kept by Fire Chief Roland Snyder of applications for building permits. Twenty-five applications, calling for a total estimated expenditure of nearly $10,000, were filed with Chief Snyder, city building inspector.

Held in Slaying



Official Police Photo.

CYRIL MERCER ROUSSEAU, 56-year-old fruit vendor, who was ordered held for action of the coroner last night after he admittedly shot and killed Henry L. Purtill, Government employe.

Three Victims of Bus Crash Are Identified

Dallas, Tex., July 4 (AP).—Tentative identification of three of the four passengers burned to death when a bush crashed into a bridge was reported tonight by E. F. Freeman, district representative of the Greyhound Lines. The other victim was believed to be a young man who boarded the bus at Austin.

Freeman said three of the victims were believed to be Miss Maxine Ellis, 32, Rocky Ford, Colo.; Mrs. Bettie Barton, 62, en route from Kerrville, Tex., to Durant, Okla., and Miss Gertrude Peters, who bought a ticket at San Antonio for Chicago.

Lynchings Fewer, Tuskegee Reports

Tuskegee, Ala., July 4 (AP).—Lynchings for the first six months of 1934 showed a decrease of two over the same period in 1933, with six in the current year, an announcement from Tuskegee Normal and Industrial Institute said today.

All of the victims of lynchers were colored, the report compiled by the department of records and research said, and all were in Southern States.

Insull's Wife Lands in U. S.

Back After 19 Months' Absence; Traveled Tourist Class.

New York, July 4 (AP).—After a 19 months' absence, Mrs. Samuel Insull, wife of the indicted utilities magnate, returned to the United States today to join her husband.

She arrived on the liner Majestic, on which she had traveled tourist class. Her son, Samuel Insull, jr., met her at Quarantine. They planned to take a midnight train for Chicago.

"I have always felt," she said, "that women should not express views on subjects they are not familiar with. Naturally I can not discuss what is pending in Chicago because I do not understand or grasp what the details are.

"I believe implicity in Mr. Insull's honor. I should know, for I have known him for many years. I have never known a dishonest suggestion to enter his thoughts. I know his point of view."

Mrs. Insull arrived with six trunks and six pieces of hand luggage. Customs inspectors detained her for an hour in the hot pier shed while they examined her belongings.

Boy, 4, Slightly Hurt by Auto.

John Boyd, 4, of 1205 Talbert street southeast, was slightly injured yesterday by an automobile at Eighteenth street and Minnesota avenue southeast. He was treated for minor bruises and cuts at Providence Hospital.

JULIUS GARFINCKEL & CO.
F STREET AT FOURTEENTH

SHOPPERS FIND IT COOL HERE. WE HAVE A MARVELOUS COOLING SYSEM.

In These Great
CLEARANCE SALES
We Are Holding in Every Department
NOTHING STANDS OUT MORE THAN THE ASTONISHING VALUES IN OUR DRESSES
FOR WOMEN, MISSES, JUNIORS.
The Prices Are Greatly Reduced to the Following:
FOR WOMEN AND MISSES, THIRD FLOOR
$14.75, $16.75, $19.75, $24.75, $25.75, $29.75, $35, $39.75, $49.75.
FOR MISSES, FOURTH FLOOR
$10.75, $12.75, $16.75, $19.75, $25, $29.75, $35, $39.75, $45, $49.75.
FOR JUNIOR MISSES, SIXTH FLOOR
$5.95, $8.75, $12.75, $14.75, $16.75, $19.75.
FOR GIRLS AND CHILDREN, SIXTH FLOOR
$1.45, $1.95, $2.95, $3.95, $5.95, $7.95.
All Sales Final. No Approvals.

BARGAIN BASEMENT
Closed Saturday During Summer

English Tea Pots
Large new shipment of fine potted, ideal tea-makers. Choice of plain, mottled, and decorated. SPECIAL 49c
TEAPOT TILES—Assorted Decorations—30c and 50c
DULIN & MARTIN
GIFTS AND HOMEFURNISHINGS SINCE 1847
Connecticut Ave. and L
HOURS, 9:15 TO 6.

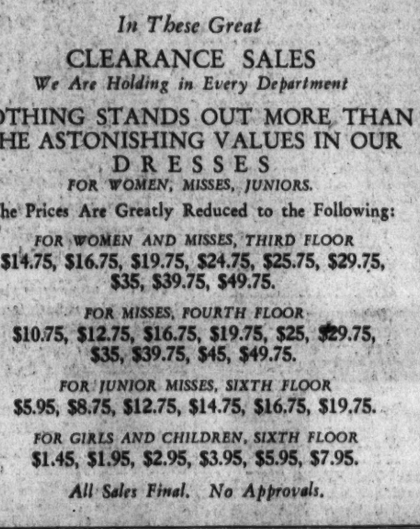
• Entire Store Air-Cooled 10 Degrees Below Street Temperature •
Shop F-R-I-D-A-Y-S
THIS SUMMER
at Washington's Finest Men's Wear Store

Closed All Day Saturdays
WATCH for our Friday Sales of wanted merchandise at special prices. Do your week-end shopping on Fridays. As part of the Raleigh Haberdasher's customary program of progress, the store will be closed all day Saturdays during the months of July and August. The management believes its employes can give customers better and happier service through these week-end vacations. Your cooperation will be appreciated.
Don't forget the entire Raleigh Haberdasher store is air-conditioned. It makes shopping a pleasure to our customers. And it makes serving them a delight to us.
• WASHINGTON'S FINEST MEN'S WEAR STORE •
RALEIGH HABERDASHER
1310 F STREET

Many Smart
GLIDERS
Reduced Now
These are all luxurious Gliders in gayly colored upholsteries and with coil springs. A few are quoted below.

Coil Spring Glider, with tufted seat and back; green and orange $14.75
Green Coil Spring Glider, with cocktails arms; red floral motif $16.75
Attractive Glider, in green enamel with cocktail arms; reduced to $16.75
Green Glider with green upholstery, diamond stripes, red floral design $19.95
Green and Black Glider, with 3 removable back cushions and tufted seat $19.95
Green Enamel Glider, with 6 removable cushions, coil springs $23.75
MAYER & CO.
Seventh Street Between D and E

• Entire Store Air-Conditioned 10 Degrees Below Street Temperature •
BEGINNING TODAY!
July Clearance
STORE CLOSED ALL DAY SATURDAY
SHOP TODAY OR TOMORROW



$4 Knox Straws $2.85
$2 and $3 Raleigh Straws $1.65
$5 and $7 Knox Straws $3.45
$5.00 Raleigh Panamas $3.15
$7 and $8 Knox Panamas $4.85
$10 Knox Panamas $5.85
$15 Knox Panamas $8.85
$20 Knox Panamas $11.85
$30 Knox Panamas $15.85

$10.50 & $12.50 HANAN Sport Shoes $9.65
$8.50 STA-SMOOTH Sport Shoes $6.85
$5.50 Raleigh Sport Shoes $4.95
CHARGE ACCOUNTS INVITED
Pay in 30 days, or use our Extended Payment Plan . . . 4 months to pay, no interest charges, no down payment.
• WASHINGTON'S FINEST MEN'S WEAR STORE •
RALEIGH HABERDASHER
1310 F STREET

Episcopal Unit Joins Decency Drive on Films

Bishop Freeman's Stand Wins Support by Resolution.

Complete cooperation of the Social Welfare Department of the Episcopal Diocese of Washington with the Legion of Decency in its drive against "objectionable and obscene" motion pictures was pledged yesterday in a resolution adopted by the department in session on Mount St. Alban.

Attention was called in the resolution to a statement issued by the Right Rev. James E. Freeman, Bishop of Washington, condemning motion pictures which overstress sex and glorify the criminal elements in modern life. Bishop Freeman urged a vigorous stand against such entertainment.

Gratitude was expressed to the Roman Catholic Church "for its courageous stand and splendid initiative" in the movement to boycott and eventually suppress such motion pictures.

"The individual, in determining what pictures are indecent or otherwise morally objectionable, and what local theaters should be denied patronage, must be guided by his own conscience after reading the photoplay review services or making personal inquiries," said the resolution.

The resolution further provided for a two-man committee composed of the Rev. F. M. Morris, of Silver Spring, Md., and the Rev. Hatch Sierrett, of Washington, to confer with other agencies and denominations regarding the fight against such movies.

Bishop Freeman, according to the resolution, will be requested to take up with Government officials ways and means of dealing with producers and exhibitors of suggestive, improper films.

Roanoke to Get Little For Street Repairs

Roanoke, Va., July 4 (Spl.).—All towns having a population of 3,500 or more will be eligible to share in Federal funds available for street improvements in Virginia cities, but Roanoke's share will be a relatively modest sum, in the opinion of City Manager W. P. Hunter who conferred with H. G. Shirley, State highway commissioner in Richmond.

Of a total of about $200,000,000 made available by the Federal law, Virginia's share is $3,765,387 and of this amount the cities and towns will get about $924,000. Final determination of the manner of distribution rests with the State highway department.

Drunken Drivers Have No Redress

Richmond, Va., July 4 (AP).—Attorney General A. P. Staples, in an opinion today, held that although there was no State law between March 22 and June 19 against drunken driving, persons convicted of that offense during that period under city, town or county ordinances were properly convicted and have no redress.

His view in the matter was stated in reply to a query from Commonwealth's Attorney W. M. Abbitt, of Appomattox County.

7,500 Pupils Want Summer Classes Here

Several Hundred May Be Turned Away Due to Lack of Funds.

Approximately 7,500 pupils have registered for courses in the District summer schools, and there is very possibility that several hundred of them, at least, will have to be turned away.

The unofficial figures were given yesterday by E. J. Lockwood, director of evening and summer schools. Registration will continue through today.

Of the number, 4,000 o fthe registrants are white and 3,500 colored. Because the original appropriation has been cut from $36,000 to $25,000, forcing a reduction of 80 in the teaching staff, Lockwood held the denial of certain applications likely.

The present staff of instructors is now 107. Miss Ruth M. Stauffer, in charge of registration at Central High School, the only senior institute with summer sessions, said that more than 2,000 had registered for admission there, but that only 1,700 appeared for classes Tuesday. Central is capable of accommodating 1,800.

In the 12 elemetnary schools it was estimated 2,400 pupils who registered could be accommodated, but only 1,700 of the 1,800 who are expected to register at Macfarland and Stuart Junior High Schools can be taken care of. These schools continue thrdough August 13.

Mace Seized in 1812 Returned to Canada

Toronto, July 4 (AP).—The mace of the Upper Canada Parliament, captured in the War of 1812-14 by United States troops, was formally returned to Canada today at a good will ceremony attended by high government officials, soldiers and sailors of both countries.

The Toronto Regiment and Queen's Rangers formed a guard of honor as American soldiers and sailors marched, unarmed, into old Fort York. Just 111 years ago American forces, led by Gen. Zebulon Pike, stormed and captured the fort on Toronto's water front.

Texas Ranch Owner Killed.

San Antonio, Tex., July 4 (AP).—D. J. Harrigan, 50, former city engineer, real estate operator and ranch owner, was killed today in a gun fight in Frio County over a cattle deal. A ranch employe was arrested.

Past, Present and May-Be N. E. A. Chiefs

Post Staff Photo.

Past presidents of National Education Association get together with the incumbent for an informal talk at the Auditorium. Left to right—Florence Hale, editor of Grade Teacher, New York City; Joseph Rosier, vice president and former president; Jessie Gray, president, and Willis A. Sutton, superintendent of schools, Atlanta, Ga., and also a past president.

Dr. Ragsdale Funeral Will Be Set Today

Columbia Hospital Head Drowned Tuesday in Severn River.

Funeral arrangements for Dr. S. B. Ragsdale, superintendent of Columbia Hospital for Women, who was drowned late Tuesday when he stepped into a deep hole as he waded in the Severn River, near his summer home at Sherwood Forest, will beannounced today. Dr. Ragsdale, 49, lived at 2401 L street northwest.

Seeking relief from the heat sat Robin Hood Beach with his wife, Mrs. Mary G. Ragsdale, and Dr. Conrad Acton, a friend, Dr. Ragsdale decided to go into the water.

Wading out several hundred feet, he suddednly disappeared. At first the party on shore thought he was joking, but when he failed to appear, Mrs. Ragsdale screamed.

Three midshipmen, on leave from the Naval Academy, and on a canoeing trip, were attracted by her cries. One of them, George Grinder, of the Navy water polo team, dove in after the body, and about 20 minutes later brought it ashore.

Dr. Acton pronounced his friend dead after the West Annapolis ambulance crew applied artificial respiration for almost two hours. A certificate of accidental drowning was issued by Acting Coroner Thomas G. Basil, of Annapolis.

Dr. Ragsdale had been superintendent of Columbia Hospital since March, 1929. He came here from New York State, where he had been superintendent of the Geneva General Hospital. Before that he was connected with a hospital in Greenwich, Conn.

Born in 1885, Dr. Ragsdale was a native of Bessemer, Ala. He is survived, in addition to his widow, by a daughter, Mrs. Hugh Malloy, jr., of Washington and Lanham, Md. He also leaves three brothers, Dr. Luney W. Ragsdale, of Boston; Dr. Clay Ragsdale, of Bessemer, and Dr. Velpeau Ragsdale, of Pierce, Fla., and a sister, Mrs. Cal Norris, of Birmingham, Ala.

Playgrounds Teach Model Plane Flying

Summer Program Includes Lessons in Building.

Morning and afternoon classes in the building and flying of model aircraft will be included in the summer playgrounds program, it was announced yesterday by Sibyl Baker, supervisor of the Department of Playgrounds.

Morning classes from 10 to 12 and afternoon periods from 2 to 4 will be conducted under direction of Walter Grubbs, Department of Playgrounds, assisted in an advisory capacity by John H. Williams, supervisor of the District of Columbia Model Aircraft League.

The playgrounds department's schedule of model aircraft follows: Monday, Chevy Chase playground, morning; Gordon Junior High, afternoon; Tuesday, Park View playground, morning; Takoma play ground, afternoon; Wednesday, Burroughs playground, morning; Burhanan School, afternoon; Thursday, Murrh school, morning; Gordon Junior High, afternoon; Friday, Burroughs, morning; Sherwood playground, afternoon; Saturday, Kenilworth recreation center, morning.

Blind Pensions Asked In Franklin County

Waynesboro, Pa., July 4 (Spl.).—Seventy-two applications have been filed for pensions for the blind in Franklin County. These have been divided into four groups: First, those who appear to be generally eligible and to whom ophthalmological report blanks have been sent; second, those whose names are registered and have not yet returned their application blanks; third, those found ineligible after return of application blanks, and fourth, those applicants who present some question as to residence eligibility and with whom the board is now in correspondence.

Boy, 13, Accidentally Wounded, Makes Gain

Richard M. Stockdale, 13, of 575 Nineteenth street northeast, shot by a playmate Tuesday, was reported "slightly improved" at Casualty Hospital last night.

The boy was shot in the abdomen with a .22-caliber rifle while at "target practice" with several companions. George Guntrow, 18, of the 1600 block of Kraemer street northeast, told Ninth Precinct police he shot the boy by accident.

Barley Yield Poor In Luray District

Luray, Va., July 4 (Spl.).—Barley yields as they are turning out from thrashing machines are disappointing, according to thrashing machine men.

In the Kimball neighborhood the disappointment appears to be the greatest. On 4½ acres of land, E. F. Fox thrashed 152½ bushels of the grain.

Vernon Fox, in the same neighborhood, obtained 104 bushels of grain on 4 acres, while B. F. Stombock thrashed 134 bushels from 4 acres. E. C. Harnsberger, of the Page Milling Co., Luray, says that a normal average is about 48 bushels to the acre.

Mrs. B. F. Cary Elected By Warren County Club

Front Royal, Va., July 4 (Spl.).—The Garden Club of Warren County, at its annual meeting, elected the following new officers: President, Mrs. B. Ferguson Cary; first vice president, Mrs. William E. Carson; second vice president, Mrs. W. W. Sonner; secretary, Mrs. James E. Higgins; treasurer, Mrs. Beverly F. Browne; chairman of the program committee, Mrs. Aubrey G. Weaver.

Awards for exhibition of flowers at club meetings were: First, Mrs. H. S. Wagner; second, Mrs. L. F. Hansbrough; third, Mrs. Beverly F. Browne. Reports on the several projects sponsored by the club during the year were made by Mrs. E. T. Whitworth, Mrs. J. Frank Forsyth, jr., Mrs. A. C. Carson, Mrs. B. Ferguson Cary, Mrs. Beverley F. Browne and Mrs. W. W. Sonner.

Missing Minister Returns to Home

Rev. Joseph McCambridge Gone for Six Days.

After a mysterious absence of six days, the Rev. Joseph A. McCambridge, pastor of the Pentecostal Church and widely known to radio audiences, returned to his home, 1427 S street northwest, yesterday.

Police said no explanation was given for the clergyman's disappearance. He was reported missing by his wife, Mrs. Anna McCambridge, Thursday of last week. The Rev. McCambridge telephoned his eldest son, John, 16, to meet him at a downtown hotel early yesterday.

The preacher's wife told police that her husband had $500 in his possession when he disappeared. The money was to be used in making a down payment on their home. Financial burdens and worires were given as a theory to rthe clergyman's absence.

Two Held in Norfolk As Drunken Drivers

Norfolk, Va., July 4 (Spl.).—A man and a woman were arrested here on charges of operating an automobile under the influence of intoxicants. They are Ella May Nethernutt, 28, of 913 Bermuda street, and St. John Moore, 25, of 319 Westover avenue. Both will be heard in police court tomorrow morning.

These are the first arrests here since the drastic State law aimed at drunken drivers became effective. The law makes a jail sentence mandatory on conviction.

Restaurant Office Looted; Loss Is $524

Andres R. Lobstrand, proprietor of Ebbitt's Grill, 1427 F street northwest, told police yesterday that $524 was stolen from his office.

Lobstrand said intruders forced entrance to his second floor offices and took the money from a desk drawer. Police broadcast a lookout for a colored man, a former employe at the restaurant.

Ward Appointed W. Va. Banking Commissioner

Charleston, W. Va., July 4 (Spl.).—George Ward, a banker of Mill Creek, Randolph County, has been appointed State banking commissioner by Gov. Kump to succeed Waitman C. Given, who resigned to take a position with a Cleveland bank.

The new commissioner was named for the uncompleted term of Mr. Given, which expires March 31, 1935.

Mrs. T. V. Green Dies At Home in Hopewell

Hopewell, Va., July 4 (Spl.).—Mrs. T. V. Green died at her home here yesterday. The funeral services will be held Friday afternoon in Blandford Cemetery. She is survived by a number of children. Her husband died a few weeks ago.

Post Staff Photo.

JOSEPH H. SAUNDERS, of Newport News, Va., candidate for presidency of the N. E. A. at the election today.

3 Are Arrested, After Gun Battle

Shots Fired From Cars in Princess Anne.

Norfolk, Va., July 4 (Spl.).—Carlos A. Terrell, his wife, and A. E. Fentress, known to the police as "Speed" Fentress, were arrested last night, accused of engaging in a gun battle.

The police claim Terrell and his wife were in one automobile and Fentress in another. Fentress accused the Terrells of opening fire on him and the eTrrels claim Fentress fired first and they fired to protect themselves. The gun battle occurred in Princess Anne County, near the county courthouse, shortly before 9 p. m. Police linked the shooting to a bootlegging feud.

No one in either car was injured, but the machines were scarred and punctured by bullets. The accused were given hearings before Magistrate J. J. Whitehurst and each held in bail of $500 for grand jury action in August.

Boy, 10, Is Drowned At Beach Near Roanoke

Roanoke, Va., July 4 (AP).—Elbyrne Kitchen, 10, of Villamonte Heights, was drowned in Roanoke River at the Singer Beach, 3 miles west of Glenvar, today.

Missed by his associates, search of the water was made by about 30 swimmers and the body was recovered in about 15 minutes by his brother, Leon.

Hutson Urges Higher Prices for Tobacco

Chatham, Va., July 4 (U.P.).—J. B. Hutson, chief of the tobacco section of the AAA, today called upon manufacturers to keep faith with tobacco farmers and pay increased prices for a smaller crop.

In an address before a farmers' meeting, Hutson said farmers, in turn, should continue to control production so as to obtain the highest possible net profit from their tobacco crops.

Shures Plan Trip to Egypt And Palestine

Organist and Wife Will Be Accompanied by Three D. C. Friends.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Deane Shure, accompanied by three Washington friends, will sail on the Steamship Exochorda on Tuesday, July 24, for a tour of Egypt and Palestine. Mr. Shure, who is organist and choir director of Mount Vernon Place Methodist Episcopal Church, has been invited to give a recital on the organ recently installed in the International Y. W. C. A. in Jerusalem on August 11.

At the dedication of this organ last Easter Sunday Mr. Shure's suite, "Through the Holy Land," was played by Mrs. Douglas Decherd, whose husband is head of the Presbyterian Mission in Aleppo. Dr. John R. Mott was the principal speaker and Lord Allenby was host. The program was broadcast on an international hook-up, and was so much appreciated that Mr. Shure was asked to visit Jerusalem and play his suite.

The composition was played by Mr. Shure in Waschington last season and repeated in 30 cities in New York, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina and Georgia.

As a composer, Mr. Shure specializes in chamber music based on folk tunes. Last April his "Assyrian Idyl," for strings and English horn, was heard at the Sulgrave Club on a program of the Washington Composers Club, of which he is a member. While in Cairo this summer, he will gather material for a suite of Egyptian dances which he plans to compose for string quartet, oboe, piano and hand-drum.

The other Washingtonians in this party are the Misses Katherine E. Lee, Catherine Doonan and Margaret Doonan.

Use of Gasoline Tax Revenue Asked for Park

Lusk Claims Whole of Fund Not Needed for Street Repair.

Suggestion that revenue from the gasoline-tax fund, rather than the general fund, be used for maintenance, repair and extension of roadways in District public parks was made yesterday to the District Commissioners by Rufus S. Lusk, secretary of the Washington Taxpayers Protective Association.

Following the District auditor's statement that difficulty is anticipated in providing funds for operation of the District government for 1936, Mr. Lusk made the suggestion and pointed out that the gasoline tax brings in more money than is needed for street repairs and extensions.

"The gasoline fund tax has been a splendid revenue raiser," Lusk commented. "It is the only form of tax in the District that has not felt the depression. It has increased each year, and it is estimated that in 1935 $100,000 more will be collected from this source than during the current year.

"As your board knows well," he continued, "all other taxes have fallen off, particularly the intangible tax, which has dropped about 28 per cent from 1931's peak."

Remind that District law has recently been interpreted so as to use this fund for bridges, Lusk pointed out that substitution of the gasoline fund for maintenance of park roadways would relieve the general fund which "will be taxed to the limit for the next fiscal year." Nearly $120,000 was taken out of the general fund for roads in parks during 1932 and 1933, he added.

Two Portsmouth Men Save Drowning Woman

Norfolk, Va., July 4 (Spl.).—Mrs. Henry Carroll, of Reedsville, N. C., was rescued from drowning today off Fourth street, Shore Drive, by Franklin Rodgers and Raymond Tonkin, employed by the Portsmouth Star. Mrs. Carroll went beyond her depth. Observing her plight, the men leaped into the water and brought her to the shore.

Mrs. Carroll was unconscious, but was revived after 15 minutes' of first aid work by Ocean View firemen.

Florida Boosters

Post Staff Photo.

Florida has sent a couple of boosters to Washington. The Sun-Sea-Air-A Bureau is represented by left, Miss Carol Pickert Dodson, of Miami Beach, and Miss Mary Louise Barnes, of Miami, Fla., who are urging "Go South This Summer" as the proper move.

Capital Keeps Fairly Cool

Mercury Halts at 90; Showers Likely in Afternoon.

Despite failure of expected thundershowers to make their appearance yesterday, Washington citizens passed a fairly comfortable Fourth of July with the high temperature for the day 90 degrees from 2 to 4 p. m. The high mark was 6 degrees lower than the maximum for Tuesday.

The low mark for the day was 73 at 5 a. m. After thhe high of 90 was reached, the mercury began dropping at 4 p. m. and had reached 87 at 6 p. m.

The Weather Bureau predicted the cooler weather of last night would continue through today, with possibility of thundershowers in the afternoon.

Only one Washington resident suffered sufficiently from the heat yesterday to receive official notice—Roy Satterfield, 42, of 1814 North Carolina avenue, was taken to Gallinger Hospital after collapsing in the prisoners' dock at Police Court. Satterfield was charged with intoxication. After first aid he was returned to the Fifth Police Precinct Station.

Texas Prisoners Flee After Felling Woman

Goldwaithe, Tex., July 4 (AP).—Three prisoners broke jail here today after one of them had knocked down Mrs. W. H. Lee, wife of the jailer.

The fugitives, Oren Conway, John Dingus, and Gordon Langford, took the jailer's pistol and escaped in a car parked near the jail.

Roanoke to Benefit Through Wage Boost

Roanoke, Va., July 4 (Spl.).—The 2½ per cent increase in wages for rail workers which became effective July 1 will mean an increased purchasing power of Roanoke employes of the Norfolk & Western of around $325,000 annually, and about $75,000 per month for the approximately 19,000 workers on the company's pay roll throughout the system, according to estimates made at the general offices here.

THE WISE OLD OWL..... by Esso
IF YOU'D KEEP YOUR MOTOR QUIET ESSOLENE'S THE PROPER DIET!
Essolene Guarantees SMOOTHER PERFORMANCE

ELECTROL OIL BURNER

Be sure to select an oil burner that you have investigated thoroughly (as tens of thousands of Electrol 1,500 satisfied owners in Washington have done)

GRIFFITH-CONSUMERS CO.
1413 New York Avenue
NAtional 3440

HEAT relief IN SIGHT!

IT'S Breyers PINEAPPLE ICE CREAM

Refreshing! Delicious!
Made of Real Hawaiian Pineapple • Rich Cream and Pure cane Sugar

Awarded GOOD HOUSEKEEPING SEAL OF APPROVAL

So you're coming to New York!

Then by all means, let us play host to you—we know how at The Paramount. A new, modern hotel in the heart of world-famed Times Square. Fireproof garage.

700 ROOMS • 700 BATHS

Single from $2.50 Daily — Double $4.00 Daily

Home of the famous Paramount Grill
CHARLES L. ORNSTEIN, Manager

HOTEL PARAMOUNT
46th St., W. of B'way
NEW YORK

help yourself

THIS is the Salad Bowl, an original and popular feature of the "Meals Select" now served on all Southern Pacific dining cars. It is placed before you and you *help yourself*. "Meals Select" are delicious luncheons and dinners priced at 80¢ to $1.25. Breakfasts begin at 50¢. The Casserole is another popular "help yourself" dish.

SEE MORE—NO EXTRA FARE!

Our four leading trains approach California through four entirely different scenic regions, each well worth seeing—Overland Limited from Chicago over the Rockies and the rugged Sierras, Golden State Limited from Chicago through the Spanish-American Southwest, Sunset Limited from New Orleans through the Old South (choice of rail or Southern Pacific steamer from New York to New Orleans), and Cascade from the Pacific Northwest through the Evergreen Playground. See more of the West by using these trains to "go one way, return another" for not 1¢ added ticket cost. There is no extra fare on any Southern Pacific train.

These four trains—Overland Limited, Golden State Limited, Sunset Limited and Cascade—will carry *air-conditioned cars* this summer!

CALIFORNIA AND BACK $120.75
45-day limit

—good on all trains leaving May 15 to Oct. 15. Ticket with Oct. 31 limit costs a little more. Still lower fares good in tourist Pullmans and chair cars west of Chicago and New Orleans. Pullman charges are much lower than last summer.

Southern Pacific

For details call on, telephone or write A. A. Price, General Agent, 1201 Shoreham Bldg., Washington, D. C. Telephone Nat. 2246.

Federal-Postal Employees Association
INCORPORATED
of Denver, Colorado

TYPICAL LOW SEMI-ANNUAL RATES PER $1,000.00

Age 25	$3.17
Age 35	$3.41
Age 40	$3.96
Age 45	$5.06
Age 50	$6.96

Annual Renewable Term Basis
Life Benefits Up to $5,000.00
Age Limit for New Members 60 Years

For Detailed Information or Application Blank WRITE TODAY

Offers You Group Life Insurance at the Lowest Safe Rates Available

NO INCREASE IN RATES During Past Ten Years

Approximately $3,700,000.00 in Benefits Paid to Members Since Organization in January, 1925.

Insurance on Our Members issued by Legal Reserve Companies with Combined Assets of ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTY MILLION DOLLARS.

Insurance may be Continued After Leaving Government Service. Can be Converted Any Time WITHOUT MEDICAL EXAMINATION into Any Form of Individual Insurance.

Organized for the Benefit of Federal and Public Employes. Incorporated under the Non-Profit Laws of Colorado. Without Profits or Dividends to Anyone.

All Federal and Public Employees Eligible Whether Under Civil Service or Not.

To Denver Office, F.-P. E. A., Denver, Colorado

County Health Unit Retained For Berkeley

Dr. Edwin Cameron Will Be Continued as Full-Time Director.

Martinsburg, W. Va., July 4 (Spl.). After an open hearing, in which public appeals on its behalf were made, City Council and Berkeley County Court yesterday agreed to continue the Berkeley County Health Unit on its present basis, with a full-time health director, a secretary and a nurse, and with Dr. Edwin Cameron, present health officer, as its director until other arrangements satisfactory to all could be made.

The decision involves the outlay of approximately $9,000 annually, to which the Rockefeller Foundation contributes $3,100, the city and county making up the remainder.

The agreement came after it appeared the unit would either be severely restricted as to scope or eliminated. Factors threatening its continuation as it has operated for a half dozen years included: Elimination of Dr. Cameron as health officer because of incomplete naturalization papers—he is a Canadian and his papers will not mature until late in the fall; failure of the State Board of Health to approve the nomination of Dr. Claude A. Thomas, this city, as a successor to Dr. Cameron; insistance by the city that the unit be continued on its present basis.

It was understood that the Rockefeller Foundation aid would be severely reduced if the scope of the health unit, one of a few operating full-time in this State, was cut.

Dr. Cameron, some weeks ago, indicated that he would retire from the work to begin private practice, but under the arrangement effected yesterday he will continue as directing head with the present personnel in the office until a successor is chosen.

West Virginia to Aid Ill School Children.

Charleston, W. Va., July 4 (Spl.). Plans for the expansion of a teaching program for children confined in their homes by illness or other physical handicaps have been announced by the State department of welfare, which has submitted an application for the assignment of 55 teachers to the program by the FERA.

The application has been submitted through the State department of education as part of the recreational teaching program of the relief administration. If approved, at least one teacher for each county will be available for the project.

The program is under the direction of Mrs. Sarah Lewis Glick, State director of education for homebound children, who has been doing the work for several months. Begun last January, it has already resulted in the teaching of about 350 children who otherwise would not have received instruction.

Dr. Turner Again To Head W. Va. U.

Dr. John Cox Becomes Professor Emeritus.

Morgantown, W. Va., July 4 (Spl.).—Dr. John Roscoe Turner has been reelected president of West Virginia University for the coming year by the university board of governors.

The board has approved the faculty for the coming year and drawn a budget of $810,000. All officers of the board of governors were reelected. E. Grandison Smith, of Clarksburg, is president; D. A. Burt, of Wheeling, vice president, and Charles P. Neff, jr., of Morgantown, secretary.

The board accepted the resignation of Emerson Carney as manager of the university book store and appointed Stanley F. Fisher as his successor. Retirement of John Harrington Cox, of the English department, was approved and he received the rank of professor emeritus.

Services Are Held For Sam W. Keys

Former Virginia Banker Buried at Glade Spring.

Glade Spring, Va., July 4 (Spl.). With hundreds of friends in attendance, funeral services were conducted today for Sam W. Keys, 53, of Glade Spring, former president of the Viginia State Bankers Association, who ended his life Monday with a pistol.

The services were in charge of Dr. E. E. Wiley, of Abingdon, Va., presiding elder of the Abingdon District of the Holston Conference, Methodist Episcopal Church South. He was assisted by the Revs. M. S. Kinchloe, D. B. Walthall and J. R. Brown, pastors of the Methodist, Presbyterian and Baptist Churches of Glade Spring, and by Capt. John Frazier, of Charlottesville, Va., former United States Army chaplain and relative of Keys. Burial followed at Emory, Va.

Honorary pallbearers included the board of trustees of Emory and Henry College, the board of trustees of the George Ben Johnson Memorial Hospital at Abingdon, the board of stewards of the Methodist Church of Glade Spring, and the board of directors of the Bank of Glade Spring.

Church at Lynchburg Calls Rev. Randolph

Lynchburg, Va., July 4 (Spl.).—The Rev. R. L. Randolph, of Franklinton, N. C., has advised the deacons of Franklin Street Baptist Church of his acceptance of a call to the pastorate of that church. He will take over the pastorate next Sunday.

Mr. Randolph is to succeed the Rev. T. Sloane Guy, who resigned on account of ill health. Mr. Guy and his family will go to Carthage, N. C., to make their home.

The Federal Diary

By Morgan Baker.
(Trade-mark Applied For)

GOVERNMENT scientists and other Federal employes in the ranks, the latter with substantial ideas who have developed them with the aid of the former in some cases, have been unusually active in various inventions of value to the Nation. Among the outstanding devices and processes just patented by Federal employes are:

BAKER.

A thermostat mounting for a temperature control system has been perfected by Louis A. Gebhard and Louis A. Van Loock (*), Naval Research Laboratory.

Samuel Wiley, War, has obtained a patent on flares to be launched from aircraft. Vane wheels instead of parachutes will be used to check the descent of the flares.

A. H. Gilkerson and James H. Harr, Navy, have invented electrically heated goggles for aviators, which will be especially valuable to high altitude fliers and others along the winter airways.

Another aeronautical invention is that of Phillip Van Horn Weems and Harold C. Gatty, Navy, who have perfected a ground speed and angle drift indicator.

Of high importance to the American military forces is a cooling system for machine guns which is the invention of Samuel G. Green, War. In the present type of machine guns there is a water jacket around the gun with a steam outlet. Mr. Green provides in his device a circulating system for the cooling fluid which also may be employed as a steam ejecting system.

Position Open.

Examination for position of junior legal assistant (labor law), Bureau of Labor Statistics, was announced yesterday by Civil Service Commission. The entrance salary is $2,000 a year, less 5 per cent under the economy act and a retirement deduction of 3½ per cent. The examination will close July 30. College or law school education, including labor law and allied subjects, is required.

Employes of Bureau of Standards will honor Lee R. Downs, head of the carpenter shop, who retires this week after more than 31 years Federal service. Members of Bureau of Standards Local No. 260, National Federation of Federal Employes, will be hosts at a banquet at 6:30 p. m. today at Tilden Gardens.

Steady inroads on the Civil Service reemployment list continue with 69 names being removed last week, the Civil Service Commission announced last night. In addition to the removal of the 69 which were given probational appointments or reinstated, there are now 203 persons listed as "unemployed" but who are serving in temporary positions. Eligibility of 42 persons on the list expired last week.

Diary Guest Tickets.

IF your name is followed by (*), call in person on the Federal Diary editor the same day. You will receive tickets to Loew's Columbia (Marion Davies and Gary Cooper in "Operator 13"); or to Loew's Palace (William Powell and Myrna Loy in "The Thin Man"); or to Loew's Fox (stage, Will Mahoney and Gertrude Niesen; screen, Shirley Temple in "Little Miss Marker").

Diary office hours are: Daily, except Sundays, 12 noon to 1 p. m., and from 4:30 to 6 p. m.; Saturdays, 12 noon to 2:30 p. m.

What was once handsome Samuel Brock
Lies under this stone. He died from shock,
When after a search and a frantic race,
He captured an empty parking space.
MARY DOE (*), Justice.

Postettes.

Wayne Bradley, Patent Office, is spending his vacation at his home in Wisconsin. He will visit friends in Chicago en route back to Washington.

Kennard Smith, Patent Office, is away for a week's visit with his mother in Indianapolis.

Raymond E. Stanley, A. G. O., War, is on a vacation trip that includes Chicago and points in Iowa, Wisconsin and Canada.

Miss Anita Sheaffer,(*), secretary to Assistant Director Clyde Tolson, Division of Investigation, Justice, will sail this week for Bermuda. Miss Sheaffer's sister, Margaret, and their mother will accompany her.

C. F. Seyfarth, in charge of Files Section, Division of Investigation, Justice, enjoyed the week-end at North Beach, Md.

Mrs. Mary Pumphrey, Division of Investigation, Justice, motored down to Natural Bridge, Va., recently.

Miss Rebekah Johnson, Copyright Office, Library of Congres, is visiting her home in San Antonio, Tex.

Col. D. M. Randall, formerly of Marine Corps Headquarters, who has just finished a course at Army War College, left yesterday for Hawaii where he will assume command of the Marine Barracks.

F. Carney, Claims Section, AAA, visited his family in southern Maryland over the week-end.

Smith W. Weston,(*), Agriculture, will leave Saturday for St. Louis and other points in the Middle West on official business.

Rural Mail Carriers Of W. Va. to Convene

Wheeling, W. Va., July 4 (Spl.).—Rural mail carriers of West Virginia and their ladies' auxiliary will hold their annual convention here July 6 and 7.

Business sessions and the annual banquet will be held at the Y. W. C. A., with William L. Brice, Wheeling postmaster, as toastmaster of the latter event. O. W. Bennett, of Parkersburg, will be in charge of the business sessions. Mrs. Bennett is president of the auxiliary. A reception will be held tomorrow night at the McClure Hotel.

Harris & Ewing Photo.

Figures are said to be dry, but Miss Bessie Ryan, statistician at Bureau of Indian Affairs, finds them interesting as she observes the progress the Government is making in fighting tuberculosis and trachoma among the Indians. Her office tabulates vital statistics on the First Americans. Miss Ryan, a native of Shamokin, Pa., entered Government service in the Auditing Division of the Quartermaster Corps and came to Washington with the Interior Department in 1930.

Wesley E. Murphy, Sporting Philanthropist, Dies in Va.

Expires in Hospital at Norfolk After Heart Attack.

Norfolk, Va., July 4 (Spl.).—Wesley E. Murphy, 59, well known in the sporting fraternity, died in Sarah Leigh Hospital today of a heart attack. He was stricken at his home at Virginia Beach.

He was one of the best-known men in Norfolk, and was known as the "sporting philanthropist." His brother, the Rev. E. M. Murphy, is a Methodist minister. Wesley was converted to Catholicism several ago.

Before prohibition he operated a distillery and a chain of saloons in Norfolk. He owned property all over the city. He is said to have forbidden his rental agents to eject tenants from houses where it was found they were unable to pay their rent. He is survived by his widow and two children, and two brothers.

Thousands Visit Norfolk Beaches

Naval Base Also Attracts Throngs From Area.

Norfolk, Va., July 4 (Spl.).—Thousands of visitors came to Norfolk today from all parts of Virginia, North Carolina, Maryland and from the District of Columbia to visit the various beaches and warships at the Naval Base and Navy Yard.

The airplane-carriers Langley, Lexington and Saratoga, moored to piers at the base, held open house all day, and throngs of visitors lined their decks. At the Navy Yard huge crowds boarded the battleship Idaho, which is nearing completion after two years of modernization.

Virginia Beach and Ocean View reported the largest crowds of the season, and special trains and buses were run to accomodate the visitors.

Hagerstown Gets Title to Airport

Additional Land Bought to Enlarge Field.

Hagerstown, Md., July 4 (Spl.).—The Hagerstown Airport, recently ordered purchased by the mayor and city council, was formally transferred to the city yesterday.

The city bought the airport when it appeared that the Fairchild Aircraft Corporation would remove the Kreider-Reisner Aircraft Corporation plant, a subsidiary, from this city.

Additional land was also purchased by the city and the airfield enlarged so that large airliners, being manufactured here for the Pan-American Aircraft Corporation, could be tested. The first of six planes, which have a wingspread of 78 feet, will be tested here about July 20.

50th Year Marked By South Boston; 15,000 on Hand

South Boston, Va., July 4 (Spl.). Fifteen thousand persons, it was estimated, today attended South Boston's fiftieth birthday, marked by speechmaking and a parade of 600 National Guardsmen from South Side, Va.

Sharp disappointment was registered when it was discovered that Gov. Peery was too indisposed to come here for the major address and that the illness of Senator Harry Flood Byrd's wife also kept him away.

The Governor, however, sent as his personal representatives Attorney General Abe Staples, E. R. Coombs, comptroller, and Peter Saunders, the Governor's secretary. Representative Thomas G. Burch, who made two addresses in different towns on the same day, was on hand; also J. B. Hutson, of the Agricultural Adjustment Administration.

Airplanes zoomed overhead and volleys echoed over the hills during the parade, and there was a variety of entertainment.

Rayon Strikers Deny 'Anarchy'

Virginia Textile Unionists to Ask Governor to Probe Charges.

Hopewell, Va., July 4 (AP).—Striking rayon workers here today said, through their union organizer, that they would appeal to Gov. George C. Peery for an investigation of the "anarchy" charges made by Raymond S. Burrows, plant manager of the Tubize Chatillon Corporation.

In a statement, Burrows accused the striking employes of his plant with creating a state of anarchy in Hopewell after an emergency crew of less than 50 men left the plant Monday night.

The men had been engaged, under the eyes of union watchers, in cleaning machinery of nitro-cotton which Burrows said might explode at any moment.

Later several men were said to have been beaten in the streets and at least one minor executive was forced to take refuge in a dwelling. Several men were escorted to jail "for their own protection" by Hopewell police. Union officials said that they had had no hand in any disorders and that pickets had been instructed to allow the workers to leave the plant without molestation.

Disciples of Christ Plan Convention

Piedmont Assembly Will Meet July 27.

Gordonsville, Va., July 4 (Spl.).—The thirty-seventh annual session of the Piedmont Assembly, Disciples of Christ, composed of 33 churches, will be held at Assembly Park, near Gordonsville, July 27 to August 5. Officers of the Assembly are F. W. Long, Clifton Forge, president; W. S. Hoye, Louisa; Edwin S. Sweeney, Charlottesville; A. L. Clark, Somerset; R. A. Atkins, Louisa; D. E. Bumpass, Mineral; R. A. Cooper, Covington, and H. M. Ware, Gordonsville, vice presidents; Miss Mary Lou Boston, Gordonsville, secretary; W. H. Barrett, Cuckoo, treasurer.

The tentative program includes sermons and addresses by Dr. W. H. Book, of Orlando, Fla.; the Rev. W. S. Hoye, the Rev. H. D. Coffey, the Rev. Petit Coffey, the Rev. J. W. Cunningham, the Rev. J. E. Lipscombe, the Rev. H. H. Walker, the Rev. R. A. Cooper, the Rev. Edwin S. Sweeney, the Rev. A. C. Knibb, the Rev. C. M. Ford, the Rev. B. W. Showalter, the Rev. W. H. Leake, the Rev. R. A. Adkins, the Rev. H. M. Ware, the Rev. J. S. Bryant, the Rev. Hadden Knibb, and Dr. R. M. Montgomery, of Lynchburg College, Lynchburg, Va.

Employment Manager Resigns at Charleston

Charleston, W. Va., July 4 (Spl.). C. F. Armitage has resigned as manager of the Charleston office of the Federal and State reemployment service. John E. Wise, of Parkersburg, has been appointed as temporary successor, according to J. H. McGinnis, State manager.

Armitage resigned to become connected with a milling and produce company here.

Roanoke Banks Pay $91,000 in Dividends

Roanoke, Va., July 4 (Spl.).—Stockholders of local banks are receiving dividends totaling $91,000. The First National Exchange paid a 3 per cent dividend, totaling $30,000; the Mountain Trust paid 2 per cent, totaling $16,000; the Colonial-American National Bank paid 2 per cent, totaling $25,000, and the Liberty Trust Co. paid 1½ per cent, totaling $15,000.

The Old Dominion Fire Insurance Co. is paying a quarterly dividend of 2½ per cent, totaling $5,000.

36 4-H Girls Will Compete

Contest Winners to Be Chosen Friday at Leesburg.

Leesburg, Va., July 4 (Spl.).—Thirty-six Loudoun County girls, members of the various 4-H clubs, have entered the county contests and will meet at the Leesburg High School Auditorium Friday afternoon, when winners in the health, demonstration and judging contests will be selected.

Miss Matilda Garner, Loudoun County home demonstration agent, will have charge of the contest, and Miss Elizabeth Farrar, home demonstration agent of Frederick County, will act as judge.

The winners will be sent as delegates to the State contest at Blacksburg July 23 to 28.

Enerants in the health contest have been announced by Miss Garner as follows:

Urcell Baker and Mary Cullen, Paeonian Springs; Mary Trussell, Lucketts; Ruth Saunders, Woodburn; Dorothy Jones, Middleburg; Margaret Grehan, Aldie; Della Orrison, Arcola; Mary Van Doran and Kathryne Harding, Ashburn; Ruth Anna Smith, Lincoln; Helen Adams, Round Hill, and Virginia Hutchison, Waterford.

Representatives in the judging contest include Annie Ward and June Mankin, Arcola; Gladys Cooper, Alice Ankers and Garnett Harding, Ashburn; Hazel Tiffany, Lincoln; Sara Pierpoint, Paeonian Springs; Mary Nix, Waterford; Jane Pancoast, Waterford; Ola Church, Lucketts; Helen Wynkoop, Leesburg; Dorothy Patterson, Round Hill; Anna Adams, Round Hill, and Stephane Jones, Middleburg.

In the demonstration contest will be Anne Jones, Paeonion Springs; Elizabeth Willingham, Lucketts; Nina Jenkins and Stephane Jones, Middleburg; Anna B. Withers, Arcola; Eleanor Harding, Ashburn; Janie Garrison and Lucille Lanham, Lincoln; Carol Bowman, Waterford, and Genevieve Schneider, Round Hill.

Frank Conklin Retires; Served U. S. 30 Years

Charleston, W. Va., July 4 (Spl.). Retirement of Frank Conklin, as associate engineer at the Charleston office of the United States Engineers after 30 years' service, is announced.

Conklin entered the service as a rodman on the Ohio River survey between Muskingum and the Great Miami Rivers in 1899. Later he served as an inspector on the Ohio River and was transferred to Charleston as assistant engineer and was promoted to associate.

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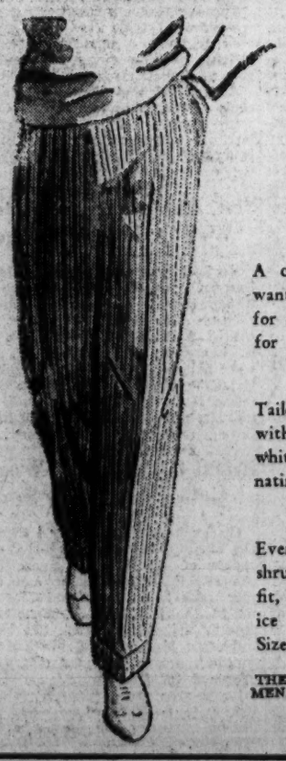

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Kent Is Back In Cell After Fainting Spell

Mrs. Hastings Is Buried; Major Resists Being Photographed.

Roanoke, Va., July 4 (AP).—Lapsing into unconsciousness in a barber's chair, where he had been taken for a shave, Maj. Robert C. Kent, jr., charged with the murder of Mrs. Mary Jane Hastings, quickly revived today and was taken back to his jail cell.

While he lay unconscious in the barber shop, the body of Mrs. Hastings was being lowered into a grave at St. Andrew's Catholic Church yard after a mass had been said by the Rev. Father Thomas B. Martin.

Federal authorities continued their investigation of the murder while Kent, protesting his innocence, awaited action by the prosecution. Samuel R. Price, attorney for the accused World War veteran, said that the district attorney "will have to make the first move."

Apparently in good humor, Kent chatted with newspapermen while preparations were being made to take him from his cell to a barber shop. Inquiring about the Independence Day parade and pageant here, Kent recalled his overseas career.

"Sixteen years ago," he said, "I was at Chaumont, France, with the A. E. F. I was there too on Bastille Day, which is the French celebration similar to our Independence Day, on July 14."

His good humor, however, didn't extend to Robert C. Johnson, chief of the Roanoke City Identification Bureau, who tried vainly to photograph the prisoner. When Johnson prepared to snap the picture, Kent raised his hands before his face.

Later he went with a Government officer to the barber shop but suffered one of several collapses that he has had since his arrest and incarceration.

Capt. W. W. Galt Is Dead at 81

Served With Dewey at Manila Bay; Promoted for Heroism.

Norfolk, Va., July 4 (Spl.).—Capt. William Wilson Galt, U. S. N. (S. C.) 81, member of a leading Norfolk family and a veteran of the Spanish-American War, died yesterday at the Naval Hospital, Portsmouth, after an illness of several years. Capt. Galt, who was past grand master of Masons in Virginia, served in the Navy for 40 years, retiring at the age of 62. He was with Dewey at Manila Bay, and was promoted by Congress for "extraordinary heroism."

Capt. Galt came to Norfolk with his parents, William R. and Mary Ware Galt, from his native Botetourte County. He was a student at his father's school, and later taught for two years.

Although advanced in years, Capt. Galt was prompt to add his name to the list of the volunteers for service in the World War. He was appointed disbursing officer of the Fifth Naval District and served through the war, at the close of which he retired to the inactive list.

Elevation to the position of grand master of Virginia Masons came in 1920. This was but one of his many connections with fraternal organizations. He was a member of Owens Lodge No. 164, A. F. and M., Norfolk Royal Arch Chapter No. 1, Grice Commandery, Khedive Temple Mystic Shrine, and the Scottish Rites Bodies.

His wife, Mrs. Mary Blair Galt, died in 1916.

Capt. Galt is survived by three sons, H. B. G. Galt, and Carrington G. Galt, of Norfolk, and William R. Galt, of Tallahassee, Fla.; two daughters, Miss Mary Carrington Galt, of Norfolk, and Mrs. Susan Galt Zimmermann, of Newport, R. I.; one brother, the Rev. Alexander Galt, of Herndon; two sisters, Mrs. Susan Galt Duane, of New York, and Miss Annie A. Galt, of Williamsburg, and three grandchildren, William R. Galt, jr., Alfred G. Zimmermann, jr., and Richard Galt Zimmermann.

Mrs. Addison, 72, Dies Near Bowie

Prince Georges Resident to Be Buried Tomorrow.

Ellen Bowie Addison, 72, widow of Francis G. Addison, died yesterday at her home near Bowie, Md. She was a life-long resident of that section of Prince Georges County.

Mrs. Addison had been ill since last April 23. She returned home from Garfield Hospital two weeks ago.

Surviving her are four sons, Joseph, Francis G., jr., F. Bowen, and Walter D. Addison, all of Bowie, and two brothers, Arthur G. Bowie and John Bowie, former commissioner of Prince Georges County. Six grandchildren also survive. Funeral services will be held tomorrow at 3 p. m. at Holy Trinity Church, Bowie. The Rev. Frederick A. Cook, rector, will officiate. Interment will be in the church cemetery.

All Bristol Teachers Reelected by Board

Bristol, Va., July 4 (Spl.).—Members of the Bristol, Va., school board last night reelected all teachers of the 1933-34 session for the coming year.

No new teachers were named pending acceptance of former contracts for the new year. The roster will not be announced until just before the opening of school, according to custom.

Approval of routine bills for payment completed the business of the session.

Kenmore Hostess

MISS JACQUELINE SMITH, descendant of Thomas Jefferson, who officiated yesterday as a hostess at the observance of Independence Day at Kenmore, former Fredericksburg, Va., home of Col. Fielding Lewis, Revolutionary officer, and his wife, Betty Washington, sister of George Washington.

Thesis Holds Maryland Was "Rebel" State

Dr. George F. Ashworth Completes Two Years of Research.

The question of whether Maryland was a "rebel" State at the outbreak of the Civil War, debated since 1861, has been "definitely" settled in the affirmative, Dr. George F. Ashworth, professor of history at the University of Maryland, has announced.

A thesis for a doctor of philosophy degree, completed after two years' research by Dr. Ashworth and made public at the Maryland institution yesterday, directly charges Gov. Thomas L. Hicks and the "action of the Federal military" with responsibility for the nonsecession.

It declares that Gov. Hicks, though outwardly of Southern sympathy, really conspired to deliver the State into the hands of Federal troops. The Governor is said to have refused to call the Legislature into session until troops had gained certain strategic positions, and then to have set the meeting place in Frederick, rather than Annapolis, Frederick being more favorable to the Union.

The General Assembly, the thesis reveals, censored Federal acts as "gross usurpation, unjust, oppressive, tyrannical and in utter violation of the common right and of the plain provisions of the Constitution." Gov. Hicks was called a "military despot."

Dr. Ashworth expressed the belief that, although figures were not available, "practically half of the members of the State Legislature were arrested by the Federal Government and that more than a dozen were held in close confinement, without formal charges being laid against them, for an appreciable length of time."

The thesis alleges that "these arrests were made, of course, because the Federal Government feared the Southern majority in the General Assembly and the possibilities that they might in some manner carry the State out of the Union, despite the precautions of the Governor and the Federal military."

The thesis also states that the House of Delegates in 1861 stood 44 for secession, 18 for the Union and 5 doubtful. In the Senate 12 were secessionists and 9 were Unionists, it says.

Martinsburg Plans For More Water

$15,000 to Be Required for Reserve Supply.

Martinsburg, W. Va., July 4 (Spl.). Realizing that Martinsburg requires a reserve supply of water, the city council is considering sinking a deep well to augument the supply now being obtained from the town springs. The idea was proposed during the drought of 1929-1930 and an expert was brought here to study the situation.

The matter was brought up at a special session of the city council yesterday, with G. W. F. Mullins and T. W. Martin, of the water commission.

It was decided to try to get the money needed from the PWA, if the project is undertaken. It was said $15,000 will be required for the work. City authorities already have communicated with some PWA officials.

Hagerstown Will Ice Its Public Fountains

Hagerstown, Md., July 4 (Spl.). Public fountains here are to be iced in the future.

The mayor and city council issued orders to this effect after complaints were heard that the water was not fit to drink.

Boy Injured by Automobile.

Charles Town, W. Va., July 4 (Spl.).—Willard Lynch, 7, son of Mrs. Edna Lynch, who resides in St. Margaret's Apartments, Charles Town, was struck by an automobile, suffering severe scalp injuries and body bruises.

Cement Plant Resumes.

Kingsport, Tenn., July 4 (Spl.).—The Pennsylvania-Dixie Cement Corporation resumed operations here yesterday in the finish grinding department after having been shut down since May 1. All production departments of the plant will be in operation by August 1, according to General Superintendent Felix Guenther, jr.

D. C., Maryland Baptists Plan Annual Meet

Summer Assembly Will Convene at Braddock Heights Friday.

Braddock Heights, Md., July 4 (Spl.).—The eighteenth annual Maryland and District of Columbia Baptist Summer Assembly will convene here Friday and will continue through July 13.

H. W. O. Millington, of Washington, is advisory director of the assembly. Among the instructors will be the Rev. John E. Briggs, D. D., pastor of the Fifth Church, Washington and the Rev. O. E. Dietz, Ph.D., pastor of the Brookland Church, Washington.

Between 800 and 1,000 Baptists from all sections of Maryland and the District are expected to participate in the classes and conferences.

Featuring the programs will be noon sermon-addresses by Dr. Sparks W. Melton, evening sermon-addresses by Dr. Len G. Broughton, Greek Expositions by Dr. W. W. Adams and the Belleview Girls' Quartette from Memphis, Tenn.

Among the other events in connection with the Assembly will be the annual convention of the Maryland Baptist Young People's Union, Maryland-District of Columbia Pastors' Conference, training school for Sunday school workers and B. Y. P. U. culture courses and Maryland Woman's Missionary Union.

Fishing, Crabbing Cut Unemployment In Calvert County

Prince Frederick, Md., July 4 (Spl.).—Almost a 30 per cent reduction in the number of work relief cases in Calvert County has occurred since farming, fishing and crabbing have taken up the slack in unemployment, and with the returns many are now getting from their gardens, planted with seed furnished by the welfare board, they are getting back on a self-sustaining basis.

The direct relief load remains about the same as it consists mainly of aged and indigent persons. The field personnel now consists of three persons, one of the supervisors and one of the aids having resigned two week. ago.

The aid extended by the relief board in Calvert has proved a boon to both small farmers and the watermen. The storm of last August destroyed the farmers' main crop, and the watermen's boats.

Norfolk Pythians Lay Corner Stone

Norfolk, Va., July 4 (Spl.).—Ceremonies marked the laying of the corner stone of the new $25,000 Castle of Charity Lodge, No. 10, Knights of Pythias, today. Col. George C. Cabell was the principal speaker. A parade was held in which a number of the Pythians participated.

Delegations from other lodges in Tidewater Virginia were present and took part in the exercises that began at 9:30 a. m., when the parade left the Confederate Monument and moved down Main to Boush to the Castle. Leon Nowitsky served as chief marshal.

Marshal Nowitsky introduced Col. C. B. Borland, director of public safety, who made a brief address after which he introduced Col. Cabell, the orator of the occasion.

Petersburg Postoffice Site Bids to Be Asked

Petersburg, Va., July 4 (Spl.).—The United States Treasury Department soon will ask for bids on sites for the new postoffice building, $285,000 having been authorized.

The Government will ask for corner lots having approximately a 150-foot frontage and 190-foot depth and for interior lats with 160-foot frontage and 190-foot depth.

Girl Scouts to Camp Near Capon Bridge

Winchester, Va., July 4 (Spl.).—Fifty-seven Girl Scouts and 11 counselors from this city and Middletown left yesterday for their annual two weeks' camping at Camp White Rock on Capon River, near Capon bridge, W. Va.

The camp this year will be larger than formerly and an elaborate program has been outlined. Miss Edith Cornwell will be in charge. Assisting her are Charlotte Campbell, Irene Mathews, Rebecca Kern, Hilda Lovett, Kathryn Kunk, Phyllis and Lillian Oakes, Edith Golden and two counselors from Washington.

Winchester Expects To Get Liquor Store

Winchester, Va., July 4 (Spl.).—While no definite announcement has been received here regarding the opning of a liquor dispensary, it is believed in well-informed quarters that some action will be taken by the Alcoholic Beverage Control Board soon.

It is said that probably a dozen persons have applied for the position of manager and at least one petition has been circulated seeking to have a building owned by the local post of the American Legion designated as a site for the dispensary.

Youth Gets Four Years For Theft of Motorcar

Covington, Va., July 4 (Spl.).—Arraigned before Judge McClintic in the United States district court at Bluefield, W. Va., on a charge of violating the National motor vehicle theft act, Lewis E. Means, 16, who was arrested here several weeks ago, after he had stolen an automobile in White Sulphur, W. Va., was sentenced to four years in the reformatory at Chillicothe, Ohio.

Means made his way to White Sulphur after escaping from a Federal reformatory in Washington.

Legion Fights Reds' Ideas

Edward A. Hayes Tells of Dangers to America From Communists; Declares Schools Used to Spread Doctrines.

Roanoke, Va., July 4 (AP).—Edward A. Hayes, national commander, in an Independence Day address today termed the American Legion "a bulwark of protection to America against the communistic movement."

"In our constant warfare to counteract inroads of the radical Communist, the Legion is doing the thing for which it was organized," Commander Hayes said. "We are working to preserve the high ideals in representative government for which our forefathers and our comrades fought and died. Guard jealously the Constitution of the United States which guarantees the principles of freedom and democracy."

It is not the form of the American Government which is at fault, but the attitude of some Americans toward the Government, Commander Hayes told his audience.

Policy of Legion.

"The Legion does not see a radical motive and intent behind every suggestion that improvement could be made in the administration of our laws," he said. "In fact, it believes that most of our ills arise from a lax, or improper, administration of the laws now on the books.

"Our Legion believes in and supports our constitutional form of government and upholds the hands of constituted authority everywhere. It believes in a free press and in free speech, but it will remain on guard to see that the liberty is not abused and that it does not become license to destroy our Government itself.

"The substance of good government is good citizenship. To make of our Government a fulfillment of the ideals of the founders, we must realize its moral exactions.

"I want to be positive that no misunderstanding comes from what I am going to say to you now. We in the Legion have been watching a great many things that have been going on. We have been trying to be fair. We are going to continue to try to be fair. We don't want anyone to draw the wrong inference from what we say. There is not now, and never will be so far as this National commander is concerned, any partisan politics in anything he says or does now or at any other time in the Legion, because we are only interested in telling what we know to be the truth. We will be careful not to say anything regarding which there is any uncertainty in our minds.

"We believe that it is time that the American people take a decided stand against some of the strange tenets that are spreading to destroy the principles of freedom and democracy upon which this Nation was founded. The movement is spreading into our schools and colleges, into our churches and social organizations, even into official Government circles, as shown by recent startling events.

California Situation.

"Will it not make you think when I tell you that on a recent trip to California I found the California Department of the American Legion in the throes of difficulty with an admitted set of Communists within one of the beautiful valleys of the State?"

Commander Hayes said there was a widespread propaganda against military training in the schools.

"It astounds me," he said. "It makes me realize all the more why our citizenry should be exercising its intelligence to support rather than to undermine the old-fashioned patriotism which we call Americanism.

"Does not the youth who takes the oath not to bear arms in National emergency say 'I will not obey the law,' and is not that anarchy? Laws are a rule of the majority. A declaration of war in order to draft our youth for military service is a law of the majority.

"Yet, in the face of that fundamental fact, some of the students who have been led into raising the issue against military training in our land have declared they would fight to do away with the Government, but would not fight to protect it. In the case of seven students suspended by the University of Ohio, the American Legion traced that trouble and similar movements in other schools to a group in New York contacting students to induce them to make an issue of military training. A list of ministers who had created the issue was furnished to the students, and the whole plan was mapped out step by step."

Movement in Churches.

The American Legion commander asserted that "this subversive movement is creeping into our churches."

"Each and every citizen of the United States who enjoys the opportunity and protection afforded him by our American Government and institutions, if he is honest, will be willing to share the responsibility of upholding and defending the flag that makes those things possible," Commander Hayes added.

"The American Legion says it is not the duty of any one group to carry that burden alone, but it is the duty of all. Sincere in its purpose of promoting peace, and in providing an adequate defense for our Nation, the Legion has devised a plan that would distribute equally the burden. We call it universal service in time of war. Its main purpose would be to prevent any profit in war. Its enactment would cost nothing and it would never be used unless war is forced upon us.

"Those who are misled into believing in disarmament can well subscribe to this principle of universal service as a preventive of war. Certainly, if the Government of the United States could say upon the declaration of war, that every resource, as well as man power, must give equal service, and with profit to none, there would be no avaricious, plain money-grabbing, individual or group who would advocate war for the purpose of adding to personal bank accounts. Also, with this principle enacted into the basic law of our land, it would be notification to the world that the United States stood solidly united for defense. And no nation or group of nations would seek a fight with us when that is established."

Sales for Tax To Be Delayed

Postponed for Year by Franklin County Court Order.

Chambersburg, Pa., July 4 (Spl.). Sales of betweeen 1,200 and 1,500 Franklin County properties for taxes approximating $126,800 are deferred for another year by an order handed down yesterday by Judge Watson R. Davison, acting favorably on a petition of County Treasurer J. Humbird Linn.

The properties were scheduled to be sold under the seated land act next month.

In his petition, Treasurer Linn set forth that he deemed the sale inexpedient at this time because of the "widespread economic and business depression and the usual unemployment incident thereto."

He said the sale would work hardship upon the owners of the land bound by the lien of the taxes.

Virginia Democrats Plan State Meeting

Leesburg, Va., July 4 (Spl.).—John Galleher, of Leesburg, president of the Young Democratis Clubs of Virginia, is sending out letters to the various clubs throughout the State asking that they elect delegates and make other necessary plans for the State Democratic convention in Lynchburg on Friday and Saturday, July 27-28. Other officers of the State organization are: Mrs. Robert T. Barton, jr., of Richmond, vice president; Philip F. Burks, of Bedford, secretary; T. Frank Osburn, of Leesburg treasurer; Edwin Cox, Third District chairman, and other district chairmen as follows: Francis B. Waters, of Norfolk; G. Curtis Hand, of Portsmouth; T. E. Warriner, of Lawrenceville; Maitland H. Bustard, of Danville; Philip F. Burks, of Bedford; Lester A. Arnold, of Winchester; C. Fenton Connor, of Leesburg; Fred B. Greear, of Wise, and John D. Neff, of Staunton.

Swimming Pool Earns $832 for Hagerstown

Hagerstown, Md., July 4 (Spl.). Hagerstown, which collects average annual profits of $130,000 from its municipal electric light plant, also reports net profits of $832 last month from its municipal swimming pool.

The city purchased a private pool at public sale last year and is now operating it.

J. J. Thompson Dies at 64.

Lynchburg, Va., July 4.—John J. Thompson, 64, died Monday at Lowesville, Amherst County. He is survived by his mother, Mrs. W. H. Thompson; two brothers, T. J. Thompson, of Amherst County and C. A. Thompson, of Lynchburg, and three sisters, Mrs. C. C. Campbell, of Goode; Mrs. W. H. Harvey and Mrs. Luther Sparrow, of Lowesville.

Rail Rate Case Review Asked

Southern Railroad Moves to Reopen Bristol Freight Fight.

Bristol, Va., July 4 (Spl.).—Southern Railway attorneys have petitioned for a reopening of the Bristol freight rate case which resulted early last year in a decision favorable to this city.

The case took more than ten years to complete and finally came to a settlement whereby savings on Bristol freight bills in normal times would reach an estimated total of $100,000.

Latest action taken last week in Washington and announced to Secretary H. W. Hodges of the Bristol Chamber of Commerce yesterday asks that the reopening be set for July 19 before an Interstate Commerce Commission examiner at Johnson City.

A hearing is already scheduled at that time on complaints filed in recent months by Johnson City, Kingsport and Elizabethton, asking lower rates for these points.

These cities are petitioning for reduction of their rate differential over Bristol to 8 cents for first-class freight, ranging down to about 1 cent for lowest classes.

At present the differential is 36 cents on shipping to Johnson City from Eastern official classification territory. Johnson City's first-class rate from New York is $1.61, while Bristol's is $1.25.

Sen. Reynolds' Daughter Wed at Virginia Beach

Norfolk, Va., July 4 (AP).—Lieut. Baron Carlton Colt, jr., a native of Rhode Island, and Miss Frances Jackson Reynolds, daughter of United States Senator and Mrs. R. R. Reynolds, of Asheville, N. C., were married today at the Cavalier Hotel, Virginia Beach.

The Rev. Benjamin B. Bland, of the Methodist Church at Virginia Beach, performed the ceremony.

Rural Community Work Gets Under Way Soon

Clarksburg, W. Va., July 4 (Spl.). Dr. Wendell L. Lund, executive director of the Federal committee commissioned to organize and direct work in rural communities in the Monongahela Valley, plans two months' intensive work. His central office probably will be at Morgantown and one of the offices is proposed for Clarksburg.

Lund, who comes from Washington, will coordinate activities of Federal agencies and State and local units.

Roanoke Opens Show Depicting State's History

3,000 Hear E. A. Hayes Speak on First Day of Celebration.

By C. B. Carr.

Roanoke, Va., July 4.—The historical background and natural beauty of the "Mountain Empire" of the Old Dominion—Southwestern Virginia—was unfolded in pageant form here tonight as 3,000 characters presented sketches from the history of this region at the opening of the first annual historical pageant of Southwestern Virginia.

More than 50,000 visitors flocked to Roanoke today to witness the pageant and parade which were viewed by Commander Edgar A. Hayes, of the American Legion; Former Gov. E. Lee Trinkle, and other State dignitaries, and which honored the selection and coronation of Miss Manola Mitchell, of Smythe County, as "Miss Mountain Empire, I."

Roanoke threw open its doors to visitors as a detail of local and State police led the parade past the stand where it was reviewed by Commander Hayes and other guests. The parade divisions were composed in the main of Veterans' Drum and Bugle Corps celebrating Independence Day. Following the parade, thousands trooped to Maher Field, where Commander Hayes delivered an address in which he called the American Legion a "bulwark of protection to America against Cummnistic government."

"Prophecy" Is Theme.

Southwestern Virginia embodies 19 counties of which Roanoke is the. These counties are Craig, Wise, Roanoke, Grayson, Bland, Pulaski, Giles, Washington, Tazewell, Montgomery, Lee, Smythe, Wythe, Buchanan, Scott, Russell, Floyd, Carroll and Dickenson, and it was around their historical development that the story of tonight's pageant was built.

"Miss Mountain Empire, I," ruled as queen of the pageant surrounded by 18 attendants from as many counties.

"The Prophecy of Father Time," was the theme of the pageant.

Participating in the pageant were civic and historical units of southwestern Virginia and about 30 full-blooded Indians from their reservations in New Kent County.

The arrival of the white men in 1748 was portrayed, followed by the advent of some of the Indians to Western lands. The latter, however, did not happen before the Roanoke Woman's Club put on a sketch reminiscent of the "Draper Meadow Settlement and Massacre," in which it was brought to mind that the Indians remaining behind made life so precarious for the pioneers that many of them moved to the Ohio Valley, leaving this section again open territory.

D. A. R. Presents Sketch.

The Roanoke Kiwanis Club presented the "Meeting at Lead Mines and the Fincastle Declaration," one of the first colonial enunciations of independence, while the local chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution portrayed the reception which Mme. Russell, colonial matron, gave to James Madison, President-elect.

"Upon the scene of peace and quiet came the loud alarm of war," presented by the Roanoke United Daughters of the Confederacy, told of the coming of the War Between the States and the final reconciliation between the North and the South. "Our Homes in the Mountains," a picturesque scene of folk life as it now exists here, and "The Masque of Nations," featured by charcter dances of all nations, ended the pageant.

The pageant will be presented again tomorrow and Friday nights, when an additional 50,000 people are expected to view the spectacle.

In addition to Commander Hayes and former Gov. Trinkle, other special guests of the pageant included Senator Harry Flood Byrd, Comptroller E. R. Combs, Col. Peter Saunders, Col. R. A. Gilliam, secretary of the Virginia Commission of Conservation and Development, and Mrs. Gilliam; Homer K. Bowen, commander of the Department of Virginia, American Legion, and Mrs. Bowen and Dr. J. E. John, chief de guerre of the 40 and 8.

Gov. George C. Peery was unable to attend because of illness.

Martinsburg Rain Shortage Is Near 1930 Deficiency

Martinsburg, W. Va., July 4 (Spl.). Rainfall here is almost as low for the first half of the year as it was in 1930, year of the great drought, warns F. J. Schneiderhan, after compiling the semiannual weather data from instruments at University Experiment Farm, Kearneysville, W. Va.

Total rainfall the first half of the year, January 1 to July 1, is 6.12 inches short of normal. So far this year, this section has received 13.29 inches of rain. In 1930 to date 13.12 inches had fallen.

The 1930 drought has not been duplicated as yet here because of the unusually favorable distribution of the rainfall. But the 6-inch shortage has lowered water levels and water sources heavily.

Two Are Held for Trial On Bad Money Charge

Fairmont, W. Va., July 4 (Spl.).—Held in default of $2,500 bond, after a hearing before Federal Court Commissioner L. T. Eddy, Joseph Collis, 26, and Miss Georgia Decker, 24, New York City, charged with possession of and uttering counterfeit 10 bills, will be removed to Wheeling for trial in Federal court there in October.

They were arrested at Clarksburg, where 13 spurious bills have turned up recently.

Drowning Victim Buried.

Hagerstown, Md., July 4 (Spl.).—The funeral of Robert T. Horning, 16, drowned in the Antietam Creek, when he was believed seized with cramps, was held here today.

Three Card Monte Expert, Companion Get 8 Years Each

Clifton Forge, Va., July 4 (Spl.). — A demonstration of three-card monte by a colored card sharper, which was the feature of the second day of the July term of the city circuit court here, failed to win over the jury and the card expert, Charles Johnson, and his companion, William Stokes, indicted jointly on a charge of highway robbery, were found guilty and given sentences of eight years each.

The attorney for Stokes sought to prove that the robbery victim had actually lost his money gambling with the two men. Johnson then showed the spectators how hard it is to pick the red card and when he had won twice in succession he explained, "That's the way Mr. Smith lost his money."

Virginia Forest Fires Damage 53,168 Acres

Report Discloses 1,290 Blazes Caused Loss of $119,167.

Charlottesville, Va., July 4 (Spl.). Damage caused by forest fires, which blazed for miles along the Allegheny Mountains in western Virginia in the spring, were revealed today in the semiannual report of State Forester Fred Pederson.

Since January 1, he said, 1,290 fires have swept over 53,168 acres in 61 counties organized for fire control. The loss, as appraised by forest wardens, was $119,167.

Half of the burned acreage was crossed by fires during the "critical 12-day period between April 28 and May 9," said the forester.

As large as the burned-over acreage seems to be, Mr. Pederson pointed out that it was only one-half of 1 per cent of the 10,889,033 acres of private land under protection of the State service.

He praised the CCC workers for their energetic aid to fire wardens and regular crews in efforts to halt fires.

"The hundreds of miles of roads, truck trails and telephone lines built on timber lands during the past 12 months by Emergency Conservation workers also materially aided the State Forest Service this spring," Mr. Pederson said. "In addition, the presence of 50 steel forest lookout towers in the organized counties, 42 of which were erected with CCC personnel during the past winter, made it possible to speed up the attack on fires and greatly improved the chance of controlling them before they had gained any considerable headway."

Brush burners started 350 fires, or about 27 per cent of the total. Smokers started 331 blazes and incendiaries, 194.

Murder Suspects Held at Leesburg

Barnhouse Surrenders to Police; Another Caught.

Leesburg, Va., July 4 (Spl.).—Clarence Barnhouse, 45, suspected slayer of Basil Brown, 40, disabled World War veteran, whose hacked and beaten body was found near here Monday, was held in Leesburg jail last night.

Led by Sheriff E. H. Adrian, officers seached through the Katoctin Mountains near Lucketts all yesterday. They returned with Cleveland Harper, another suspect, and found Barnhouse already had surrendered.

According to Sheriff Adrian, Mrs. Nannie Cooper, sister of Barnhouse, answered her brother's knock shortly after midnight Tuesday, and he told her he was going to surrender. She fed him, gave him such articles as he might need in jail, then sent him on his way.

Man Freed on Charge Of Driving Over Hose

Danville, Va., July 4 (Spl.).—Although there is an ordinance forbidding motorists from driving over fire hose, and while he admitted breaking it, Robert B. Moore was set free by a jury in the corporation court yesterday.

It was testified that at least 15 other motorists had driven over the hose before Moore did and one was arrested. Moore had been fined $5 in the police court and noted an appeal.

Strasburg Man Heads Christian Endeavor

Woodstock, Va., July 4 (Spl.). Charles Crabill, of Strasburg, has been reelected president of the Shenandoah County Christian Endeavor Union, which was recently reorganized at a meeting in the Reformed Church here. Other officers are:

Mrs. Canter Sine, Woodstock, and Miss Elizabeth Miller, Oranda, vice presidents; James Clower, Woodstock, recording secretary; Marshall Pifer, Strasburg, treasurer; Azalra Carrier, Strasburg, corresponding secretary; Catherine Bauserman, Woodstock, evangelism superintendent; Arthur Wike, jr., Strasburg, prayer meeting superintendent; Ruth Stickley, Strasburg, citizenship superintendent; Margaret Grabill, Woodstock, quiet hour and Tenth Legion superintendent; Elaine Rupe, Woodstock, young people's superintendent; Hilda Sweeney, Maurertown, intermediate and junior superintendent; Sybil Hottle, of Woodstock, social superintendent, and the Rev. J. B. Frantz, Woodstock, poster counselor.

Group Hospitalization Proposed for Danville

Danville, Va., July 4.—Hospitalization on the group plan will be explained next Monday night when the Danville Citizens Council meets. Dr. R. W. Garnett city health officer will make the presentation.

A recent citywide questionnaire indicated a large proportion of people are willing to see the group plan initiated here.

Anne Arundel Officials Face Trials Today

Eight Leaders Are Accused of Malfeasance and Misfeasance.

Annapolis, Md., July 4 (Spl.).—Trial of eight Anne Arundel County officials, involving charges of malfeasance, misfeasance and conspiracy, will begin in circuit court here tomorrow before Chief Judge F. Neal Parke, Carroll County; William H. Forsythe, Howard County, and Nicholas H. Green, resident judge for Anne Arundel.

Those facing trial are:

Elmer E. Parkinson, Sixth District (Annapolis), president of the Board of County Commissioners, and County Commissioners C. Addison Hodges, Second District; Severn K. Arnold, Third District; Lewis H. Kelly, Fourth District; F. Guy Kelly, Fifth District; J. Edwin Wilson, Seventh and Eighth Districts; John A. Bromley, roads engineer, and Zach Johnson, member of the lower house of the Legislature.

Wax Townshend, First District commissioner, is not involved.

Circumstances surrounding the alleged illegal purchase and subsequent sale of a piece of road machinery, and failure to account therefor, furnish the main basis of the malfeasance and misfeasance charges. Bromley and Johnson are under the additional charge of conspiracy. Alleged failure to require justices of the peace to make quarterly returns for fines under oath is the basis of other charges.

State's Attorney A. Theodore Brady requested that he be given assistance in conducting the prosecution. The court appointed State's Attorney James Clarke, of Howard County. The accused officials will be represented by Attorneys Benjamin Michaelson, State Senator Lansdale G. Sasscer, Prince Georges County; Eugene P. Childs, Annapolis; L. Wethered Barroll and Wilmer Driver, of Baltimore.

Thirty-two witnesses have been summoned.

AAA to Rule Potato Trade

Eastern Shore Dealers and Growers Sign Agreement.

Salisbury, Md., July 4 (Spl.).—The Eastern Shore of Maryland potato industry is expected to be under control by proration through a committee of dealers and growers within a few days. The committee will operate under AAA.

It is understood that all important dealers and growers have signed the proration agreement through a meeting with officials of the AAA.

The agreement, when signed by 75 per cent of the dealers and growers in the district, has the force of law and enables the proration committee to control the sale of potatoes in the district.

Three members of the control committee will be elected by the dealers, three by the growers and a seventh will then be selected by the original six.

The committee will make weekly surveys of the potato supply for market and, if the supply is in excess of demand, will prorate shipments.

No price setting, as such, will be made by the committee, but the practice of withholding potatoes from the market when there is no demand is expected to uphold the prices.

Live Wire in Tree Blamed for Death

Inquest Set at Norfolk Into Boy's Plunge.

Norfolk, Va., July 4 (Spl.).—The city coroner will conduct an inquest next Tuesday in the death of Raymond Knight Brinkley, 8, son of Mr. and Mrs. Richard T. Brankley, who died in Memorial Hospital yesterday afternoon of a fractured skull, received in a fall from a tree in the yard of his home after the boy came in contact with an electric wire passing through the branches.

Playmates of the Brinkley boy scrambled down from the tree and summoned aid. Unconscious, young Brinkley was hurried to the hospital, where he died about two hours later.

Billy Wynne, 15, suffered a shock when he touched Raymond Brinkley in the tree, but succeeded in holding on to a branch.

Virginia Board Rules On Electric Power Tax

Richmond, Va., July 4 (AP).—Electric current which has been taxed before it crossed the State line can not be further taxed in Virginia except upon distribution to the consumer, the State Corporation Commission held yesterday in the case of the Northern Virginia Power Co. R. Gray Williams, of Winchester, represented the company before the commission.

Man Killed as Truck Crashes at Horntown

Horntown, Va., July 4.—Tom Black, 53, colored, was killed here last night while riding in a truck driven by Percy L. Laws, 34, white, and owned by Turner Brothers, all from Salisbury.

Laws said the truck struck a sand bank on a turn. The truck straddled the ditch and cut off a telephone pole. Laws was unhurt.

Duffey Out for Sheriff.

Hagerstown, July 4 (Spl.).—Richard Duffey, city magistrate, has announced he will seek the nomination for sheriff on the Democratic ticket. He served as sheriff for two terms, being elected in 1919 and again in 1923.

Many New Names and Faces Will Make Themselves Known to Picture Fans Soon

Noted Figures Are Among the Film Converts

Some Already at Work; Mr. Lust Aids Welfare; Theater Chat.

(Reprinted from Yesterday's Last Edition.)

By Nelson B. Bell.

Hollywood's insistent plea for new faces in all branches of cinematic endeavor seems to be in process of being favorably answered.

Many new faces soon will be seen upon the screens of the world, and behind the scenes, so to speak, numbers of new producers, writers and directors are "tuning up" for their initial adventures in a new medium.

If a little later on Production Manager David Selznick repeats his invitation to former Prime Minister David Lloyd George, of England, to journey to Hollywood to help make a picture of his war memoirs and Mr. David Lloyd George should accept, the film colony will not be surprised. Neither, probably, will Mr. Selznick nor Mr. David Lloyd George himself. Many of his distinguished countrymen have preceded him to the West Coast money vaults.

Max Reinhardt, the great German director of both stage and screen productions of the first rank, will be on this side in the fall to stage Shakespeare plays in the Hollywood Bowl, and perhaps make a film or two or three or four.

Some of the Newcomers.

A few of the newcomers hail from radio, others from the foreign cinema, but a majority are most intimately identified with the American stage. Some among them are as follows:

Henry Hull, recently succeeded by Jim Barton in the stellar role of Jeeter Lester in "Tobacco Road," a strong contender for the Pulitzer Prize award for drama, who will hie him to Universal City this month for a role in the picturization of Charles Dickens' "Great Expectations," his first important screen assignment since his early association with David Wark Griffith in the old silent days.

Erskine Caldwell, author of the book from which "Tobacco Road" was fashioned, now on the writing staff at Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's extensive West Coast establishment.

Jane Wyatt, Broadway ingenue, making her film debut in Universal's "One More River."

Jacques Beval, French playwright in the first flight, author of the films "Her Cardboard Lover," "Journal of a Crime" and "Angel."

Serge Soudeikin, scenic artist identified with the Metropolitan Opera in New York and Belieff's "Chauve-Souris," currently on Sam Goldwyn's production of "We Live Again," starring Anna Sten.

Walpole at Work.

Hugh Walpole, British novelist, vice president of the Dickens Fellowship Society, already in Hollywood as adviser and dialogue writer on the production of Dickens' "David Copperfield."

Fritz Lang, German director, who will make "Tomorrow," an original, on the M.-G.-M. lot.

John Paddy Carstairs, English playwright and scenarist, is due to arrive in the film capital this month, also for service on the M.-G.-M. acreage.

Rosamond Pinchot, niece of Pennsylvania's governor and recently identified with the role of the nun in "The Miracle," will shortly be initiated into the complexities of celluloid artistry, likewise under the aegis of Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer.

As an interesting commentary on progress, hark back a few years and compare the average standard of film production with the level of excellence maintained today. It may prove something of a revelation.

Mr. Sidney Lust, among the foremost of the Capital's independent motion picture exhibitors and exchange operators, who for several years has produced films aimed to further the Community Chest drives, now has devised a new method of being helpful to Director of Public Welfare Elwood Street.

It is Mr. Lust's plan, heartily indorsed by Mr. Street, to present motion picture entertainment, gratis, in the eleemosynary institutions of the District. For this purpose, portable projection and sound equipment will be provided by Mr. Lust and films will be donated by the cause by all of the producers and distributors represented in the District—which is practically all there are anywhere.

It is the present expectation to put the plan in operation within the next two or three weeks.

An Old "Sharpshooter."

It is again the alert and helpful Ruth Barnard who typewrites a useful paragraph to this column on a hot and barren evening.

From her one learns that Zaza, whose act on the Shoreham Terrace this week is billed as "Zaza and the Countess," and packs a huge laugh in one portion of its development, is a trouper of no mean experience.

A few years ago, it comes to light, he and George Raft, of present movie eminence, were pals and were known up and down Broadway as dance hall "sharpshooters." That is to say, the boys would watch for announcements of which of the dance halls were putting on contests that paid cash prizes and then would "raid" the places and generally walk off with the do-remi. Both were steppers of the top sort and if one didn't connect with the major pay-off, the other usually did.

Jimmy Pounded Keys.

Zaza danced at one time at the old "Nightingale Club," around Broadway and Forty-eighth street, where Jimmy Durante—who hasn't done so badly for himself in the movies, either—was piano player.

Zaza and the other entertainers tried time and time again to get Jimmy to help them out with comedy bits, but the Schnozzola always insisted that he didn't know how to do that stuff! Can you imagine?

Other pals of the old dance hall days, of whom Zaza will talk for hours, in addition to Raft and Durante, were George Burns, of Burns and Allen, and Ricardo Cortez, whose name then, as I recall it, was Jakie Krantz.

Small world, after all, as I always say!

The dining and staying-up-all-night season is at its height.

With the luncheon Monday to Gertrude Niesen a recent pleasant memory, the Warner executives now have summoned the dramatic desks to the Shoreham tomorrow at 12:30 to make the personal acquaintance of the "Voice of Experience,"

The Movies Catch Spirit of Day

Unlike the sturdy gentlemen in the original painting of "The Spirit of '76," one of whom had a drum, one a flag and one a headache, as the old vaudeville gag goes, these handsome young women manage to get a smile into their interpretation of "The Spirit of '34." They are, incidentally, three Fourth of July celebrants on the Warner Brothers' lot appearing in Ruby Keeler's next picture, "Dames."

the radio personality headlining the stage portion of the bill, beginning Friday, at the Earle, and tomorrow night, with cocktails at 8 and dinner at 9, that genial and perfect host, George V. Riley, whose dedication of the Continental Room out at Wardman was the high spot of the early spring's entertaining, is disclosing the beauties of the new Carlton Club and Garden to a group of invited guests, preliminary to the public opening Friday noon.

I trust it will be possible to stave off this mild recurrence of my old bubonic plague a day or two longer.

Holiday "Treat" at Lake.

With a special holiday program scheduled for tonight, Chevy Chase Lake has completed arrangements for a return engagement of Willard Alexander and his popular orchestra Friday night, according to late announcement by Managers Eddie Carr and Al Stern.

Between dances at the lake tonight, patrons will be entertained by theatrical features, led by Brice and Janita, ballroom dancers; Mary Eller, acrobatic dancer, and Alfred Oddone, vocalist. This will be in the nature of a holiday "treat" supplied by the management.

Known as one of the outstanding college bands of the country, Willard Alexander and his 12-piece orchestra are returning to the lake by popular demand just one month after their first appearance there.

All the boys enrolled at the St. Joseph's Home and school will be guests of the management of Warner Brothers' Earle Theater tomorrow afternoon to see Joe E. Brown in "The Circus Clown." The lads will be transported to and from the theater by specially chartered buses.

In the meantime, the boys are preparing their own "big show" which they expect to present before 2,000 or more visitors on Saturday night. This will be one of the "open house" meetings planned by the Community Chest to show contributors to the chest fund how their money, or part of it, is being spent.

Meakin Still in Form.

Not content with switching attractions at the last minute, Manager Hardie Meakin of RKO-Keith's Theater, just naturally could not resist the temptation of changing his opening date of the new offering, as well.

Tearing excitedly into a belated envelope, one learns that "Let's Try Again," a film version of the stage play, "Sour Grapes," starring Diana Wynyard and Clive Brook, already seen together in "Cavalcade" and "Where Sinners Meet," will open today at RKO-Keith's, instead of Friday, as that other envelope said.

It just goes to show why one must sit tight at the desk all the time to keep even with this Meakin fellow, instead of going out to Goldie Ahearn's elegant scraps at the Riding and Hunt Club, where Mr. Phil Furr sticks his left hand into Mr. Frankie Petrolle's battered phiz until fur flies off it like sparks off a pinwheel.

Speaking of Sid Lust, as we were somewhere back there, he is showing the Baer-Carnera fight pictures at his Arcade Theater in Mount Rainier, Md., on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of next week. The fisticuffing will occupy the screen from 6 to 11 p. m., every hour, on the hour.

Caution Note.

If it doesn't go off as soon as you think it should, for goodness sake don't pick it up and blow on it!

Three at Petersburg Get U. Va. Scholarships

Petersburg, Va., July 4 (Spl.).—Andrew Antonio Pringos and George H. Reese, of this city, have been awarded DuPont scholarships at the University of Virginia and Linwood Everett Lunsford a Bayly-Tiffany scholarship.

Others receiving DuPont scholarships are Walter Gordon Browder, of Church road, and Francis DuPone Lazenby, of Hopewell.

Doe Rescued From Cistern.

Waynesboro, Pa., July 4 (Spl.).—While on a berry-picking trip into the mountains, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Rock, Blue Rock, near here, came a cross a doe which had fallen into a 10-foot cistern. With the use of ropes secured from a nearby home they succeeded in rescuing the deer.

Marriage Licenses Increase at Danville

Danville, Va., July 4 (Spl.).—Despite the liberalization of the North Carolina marriage laws by the last General Assembly, which eliminated some of the impediments to quick weddings, the first six months of this year show a marked increase in licenses issued in Danville, which has been a "Gretna Green" for several years.

The marriage registry shows that until June 30 this year 988 certificates were issued, against 859 in 1933, the gain being 129.

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JOE E. BROWN
Warner Bros. Riot "CIRCUS CLOWN"
On Stage JAMES MELTON & Other Acts
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Warner Bros. Metropolitan
LAST DAY
HE WAS HER MAN
JAMES CAGNEY • JOAN BLONDELL
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TELEPHONE NATIONAL 4200

Thursday, July 5, 1934.

Revision Of District Taxes.

Daniel J. Donovan, District Auditor, as well as a number of Senators, has raised the question of revising the local tax system. There are a number of indications that efforts along this line will be made at the next session of Congress. Maj. Donovan points out that the District will close the current fiscal year with a very meager surplus. Additional funds may be needed in 1936, and they will have to come from taxes or an increase in the Federal contribution.

Senator McCarran thinks "the entire system of taxation for the District should be revised." His call for a thorough inquiry into local taxes may be anticipated by the Senate sub-committee which is studying reorganization of the District government. Yet it does not appear that Senator Gore's committee—which is dealing especially with questions of effective administration—will have time to investigate fully problems of a fiscal nature.

It is suggested by Maj. Donovan that the District Commissioners might well consider the question of tax revision, together with the inadequacy of the Federal contribution, when they conduct hearings on next year's budget estimates. At least, this method would provide an approach to the issue from the viewpoint of Washington residents. It seems that every time Congress undertakes this job its efforts are misdirected toward increasing taxes so that the Government's share of the cost of maintaining the Capital City can be reduced. What is really needed is a plan to distribute this expense more equitably among the citizens and institutions, including the Federal Government, that derive benefits from Washington's community service.

As in most other communities, home owners of Washington carry a disproportionate share of the tax burden. The modern trend is in the direction of taxes that more nearly reflect the citizen's ability to pay. Numerous improvements might be made in our tax system, therefore, if Congress were in a mood to study the problem from that point of view. But so long as the emphasis is simply upon more taxes instead of an equitable distribution of the tax burden investigations are a waste of time and effort.

The first task is to establish a fair division of the expense of maintaining the Capital City between the Federal Government and local taxpayers. When that has been done tax revision can be undertaken without danger that it will result in a few uncoordinated patches to the existing system.

Deep Waters.

Attorney General Cummings' letter to Gen. Johnson throws no satisfactory light upon the Harriman Mills case. The Attorney General "can find no reason" to change his decision "that the available evidence (against the company) is not sufficient to warrant a criminal prosecution." Yet he tells Gen. Johnson that this fact need not deter the NRA from punishing the mill operators.

In other words, Attorney General Cummings washes his hands of the whole business. If the NRA wishes to establish extra-legal means of punishing companies that do not obey its edicts, that is its own affair. As Mr. Cummings puts it, withdrawal of the Blue Eagle is "administrative action." "It is entirely conceivable," he says, "that proper ground might exist for the withdrawal of the Blue Eagle even though no ground existed or no facts are available for presentation to a court in sufficiently definite form to justify a criminal prosecution."

It may be quite conceivable to Mr. Cummings, but to many it will seem almost inconceivable. By inventing an emblem about which the law is silent the Recovery Administration is able to boycott companies that do not abide by its edicts, regardless of whether or not they have violated any law or code. This startling development places the NRA more in the role of an arbitrary dictator than an agency of administration.

The importance of this attitude within the NRA is further emphasized by Gen. Johnson's telegram to the mill operators at Harriman. The Blue Eagle is being withheld from this plant for two reasons: The company refuses to permit NRA auditors to check its pay roll with the view of eliminating new employes brought in from a distance of more than 25 miles; and the company will not agree to spread employment. All other points in the controversy have been cleared away.

On these two issues, which must be considered petty in relation to the general principle involved, the NRA maintains its boycott against this plant. No doubt the Harriman company has been recalcitrant. But the issue goes deeper than that. The issue is whether such recalcitrance justifies the NRA in adopting a policy of extra-legal persecution. Before this anomalous program is carried any further, it should be reexamined with serious consideration for the precedent which is involved. These are deep waters into which the NRA is heading. Its prestige can not be maintained by use of boycotts in cases that are too weak for orderly legal prosecution.

Prices And Pay Rolls.

The country is still far away from the 1926 price level that was set as the goal of the President's monetary policy a year ago. It is interesting, however, to take stock of the progress that has been made since the present Administration took office and to note some of the probable causes of the upturn in prices and wages.

According to the last available statement of the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics, for June 16, wholesale commodity prices have risen to the highest level reached since April, 1931, and are nearly 16 per cent above the average of a year ago. The bureau also reports that the general index for factory employment reached a peak in May—the highest point attained since November, 1930. Although the May pay roll index was slightly below that of April, it, too, was above the level of any month between July, 1931, and March, 1934. As compared with May, 1933, the pay roll index shows a gain of over 57 per cent, while factory employment has increased 31.6 per cent.

In view of this showing, efforts to attribute the rise in commodity prices to the monetary policy of the Government are far from convincing. Since last spring the price of gold has increased 69 per cent in terms of the devalued dollar, whereas wholesale commodity prices are only 25 per cent higher than they were at the extreme low point of 1933. Undoubtedly, dollar depreciation has influenced the prices of certain goods that enter into foreign trade, and these advances have helped to lift the general price level to some extent. However, there is no ascertainable connection between changes in the dollar and fluctuations in domestic prices.

Examination of pay roll and employment indices yields some instructive information regarding one important nonmonetary cause of increased prices. Average hourly earnings in factory employment during May are estimated to be 30 per cent above last year, indicating a pronounced rise in per unit costs of production. After the business upturn began in 1933 pay rolls, except for a minor year-end recession, advanced uninterruptedly to the April peak. Meantime, the increase in volume of manufactured output, as measured by the Federal Reserve Board index, rose to a peak last July, and was followed by a sharp decline. The subsequent recovery has not brought manufacturng activity back to the point at which it stood a year ago. Consequently, as pointed out in a study in the current Harvard Review of Economic Statistics, we are forced to conclude that there has been an "important net reduction in aggregate output" since the NRA has been in operation.

Although it is impossible to determine how far increases in per unit wage costs have affected individual lines of business, it is plain that they have been an important price-raising factor. The cotton textile industry, for example, reports an increase of 67 per cent in hourly wage rates under its code. An increase of 120 per cent in raw cotton prices has also occurred, of which about half is due to the processing tax.

Because of the cost-raising activities of the NRA, and the production control policies of the AAA, the rise in prices during the past year can easily be explained without seeking a cause for them in depreciation of the dollar. Added to these influences is the Governmental spending program, which has put increased purchasing power in the hands of the people through public works and relief outlays. In view of this combination of factors tending to advance prices, it is surprising that the advance to date has not been greater.

On To Nanking.

For the last seven years diplomatic relations with China have been maintained under a severe handicap. The Chinese National government has been established at Nanking, while the ministers representing all the large powers have remained in their headquarters at Peiping, nearly 800 miles away. One may easily imagine the inconvenience that would be met if the diplomats accredited to Washington should live in Chicago.

A movement is under way to transfer the principal legations from Peiping to Nanking or nearby Shanghai. On several occasions the old capital has been cut off from the new by rebel activities and the diplomats assigned to China have found it impossible to perform their duties. At best communications in China are crude. Diplomats are convinced that a shift is necessary in spite of the expense and the more or less undesirable living conditions in Nanking.

Legations have been maintained at Peiping for several reasons. There has been fear that the National government might prove ephemeral. Foreign guards kept at Peiping since the Boxer Rebellion could not be transferred to the new capital. Moreover, there has been considerable agitation for the establishment of the Kuomintang regime in the city where the Manchus reigned.

Chiang Kai-Shek seems to have no inclination, however, to move his seat of government. The encroachment of Japan upon northern China has no doubt strengthened that resolution. Instead of looking back toward Peiping, the National government is trying to make Nanking more attractive to foreign diplomats. Water and sewer systems have been installed. Telephone service and electric lights have been extended. A beautiful area of rolling and partly wooded land has been set aside for legation sites. And as a final concession to Occidentals a country club, including a golf course, tennis courts and a swimming pool, has been constructed by the Foreign Office. That seems the most persuasive argument of all.

Whether or not this shift is made in the near future, discussion of it at this time is not without significance. The government at Nanking has maintained itself since 1927. It has met numerous crises, including the Japanese invasion; its authority has often been shaken, but never destroyed. Of course, it is still confronted by formidable problems. But the diplomats who are best able to judge seem to credit the Nanking government with an increasing degree of stability.

The First Check.

The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation announces that it has begun to make payments to depositors of the first bank to fail since the insurance system was established. Check No. 1 was sent to a widow, who received payment in full of the amount due—$1,250, "the entire wealth of a family hard hit by the depression."

This obvious attempt to enlist popular support for the insurance system by emphasizing the initial benefits enjoyed by individual depositors ought not to blind the public to the dangers of general deposit insurance. There is, of course, no difficulty about paying the insured deposits in a small State bank in East Peoria, Ill. Its entire deposits represent only about 4-100ths of 1 per cent of the capital of the Insurance Corporation. Payment of the first check may be taken for granted; it is the long series of checks that would have to be paid in case of another serious banking crisis that creates anxiety.

Over 7,500 State banks affiliated with the insurance fund are outside of the Federal Reserve System. These banks are subject to 48 different State laws of varying laxity. There are also widely differing standards of efficiency in examination and enforcement of the laws. The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation has not had time or opportunity to acquire adequate information about these nonmember institutions and has just issued a call for statements of condition that will enable it to discharge its "responsibility to protect the Nation's bank depositors."

Even when the present temporary system is superseded by the permanent system in which participation will eventually be confined to banks belonging to the Federal Reserve System, the dangers will remain. Indeed, they will be greatly increased because of the unlimited liabilities which insured banks will be called upon to assume. Unified supervision by the Insurance Corporation, the Comptroller of the Currency, the Federal Reserve Board and the Federal Reserve banks will not insure the solvency of thousands of small unit banks, even if all belong to the Federal Reserve System. It is impossible to prevent losses due to poor judgment, irresponsible practices, dishonesty and innumerable causes of economic disaster over which individuals have no control.

To force sound and solvent banking institutions to pay such losses incurred by others encourages the practices which result in bank failures and tends to reduce the level of efficiency in management. The best insurance against loss which could be given to depositors would be a banking system under unified control, with strong banking units operated by individuals charged with responsibility for the funds placed in their keeping. Deposit insurance is a poor makeshift for structural reforms of our banking system, which are needed to give adequate protection against a recurrence of past disasters.

Our personal editorial entry for the next Pulitzer prize: Question—"What did we do with our money?" Answer—"What money?"

Marie Dressler.

Marie Dressler was once asked what gave her the first laugh that she could remember. She replied: "Looking at people. And I'm still laughing."

This is the fundamental spirit that motivates all good comedians, and Miss Dressler was among the best the screen has produced. In films of such diverse characteristics as "Anna Christie" and "Tugboat Annie" she was not merely "just a funny woman." She was a comedian of high order who, like Charles Chaplin in the days of his pantomime, realized that true comedy can never be wholly divorced from pathos.

Perhaps it was because of the tragedies of her own life that she rose to the artistic heights she achieved in the moving pictures. An ugly duckling in childhood, she became an actress despite her face and figure, and at one time was among the best of those who brought down the galleries with her vaudevillian rallieries.

When the films crowded out vaudeville she went for years without a part until, almost penniless, she stormed Hollywood like some confident girl. The rest is known. It is a pleasant success story, despite the interwoven threads of her many illnesses. A kindly, generous, humorous, human being, Marie Dressler will long be remembered among the members of her profession as an unusual and lovable personality.

The rest of the world will recall her in the parts she did so well, which she made into live portraits of real people. Since the days of Chaplin, Hollywood has known no greater player of genuinely comic parts than the homely old lady who was Marie Dressler.

Mile Posts

A Parade of the Past From the Files of The Post.

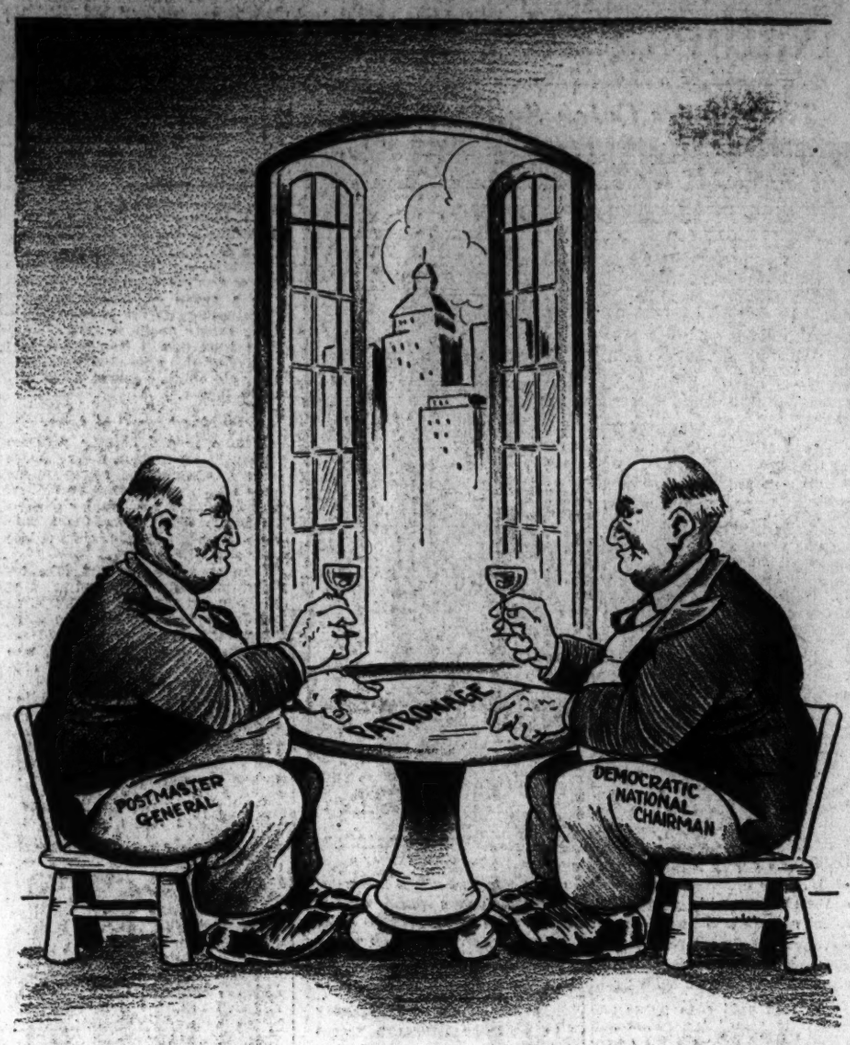
TWENTY YEARS AGO TODAY.

STATISTICS SHOWED the country enjoyed a quiet Fourth, but there were a number of fatalities. Thirteen were killed and 243 injured by the use of fireworks in some form or other.

TEN YEARS AGO TODAY.

CALVIN COOLIDGE, JR., youngest son of President and Mrs. Coolidge, developed an acute case of septic poison, brought about by a blister breaking on his right foot during a tennis match. Five physicians were called in for consultation.

WHEN THE 60TH BALLOT was taken at the Democratic National Convention in New York, a record of 64 years' standing was broken. The previous record was 59 ballots taken in 1860 when the Northern and Southern Democratic factions put rival candidates in the field, both of whom went down to defeat before Abraham Lincoln.



"Cocktails for Two."

Letters to the Editor.

The Post welcomes letters from its readers. All communications must be signed with the writer's name and address. Upon publication initials or pen names will be used if requested. Letters are subject to condensation and in no case should they exceed 250 words.

An Appeal From England.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: Will you very kindly publish this letter in the columns of your paper in the hope that it may reach some absent Devonian who would not otherwise be aware of our needs and who may have sufficient love for his county to help us in a somewhat formidable task.

The governors have, with reluctance, issued an appeal to the public for £50,000 to enable them to reconstruct and extend certain parts of the buildings which, under modern conditions, are no longer adequate to their purpose.

Chief among the most pressing needs are the complete rebuilding of the out-patients department equipped with up-to-date clinics; the provision of a suitable Nurses' hostel to replace the present piecemeal distribution of the nursing staff in many different parts of the building; the provision of special wards for maternity cases and additional wards for children.

The increase in the volume of work has so competely outstripped the increase in the facilities for carrying out that work that today, in all departments, the hospital is overcrowded, the staff inconvenienced and there is a permanent list of 170 people waiting to gain admission to the hospital for treatment.

This is a state of affairs which the governors can not, in the conscientious discharge of their duty, allow to continue, and they are determined that the financial difficulties of the present time shall not jeopardize the splendid reputation of this, the parent hospital of the County of Devon, which the generosity of the public and the high skill of the honorary medical staff have kept at such an exceptional level of efficiency ever since its foundation in 1741 by the Rev. Dr. Allured Clarke, then dean of Exeter.

Our hospital is a "voluntary" hospital; built, maintained, enlarged and governed throughout its long life by voluntary effort, thereby creating an atmosphere of service which can not be reproduced in a state-aided or rate-aided institution; but it has not sufficient reserves to meet anything more than normal expenditure which year by year increases with the development of medical science and the improvement in surgical appliances.

We do therefore appeal most earnestly for the support which this great charitable institution demands and deserves, and we feel confident that we shall not appeal in vain.

ROYAL DEVON AND EXETER HOSPITAL.
Exeter, England, June 21.

On Free Education.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: As a young man ready for college may I point out this fact about our community: If I were a student who wished to prepare for teaching I could receive a free education at Wilson Teachers' College. If I were a teacher drawing a salary of $2,000 to $3,000 I could still get a free education in Wilson College extension classes. Because I want a liberal arts education there is no opportunity for me.

Why are the teachers, especially those drawing salaries, entitled to free education when lawyers, doctors or preachers are not? We should have either free scholarships at our local universities or a city college. HOWARD BAKER.
Washington, July 3.

June Brides.

The strains of "Here Comes the Bride" will have to be put down as playing a part in breaking the back of the depression. We have had the biggest June crop of weddings since the 1929 crash in the stock market. Apparently we have reached the point where people are beginning to gamble again. Exact figures are not available, but county clerks everywhere have been doing a land-office business in handing out marriage licenses and some of them say they have exceeded the totals of the boom years.

One reason given is that many couples engaged for two, three or five years have grown weary of waiting for better times. Out West they blame it on the drought. "Farm boys can't work in this weather," declares the head of the Omaha Marriage Bureau, "so they don't wait until October to marry." Others ascribe the rush to marry to "the return of prosperity." Skeptics may swallow hard over this explanation, but why not accept it? Isn't love still blind?

(Philadelphia Inquirer.)

Why Do We Go to the Theater?

(Hubert Griffith in the London Observer.)

MR. C. B. COCHRAN has recently carried out a highly interesting experiment, giving an answer—or at least a good half-answer—to the question, "What makes the public go to the theater?"

He has taken for his field of experiment the drawing-power of a great actress in the most popular play of the season—Elisabeth Bergner in "Escape Me Never!" at the Apollo, a theater at which there has not been a vacant seat for the whole of the eight months that the play has been running. He has issued a questionnaire, over a short period, to the most enthusiastic and businesslike section of his audience, the gallery queue—enthusiastic and businesslike because their theater-going probably costs them at least as high a proportion of their incomes as the denizens of any other part of the house, and they have a wait of an hour or two (or sometimes five or six) into the bargain. He has had between two and three thousand answers. The result does not prove anything conclusively; but it gives us a "line" on a subject of considerable importance to all theater managers.

These are the results as Mr. Cochran communicated them to me, the questions being:

"Were you attracted to seeing Elisabeth Bergner in 'Escape Me Never!' by:

1. The notices of the critics?
2. A friend's recommendation?
3. Her appearance on the films?
4. A poster or a circular?
5. Passing the theater and seeing the signs and photographs?
6. The newspaper advertisement?
7. Sheer accident?

As might have been expected, the answers "Yes" to the first two questions far outnumbered all the others. Critics and word-of-mouth recommendation are much the most important factors. But as would not have been expected, the critics' verdict got home by a short head as more important than the word-of-mouth verdict.

There is a very long-standing theatrical tradition that what makes or mars a play is a mysterious something called the "first-night rumour." Friends go home and say to other friends that they have seen a remarkable play. This communication and diffusion of personal experience is usually taken to be the deciding factor—though it is admitted by managers that if the whole body of critics praise a play it is a considerable help, and that if it is badly slashed in the press it is a considerable hindrance. (There are instances, of course, where the voice of the critics has had no effect at all. The critical faculty disliked Doris Keane's "Romance." The public, quite indifferent to this fact, thronged to the play for many hundred nights.)

Nevertheless, on this occasion, when both the critics and the public were equally enthusiastic, the proportion of people who went to Miss Bergner on critic's recommendation, as against those who went on word-of-mouth approval, was roughly nine to eight. Some found space to mention on their cards that they never trusted friends—and the opposing camp mentioned that they never trusted critics. * * *

After this there is a steep drop in the number of votes. Critics' and friends' recommendations got nearly two thousand votes between them. The next category, those influenced by her appearance on the films, drew only just over 200. One voter, evidently hard-up and having made an important financial effort to see the play, adds the comment, "Her voice, even tinned, is excruciatingly beautiful. I have walked five miles to hear it this afternoon and shall have to walk back."

The next two influences in order of effect—"theater signs and photographs" and "newspaper advertisement"—were even less prominent, drawing only about a hundred votes each out of the total of 2,500. "Posters" seem to have been negligible, and only 46 had come with no particular purpose in mind. One said that it was after a conversation with the commissionaire of the theater.

The miscellaneous comments were perhaps the most interesting of all. Many had come on Miss Margaret Kennedy's name, in memory of "The Constant Nymph" and the Sanger family; and some had come, as Mr. Cochran admits with diffidence, on Mr. Cochran's name—because "it was a Cochran show."

Politics and nationalism were touched upon in the miscellaneous answers, the writers saying that they had come out of a sympathy for a German artist disallowed from working in Germany. Their sympathy happens in this case to be misplaced, because Miss Bergner is a Viennese actress (though her major fame comes from Berlin), who left Germany more than a year before the present Nazi regime. A greater number of playgoers came, as is understandable, by virtue of the fame that had preceded her. For some years past her Continental fame has been so great that photographs of her as "Saint Joan," "Rosalind," "Mrs. Cheyney," and "Fraulein Elsa" have penetrated to the London papers.

OTHERS had come because "a success is a success." The very difficulty of booking seats at the play, or the number of hours of waiting necessary to get a seat in the pit and gallery, or the sight of perennial queues outside the Apollo Theater, had aroused the instinctive English curiosity to see "what all the fuss was about." Others had come stating definitely that it was "cheaper than the cinema." The gallery at the Apollo costs 1s. 6d., and has tip-up seats. Only nine had come because they had heard Miss Bergner play a long and important part, in "The Wild Duck," for the B. B. C. Other miscellaneous answers (not negligible, because each probably represents some thousand opinions among the two hundred thousand people who have already seen the play): "To have a good cry," "Match scratched," and "Her apparent lack of sophistication and lack of a permanent wave."

Mr. Cochran's small experiment is not without its worth, as attempting to analyze the immediate impact that one great and lovely artist has had on a section of the theater-goers of London.

The Post Impressionist

Ghost-Writer "Tells All?"

Postoffice, Thursday.

IF there is one literary fashion that we thought more modern than most it was ghost-writing—until last evening. Ghost-writing: the magazine-article, even the book, signed by a great industrialist, or a great general, or an equally great prize-fighter, written in the first person, but really written by somebody else — by some trained (and tamed) writer.

We knew the practice had become common, but we had no idea how common it had become, until yesterday, when we heard Willis Knapp Jones "speak out loud and bold." And we were sure that it was the product of these degenerate times of ours — until, yesterday, Prof. Jones disillusioned us.

* * *

"Ghost-writing is no new development. Classical scholars know the names of two scribes who put into shape, or wrote without Julius Caesar's inspiration, volumes claimed by Caesar." So Prof. Jones—who probably hated his "Gallic War" as much as we hated ours—writing in the current number of *The Author and Journalist.* He doesn't tell us that Shakespeare was merely the ghost of Bacon, but he does say that, in the succeeding century, Dr. Hakesworth penned both Capt. Cook's "First Voyage" and Commodore Byron's "Journal."

* * *

And now?

Jones declares that "a newspaperman" was the author of Gen. Pershing's "Lafayette, We Are Here!"—that William Slavens McNutt "wrote articles signed by Luis Angel Firpo, and Frank Menke and Charles F. Coe pinch hit for Jack Dempsey, while Bob Edgren doubled as Jim Jeffries." The professor deposits an "autobiography" of murderess Ruth Snyder at the door of a sixth "newspaper-man" and attributes to a seventh certain articles, popular among baseball enthusiasts, under the signature of a famous baseball hero. Nor is the newspaper-woman exempt; in the same "catalogue of dole" we are informed that one of the best-known of newspaper-women was ghost-writer for Queen Marie of Rumania during that majesty's American visit.

* * *

The worst of it is that Prof. Jones is not a nobody: he teaches Spanish at Miami University, and he writes text-books. But the next worst of it is that, besides writing also, fiction and poetry under his own names, he confesses to having committed a certain amount of ghost-writing.

"Having myself been," says he, "a mental bootlegger, I can talk with authority."

* * *

But he appears to have repented He says that the money side of ghost-writing "is the only good part of it."

This conducts us face-to-face with the ethics of the trade.

* * *

Prof. Jones puts his views thus: "I know how a conscientious ghost has to twist his thoughts and ideas into a style so distinct from his own that it may have a lasting bad effect. Straining, rather than developing, is this writing-to-order, when the writer must get material from others and elaborate it in a way flattering to the person whom readers are supposed to believe is the real author.

* * *

"The only reward for this cramping of one's own originality is the immediate money recompense. Few editors associate the real writer with articles sent in under the name of another person. No writer can build up his literary reputation by ghosting.

"How many readers know of Frederic Van Ryn? Yet he was actively connected with the so-called autobiographies of Grand Duke Alexander of Russia. . . . Nowhere, except in a foreword to the romanticized biography of Catherine of Russia, published in *The Red Book* (and who reads forewords?) is any credit given to Van Ryn for his part in four books. . . . Now that the Grand Duke is himself a ghost, Van Ryn will have to start all over."

* * *

So much for the money and reputation considerations. We might say that there are others.

In 1931, a member of the Pennsylvania Legislature proposed—and Prof. Jones notes it—"a law against ghost-writing, with a penalty of $500 fine or 30 days in jail." The law didn't pass.

* * *

Prof. Jones suggests that the way out lies through the publishers giving the ghost a chance to materialize: "Let his name appear, in some way, in connection with the article upon which he worked. In this way, he can do his share to insure the public against being fooled and at the same time increase the value of his name.

"Some far-sighted magazines are already taking steps in that direction. In the title 'Hal Sims Tells What Makes a Winner, by Jerome Beatty,' *The American Magazine* gets just as much reader-interest as if the bridge expert alone had signed the article, and at the same time the actual author receives his share of the credit. *The Saturday Evening Post,* too, with its various formulae—'as told to,' 'edited by' or 'with,' followed by the name of the real writer—is accomplishing the same result."

* * *

But how would this work out in a case such as we have heard about? A certain serious review devoted one whole number to the discussion of one National problem. There were 12 articles, signed by a dozen men of a prominence non-literary, but men whose opinions were of weight in the problem concerned: economists, business-folk, senators, lawyers. Each alleged author took the view of his own profession, and the articles were sharply at variance.

Yet a single ghost had written every one!

Along the Potomac

With

Carlisle Bargeron

That Glorious Fourth.

I SUPPOSE I have never enjoyed a Fourth of July as much as I did yesterday. For years it has been my wont to get out on this day and go places and do things, to carry on in a manner appropriate to our great natal day. As a youngster my pleasure usually had to do with shooting firecrackers and eating picnic lunches on such as the Unknown Soldier's Tomb.

BARGERON.

It occurred to me in those days that our Government had been most beneficent to set up tombs and other markers for the people to eat lunches on. It seemed so symbolic, too, of the statement that all of us are born equal. I think the first politician I ever heard, claimed that he had wrested these monuments from the rich so that we could eat upon them. It was a Democrat who made the speech.

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Of course, I have changed now that I have grown up. I have broadened with maturity. My vision has been enlarged. This Fourth of July I didn't shoot any firecrackers. That would have been too childish and wholly out of keeping with my dignity. What I did was listen to speeches!

That was a most interesting one delivered by Mr. Whichamahjig, a New Dealer. He spoke so eloquently of how capitalism had failed, how it had indisputably gone to pieces when all the banks were closed March 4. There could be no gainsaying the fact that capitalism had failed, he said, because hadn't those mainstays of the capitalistic machinery failed to function on that day? Well then, capitalism had failed. I realized by now that I was listening to a logician.

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I thought he was even more terribly interesting, though, when he told how our leaders of industry and finance had betrayed us; how they had given us a lot of bathtubs while they took all the water and soap.

What, he asked, were we to do with the bathtubs when our leaders took the water and soap? I knew then that I was listening to an intellectual.

More than seven score, no—more than, or almost eight score years ago, he said, we were an embattled people seeking to rid ourselves of the tyranny of England. Now we are still embattled trying to rid ourselves of the vested interests and the curse of inability in government.

"Are we to yield to this yoke?" he demanded. And I found myself involuntarily saying, No, no, hell no! He was awfully stirring.

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He had more facts and figures than any speaker I have listened to in a long time. I'll bet he made the Wall street boys squirm. You could tell, right off the reel, that he was learned.

And oh, what an indictment it was when he told about how a country of plenty had been so misused, of how the lack of a national plan had kept us from the more abundant life. I thought he was simply thrilling.

"We have not utilized our resources," he said. "We have left them get into the hands of a selfish few. This great Nation of ours is richly endowed. In the proper hands it will afford an ample living for every one of us. And it is in those proper hands now!"

I almost went into convulsions of happiness.

• • • •

You know, I think it is so wonderful that there are men to speak to us in this way. It sort of gets us up on our mettle, that's what it does. It fires us out of our lethargy, instills us with the old spirit of do and dare. We are really blessed.

Ours is a rich nation. There's no getting around that. Our great wealth is unsurpassed. Come to think of it, I know of no other country where the real producers support so many nonproducers and quacks.

Firemen's Carnival Managers Named

Silver Spring Volunteers Arrange Fete.

Committees to supervise the annual carnival to be held by the Silver Spring (Md.) Volunteer Fire Department July 7 to 21 have been announced by Julian A. Granger, general chairman, as follows:

Bingo—George Hamilton, chairman; Walter Brandt, Martin Kinsinger, jr., David R. Lee, Horace A. Lingburg, R. W. Lewis, H. Strickline, W. D. Wade and L. C. Woodworth.

Candy—Charles E. Deffinbaugh, chairman; Ernest Brandt, Mounts Deffinbaugh, Richard Nowlin and George Miller.

Ice cream—Victor H. Bender, chairman; A. C. Duvall, George Hall and George Schnabele.

Cigarette wheel—Edward Schrider, chairman; John Crawford, Reuben Sclar and William Alden.

Ball game—Bryan Abell, chairman; A. H. Davis, B. Kaufman and J. Shorb.

Dance—Thomas Kennedy, chairman; R. D. Crompton, W. B. Davis, J. J. Dolan, E. E. Langley and Lawrence Swindell.

Card table—William T. Beall, chairman; John Cole and P. F. Dudley.

Pop stand—Harold Harman, chairman; T. B. Hammeros, Edward Day, Ernest Wootten and Norman Wootten.

Ferris Wheel—Mr. Bayer, chairman; W. J. Jouvenal, B. B. Hardesty, and E. C. Dewey.

Parking—Harold Harman.

Mrs. White Reelected By Loudoun Hospital

Leesburg, Va., July 4 (Spl.).—Mrs. E. B. White was unanimously reelected president of the Ladies' Board of the Loudoun County Hospital for the twentieth consecutive year at the annual meeting yesterday. Mrs. Basil Hall, of Middleburg, was elected secretary to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mrs. Harvey Arthur.

Other officers reelected are Miss Alice Davis, first vice president; Mrs. R. R. Walker, second vice president, and Mrs. E. L. McFarland, who has held the office of treasurer for ten years.

'New Deal' Is Crusade, High Tells Institute

Speaker at Charlottesville Calls on Church to Support Roosevelt's Policies; Moore Says Jefferson Would Favor Changes.

By Franklin Waltman, Jr.

Charlottesville, Va., July 4.—American churches were urged to make the Roosevelt "New Deal" a moral crusade in an address before the Institute of Public Affairs today by Dr. Stanley High, well-known clergyman, publicist and speaker.

Dr. High's plea for the churches to turn their efforts toward arousing the moral conscience of the Nation in support of President Roosevelt's efforts at economic reform was the highlight of the day's program because of its significance in indicating the political trends of the country.

Addressing the institute in a special Fourth of July speech on the life of former President Zachary Taylor, Assistant Secretary of State R. Walton Moore contended that Thomas Jefferson, ever the liberal, would, if he were present now, approve of the Roosevelt program.

Earlier in the day, Dr. Sidney Hook, professor of philosophy at New York University and what might be called a left-wing Communist, declared that Jefferson's ideals, expressed in the Declaration of Independence, of the "equal right to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness" and of "equal opportunity for every individual" can only be achieved in "a Communist, classless society."

Debates With Socialist.

Dr. Hook, speaking in the round-table conference on "Dictatorship and Democracy," became engaged in a heated debate with Algernon Lee, president of the School of Social Service, spokesman for the Socialists, over the merits of the communistic and socialistic tenets.

Other discussions of the day embraced the future of the defaulted Latin-American bonds held in this country, the practicability of the international gold standard for effectiveness of monetary experiment to raise prices and county government and State planning.

Charles P. Taft, a son of the former President, was one of the chief speakers in the latter discussion. He delivered a paper reciting the work done in Ohio in reforming county government.

Dr. High urged the churches to turn their attention from further worry about prohibition and devote their efforts to promoting social morality and support of the Roosevelt program to provide "a fuller measure of the abundant life to an increased number of the American people."

Ended Prohibition.

His speech was regarded as unusual, because he was urging continued support for the administration of a political party which brought National prohibition to an end. In the last decade continuance of prohibition was the prime consideration of the Protestant Churches of America.

Dr. High himself had a hand in that, having spoken on several occasions at this institute in behalf of prohibition—and on the last occasion receiving a sprinkling of "boos" for his remarks. Moreover, he is connected in an editorial capacity with the Christian Herald, which awarded Bishop Cannon, jr., a trip to the Holy Land in 1929 for "distinguished religious service" based on his part in defeating Alfred E. Smith for the Presidency in 1928.

The High speech also was regarded as significant, coming on the heels of sharp criticism of the Roosevelt family by Bishop Charles Fiske, of the Central New York Diocese of the Protestant Episcopal Church—the President's home diocese.

Dr. High rebuked the churches for their failure to speak out on matters of social morality while so quick to express themselves on personal morality.

He maintained that the "fundamental objective of what we call the New Deal is religious," and that it marked "the first time in modern history when a government in any Nation has set out to give practical application to the principles of the Sermon on the Mount."

"The tragedy is," he added, "that the church—the organization which takes its character from the New Testament—is so generally silent in fear of the consequences among the church's best givers; in resentment over some things in the present Administration with which we may disagree, and inability to recognize the need in view because of our doubt about the methods now being tried to realize it—all these help to account for that silence."

Dr. High said he was convinced that unless the "New Deal" program is not made "a moral, rather than a purely economic or political issue, it is not likely to succeed—and that is for the simple reason that great reforms never succeed until they are made moral issues."

"I am not asking," Dr. High continued, "that the church should give a blanket indorsement to all Mr. Roosevelt's policies. I am not asking that the church should surrender its present widespread and in some quarters, carefully nourished resentment against Mr. Roosevelt's part in the repeal of prohibition. But I am trying to say that something bigger than single policies is being worked out and something far more important than prohibition is at stake.

Economic Life Changing.

"We are, I believe, in striking distance of a reorganization of our economic life, a reorganization which will make the security of the many rather than the special interests of the few a primary lien upon the earnings of industry. That is an undertaking in line with the fundamental principles of the prophets of the Old Testament and of Jesus in the new.

"If the church allows that effort to fail, it will wait a long time before another such opportunity to fulfill its own ideals presents itself. And for being a party to that failure the church will help to usher itself out of the company of organizations which the modern world believes to be essential to its progress."

Assistant Secretary Moore said he did not believe that in this year, "when the conditions are so entirely different from what they were when Jefferson was laid to rest in Monticello, that any man has any warrant whatever for any measurably positive opinion that Jefferson, if he were now here, would find any fault with the present governmental program put into effect by the action of the Congress and the Executive, and therefore I do not believe any one is entitled to assert that the program operates to sacrifice what we are accustomed to rather loosely speak of Jeffersonian Democracy."

Communism Projected.

Dr. Hook projected Communism as a better state of democracy than what he termed the present "political democracy of bourgeoise." He said the argument came down to a point of "whose democracy!—whose dictatorship?"

He held that a workers' democracy which functions as a dictatorship over the bourgeoise was "superior" to a bourgeoise democracy—democracy functioning as a dictatorship over the working class. The New York University philosopher indicated he was not sympathetic with the present leaders of Communism in Russia, and criticized them for abandoning the principle of world revolution. He held that "Russia has become the greatest stabilizer of peace in the world at the expense of world revolution."

Mr. Lee, on the other hand, urged Socialism, without the violence, as the perfect design for a real democracy. He contended, in debating a side issue, that the Communist party had become "the tool of the Russian government." It was Mr. Lee's argument that the American working man must be made class conscious and realize his social rights and insist on them before there will be a democracy in this country.

Both Speakers Attacked.

Prof. S. L. Ware, of the University of the South at Sewanee, attacked both speakers, contending a "classless society is against human nature" and that "nature abhorred equality." He also denied that the American scheme was "a bourgeoise democracy," but instead was "a simple democracy" where the door of opportunity was opened for all.

The Roosevelt monetary experimentation to raise prices found a defender in Ralph J. Watkins, director of the bureau of business research at the University of Pittsburgh. Most of the speakers at the round-table conference on money have been critical of the Administration's efforts.

It Doesn't Pay to Collect if It Costs You Your Job

By Robert Quillen

The ordinary American insists that his Government collect the money Europe borrowed, and the ordinary European insists that his government refuse to pay it.

One thinks default immoral and one thinks it justified, for both think in terms of self-interest and their interests seem opposite.

But the question that interests statesmen is not whether the debt should be paid, but whether it can be paid.

And whatever they may say in public as a matter of politics, they know it can not be paid except in one way.

England, for example, neither possesses nor can obtain enough gold to settle her debt.

Lacking gold, she can pay only by the long drawn out process of selling more goods than she buys and using her profits to buy dollars. But every article she sells means one less sale for America and less work for American craftsmen.

It may be argued that the burden could be shifted from the American taxpayer to the British taxpayer, where it belongs, if England would issue bonds and sell them to her people, as our Government did, and thus raise the money to pay us.

When the English came a-borrowing, our Government did not have the money required, nor did it print new money to lend.

It borrowed the money from the American people and gave them bonds as a pledge of repayment.

The billions of dollars thus obtained were delivered to British agents and spent here in America for war supplies—at prices that made individual Americans rich.

Thus England took goods from America—not money, for dollars can be spent only in America.

If England should issue bonds and sell them to her people, the money thus obtained would be pounds.

And those pounds, delivered to America's agents, could be spent only in England.

By that process our Government would be equipped to buy billions of pounds' worth of English goods, and these goods could be shipped to America and sold for cash to repay those who bought our Government's bonds.

But you know what would happen if shiploads of imported goods were dumped on our markets. Our factories would be closed; our workers would be jobless.

Figure it any way you will, the English can pay only by "working it out"—by producing and selling more goods, and the more they produce and sell, the more jobless men America will have to support.

(Copyright, 1934.)

No End of Books

By

Theodore Hall

Beyond the Alps Lies * *

ITALY, home of the most undiluted Fascism on earth, home of the world's No. 1 dictator, is the subject of the entire July issue of Fortune Magazine. To all intents and purposes the editors have given us a book. Half the staff worked six months on the project. Close to 100,000 words were written. Beyond a doubt, a few months will see this text in strict book form. (Fortune is fond of having its material reprinted.—McBride published an article on colds, collected several others on the big corporations, and Doubleday Doran made publishing history with the success of the 10-cent "Arms and the Men" pamphlet.)

THEO. HALL.

But you won't get that book for $1. And you won't get more than a handful of this amazing array of illustrations. So you might call this a Scotman's pre-view.

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In 13 sections, Fortune gazes closely and rather impishly at the whole phenomenon of Fascist Italy. With that strange mixture of fact-finding and irreverent comment which distinguishes both Fortune and Time, the editors attend to everything from the structure of the Corporative State to the personal affairs of the Roman princely families. It's all very informative. By the same token, it's quite pleasantly palatable.

Take the purpose of Fascism, which the editors offer to define in two styles, "the Augustan and the colloquial."

"Augustan: 'To restore Rome to her missions as the heart of Italy and the light of the world!' (Mussolini)

"Colloquial: to unwop the wops!"

As an example of "unwopping the wops," the editors point to the contrast between pre-Fascist and post-Fascist streamers—the first "ignoble craft;" the second exemplified by the Rex and the Conte di Savoia of the Italian Line which holds the Atlantic speed record, which in 1933 carried more transatlantic passengers than any other line. And there are other examples—the swift Italian trains; the electrification of tracks; the great high-speed highways; Balbo's flight; even Mussolini's flair for digging out the grandeurs of ancient Rome.

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Perhaps the Fascist notion of the state itself, as Fortune observes, stands as the greatest puzzle to democratic Americans. We find it hard to conceive that "governmental and social functioning is the means, but the state is the end—greater not merely than any of its parts but mystically greater than the sum of its parts." As Mussolini has shouted time and again: "Everything within the state! Nothing without the state! Everything for the state!"

Explaining that takes the editors from the functioning of workmen's syndicates to an analysis of Italian finance, from a picture of the "Dopolavoro" (institute to help people pass their leisure time) to Mussolini's passionate, if rather fruitless, exhortations to fecundity. We examine the youth movement, the relations with the Vatican, the history of the Lido (including Cecil Beaton, the photographer, appearing at a fancy dress party as a Surrealiste painting—his person adorned with several orders of poached eggs, and some dozens of other more or less relevant activities.

To Benito Amilcare Andrea Mussolini, "young incorrigible; petty pedagogue; scorched corporal; scorching editor; preacher of regicide; friend of the king; Il Duce del Fascismo; Il Capo del Governo," the editors devote a lively chapter. Most of the facts of his career are familiar enough. But it may be news that in 1918 Mussolini committed assault and battery upon a fellow Socialist who called him "il duce;" that he previews and passes all news reels of himself; that (typical Fortune touch) his car is washed semipublicly on the front steps of his marble palace.

That same engaging reportorial candor extends even to the Fascist Holy of Holies—the shrine behind the office of Achille Starace, secretary of the party. On the table holding the stuffed eagle, the silver fasces, and Starace's red student cap (on the head of the eagle) and below an oil painting of Il Duce, there lies a stiff-springed finger-exerciser used to strengthen the secretary's hand-clasp.

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That shrine, by the way, forms the frontispiece in full colors. Colored illustrations abound—Mussolini's office (with fake columns painted on the flat walls), Signor Marconi in senatorial regalia, post-card views of Naples, Mussolini's backyard (where he likes the grass left long), Edward Bruce's painting, "Fiesole," and so on.

There are dozens of photographs of everything from amazing motor roads to mass marriages, from King Victor Emmanuel's baby crib to Elsa Maxwell and Cole Porter (promoters of the Lido) drinking beer.

Even the handsome, two-page map in brown and green has its perfectly factual but slyly deprecating air. The Romagna, says a legend, "home of Mussolini and brigands." And under the name of Venice, Bride of the Ocean and Mistress of the Seas, we read: "Shipping equals Baton Rouge, La., in importance."

Legion Swimming Pool Opens at Winchester

Winchester, Va., July 4 (Spl.).—The American Legion swimming pool was opened today with Otis Sargent as manager and instructor. The pool will be open daily with hours arranged for persons whose work hitherto has prevented swimming.

The Once Over

By

H. I. Phillips

Facts About the Chaco War.

Q.—Where is Chaco?

A.—Chaco is a place in Buenos Aires or maybe Buenos Aires, is a place in Chaco or something. On the other hand it may be Dillinger's latest camp or something.

Q.—Who is fighting who (or whom)?

A.—The Bolivians are fighting the Serbs, according to the Moose Hollow Blade, while the Stony Creek Gazette contends that it is a mess between the people of Paraguay and the Brooklyn Dodgers. On the other hand, as the Westyville Picayune Times states, "It appears to be a struggle between South America and the proofreading department."

• • • •

Q.—How long has the Chaco War been going on?

A.—We can't remember that far back, but it seems, man and boy, something like a couple of centuries, with the usual time out for the world series.

Q.—What is the Chaco War about?

A.—That's one of the reasons it is lasting so long. Nobody reads the war bulletins fully enough to get a definite idea what it is about. According to the East Haven Courier, it is a fight to make the world safe for democracy, but that must be wrong. Nobody would be nutty enough to try that all over again. The Zanytown Scimitar-Press says it is a struggle between two proud countries of Asia over the question: Is there a May West?

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Q.—Who is ahead in the Chaco War?

A.—Yesterday's battle was postponed by rain after four innings. At that time the Reds were leading.

Q.—Is there any prospect that America will be drawn into the Chaco War?

A.—It looks bad. Our advice is for all Americans to keep cool and follow a policy of strict neutrality. Don't go spreading rumors about your Chaco neighbors if there are any in your block. Remember that the archduke was pretty foolhardy at that. And don't bet on fights.

Epitaph.

Here lies the body of
John William Ramples;
He went to the fair and
Ate all the samples.

DEE T. MEADE.

Mr. Winston Guest, noted polo star, is to run for the New York State Senate. There are a few places calling more loudly for a good man with a heavy mallet.

Heroic Treatment.

Germany seems to be discovering that being saved by the Nazis is more than she can possibly stand.

Herr Hitler's new orders against banquet orgies by his military leaders would appear to imply that he has finally come to the conclusion that no military movement can succeed if it is dependent entirely on the supply of dyspepsia tablets holding out.

Clarence Darrow has left the National Recovery Review Board, withdrawing his hand just before the door slammed on it.

Among the books not to be found in the ship library during the President's voyage will be "Clarence."

Certainly when he is making that trip through the Panama Canal nobody can claim the President is in the middle of a swift stream.

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Berkeley Will Get Drought Area Cows

100 Are Due to Arrive About July 20.

Martinsburg, W. Va., July 4 (Spl.).—About 100 dairy cows, from the drought-stricken Midwestern areas, are due to arrive in Berkeley County about July 20, J. B. Thrasher, acting administrator for Berkeley County Relief Administration, has announced.

Applications for these dairy cattle are being received now at the local relief headquarters. The cows will be placed only with families on relief rolls and only to those who can show that they will be able to make effective use of the cows, and are able to arrange suitable pasture and feed.

The cows will be issued on a work-payment plan, it is stated.

Elias N. Grimm, 69, Rites at Winchester

Winchester, Va., July 4 (Spl.).—Funeral services were conducted here today for Elias N. Grimm, 69, a native of Winchester, who died last night in Baltimore. The Rev. George W. Stover, pastor of the United Brethren Church, officiated and burial was in the family lot in Mount Hebron.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Anna Weaver Grimm, and three daughters, Mrs. Oscar Pulliam, Baltimore, Md.; Mrs. Edgar Jones, Baltimore, and Mrs. Wilbur Wells, Newark, N. J. Brothers and sisters surviving include Henry Grimm, Winchester; Essu Grimm, Charles Town, W. Va.; William Grimm, Cedarville; Mrs. D. W. Ebersole, and Mrs. E. T. Grimm, of Stephens City.

Hull Asked to Speak At Democratic Club

Staunton, Va., July 4 (Spl.).—Secretary of State Cordell Hull, who, with Mrs. Hull, spent the holiday here with Mr. and Mrs. Paul Hays, was extended invitation to address the annual banquet of the Young Democratic Club of Virginia at the Oakwood Country Club, Lynchburg, Friday evening, July 27.

The invitation was extended by John D. Neff, of Staunton, chairman of tenth district organization, Young Democratic Clubs; Thomas R. Nelson, president Augusta County club; Richard Peyton and John H. East. Mr. Nelson was spokesman. Secretary Hull said he hoped to be able to accept.

The National Gallery

MRS. MARY HARRIMAN RUMSEY, head of Consumers' Division, National Emergency Council, NRA. Daughter of late E. H. Harriman, railroad magnate, she deserted plush parlors, founded the Junior League and plunged into life of social service. Became so busy that two secretaries pound out her ukases protecting the downtodden American housewife. Personally supervises two 500-acre Virginia farms, her racing stables, with time out for social duties. Said to be richest woman in Washington, she lives quietly, dresses modestly. Most intimate friend, Secretary of Labor Perkins. Wears hat and smokes while working. Hobby, organization.

Such a large proportion of those who have been pictured by Mr. Robles have asked for the originals that The Washington Post is saving all these drawings to honor the requests of any future members of "The National Gallery."

Wm. Lyon Phelps

Daily Talk About Books and Authors

Safe and Sane.

Yesterday I discussed the Declaration of Independence, the origin of the most famous national holiday we have. And although no doubt it is a good thing we celebrate it now more quietly than we used to, still I am very glad so far as my individual happiness is concerned, that we did not begin to be safe and sane till long after I had grown up. The celebration with fire-cracker, toy cannons, fireworks, gunpowder, &c., which used to be universal in my boyhood, caused a number of deaths; though not one-tenth as many as the automobile now takes every week-end. I remember that the periodical Life had a picture of the blinded or dying little boy lying on a bed, while his parents knelt at his side in anguish; under the picture was the caption:

"The Glorious Fourth."

This had a good deal of influence in suppression of fireworks.

All the same, we had a bully time! On the Fourth of July, my mother allowed my brothers and me to get up at midnight—what bliss! The family were then living in Hartford; and on the day of days, eagerly anticipated for weeks beforehand, we got up at midnight, went out on the streets and began to make a continual noise until daylight.

Bliss was it in that dawn to be alive,
But to be young was very heaven!

We roared and shouted and yelled, fired off pistols, guns, crackers; and I had a toy navy cannon, which made a stunning, ear-splitting explosion. I shot all the wadding into a boy's leg, but he recovered, and how proud he was of his wound.

One Fourth of July, at half-past two in the morning, we were yelling and carrying on in front of Mark Twain's house. He was one of the first men in Hartford to have a telephone, and although he was the author of "Tom Sawyer" and "Huckleberry Finn," he sent for the police; and the minions of the law swooped down upon us, thus adding the last touch of ecstasy to the delirious night.

Boys ought to be allowed to make a noise on the Fourth of July; I don't like to see them too quiet. It is a pity to see boys too grownup, as it is a pity to see grownup American men and women traveling in Europe, who act as if every day were the Fourth of July.

(Copyright, 1934.)

Tomorrow—College Instructor's List of Reading.

War on Beetles Will Start Soon

264 Traps to Be Placed Around Martinsburg.

Martinsburg, W. Va., July 4 (Spl.).—A total of 264 traps for the Japanese beetle will be placed about Martinsburg during the next few days by Inspector Millard C. Browning, of Ridgely, for U. S. Department of Agriculture. He has reported to city police concerning the work ahead, and secured their cooperation.

The Japanese beetle was found here two years ago, with none located last year, although traps were placed over the city. But some 27 were found at Keyser, and the eastern West Virginia border line will be well policed with traps this season to stop further infestation in the State.

Code Violation Will Be Probed

Cotton Garment Trade on Eastern Shore Involved.

Salisbury, Md., July 4 (Spl.).—As the result of alleged violations of the NRA code in the cotton garment industry on the Eastern Shore, the State compliance director has called meetings of contractors to review the situation.

The first meeting will be held at Easton, Md., on Friday. It is said 50 upper shore contractors have been asked to attend.

On July 9, Salisbury will be the scene of a meeting of cotton garment contractors with the compliance director and Joseph Atkinson, executive of the Baltimore regional code authority in attendance.

It is reported that code violations have been chiefly in connection with factories in the smaller towns and villages and rural sections. It is further asserted that manufacturers and contractors, by threatening to close their plants, have coerced workers and business men into agreement to code violation.

Although some contractors in this area are said to have made large profits by code violation, the chief beneficiaries, it was asserted, have been manufacturers in New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore.

2 Seriously Hurt As Auto Crashes

Crisfield, Md., July 4 (Spl.).—Clarence Daugherty, 47, and Robert Ford, 48, are in a hospital here today in a serious condition after Daugherty's automobile turned over on the State road near Hopewell, 4 miles from here.

Daugherty is said to have lost control of the car in trying to pass a truck. The car turned over in a ditch and was wrecked.

The two men are not expected to live. Daugherty's leg is broken and he has a wound in the head. Ford's back is believed broken.

OPENING DAY Sale

FLORSHEIM SHOES

$7.85 MOST STYLES — SOME STYLES $8.85

ALL STYLES

ALL SIZES

reduced for this occasion

● Now's your one chance this year to buy Florsheim Shoes at less than Florsheim standard prices. At these savings even regular Florsheim values are bettered—and there's no equal to that for economy! Come in and see for yourself!

Extra! Sale of Men's

HAHN SPECIALS

Entire Stock—Tri-Wear Grade

ALL SPORTS OXFORDS — Including real China Buckskins in all-over white or combinations.

ALL CALFSKINS —Many are new Fall arrivals that have not been on our shelves.

$4.85

Sale of Men's Summer Hose

3 Prs. Now.... 89c | 3 Prs. Now... $1.39

Hahn Shoes

Men's Shops
14th at G
7th & K
•3212 14th

•Open nights

Two Orators At Institute Noted Here

Senor Don Carlos Davila, Mr. Francis White Will Speak.

Former Capital Figures Appear on Virginia University Dais.

By Evelyn Peyton Gordon.

The Institute of Public Affairs which meets annually at the University of Virginia is now in session, and a number of quondam Washingtonians will attend to address the meeting, among them Mr. Francis White, former Assistant Secretary of State and former Minister to Czechoslovakia, who will make an address, as will the former Ambassador of Chile, Senor Dr. Don Carlos Davila.

The Chief of the Far Eastern Division of the State Department, Dr. Stanley K. Hornbeck, and Mr. Warren Kelchner, who accompanied the Secretary of State, Mr. Cordell Hull, to the Pan American Conference held last winter in Montevideo, will also speak.

It has been some time since Washington has had any word of the former Chilean Ambassador, Senor Davila, who left Washington several years ago for his own country, where he was involved in political difficulties, which led him to take his wife and their two small daughters, Violetta and Luz, to New York, where they have been making their home quietly for the past two or three years.

Senor Davila was a prominent newspaper man in his country before he was sent here as Ambassador, and at the embassy during his regime most interesting groups of guests were frequently assembled.

Embassy Artist.

Although Senora de Davila vehemently stated that society was a waste of time for an artist (which she really was) she found time between her painting and the frequent exhibitions which she held both here and in New York to be the perfect hostess to her husband's friends and acquaintances. An artist of very marked talent, with a penchant for the modernistic in her interpretation, Senora de Davila applied to the interior furnishings of the embassy the striking originality which characterizes her paintings, several of which were used in the various rooms.

Predominating in the drawing rooms and dining room of the house are crimson tones in the brocaded walls, hangings, rugs and upholstery, and Senora de Davila used this background to build upon with black and silver.

In the dining room she used rare silver service of Peruvian and Chilean hand wrought workmanship, which contrasted with numerous table pieces of black crystal and striking lacquer bowls of red and black. Long black tapers in silver holders, and modernistic silver bowls over the lighting fixtures indicated the cubistic trend, which Senora de Davila further carried out in her clothes. She always wore black and white and distinctive jewelry of cubistic design which she planned herself.

Successor Indicated.

When Senor Davila left his post in Washington he was succeeded by Senor Don Miguel Cruchaga Tocornal, veteran diplomat of Chile, who had been here before him. Now rumor says that Senor Cruchaga, who has been secretary of state in his own country since his departure more than a year ago, is to return in the place of Senor Don Manuel Trucco, the present Ambassador, whose brief tenure in the Capital was brought to an end by the double tragedy of his wife's death and an airplane accident in which he was injured while he was en route with his daughters by plane to join Senora Trucco at Santiago, just before her death.

He has not yet been able to resume his post.

The duties of Charge d'Affaires, however, are being ably handled by the Chilean Minister to Havana, Senor Don Emilio Edwards Bello. Should Senor Cruchaga return to Washington, a royal welcome awaits him from his many friends.

Mary K. Reinhart Wed at Hyattsville

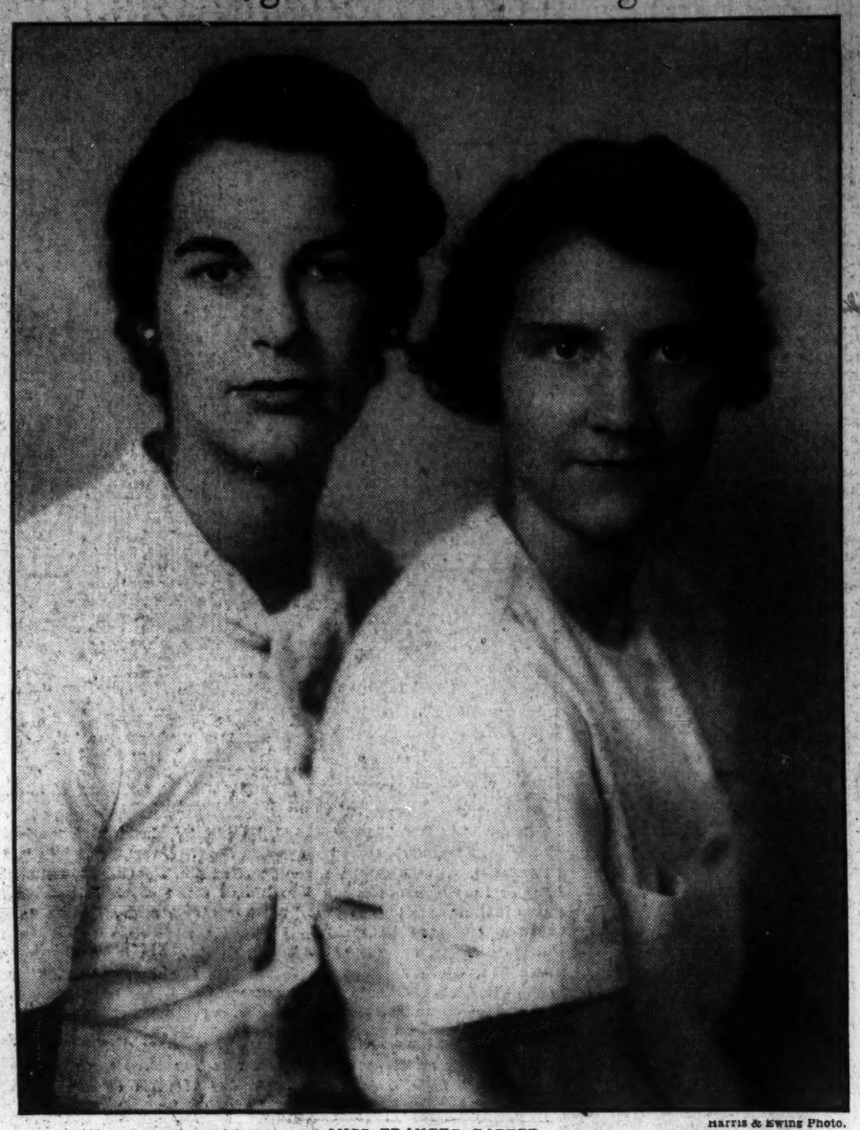
Marriage to Mr. Everngam Is Announced.

Announcement has been made of the marriage of Miss Mary Katharine Reinhart to Mr. Kirwin Thomas Everngam, which took place last Saturday in Hyattsville, Md. The Rev. Dr. D. Hobart Evans, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church of Hyattsville, officiated. Mr. and Mrs. Jack C. Morris, of Atlanta, were, respectively, best man and matron of honor.

The bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. Lucien Reinhart, of Shepherdstown and Huntington, W. Va., and attended Hollins College, at Hollins, Va. She was later graduated from Marshall College at Huntington.

Mr. Everngam is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Kirwin F. Everngam, of Denton, Md., and Baltimore, and is an alumnus of Washington and Lee University. He is a member of Sigma Alpha Epsilon Fraternity. The couple will make their home in Washington.

Charming Hostess and Young Guest



Harris & Ewing Photo.

MISS FRANCES CARTER,

daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Raymond H. A. Carter, and her guest, Miss Katherine Jackson, of London. Miss Jackson will return to England the end of this month, accompanied by Miss Carter, who will visit at Miss Jackson's home in Westerham, Kent.

OFFICIAL *and* RESIDENT

Society Notes

The Ambassador of Italy, Signor Augusto Rosso, will go to New York tomorrow and sail Saturday aboard the Conte di Savoia to spend the remainder of the summer in Italy.

The Ambassador of Spain and Senora de Calderon will return to Washington today from New York, where they have spent several days.

The Minister-Counselor of the embassy, Senor Don Luis Irujio, with the Second Secretary, Senor Don Ramon Padilla y Satrustegui, are spending a few days at White Sulphur Springs, W. Va.

The Secretary of State and Mrs. Cordell Hull will go to Newport later in the season to spend some time with the Chief of Protocol of the State Department and Mrs. James Clement Dunn, who have leased a house there for the summer.

The Secretary and Mrs. Hull will return to Washington today from Staunton, Va., where they motored to spend the holiday with the latter's niece, Mrs. Paul Hays.

The Minister of Norway and Mme. Morgenstierne sailed yesterday from New York aboard the Bergensfjord to spend the summer at their home. Although the minister and his wife are newcomers to Washington, they are not strangers in this country, the former having been Norwegian Consul General in New York for several years before his recent appointment as chief of mission to Washington.

Justice and Mrs. Stone Plan Visit to Rehoboth.

Associate Justice and Mrs. Harlan Fiske Stone, who have been at their summer home in Maine since the adjournment of the Supreme Court, will go to Rehoboth Beach, Del., the middle of this month to spend several weeks.

Justice and Mrs. Stone planned earlier in the season to make a trip to Mexico this summer, and it has not been ascertained as yet whether or not they will make the trip later in the summer.

The Secreary of the Treasury and Mrs. Henry A. Morgenthau, jr., and their children will leave their summer home in Dutchess County, N. Y., today and will go to their ranch in Montana to spend about a month. Mrs. Morgenthau and the children will then probably return to their farm and the Secretary will come to Washington, only spending occasional week-ends for the rest of the summer with his family.

The United States Minister to Nicaragua, Mr. Arthur Bliss Lane, entertained at two Fourth of July receptions yesterday at the Legation in Managua. The first was for high government officials and diplomatic representatives, and the other for the American colony in Nicaragua. In other countries also American envoys and American citizens celebrated the greatest of American holidays.

Senator Hattie W. Caraway has left Washington for her home in Jonesboro, Ark., having remained in town some time after the adjournment of Congress to attend the wedding of her son, Lieut. Paul Wyatt Caraway, to Miss Indel Roberts Little, which took place last Saturday.

Dinner Honors Lands At Hot Springs, Va.

Rear Admiral and Mrs. Emory Scott Land are spending some time at the Homestead at Hot Springs, Va., where they were entertained at dinner Tuesday evening by Mrs. Anson G. McCook, and her daughter, Mrs. McCook Knox, of Washington. Earlier in the day Admiral and Mrs. Land entertained at luncheon, when their guests were the former Undersecretary of State and Mrs. William R. Castle, jr., and Mr. and Mrs. Lee P. Warren.

Representative and Mrs. Paul H. Maloney, of New Orleans, who have been spending the past season at the Wardman Park Hotel, have left for their summer home at Pass Christian, Miss., on the Gulf Coast. They will return here in the late fall.

Rear Admiral Adolphus E. Watson, U. S. N., and Mrs. Watson have arrived at the Martinique to spend a few days.

The Assistant Secretary of State and Mrs. B. Sumner Welles entertained at dinner last evening at their country home at Oxon Hill, Md., in celebration of Independence Day.

Dr. Don Pedro Rivero, Secretary of the Venezuela Legation, has closed his apartment at the Shoreham for two months and will spend that time at the Washington Golf and Country Club, in Virginia, dividing his time between daily visits to the legation and his favorite pastime, golf.

Former Senator and Mrs. George H. Moses have gone from their home in Concord, N. H., to Crawford Notch, N. H., where they are the guests of Col. and Mrs. William A. Barron. Senator Moses has been writing his memoirs since he left Washington. Publication of the book is anticipated with interest by those who knew the popular statesman here.

The Director of the Mint, Mrs. Nellie Tayloe Ross, is also among the guests of Col. and Mrs. Barron.

Mr. Charles T. Seaverns Goes to New England.

Mr. Charles T. Seaverns has gone to Osterville, Mass., where he will spend the remainder of the summer at East Bay Lodge.

Mrs. Carl A. Droop has left for the North Shore of Massachusetts where she will be guest of Mrs. Henry Mitchell for several weeks. On her return, Mrs. Droop will join Mr. Droop at their country home near Bluemont, Va., for the remainder of the season.

Miss Louise O'Hare left yesterday for Cap Cod where she will spend two weeks at the Oak Crest Inn at Falmouth Heights.

Mrs. Edward, wife of Col. Frank B. Edward, U. S. A., retired, has come to the Martinique from Dallas, Tex., for a visit of several weeks.

Mr. Merle Thorpe and his young son, Merle Thorpe, jr., are spending some time at White Sulphur Springs, W. Va.

Mrs. Thomas Thompson has gone to Cape May, N. J., to spend the summer, and expects to reopen her apartment at the Shoreham in August.

Wife and Son Join Mr. Lindley Here.

Mrs. Ernest K. Lindley has joined Mr. Lindley in their apartment at the Wardman Park Hotel. Their small son is with them, and they will be here for the present.

Lieut. Harlan T. McCormick, U. S. A. and Mrs. McCormick of Selfridge Field, Mich., are spending some time at the Martinique.

Miss Fannie Haraway, Miss Martha Douglass and Mrs. Amos Jarman, of Helena, Ark., are spending the week at the Dodge, having come to the Capital to attend the National Education Association convention here this week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Hall and Mr. W. E. Phipps, all of Little Rock, Ark., are spending several days in the Capital. Mr. and Mrs. Hall are at the Washington Hotel and Mr. Phipps is at the Towerton. Mr. Phipps and Mr. Hall are officials in the Arkansas State department of education. Mrs. Hall is a widely known magazine editor and newspaper woman, and is head of the department of journalism at Little Rock Junior College.

Miss Virginia Bacon Penfield, of New York, is visiting her grandmother, Mrs. William Mark Conrad, and Col. Conrad, at their apartment at the Shoreham. She expects to go from here to the Lake Placid Club in the New York Adirondacks.

Culbertson on Bridge

1096

Squeezing the Dummy.

The squeeze play is ordinarily considered particularly the property of the Declarer. Countless contracts at the Bridge table are fulfilled by squeezes, many of them by accident and some by design.

In today's hand, played in the recent Individual Tournament at Crockford's Club, New York, in which 28 of the city's leading experts participated, Mr. Samuel Fry, jr., and Mr. Oswald Jacoby, defending the hand, had the unusual satisfaction of squeezing the Dummy and thereby defeating a vulnerable contract of two notrump, doubled, three tricks for a 900-point penalty. The hand was:

East, Dealer

North and South vulnerable

	♠ 10 6 ♡ A Q 4 2 ◇ 8 7 5 ♣ J 8 7 5	
♠ A J 7 5 ♡ K 10 9 7 6 ◇ J ♣ K 6 2	N W E S	♠ 9 4 2 ♡ J 8 5 ◇ A K 10 4 3 ♣ 10 9
	♠ K Q 8 3 ♡ 3 ◇ Q 9 6 2 ♣ A Q 4 3	

The bidding:

East	South	West	North
Pass	1♠	Pass	1NT
Pass	2♣	2♡	2NT
Pass	Pass	Dbl.	Pass
Pass	Pass		

The Double of two notrump may appear daring but is actually quite sound. West has two spade tricks over the Opening spade bid. He has a five-card suit of his own, which probably is not stopped more than twice. In addition, the club King is a probable trick winner and North and South have discontinued the bidding at an unusual contract. Mr. Fry, who sat West, reasoned that if the opponents could make two notrump only, his side was sure of a bad score on the board, which could not be much worse if they made it doubled.

East's Opening lead was a low heart, which the Declarer won with the Ace, Mr. Fry playing the King. The Declarer then attacked the club suit and the Queen lost to the King. A low heart was returned and permitted to hold, but North won the third round of hearts and then cashed three club tricks. He then led a spade from his own hand to the King, which was won by Mr. Fry with the Ace. The cards in the hand now were as follows:

	♠ 6 ♡ 2 ◇ 8 7 5 ♣ —	
♠ J 7 ♡ 9 7 ◇ J ♣ —	N W E S	♠ 9 4 ♡ — ◇ A K 10 ♣ —
	♠ Q 8 ♡ — ◇ Q 9 6 ♣ —	

Mr. Fry played the two established hearts, and the Dummy was squeezed. North could secure no more tricks. Either East would win the last three tricks with his three diamonds or Mr. Fry would win two spades and East one diamond.

Over Arlington Memorial Bridge On Upper Alexandria Road
12 to 8:30

Jones Close Home to Spend July at Farm

Care of Horses Attracts Washington Couple to Audley.

Mr. and Mrs. Bernard B. Jones have closed their home on Wyoming avenue for the summer, and have gone to their country place, Audley Farms, near Berryville, Va.

Audley is the stud farm for Mr. Jones' famous string of race horses, and there he and Mrs. Jones spend the month of July each year. The house is historic, having been at one time the home of Nellie Custis, and is set far back from the road in the middle of a spreading lawn, almost hidden by very old box bushes, and sheltered by tall elm trees.

The house, which is not large, is of brick painted a soft blue-gray, and the fields and paddocks which surround the gardens and lawns are bordered with white-washed fences. Beyond are the stables which quarter the horses and colts, that have brought and will bring fame to the Audley Stables.

Mr. and Mrs. Jones spend a restful time at their farm, entertaining only a few close friends, Mr. Jones spending the greater part of his time and attention on his horses. He knows each of more than the 100 mounts by name, and the colts are real pets to him. The selecting of their names is a task to which he devotes himself, finding interesting and catchy names that have not already been appropriated by others, and therefore are not to be duplicated.

Mrs. Keyes to Join Senator at Farm

Mrs. Henry Wilder Keyes will close her home in Alexandria, Va., shortly and will join Senator Keyes at their country home, Pine Grove Farm, in New Hampshire. The Senator has been there since shortly before Congress adjourned.

Mrs. Keyes has been recuperating from injuries received in a recent motor accident, and has made no plans for the summer other than for the visit to the farm where the members of her family will gather within the next few weeks. Mr. Henry Wilder Keyes, jr., who is practicing law in Boston, will spend his vacation the end of this month with his parents, and Mr. John Keyes is now on his way home from New Mexico, where he has been for some time.

Francis Keyes, youngest of the three sons, is home from his studies at Harvard for the summer.

Cummings Arrange Journey to Hawaii

The Attorney General and Mrs. Homer S. Cummings, who have been lingering in Washington, entertaining at numerous and charming informal parties at Ruthven, will start on a trip to Hawaii July 20. They will make the trip to the West Coast by land, stopping en route at Leavenworth, Kans., where the Attorney General will inspect the Federal prison there. He will also inspect the prison at Alcatraz Island, off the coast of California.

The Attorney General and Mrs. Cummings will sail from San Francisco July 27. They will sail from Hawaii for home on August 11, and on the return trip will visit the McNeil Island Penitentiary, arriving in San Francisco on August 16.

Westons Arrive From New York

Mr. and Mrs. J. Paul Weston, of New York, have arrived in Washington and are at the Shoreham to visit Mrs. Weston's parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Shelton, who have an apartment at the hotel.

Mrs. Weston has been ill, and Mrs. Shelton has spent most of the last two months with her in New York.

After ten days here Mr. and Mrs. Weston will go to White Sulphur Springs, W. Va. Mrs. Shelton expects to go later in the summer to Chicago, and Mr. Shelton will leave shortly for their ranch in Wyoming, where he will pass six weeks.

Mr. Pillsbury Today Marries Miss Bellows

The wedding of Miss Eleanor Bellows, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Adams Bellows, of 2101 Connecticut avenue, and Mr. Philip Winston Pillsbury, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles S. Pillsbury, of Minneapolis, will take place this afternoon, in Plymouth Congregational Church, Minneapolis. The Rev. Harry P. Dewey will officiate.

The bride will be preceded by two bridesmaids, Miss Harriet Sexton, of Grand Rapids, Mich., and Miss Beatrice Wells, of Minneapolis, and by the maid of honor, Miss Louise Marckwald, of Short Hills, N. J., all three having been classmates of Miss Bellows at Smith College.

The ushers who will take part in the bridal procession are Mr. Pillsbury's brothers-in-law, Mr. Oswald Bates Lord, of New York; Mr. John Becker, jr., of Castleton-on-the Hudson, N. Y.; Mr. E. Bates McKee, of Mount Kisco, N. Y., and Mr. Charles Sanger Bellows, of Washington. Mr. Pillsbury's best man will be Mr. Watson Pomeroy, of Milbrook, N. Y.

Following the wedding, there will be a small reception at the summer home of Mr. and Mrs. Bellows at Lake Minnetonka. Mr. Pillsbury and his bride will have a wedding trip abroad, returning about the first of September to live in Chicago.

Winmills Guests On McCann Yacht

Attend Deck Tea Party at Mill Neck, L. I.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert C. Winmill, who spent a part of the winter at their estate near Warrenton, Va., are now at their Long Island place, Boradill, at Mill Neck. Mr. and Mrs. Winmill were among the guests at the tea which Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. F. McCann gave yesterday aboard their yacht, Chalena, now moored in Hempstead Harbor.

Mr. and Mrs. McCann, who are at their country place, Sunken Orchard, for the summer, plan a series of short cruises in American waters this summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Winmill will entertain at a dinner dance on September 7, at their Long Island home, when they will present their daughter, Miss Viola Winmill, to society.

Dinner Tonight To Fete Couple

Miss Margaret English and her fiance, Mr. Richard Longstreet Poor, will be guests of honor at a dinner to be given at the Shoreham Terrace this evening by Mr. and Mrs. Edward Blair Yonker and Miss Mary Kathryn Spinks.

Mrs. Yonker and Miss Spinks are to be bridesmaids for Miss English at her wedding July 12.

Among the guests at the dinner will be Miss Peggy Poor, of Annapolis, Md., sister of Mr. Poor, and Miss Anna Randell, whose home is in Texas and who is visiting at the home of Miss English's parents, Dr. and Mrs. Merton A. English.

Miss Harris Gives Tea Today for Miss Veverka

Miss Nella Veverka, popular debutante daughter of the Minister of Czechoslovakia and Mme. Veverka, is the guest in whose honor Miss Florence Harris, daughter of Mrs. Russell-Bennett, will entertain at a tea this afternoon from 5 until 7 o'clock at the home of her mother at 2340 Massachusetts avenue.

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Fresh Fruits—Fresh Cream
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6 LESSONS $4.75
Expert Instruction By
LILLIAN CANNON
By Appointment
AMBASSADOR SWIMMING POOL

STORES WIDE CLEARANCE OF DRESSES
$5.00
WERE $10 to $19.75
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Rizik Brothers
1213 F Street N.W.
1108 Connecticut Avenue
(opposite Mayflower Hotel)
CLOSED ALL DAY SATURDAY
$12.95
WERE $25 to $49.75
TWO MARVELOUS GROUPS
BOTH STORES

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The age old right of unmolested freedom. Society—on its vacation—away from business routine—relaxed hours on the beach.—That's some of the real freedom at this private Beach Club.—Operated by the Cavalier exclusively for its guests and members. Superb surf bathing, dinner and supper dancing, golf, tennis and horseback riding—always something to do.—You'll have a real vacation here.

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50%
up to 75%
of true value

Liquidated by A. J. Billig & Co.
STORE HOURS—9:30 A. M. TO 6 P. M.

Consensus of Modern Opinion Seems to Be That Style Is a Thing All Can Achieve

Secretarial Head Gives Pointers to Unemployed

Find Out Name of Hirer; When You Get in Let Him Do Talking; Be Confident but Don't Antagonize, Is Her Advice.

By Elizabeth Perrow.

ALTERNATELY hopeful and discouraged, thousands of job-hunters haunt outer offices these summer days. During the day they make rounds of offices. At night they go home and write painstakingly clever letters to prospective employers.

If they can only get a "break," they believe, they will get a job. But to "breaks" and ability must be added a large amount of job hunting technique, experienced job hunters and personnel directors agree. They give some definite rules to help the job seeker.

"The girl who starts out looking for a job should first find out the name of the man who hires employes," Mrs. A. C. Beaver, vice president of the Washington School for Secretaries, said yesterday.

"Then she should not tell what she wants until she sees him. Yet she should never try to walk past a secretary who refuses to admit her. The most insignificant office employe may harm those who antagonize him."

Let Him Talk.

Once the job hunter gets an interview with the employer she should let him do most of the talking, Mrs. Beaver advises.

"If the employer says to the applicant, Now tell me about yourself,' she should cleverly turn the conversation back to the job by asking some leading question," Mrs. Beaver explained.

"In this way she will find what qualifications he demands, and will keep from talking too much. The applicant should never admit she can't do anything she is asked to do. If she has never done it, she can say 'I am sure I can.'"

By no means should the applicant appear nervous during the interview, Mrs. Beaver warns.

"She should be cool and poised," said the secretarial head. "She should not stay too long and when the interview is over she should leave immediately. She should not back out of the room, she should turn around and walk out."

Persistence Counts.

The bright girl will size up the office while in it, Mrs. Beaver says, and decide what is the best way to follow up the interview. Some offices will never admit a person the second time. In that case she should write letters. If a girl has the right personality she can get the job through persistence. But she must be careful not to antagonize her prospective employer.

Experienced job hunters have some important advice for novices in the game. "The girl looking for a job should look as prosperous as possible," advises one. "A wistful, pathetic expression never yet landed a job. She should be somewhat independent. And she should be confident, but not fresh."

Another advises, "The person who is looking for a job should make out a regular schedule for herself and work regular hours just as at a daily job. According to the law of averages, she will certainly get something eventually."

And one person who has successfully landed jobs all during the depression says, "the applicant should go in with some constructive plan for improving conditions in the office. She should not ask for a job, but for an opportunity to show what she can do. She should ask a higher salary than she expects to receive. That will make her employer respect her."

Quota Members To Go to Meet At Hot Springs

N. E. A. Schedules General Sessions for This Morning.

A LARGE delegation from the Washington Quota Club will attend the convention of the Quota International, opening today and continuing through Saturday at Hot Springs, Va.

The local Quota will be represented by Miss Alice Webster, president, and Miss Marguerite Hume, secretary.

Merle Thorpe will address the meeting on "The State of the Nation."

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Mrs. Charles Lake Bushnell, dean of women, State Teachers' College, Fredericksburg, Va., will speak before the Quotarians on "The Greatest Asset—At High Tide or Low."

Cameron Beck, director of the New York Stock Exchange Institute, will speak on "The Cost of Leadership." Ben A. Ruffin, associated with the Richmond Chamber of Commerce, and past president of Lion International, will discuss "Woman—Her Past and Her Future."

The convention will close with a banquet Saturday night. Golf, tennis and hiking in the Virginia hills will be the diversions between sessions.

N. E. A. Meetings.

THE National Education Association will hold two general seessions this morning, one at Memorial Continental Hall and the other at the Washington Auditorium.

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Department of administrative women in education will meet at 2 o'clock today in the east end of the main dining room of the Mayflower Hotel to discuss "The Work of a Local Branch," "What Should the Administrative Women in Education Do for American Citizenship?" and "Women in a Modern World."

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Department of classroom teachers will hold its meeting at 2 o'clock today in Room N, U. S. Chamber of Commerce. Reports will be given by the president and the various committees, and officers will be elected.

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Department of education research will meet this afternoon in the lecture room of the National Academy of Sciences. Topics for discussion will be "The Effect of Motion Pictures on Children," "The Use of the Radio in the Schools," "The Major Strategy of Guidance," and "The Use and Abuse of Standardized Tests in the Classroom."

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Department of school health and physical education will meet at 2 o'clock this afternoon in the assembly hall of the American Red Cross Building. Panel discussion and committee reports will be followed by a business meeting.

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Department of science instructions will hold its third session at 2 o'clock this afternoon in room 20, Stockton Hall, G. W. U. "The School and the Community" will be the topic of discussion.

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Other branches of the N. E. A. meeting this afternoon are: Department of secondary education, department of special education, school secretaries, National Association of Journalism Advisers, school government and National Congress of Parents and Teachers.

Soroptimists Arrive.

DELEGATES and visiting members to the biennial convention of the American Federation of Soroptimist Clubs, held in Baltimore this week, will come to Washington today to be the guests of the local Soroptimist Club.

A luncheon, under the direction of Mrs. Helena Doocy Reed, past president, has been arranged for the group today at the Willard Hotel.

The local Soroptimist Club is composed of 80 business and professional women, each a leader in her own field. There are 53 clubs in the American Federation and a greater number in the European Federation. At the conclusion of the convention today, the delegates will go to Paris for an international meeting.

Officers will be nominated at a meeting of the Ladies' Auxiliary to Branch, No. 4, Fleet Reserve Association, at 8 o'clock tonight at the home of Mrs. Philip G. Cronan, 4911 Arkansas avenue northwest.

Hostesses assisting Mrs. Cronan will be Mrs. Alexander Steele and Mrs. Bertis Karnes.

Phil Sheridan Unit, Women's Relief Corps, will hold its meeting tonight at the Thomas Circle Club.

What Today Means

"Cancer."

If July 5 is your birthday, the best hours for you on this date are from 8:30 to 9:30 a. m., from 11:30 a. m. to 1:30 p. m. and from 3:30 to 5:30 p. m. The danger periods are from 9:30 to 11:30 a. m., from 5:30 to 7:30 p. m. and from 9:30 to 11:30 p. m.

On this July 5 it might be advisable to avoid procrastinating, for deals that you feel "cock sure" of may be lost through delay. Competitors will be unusually alert. Be careful you do not let some one bluff you into doing something your better judgment warns you against. It might be wise to remember a stiff upper lip and backbone are two important factors for one to have, if they expect to successfully buck up against the commercial world today. It may possibly be advisable to refrain from discussing intimate office details with a stranger you are very likely to meet, who will very probably try to draw you into a conversation regarding your business. Avoid letting social activities interfere with matters of importance. It is always easy to think up a plausible excuse. This is a good day to extend an invitation of a social nature, if the affair is to take place at a future date. It may be inadvisable to give anything in the way of a party, which calls for lavish expenditure of money. You may find the money saved will come in handy for other forms of amusement. Lovers' quarrels will be patched up, if frank admission, by the one in the wrong, is made. The person, who is at fault, nearly always knows it, but usually a streak of stubbornness prevents their confessing. It takes real courage to admit a fault. It pays to be brave.

If a woman and born on July 5, a bit of advice, which you may later on find to be good, is never to jump too hastily to a conclusion or act on an important matter without considering it from every angle. You will perhaps be the lucky recipient of a good deal of attention, which may result in a gratifying addition to your worldly possessions. Social as well as educational work offer opportunities to those having your characteristics. If you marry, you should find married life all you desire it to be.

Children born on July 5, as a rule, are perfectly normal in all respects, and enjoy exceptional health as well as appetites. They usually cause very little trouble or worry.

If a man and born on July 5, you may be inclined to be a little too serious, and take comments made in the course of conversation as being intended for you personally, when such is not the intention.

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Associated Press Photo.

EMPRESS EUGENIE, right, famous titian-haired fashion leader of France during the reign of Napoleon III, is a historical exponent of the art of achieving distinction through dress. She was no slavish follower of styles, and preferred to create her own. Her modern prototype is Mrs. Harrison Williams, below, voted by Paris couturiers the best-dressed woman in the world. This, not so much because of her clothes, as how she wears them.

Movie Fashions Become Simpler, More Adaptable

Although It's Part of Their Job to Be Different, Hollywood Designers Agree Clothes From Their Scissors Should Be Less Stagey.

Hollywood is not the style center of the world, but countless women get ideas from clothes they see the stars wear and nearly every screen-designed gown is immediately copied or "adapted" for ready-to-wear shops. This is the first of three articles on Hollywood styles and their influences.

HOLLYWOOD, July 3 (AP).—The style designers of Hollywood seldom agree; it's part of their job to be different. But they finally have come to an agreement on one thing; they try to design for movie stars clothes that other women might wear or, at least, imagine themselves wearing.

Even the stanchest of movieland's defenders will admit that there was a time, not so long ago, when the sartorial splendor of the stars had a musical comedy flavor. But they point out with pride now that this is being changed and add that screen styles today are as adaptable to practical occasions as the much heralded innovations from Paris.

The Youthful Viewpoint.

And perhaps they are even more practical generally than those styles created in Paris for, says Adrian, "we in Hollywood approach the matter of clothes from a younger standpoint. Youth rules in material, design and motif. Paris is much more mature; its fashions favor older women."

Travis Banton feels the movie stylists have reached the point where simplicity is the keynote of their designing, which is bound, he says, "to make our clothes more popular than the exaggerated costumes of former days."

Because Hollywood styles are becoming more practical, they are having a greater influence in the fashion world. In previous years Hollywood created for pictorial effect alone. Omar Khayyam explains the greater interest in movie styles partly on the ground that women generally are becoming more daring and therefore ready and willing to adopt some of the extremes necessary in films.

A few years ago women wouldn't have dared wear a "pill box" hat such as Adrian stuck on Garbo's head in "As You Desire Me." Today they are commonplace.

Because Joan Crawford first wore a dress which became known as the Letty Lynton, hundreds of women admirers bought (at $18.75) and wore copies.

A fad becomes a fashion, it appears, when introduced by a celebrity.

The great difference between Hollywood and Paris fashions will be told in tomorrow's Post, in the second article of this series.

Associated Press Photo.

AS HOLLYWOOD STYLISTS achieve greater simplicity in costume design, they gain increased influence in the fashion world. Travis Banton, who designed the frock worn by Kitty Carlisle, above, is a leading exponent of simplicity in dress.

Women Break Sporting Rules, Professor Says

Flout Regulations of Conduct Men Obey, He Maintains.

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 4 (Spl.).—Women are poor sports. Because of their inferior physical strength they constantly break rules of conduct that men obey without question.

This estimate of the weaker sex has been formed by Dr. Oscar E. Hirtzberg, head of the department of psychology and research at the Buffalo State Teachers College.

"Because chivalry still lives, women generally flout little regulations of conduct men are careful to observe," said Dr. Hirtzberg when he announced the results of his study.

"When we refer to women as the weaker sex we only mean it physically, of course," said Dr. Hirtzberg. "They are just as intelligent as men in every way."

The educator found additional proof of his conclusions about poor sportsmanship when he interviewed traffic officers and department store executives.

"It's a wonder more women aren't killed, since most of them pay no attention to traffic signals," said one traffic officer. "They think nothing of making drivers stop for them while they stroll across the street without even looking up or down."

"It's usually a woman driver who suddenly pulls her car out of a line of traffic without giving a signal, causing several near accidents," was the way another traffic officer summed up women's sportsmanship in the streets.

"Women can't resist seeing how much they can get away with when it comes to observing signs," a department store executive told Dr. Hirtzberg.

PILLAR TO POST

Restless Sorority.

THE recent annual house party of a Western High School sorority established a new high for hilarity and a new low in sleep. In the past it was not unusual for them to wear out three chaperones in the week spent at a beach. One marched indignantly out of the cottage at daybreak, bag in hand and eyes ringed from loss of sleep. That time one of the girls' older sisters was sent for to pinch-hit.

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Experience has taught them care must be exercised in the selection of chaperones and only those mothers who are not fussy about having meals on time and who are not shocked by seeing girls run about in shorts are invited.

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This year two mothers were asked to officiate, as it is recognized one poor woman could not possibly stand the whole week. One of the two had been a chaperone last year and a popular one. She stayed up until all hours joining in the singing and giggling with a brightly assumed zest. This year she determined to get more rest by sleeping with a pillow over her head. The other chaperone, a doctor's wife, was a bit more clever. She came fully prepared with a box of sleeping pills and slept peacefully through all kinds of hullabaloo.

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Next door another sorority was vacationing. Whenever occupants of nearby cottages would descend to complain of noise, and the cottages being so close it was impossible to accuse the other of making the the racket, one sorority would decide which was the guiltier.

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There were boys galore continually around the cottage. An uncle of one who lives in a cottage not far away retaliated for being kept awake by hiring two small boys to beat upon empty rain barrels beneath the culprits' windows at 6 o'clock one morning.

Another neighbor, a woman who had gone to the beach to recuperate from a nervous breakdown, complained bitterly to the chaperone about her disturbed rest. The latter offered her some sleeping pills.

"But I am taking three kinds of medicines already," wailed the nervous wreck.

Strictly Speaking

French Words.

1. What is the word in common use for railway station?
2. What is the popular expression for instinctive knowledge of what to do in an emergency?
3. What is the connotation of the italicized word in this sentence: "While others started violently at the news of the disaster, Robert retained the *sang-froid* of a hero of romance"?
4. What is the English equivalent for *partie carree*?
5. How is *eclat* pronounced and what does it mean?

Bring Them Over This Way.

1. The word is *depot*, pronounced either DEE-po or DAY-po in this country and commonly called DEP-o in England.
2. *Savoir faire*, meaning literally "to know how to do" is the expression. It is pronounced sav-war-FAIR.
3. *Sand-froid*, the French expression for "cold blood" connotes calmness or composure. It is pronounced sahn-FWAH.
4. Literally, a square party. A party of four persons. It is pronounced PARTEE KA-RAY. "They dined a *partie carree*."
5. *Eclat*, meaning brilliance, splendor, or reputation for brilliance — is pronounced ay-KLAH.

It Is Not a Matter of Money But How Clothes Are Worn

Personality Expressed Through Medium of Clothes—That's Style, Says Washington Authority, Then Adds Confidence Absolutely Necessary.

Success or failure in the business or social world depends on no one attribute to the extent that it does on personality. There was a time when people said, "You have to be born with it!" But now they feel it may be acquired.

This is the fourth article in a series dealing with personality development.

By Francis Mangum.

STYLE is a step toward personality—and modern women are taking it.

Grandmothers and great-grandmothers saw style as a certain something. One had it, or one didn't. If one didn't—well, one didn't. Better concentrate on a pretty face, or bear in mind that "pretty is as pretty does."

But came 1934. Granddaughters and great-granddaughters said, "What is style? Why is it? If Empress Eugenie had it, if Mrs. Harrison Williams had it, why can't we?"

And right they are. Style students agree it is a certain something—but a something in reach of one and all.

Style as differentiated from fashion is simply this: Fashion is what to wear. Style is how to wear it. And it's as closely linked to personality as one Siamese twin to another.

Miss Mary Whiteman, stylist for Frank R. Jelleff, and power behind 68 style shows since last fall, says style is merely personality expressed through the medium of clothes.

Money Doesn't Count.

"If a woman is dressed to suit her type, or dresses to establish a type, is well groomed, walks well and shows she feels pretty sure she's a knock-out, the chances are she has style," said Miss Whiteman.

"But on the other hand, no matter how much coin of the realm has gone into her clothes, how carefully her colors are blended or matched, if she looks awkward—or ill at ease—she can not look stylish."

In many instances Miss Whiteman has been called upon to give style pointers to her models, suggest how this or that would enable them to show their clothes to better advantage.

These pointers shoot straight at every woman interested in adding style to her list of attractions.

"Carry your head naturally, and your chest up," directs Miss Whiteman. "Forget your hands. Carry your bag comfortably, thereby unconsciously."

She says she has often noticed how definitely a woman's mental attitude is reflected in the way she wears her clothes. She suggests the time a woman spends on dressing might also be utilized in smoothing out her mind.

Complete Before the Mirror.

"Let her complete her costume before leaving her mirror, make sure that every detail, hat, gloves, shoes, hose, are quite correct. Then she should put her appearance out of mind, and go forth reflecting the assurance her mirror lends to her," she said. "Instead of worrying about herself, she should evince interest in outside affairs. Show enthusiasm. And style will come as sure as suitors."

Style was lifted out of the intangible and placed in the realm of everyday matters by Mrs. Alma Barton, popular model for matrons' clothes.

Speaking in a soft musical voice, and with an emphatic gesture of her graceful hands, she said:

"Style to me is the technique of wearing clothes. Surely every woman will agree that clothes are definitely in line with personality, and the way they are worn an expression of it."

Miss Barton believes it isn't the clothes that count, but the way they are put across.

"And of course the putting across is style," she said.

"If a woman feels she lacks it and wants to acquire it, I think it's perfectly possible for her to do so. As I told a friend some time ago, one should begin first of all with the selection of clothes. They don't have to be expensive. They simply have to suit. I believe strongly in 'affinity dresses,' the sort one is definitely attracted to.

Study Will Help.

"In order to select the right kind of clothes," Mrs. Barton continued, "a woman should study fashion magazines and consult trained persons. If she has ever mastered fractions she can surely master fashions.

"After that she should train herself in confidence. If she holds her head high and keeps telling herself she looks like a million dollars—even in a $5.95—she will eventually feel that way. And once she does the battle is won!" she declared.

"Clothes now are carefully designed for tall, short, fat and thin. Sometimes I've even thought the stylish stouts had the best of it," she laughed. "So really it's a simple matter for women to select the right kind of clothes.

"Learning to wear them depends largely on their attitude. I'd say spirit if it didn't sound sentimental. But as a general thing, I believe that being well dressed, and having a feeling of well-being go hand in hand with most women. The only trouble is, a great many seem to fear expressing their pride, their assurance, and enthusiasm. They even veer off to the other extreme. If they could just realize how much all these things tend toward the style they are trying to acquire, maybe they wouldn't mind showing them!"

Mrs. Barton practices what she preaches. She wore a dark blue boucle suit, white hat and shoes, and carried white gloves and bag in her hand—all with a very definite air of assurance, combined with undeniable flaire. She carried herself regally and looked as though she felt that way.

The Man's Viewpoint.

A man's viewpoint about this thing called style was expressed by Alfred Pasternak, who said he was also speaking for his father, M. Pasternak, owner of a Connecticut avenue dress shop.

"Day after day," said the young M. Pasternak, "women come in and out of the shop. I have a splendid opportunity to look on from the sidelines and study styles. I've come to the conclusion it's a verve, a flair for wearing clothes, and can only be acquired by wearing clothes suited to the personality.

"My father frequently suggests to women that if they want their clothes to help them they should hold their shoulders up. Just that, of course, can't bring style, but it can help a lot. Hundreds of women ruin their costumes by that one thing, posture. On the other hand, those who have good carriage sometimes miss style by not choosing the proper clothes.

"There isn't any excuse for a woman to feel that because she's a certain type she can't be stylish. Any woman can—if she'll study her personality, dress to suit it, and heed little rules of walking and standing well!"

What is a personality technique? What are some attractive mannerisms which any woman can develop? Read in tomorrow's Post in the fifth article of this series what authorities say on the subject.

Forecast For You!
LANVIN'S latest idea
Adapted Just for JUNIORS!
Fresh from the Paris mid-season openings . . . this idea that hints of the "Directoire" trend! A sleek formal satin with huge gold medallions . . . a skirt that's slashed so each step is a fresh temptation . . . a spreading train for elegance . . . and a cellophane belt! What more could you desire for a triumphant evening! The Junior Deb Shop is constantly receiving advance fashions just as thrilling!
$25
SIZES 11 to 17
BLACK and WHITE
Junior Deb Shop, 4th Floor.
THE NEW Jelleff's
1216-1220 F STREET

Holey Mesh Makes Cool Junior Suits

Two-Piece Outfits Perfect for Beach Wear and Street, Too.

By Ruth Anne Davis.

ALL THE juniors in town who have listened to their fathers and mothers exclaim over the "two-piece summer specials" they're going to get for $10, $15 or $20 can now lisp their own intentions. For a local store has two-piece specials for juniors, and these are only 59 cents!

Furthermore, they're a lot cooler than mother's silks and father's seersuckers. These are cotton mesh, one mass of air holes! And they include the next-to-nature sun suits that permit plenty of exposure, and a little jumper sweater "for propriety's sake."

When parents bedeck their brood for the beach sometimes a little argument occurs about whether the backless-frontless attire is sufficient to wear to and from. And then there's a little resistance in yells and shrieks from those who object to wearing more.

Here indeed is the solution. The sweater transforms the outfit into a street costume, and the sweater removed makes it ideal for the back yard, the beach or the wading pool.

And don't forget, both suit and sweater of cool cotton mesh for only 59 cents. They're available in numerous pastel shades.

* * * *

Lamps Very Versatile.

It's a matter of personal preference whether the lamps featured in a downtown store hang from the wall or sit on the table. They're designed to be adaptable either way. Some choose to hang them in the hall over the table, or over the stair landing. Others find them suited to small corner tables.

At any rate, wherever they're used they answer a definite need. Few people like to return to houses or apartments late at night and find them in total darkness. But just a few like to run up the bill by burning bright lights. These lamps have small globes and use very little electricity.

The frames are wrought iron. The shades, parchment. The price, one dollar.

* * * *

Hooked Chair Covers.

Women who haven't the time nor patience to make needlework covers for their chairs, find an inexpensive and appropriate solution in the hooked chair covers featured in an F street shop. It's difficult to describe them without making them sound rather usual, when they're anything but that. A variety of colors are combined. They're cut to fit almost any chair.

Each one is done by hand along the early American lines.

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Panama Set.

A panama set from Ecuador is both unusual and attractive. It includes a native lacework Panama hat of natural with touches of vivid green, a belt and bag to match. There's also a strip of plain Panama puzzling at first. It seems that this is for sandals. It's up to a good shoemaker to make his own design, and cut and sew to suit the lady's fancy.

* * * *

Political Chemist.

Sometime ago we told of a chemist who was also a poet and spoke of his passion for wandering through the woods and fields early in the morning when the boughs of trees hung heavy with dew and grass glistened like silver.

He was a man who loved the "haunting odor of meadows at twilight, the freshness of wet woods at dawn." One morning the thought came to him to create a perfume which would express the thrilling fragrance of the outdoors. He worked many days and nights in his laboratory but the scent always just eluded him.

Betaking himself once again to the woods he wandered through the forest, seeking to lay hold of something tangible enugh to enable him to reproduce the tangy freshness of the outdoors in a perfume. We recounted how after days and nights of seeking he was suddenly and surely inspired and returned to his laboratory to successfully complete his undertaking.

He captured the aroma of pines, cedars and scented palms and imprisoned them in a forest perfume. Later he lighted this fragrance and placed it in a cologne.

A downtown store has it now, in lovely etched glass decanters, an eau de cologne which really embodies the cooling, restful scent of fresh growing green things.

* * * *

Indoor Sand Box.

A local store suggests a new way of pleasing Junior. "If he likes to play in sand—and what child doesn't?—he's an unfortunate kid if he lives in an apartment house where there's no yard for his sand box. At least one would think so right off. But wait a minute. Come up and see what we have. Junior can have a sand box right inside the house, and won't be the kind that gets things mussed up."

An invitation like that can scarcely be ignored. For here's a shop that lives up to its word, this time with little sand troughs. Each trough is filled with sand and comes complete with a wooden stool for Junior to sit on while he makes mud pies or frog houses. The set is only $1.

Call Ruth Anne Davis, of The Washington Post, National 4200, Extension 105, for further information. Or write, inclosing stamped, addressed envelope.

Spanish Cook Is Watched While Fixing Native Meal

BRIGHT BRASS or copper pots and pans, scrupulously clean and shining, line the white walls of the Spanish kitchen. soon they will be steaming with good things that will effectively appease the appetites of the hungry family.

She Cooks Puchero, a Castilian Favorite for Our Delectation; Arroz Valenciano Is the Dish of the Valencians.

When the castanets are laid aside and the bullfighter's cape is hung on a nail, and the people of Spain rest from work and play what do they eat?

In the land of gay laughter, bright colors and romantic guitars, we find many interesting and delightful culinary creations. Today we go to Spain's kitchen and watch her housewives at work. This is one of a series of articles on national foods.

By Susan Mills.

A SPANISH housewife takes her beads and baskets and goes to market to buy the staples for the day's meals. Shall we follow her?

The brilliant color and gayety of Spanish life is concentrated at the market place. Above there is the sky, deep and blue, looking down on walls intensely white. Scarlet pimientos that are ripe and green, ones that have yet to ripen are displayed; red cabbages lend their tints to the cauliflower beside them. Here is a chicken vender; his live birds tied by the feet and slung over the back of a donkey.

A flower girl, beautiful and barefooted, offers her dazzling blossoms, flashing a smile or a witty phrase as the sale is made. In the fruit stalls there are peaches from Aragon, golden oranges from Valencia, bananas from the Canaries, big melons from Castile, green figs from Andalusia—all these are ready for the housewife's purchase.

The housewife bargains and buys, argues with venders that offer what seem to her unreasonable prices. She may stop in the cathedral that is close at hand, tell her beads, then go home to prepare the family dinner.

Utensils Vary.

We follow her into her kitchen. It is bright and clean; brass or copper utensils seem to smile from the white walls. Cooking utensils vary according to the district. In the Castiles the puchero is cooked in a vessel that takes its name from the dish sacred to it. The puchero is a jug or pot of blue enamel. Into this pot the housewife puts a quantity of chick-peas or garbanzos, which have been soaked over night. Then she adds a piece of meal, bacon, beef, a well seasoned sausage, or all three, and allows the whole to boil for hours.

The resultant dish yields not only soup, but a meat course, and in some households vegetables are added to the pot. Puchero is a meal in itself, and is eaten 365 days of the year by some Castilian Spaniards.

But if our lady is a Valencian she may make the dish of that secsection, arroz valenciano. In which case she will cover the bottom of a large earthenware vessel with pure olive oil. She will add, when the oil is heated to the proper temperature a quantity of rice, and allow it to become golden brown. Veal is added, water enough to cover the meat. The wise and experienced indicate that two cups of water are added for every cup of rice. Then into the pot fall some red peppers, and the lid is clapped on. After an hour or two if all goes well within the pot there should be a result that will drive all sorrow from life. Sherry is the alcoholic accompaniment.

"After God the Olla."

In northern Spain the popular dish is the olla podrida. It is so dear to the Spanish heart that there is a proverb that says "After God the Olla." It is a mixture not unlike an Irish stew, consisting of meat, onions, garlic, potatoes, and oil.

Pisto is eaten in La Mancha, the land through which Don Quixote sought to confer honor on his Dulcinea. It is a combination of eggs fried in oil with a mixture of chile peppers and green pimientos. It is the consistency of thick soup.

The pig occupies a responsible and honorable position in Spain. Great herds of them precede the piping swineherd through the Andalusian country. The pigs are fed sumptuously, and, unconscious of impending doom, they wax so fat there is considerable difficulty assisting them to the markets. Two or three days before the pig-slaying event, all housewives leave orders with their respective butchers.

On butchering days all large cities are one big squeal. Thousands of animals pass lamenting out of life, only to become hams, steaks, chops, feet and sundry parts for the pig-loving public.

The cured hams are sometimes cut into thin slices and eaten raw, or cooked in sugared water and sherry. The result is considered one of Spain's delicacies.

Spanish tortillas are varieties of omelets. When eggs, green vegetables and potatoes have met their common end in olive oil, a tortilla is the result. This dish is a favorite of travelers. The Spaniard will cut a loaf of bread in half, insert a tortilla and be well fortified against hunger as he travels the roads.

They Drink Chocolate.

The national beverage is chocolate. It is served in small cups as the Turks serve coffee. The housewife buys the chocolate in cake form. She cuts it up, adds enough water to make a thick paste and melts it in a heavy iron kettle. Spices are sometimes added.

A great deal of dried fish is consumed in Spain. Sardines and anchovies are eaten fresh, cod reaches fine size and excellent quality, salmon and trout come from the North. Some dried fish is imported from Iceland.

It is a common sight in a Spanish city to see a little company of goats, decorated with tinkling bells, driven through the streets and milked in front of the houses of the patrons. Spanish doctors hold goat's milk in highest esteem. The fleshof the goats is included in many national dishes, and on picnics the kids are often roasted whole.

Next week we examine the hot tamale, and ask Mexico what else she serves for dinner. Watch for the article on Mexican cooking on this page next Thursday.

Single Persons Die Earlier in Bulgaria

MARRIED persons live longer than single ones in Bulgaria, according to a recent investigation. But scientists attribute their longevity more to heredity and open-air occupations rather than to their connubial state.

Bulgaria now has 158 persons who are more than 100 years old. One hundred and fifty-four of this number are married, but all of the 158 are either children or grandchildren of persons who have lived much longer than the average person.

One hundred and twenty-five of the 158 drink moderately, 33 are teetotalers. Only 48 smoke, even though Bulgaria is a tobacco-growing country.

Up to this time Lithuania and Portugal have held the world record for longevity.

SLANDER

By Arthur Somers Roche

(Continued from Yesterday.)

A BURLY policeman checked Martha and Bert Cranston at the door of the hospital.

"Friends of Dr. Peter Baxter," Cranston explained.

The officer looked doubtful.

"There's hundreds of people been trying to get in here," he said. He looked at Martha. Haggard though she was from apprehension and exhaustion, she was nevertheless the prettiest girl the policeman had ever seen. "I'll let you in," he said.

In the hallway was another officer. He too appraised Martha and discovered in himself a graciousness not too usual with him. The Lord only knew what room Dr. Baxter was in, or what he was doing, but he'd find out. He did, and a moment later they ascended a flight of stairs to the second floor. A white-coated surgeon met them.

"Friends of Dr. Baxter? Well, I guess you can see him. He's about all in. Only quit work 15 minutes ago. Burned worse than a lot of people who have been put to bed, but he refused to rest."

Martha Touched.

He led them to a door which he unceremoniously opened. There, upon a bed, his face swathed in bandages, but fully dressed, lay Baxter. A cry of pity burst from Martha's lips. She almost ran across the little room to bend over the injured man.

The blue eyes of Baxter flashed with a light unmistakable to any woman.

"Peter, can you talk? Are you suffering dreadfully?"

She could only see his eyes, nose and mouth, but the latter curled in a grin, and the eyes twinkled.

"I'm all right. Probably better than I ever was. Sometimes freckles are cured by a burn. Hello, Cranston. Nice of you two to come here. Mind if I don't get up?"

"You musn't even think of such a thing," said Martha. "Pete, are you badly hurt?"

"I'm not too good," he admitted, "but a night's rest will fix me up."

Martha straightened up.

His News Revealed.

"And we're keeping you from that rest. We'll leave you right away."

He shook his head and the movement made him grimace with pain.

"Don't do that. I won't sleep for some time. Tell me, what are you two doing here—together?"

Martha answered the implied question first.

"That's accident," she said hastily. "Bert found out where I was and came to see me. Over the radio we heard of the wreck and motored right over here."

"Darned nice of you," said Baxter. "Never expected to see you two again. Not for a long time, anyway."

"What do you mean by that?" demanded Martha.

"On my way to China. Catching a boat from Seattle on Saturday. Going to a place called Tai Ping, to stay at least three years, and probably the rest of my life. Being sent out there by the Medical Foundation. Something I've wanted to do all my life, it seems to me, and the chance came last week. I grabbed it."

"You're going to China?" Martha's voice was low, incredulous.

His Safety Assured.

Baxter grinned, and then winced as the twitch of his lips made pain shoot across his cheeks.

"Might run into you, Bert. You might come moseying down from Mongolia or across the Gobi Desert on one of your trips. I hope you'll tip your hat the way Stanley did to Livingston and say, 'Dr. Baxter, I presume.'"

The doctor who admitted them spoke now.

"I think it's about time Dr. Baxter tried to sleep. You can come back and see him in the morning."

"You mustn't bother about me," said Baxter. "I'm all right. I'll be taking a train for Chicago tomorrow. Today, I guess I mean. I can't miss that boat."

Martha looked apprehensively at the physician who stood by. He nodded.

"Dr. Baxter can make the trip," he said. "Those burns will be very uncomfortable for some time to come, but he can treat them himself. If he gets a good sleep now he'll be all right."

Even as he spoke Baxter's eyes closed and his mouth relaxed.

Reporter Persisted.

"I gave him an opiate," whispered the attending physician. "You'd better go now."

Outside still lingered the persistent reporter, but Cranston pushed by him and helped Martha into their waiting car. He told the driver to take them to the hotel.

"I managed to engage a couple of rooms when we stopped there a while back," he said. "You need rest as badly as Pete does."

"He's going to China," said Martha. "For three years. Maybe longer."

Cranston took her hand in his.

"Does it mean so much, Martha?"

She looked at him. Even in the darkness he could see the liquid gleam in her eyes, a gleam that could be brought there only by welling tears.

"It means more than anything, Bert."

She felt his fingers press her own.

"Well, you said you'd give me my answer before we separated tonight, and you've kept your word."

"Have I hurt you, Bert?" she asked.

Martha Confesses.

"Why think about my hurt?" He pressed her hand again.

"I'll cure your hurt," she said impulsively.

He shook his head.

"I don't think that can be done," he smiled.

"I never really loved you, Bert," she said. "Oh, I'm ashamed to confess it, but I'm not the kind of girl you thought I was. I don't mean the dreadful things that Gerrish hinted at. But I do mean that I was the kind of a girl who would pretend to love a man when what she wanted was his money. And the hurt that kind of girl gives can't last long. Not when a man knows that she is cheap and mean and mercenary."

"And you expect me to believe that you were those things?"

"I am those things, I learned I had no money. I intended to marry you, not because I loved you—although I think you're one of the finest men I ever knew—but because you had money, position, fame, all the things I wanted a husband to have."

He Couldn't Bear It.

"Why tell me now?" he protested. "I just told you why. So that you won't feel too badly about me. Bert, you'd never have been happy with me. All this scandal, this dreadful notoriety—it will be unending. You heard that newspaperman just now? Every time anything happens the papers will reprint the story of what we went through. You can stand that by yourself. But if you were married to me, if the papers hinted a scandal about your wife—you couldn't stand it, you'd be miserable."

"I'll be miserable without you," he told her.

"But not for a lifetime, Bert. You'll think clearly, you'll see clearly. You'll see that we wouldn't have been happy. And you'll decide in your heart that I'm not the kind of girl to be miserable about. A girl who would contemplate marrying a man she didn't love isn't the kind of a girl you'll break your heart over."

He tried to smile.

Baxter Didn't Ask.

"You're pretty grand, Martha. Because you don't want me to be unhappy you try to make yourself out less nice than you are. But you can't convince me. The very fact that you try to prove you aren't nice proves how great you are. Are you going to marry Baxter?" he asked suddenly.

She felt the hot color sweep over her face.

"He hasn't asked me," she said.

Cranston laughed; there was no gayety in the sound.

"It won't be difficult to get him to do that, will it?"

"How can I marry a man who's starting a new career, who doesn't want to be hampered by a wife? At least, he shouldn't want to be."

"But if you don't—what then?"

Into her voice came the merriment that was never too deeply submerged by unhappiness.

Disturbed Thought.

"I'm a most efficient companion-governess. Mrs. Gray doesn't mind the fact that I deceived her about my name. She wants me back."

"But, good lord, you can't keep up that sort of thing, Martha. It isn't the kind of a life you can stand. I never heard anything so absurd. A companion, a governess! That isn't the sort of life for you, and you know it."

"Peter hasn't refused to marry me yet," she reminded him.

"But a moment ago you said you wouldn't hamper him."

"That was a moment ago," she said. "Oh, Bert, how do I know anything? How can I tell you anything?"

"You can tell me one thing. You can tell me that if you're in trouble, in need, you'll remember that I love you and that I want to be your best friend on earth. Will you promise to come to see me for anything you need?"

"I promise," she said.

(To be continued tomorrow.)

How to Keep Well

By Dr. Irving S. Cutter.

How to Live With Chronic Arthritis.

Arthritis, the most ancient of all diseases, afflicts in chronc form a large proportion of our population. If pride of ancestry means anything, all persons afflicted with this condition may possibly find comfort in the fact that the Pharaohs of ancient Egypt had arthritis. Unfortunately, in certain cases the disease is disabling in character.

Just what brings on arthritis is not definitely known. It is probably an infection which may exist in some part of the body. The teeth, tonsils, sinuses, urinary tract, prostate, and many other possible sources of infection have been blamed. There is no doubt that overwork and fatigue have much to do with the development and progress of the disease. Fatigue is mental as well as physical. In fact, the signs of fatigue are equally as noticeable after mental effort as after severe physical strain.

Once arthritis has been established and recognized, attention must be directed to combating further spread of the disease and to the maintenance of physical efficiency with the following points in mind:

1. Building body resistance. This can be accomplished by rest, proper diet, and relief from physical and mental overload.

2. A definite anemia usually accompanies arthritis, and this must be combated by appropriate means known to physicians. The normal number of cells in the blood is rarely disturbed, although there may be a fairly high level of white cells. The disease has a tendency to destroy hemoglobin, which is the oxygen carrier of the blood, and this must be maintained at a normal level by appropriate medication and food.

3. There is a definite tendency toward the destruction of capillaries in various parts of the body, bringing about a reduction in the blood supply to important structures. Circulation may be stimulated and maintained at normal levels by the use of proper food, sunlight, gentle massage, and moderate exercise. Many mistakes in the treatment of chronic arthritis have been made by attempting massage or manipulation that causes or accentuates pain. In no uncertain terms pain says "no" to massage.

We must learn to live with arthritis. If possible, live it down; if not, the suggestions noted will help to control the disease through improved body hygiene.

(Copyright, 1934, by the Chicago Tribune.)

Rah Rah Boys Usually Make Bad Husbands

Good Old College Spirit Keeps Them From Growing Up.

NEW YORK, July 4 (Spl.).—Emotionally maladjusted adults, low mental ages and unhappy marriages are the result of the rah rah activities carried on in American colleges, according to Dr. Paul Popenoe, head of the Los Angeles Institute of Family Relations, who is here attending a conference on family relations at Columbia University.

"Very often young people coming out of college don't know how to live," he said. "They are Peter Pans who have been existing in an unreal world. As a result they have become emotionally imbued with the desire for beating old Siwash and this has retarded their acquaintance with the realities of adult existence. The 50-year-old alumni who persist in rooting for the good old college team have a mental age of not more than 14."

Dr. Popenoe stated his belief that many marital troubles arise from the fact that married couples do not realize the husband is a male and the wife a female. Wives complain about their husbands and you discover what they are really sore about is that, being a man, hubby possesses the characteristics of that sex. The wives say their husbands are vain. Well, they should know that when they go to the altar. All men are vain. You can trace that characteristic right down through the ages.

CAPITAL KITCHEN

Full-Flavored Spanish Dishes Add Zip to Plain Menus.

By Susan Mills.

A FEW Spanish recipes might brighten up menu monotony. They have interest and color, flavor and originality.

Spanish Peach Salad.

Lay halves of three medium peaches on a lettuce leaf. Pour a little shredded pineapple over the peaches, and then garnish with pimientos. Serve with a dressing made as follows: To ¾ cup sugar add ½ teaspoon salt, ¼ teaspoon mustard, ½ teaspoon paprika, ¼ teaspoon black pepper. Mix well, add a teaspoon vinegar, and beat in a quarter cup olive oil. Beat briskly with a fork.

Valentia Rice.

Warm a pint of very fine olive oil. Add ¼ pound of picked and scalded rice, ¾ pound veal or fowl cut in small pieces. Add 3 fresh tomatoes, 1 chopped onion, garlic, parsley, pepper and salt. Stir in hot oil for ¼ of an hour. Add ½ pint water or broth. Cover tightly and stew slowly until rice has absorbed liquid.

Spanish Pancakes.

Beat 2 eggs very light, add 1½ cups milk, 1 tablespoon melted butter, 2 cups of flour and a little salt, sifted with the flour. Fry on a griddle, and serve spread with guava jelly and rolled. Sprinkle with powdered sugar.

Fall Dresses Will Feature Back Buttons

Sports Things to Flaunt Them From Waist to Neckline.

BUTTONS are marching up the backs of autumn sports dresses, and one-piece dresses will make few appearances without them.

These buttons usually extend from the waist to the neckline. Other dresses have a shallow button closing at the back instead of the front of the neckline.

But the two-piece dresses, which are constantly growing in favor, are seldom decorated with buttons. In these dresses the blouse is usually hip length and belted at the normal waistline. The simulated two-piece dress is seen frequently, the front of the dress giving the effect of a jacket or overblouse, and the back plain.

Knit overblouses and woven fabric skirts are constantly recurring, and are especially suitable for school girls. Many of these have jersey blouses with plain tweed skirts that match them in color, or patterned tweed skirts. In some cases the knit blouses are patterned and the skirt is of monotone tweed.

The shirtwaist dress continues to be popular. Soft silk or velvet ties, original armhole cuts, and new pocket details give them individuality. The coat-shirtwaist dress that buttons the full length of the center front and the two-piece shirtwaist frock with jacket blouse buttoning up center front to club collar is especially attractive.

In Case You Were Away Over the Holiday and Didn't Read Our Tuesday and Wednesday Ads.

HERE ARE THE IMPORTANT

Summer Savings

Starting TODAY!

1000 Summer Dresses AT THE LOW PRICE.. $3.00

Picot Top Chiffon Hose Sheer Quality, Special . . 57c pr.

1800 Pairs of Summer and Early Fall Shoes .. $2.00

12,000 yards of Sheer Cotton Prints, Special . . 17c yd.

3000 Cotton Wash Frocks (3 for $2.94) . . . $1.09 ea.

$3.95 to $5.95 Swim Suits In a Special Sale at . . . $2.99

A Thrilling Sale of Summer Dresses at $12

64-Inch Metal Utility Closets, 6 Shelf Spaces . . $2.95

1500 Pairs of Summer Curtains, Many Styles 57c pr.

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Look for the Summer Savings

Kann's "The Avenue"—7th, 8th and D Sts.

On All Four Floors

Washington Post Sports

Crawford Trims Shields, Perry Beats Wood to Kill U. S. Hopes

Yankees Lose And Win at Boston

Drop First Game, 8-5, but Take Second, 10-4, Behind Deshong.

Wes Ferrell Is Pounded Out; Bill Werber Is Star at Bat.

BOSTON, July 4 (AP).—A holiday crowd of 33,819 saw the Boston Red Sox win the first game of a double-header with the New York Yankees, 8 to 5, and then drop the second, 10 to 4.

The Sox slammed the offerings of Danny MacFayden for 12 hits before a man was out in the fifth inning of the first game and scored 7 of their 8 runs at his expense. Every Boston player hit safely at least once, and Werber singled twice, scored three times, drove in a run and stole his twentieth base.

Jimmy Deshong held the Red Sox to four hits in the nightcap for his first victory of the season. The Sox scored four times, twice in the second, when Hoag, who replaced Babe Ruth in left field, dropped a fly ball.

Wes Ferrell Starts.

Wes Ferrell started the first game for Boston but gave way to Southpaw Fred Ostermueller in the fifth after the Yanks nicked him for eight hits. Ostermueller held the visitors to four hits in five innings and got credit for the win. With the score at five-all in the last of the fifth Porter singled, Rick Ferrell doubled and Lary singled to center, scoring two runs.

Welch started on the mound for Boston in the second game but gave way in the first inning to Pennock, who was then replaced by Walberg. Joe Mulligan, big right-hander from Holly Cross, finished the game, yielding but one hit and one run in four innings. Dickey, Yankee catcher, hit three singles.

Werber Hits Triple.

The Red Sox scored once in the first on Werber's triple and Morgan's infield out, twice in the second on Hoag's muff, and once in the ninth on Hinkle's double and Lary's single.

First Game.

New York	AB	H	O	A	Boston	AB	H	O	A
C'etti,ss,3b	4	2	3	4	Cissell,2b..	4	1	4	5
S'gaver,3b	4	2	0	2	Werber,3b..	4	2	1	0
†Ruffing	1	0	0	0	Morgan,1b	4	2	10	0
Rolfe,ss..	0	0	1	0	R.J'son,lf..	4	1	0	0
Ruth,lf....	0	0	2	0	Solters,cf..	3	1	3	0
Gehrig,1b	5	2	9	0	Porter,rf..	4	2	2	0
Ch'man,cf	3	2	3	0	R.F'rell,c..	4	2	6	1
Dickey,c..	4	0	4	0	Lary,ss....	3	2	1	0
Byrd,rf....	5	1	2	0	W.F'rell,p.	1	0	1	1
Heffner,2b	4	0	2	3	O'mueller,p	2	0	0	1
MacF'en,p	3	1	0	2					
VanAtta,p	0	0	0	1	Totals..	35	14	27	10
*Hoag....	1	0	0	0					
Grimes,p..	0	0	0	1					
Totals..	38	12	24	13					

*Batted for Van Atta in eighth.
†Batted for Saltzgaver in eighth.

New York	0	0	2	2	1	0	0	0	5
Boston	3	2	0	0	2	0	0	1	x—8

Runs—Crosetti, Saltzgaver, Ruth, Chapman, Byrd, Werber (3), Morgan, Johnson, Porter, R. Ferrell, W. Ferrell. Errors—Ruth, Chapman, Byrd, Cissell. Runs batted in—Ruth, Gehrig, Dickey, MacFayden (2), Porter (2), Lary (2), Werber, R. Johnson, R. Ferrell. Two-base hits—Ruth. MacFayden. R. Ferrell. Stolen bases—Chapman, Werber. Sacrifice—Cissell. Double plays—Saltzgaver to Heffner to Gehrig; Morgan (unassisted). Left on bases—New York, 11; Boston, 8. First base on balls—Off MacFayden, 2; off Van Atta, 1; off W. Ferrell, 3; off Ostermueller, 2. Struck out—By MacFayden 3; by Van Atta, 1; by W. Ferrell, 2; by Ostermueller, 2. Hits—Off MacFayden, 6 in 4 innings (none out in fifth); off Van Atta, 1 in 3 innings; off W. Ferrell, 8 in 4 innings (none out in fifth); off Ostermueller, 4 in 5 innings. Winning pitcher—Ostermueller. Losing pitcher—MacFayden. Umpires—Owens and Summers. Time of game—Two hours and 29 minutes.

Second Game.

New York.	AB	H	O	A	Boston.	AB	H	O	A
Crosetti,ss	4	1	2	3	Cissell,2b..	2	1	3	1
Saltz'r,3b	5	2	2	0	Hallett,2b..	3	1	2	2
Ruth,lf....	3	0	0	0	Werber,3b..	4	1	1	0
Hoag,lf....	3	1	3	0	Morgan,1b..	4	0	10	1
Gehrig,1b.	5	2	10	0	R.John'n,lf	4	0	2	0
Chap'n,cf.	5	3	4	0	Reynolds,cf	4	0	2	0
Dickey,c..	4	1	4	2	Porter,rf..	4	0	2	0
Byrd,rf....	5	1	3	0	R.Ferrell,c.	1	0	4	0
Heffner,2b	4	1	1	5	Hinkle,c....	2	1	1	0
Deshonn,p	4	0	0	0	Lary,ss....	3	1	2	4
					Welch,p....	0	0	0	0
Totals.	39	12	27	11	Pennock,p..	1	0	0	0
					Walberg,p..	1	0	0	0
					Mulligan,p.	1	0	0	0
					*Cooke....	0	0	0	0
					Totals..	33	4	27	12

*Batted for Mulligan in the ninth.

New York	4	0	5	0	0	1	0	0	—10
Boston	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	—4

Runs—Crosetti (2), Ruth, Gehrig (2), Chapman (2), Dickey, Heffner, Deshong, Werber, R. Ferrell, Hinkle, Lary. Errors—Crosetti, Hoag, Cissell, Werber, Lary. Runs batted in—Crosetti (2), Saltzgaver (2), Heffner (2), Gehrig, Chapman, Dickey, Cissell, Morgan, Lary. Two-base hits—Hoag, Hinkle. Three-base hits—Crosetti, Werber. Stolen base—Crosetti. Sacrifices—Crosetti, Hoag. Double plays—Lary to Cissell to Morgan; Lary to Kellett to Morgan. Left on bases—New York, 9; Boston, 6. First base on balls—Off Deshong, 4; off Welch, 2; off Walberg, 1; off Mulligan, 2. Struck out—By Deshong, 4; by Welch, 1; by Pennock, 2; by Walberg, 1. Hits—Off Welch, 3 in 1-3 inning; off Pennock, 5 in 2 1-3 innings; off Walberg, 3 in 2 1-3 innings; off Mulligan, 1 in 4 innings. Losing pitcher—Welch. Umpires—Summers and Owens. Time—One hour six minutes.

Post Ad Rents Apartment First Day

Mrs. Arthur Cecil, of 42 M street northwest, ordered a small ad in the Classified Section of The Washington Post recently, under the classification Furnished Apartments for Rent. Needless to say she was immensely pleased when a Post reader took the apartment on the first day the ad appeared. Mrs. Cecil was obliged to turn away at least ten other inquirers.

The Post's Classified columns offer apartment owners the most effective renting medium . . . results are quicker, surer; tenants more satisfactory. Just call.

NAtional 4200
The Result Number
Ask for an Ad-Writer

Welsh Humbles McElvenny In Three Sets for District Title

Sweeps Through Opponent, 8-6, 6-4, 6-3, Surprising Even Most Enthusiastic Admirers With His Decisive Triumph at Columbia Country Club.

IN so deliberate and decisive a manner as to remove absolutely all doubt as to who is the premier tennis player of the Washington area, black-browed Barney Welsh, of Rockville and Duke University, yesterday smothered big Ralph McElvenny, former Stanford net star, in the final round of the forty-seventh annual District championships by scores of 8—6, 6—4, 6—3 at Columbia Country Club.

Although a 5 to 3 favorite to win the title, few had expected the No. 1 man of Duke's tennis team to sweep through the redoubtable McElvenny in straight sets. Rollicking Ralph had gained the finals without dropping a set, bowling over Rickey Willis, North Carolina captain, and Bud Markey, conqueror of Dooley Mitchell, 1933 champion, in such easy fashion that it is doubtful if any one would have predicted the sweeping victory which Welsh won yesterday.

Victory Is Convincing.

The fact that the hard-hitting Barney buried a player of McElvenney's caliber in such a manner as he did is convincing proof that the District has a champion worthy of the name. Yesterday's initial set was the first one in which Welsh had been so much as carried to deuce in the tournament. His overwhelming triumphs included a 6—3, 6—0 win over Tony Latona, and a 6—1, 6—4 victory over the ever-feared Tom Mangan.

In adding the District title to the Public Parks championship which he won last year, Welsh played like a true champion. He was up against a fighter who would never concede a point, let alone defeat. After rolling up a 3-0 lead in the first set, Welsh saw his husky adversary reel off the next five. Ordinarily enough to upset a player's morale, McElvenny's sensational rally, centering around some brilliant net play on his part, only served to impel Welsh to take the eighth game for 5-3. Ralph then came within two points of taking the vitally important set but at 30-all on his service, volleyed in the net and hit desperately outside as Welsh fired over two blistering drives.

Loses One Point.

With the score 6—6, Barney began to lay into his ground strokes with such tremendous speed that he had McElvenny running from side to side merely to retrieve the ball and Barney took his service, with the loss of 1 point. The next game proved to be one of the vital periods of the match, going to deuce four times before Welsh broke through, when his blistering back-hand drive straight down the line went for a near-placement, Ralph barely getting his racket on the ball in an attempt to volley. McElvenny fought off set-point once in this game but Welsh's terrific drives eventually cracked him.

In the final analysis, it was these burning drives, back or forehand, which won for Welsh. McElvenny was indisputably superior at the net. His five-game rally was only broken when Barney decided the only way to win was to pass him in forecourt, and this he proceeded to do. Off either side, mixing a fast chop with clean-cut drives, he fought off his opponent's net challenge, and when Ralph found he might as well stay on the base-line it was only to discover he could not match the ground game of a player whom many expert observers believe could have won the National intercollegiate championship.

In the second set, Barney took a 2—0 and then a 4—2 lead, but McElvenny, fighting grimly as he did all forenoon, came back to make it 4—all.

Again Welsh called on his abundant resources to take his service and then break Ralph at love for the set, finishing it off with one of his deadly chop placements to McElvenny's forehand, which the latter could but watch skim away from him.

Battling with defeat in sight, McElvenny overcame a 2—0 lead in the third set to lead at 3—2, but it was his final stand. Barney plowed through the next four for the set, breaking through McElvenny in the eighth after Ralph led at 40—15.

Pirates Win, Lose In Bill With Reds

Derringer's Clever Hurling Feature in Second.

Pittsburgh, July 4 (AP).—Pittsburgh and Cincinnati divided honors in their holiday bill today, the Pirates taking the morning round, 5-1, and the Reds coming back in the afternoon to win, 4 to 3.

Clever pitching by Paul Derringer in the second game helped the Reds to their hard-earned victory. He allowed 12 hits, all scattered. Schulmerich's homer in the seventh put the game away.

Larry French for the Pirates outpitched Silas Johnson in the morning contest, which the Pirates decided in the early innings by some hard hitting and taking advantage of some loose play by the Reds.

First Game.

Cincinnati.	AB	H	O	A	Pittsburgh.	AB	H	O	A
Piet,3b...	4	1	2	3	L.Waner,cf	4	1	2	1
Slade,2b..	4	1	1	4	P.Waner,rf	4	2	2	1
Koeniz,ss	4	0	1	1	Traynor,3b	4	2	1	2
Bot'ley,1b	3	0	5	1	Vaughan,ss	4	2	2	3
Shevlin,1b	1	0	3	0	Suhr,1b....	4	2	7	0
Hafey,c...	3	2	1	0	L'ssetto,2b	4	0	3	3
Lombardi,c	3	1	5	1	Jensen,lf..	4	0	2	0
Schul'ch,lf	3	1	2	0	Padden,c...	4	1	4	1
Com'sky,rf	3	1	4	0	French,p...	3	1	0	1
Johnson,p.	1	0	0	0					
*Adams....	1	0	0	0	Totals..	35	11	27	12
Brennan,p	0	0	0	0					
†O'Farrell.	1	0	0	0					
Stout,p...	0	0	0	0					
Totals..	31	7	24	10					

*Batted for Johnson in fifth.
†Batted for Brennan in eighth.

Cincinnati	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0—1
Pittsburgh	2	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	x—5

Runs—Piet, L. Waner, P. Waner 2, Traynor (2), Vaughan. Errors—Slade, Bottomley, L. Waner. Runs batted in—Vaughan, Suhr (2), Lavagetto, Traynor, Hafey. Two-base hits—Vaughan, Suhr, Piet, Hafey. Sacrifice—French. Double plays—L. Waner to Vaughan; Lavagetto to Suhr. Left on bases—Cincinnati, 3; Pittsburgh, 7. Struck out—By Johnson, 2; by French, 2; by Brennan, 1. Hits—Off Johnson, 9 in 4 innings; off Brennan, 2 in 3 innings; off Stout, 0 in 1 inning. Losing pitcher—Johnson. Umpires—Stewart, Reardon and Magerkurth. Time of game—One hour 41 minutes.

Second Game.

Cin'nati.	AB	H	O	A	Pittsburgh.	AB	H	O	A
Piet,3b...	5	3	1	1	L.Waner,cf	5	2	1	0
Slade,2b..	4	1	2	4	P.Waner,rf	4	2	3	0
Koenig,ss	4	0	1	3	Traynor,3b	4	1	0	2
Hafey,cf..	4	1	4	0	V'ghan,ss..	4	1	1	4
Shevlin,1b	4	2	8	3	Suhr,1b....	4	1	14	0
L'bardi,c..	4	1	4	1	L'getto,2b.	3	2	5	4
S'erich,lf.	4	2	4	0	*Lucas....	1	0	0	0
Com'sky,rf	3	1	1	0	The'now,2b	0	0	0	0
Der'ger,p.	4	0	2	1	Jensen,lf..	4	1	2	0
					Grace,c....	4	1	1	2
Totals.	36	11	27	13	†Young....	0	0	0	0
					Swift,p....	3	1	0	1
					Meine,p....	0	0	0	0
					†Roettger.	1	0	0	0
					Totals..	37	12	27	13

*Batted for Lavagetto in eighth.
†Batted for Meine in ninth.
‡Ran for Grace in ninth.

Cincinnati	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0—4
Pittsburgh	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0—3

Runs—Piet (2), Hafey, Schulmerich, P. Waner (2), Traynor. Errors—Piet, Swift, Vaughan. Runs batted in—Slade, Lavagetto, Jensen, Schulmerich, Hafey, Lombardi, Vaughan. Two-base hits—Hafey, Vaughan. Three-base hit—Piet. Home run—Schulmerich. Stolen bases—Piet, L. Waner. Sacrifice—Comorosky. Double plays—Vaughan to Lavagetto to Suhr, Traynor to Lavagetto to Suhr, Slade to Koenig to Shevlin. Left on bases—Cincinnati, 7; Pittsburgh, 7. Struck out—By Derringer, 2. Hits—Off Swift, 10 in 7 2-3 innings; off Meine, 1 in 1 1-3 innings. Hit by pitched ball—By Swift (Slade). Losing pitcher—Swift. Umpires—Reardon, Magerkurth and Stewart. Time of game—One hour 48 minutes.

Nats Beaten In Twin Bill By A's

Drop Opener, 10-9, as Bad Break in Eighth Cuts Off Run.

Lose Final Game, 6 to 3, When Burke Blows Up to End Slab Duel.

Continued from Page 1.

to start for second base for some unknown reason. Catcher Berry was among those who saw him and promptly threw him out with a heave to McNair for the twenty-seventh decisive put-out.

Just Dumb Baseball.

Who told Travis to try to steal second in violation of every cardinal rule in the managers' handbook had not been determined when the Nats entrained for New York last night, but whether it was on his own authority, on Cronin's or on Coach Kerr's, this much is known: It was dumb baseball.

That second game saw Bobby Burke and Johnny Marcum in a pitching duel for six innings with the score tied at 1-1. Then the A's busied themselves in the seventh with two out. They rammed Burke for four straight hits—Cramer getting a lucky single on a bunt over Burke's head, Johnson following with a legitimate single, Foxx busting a double to left, and Higgins smacking a single to left, to account for three runs and put the A's in a 4-1 lead.

Johnny Marcum held the Nats to one hit from the first to the seventh, and escaped damage in the seventh when, with two on, Dave Harris pinch hit into a double play.

More in Ninth.

They placed the game beyond recall in the ninth when Cramer socked Alec McColl for a double to left, Johnson singled to right and Foxx drew an intentional walk. Junior Kline relieved McColl, issued passes to Miller and Warstler to force over the second run of the inning and put the A's in a 6-1 lead.

Marcum had pitched a five-hit game until the ninth when Cronin led off with a single and Travis tripled him home. Travis scored on Schulte's grounder and the Nats were through for the day.

That first game started off like an innocent-looking pitching duel between Al Crowder and Alton Benton until both teams started to go slug-nutty along about the cocktail hour when hits became as free as the sunlight and runs as cheap as sunburn.

Walks Run Across.

Riding into the sixth inning, Benton had a 3-1 lead, Crowder having walked one run across the plate with the bases full in the second, and Foxx having smacked his twenty-fourth homer of the year within a half-dozen rows of the top of the bleachers in the sixth. The first of the A's five errors, a wild throw by McNair, had put in its appearance in the third when the Nats took a 1-0 lead after Kress' single.

But in the sixth, the game began to get mildly loony. Pinch Hitter Bluege walked, and Myer singled to right. Johnny Stone grounded to Higgins and Warstler at second dropped the throw for a force-play and the bases were full. Manush plunked a single into short right, and a run scored. Cascarella was now pitching and Cronin drove a fly to right and another run scored. Benton wild-pitched Stone home from third and Travis doubled the fourth run of the inning home with a rap past Foxx. The Nats had a 5-3 lead.

Lead Is Erased.

But they didn't have it long. Bob Kline relieved Crowder at the start of the seventh and the A's began to hack away at the Nats' lead. Kline walked Berry as a starter and Cascarella tried to bunt twice and failed. Then he popped a single to right. McNair bunted and Kress messed up the play, leaving the bases full. Travis made a spectacular stop of Cramer's grounder for a force-play at third, but a run scored. Five more runs followed quickly. Johnson doubled to right, scoring two and Jack Russell was the next pitcher. He walked Foxx intentionally and Travis booted Higgins' grounder to fill the bases again. Miller hit into a force-play at second and the fourth run of the inning scored. Warstler rapped a double to right and two more runs scored, giving the A's a 9-5 lead.

The Nats bounced right back to tie the score with four runs after the bases were quickly filled against Cascarella. Pinch Hitter Moe Berg was safe on Higgins' fumble and Myer and Stone drew walks. Manush scored a pair of 'em with a single to right, and Cronin's single past Warstler scored a third. The tying run clattered across on Travis' sacrifice and Schulte's fly.

Cecil Travis was the defensive hero of the eighth inning, and Roy Johnson was the offensive star. Travis gobbled up three ground balls to retire the side, but not until Cramer had doubled to right off McColl and Johnson had tripled to right center to score the game-winning run.

You know what happened in the eighth when the tying run become entangled in Stone's shirt, and in the ninth, when the Nats played downright dumb baseball to wipe their tying run off the bases.

Second Game.

ATHLETICS.	AB	R	H	O	A	E
McNair, ss.....	4	1	0	2	3	2
Cramer, cf.....	5	2	1	5	0	0
Johnson, lf.....	5	2	4	1	0	0
Foxx, 1b.....	3	3	2	11	0	1
Higgins, 3b.....	5	0	1	0	2	1
Coleman, rf.....	3	1	1	2	0	0
Miller, rf.....	1	0	1	1	0	0
Warstler, 2b.....	4	0	1	3	3	1
Berry, c.....	4	1	0	2	2	0
Benton, p.....	2	0	0	0	0	0
Cascarella, p.....	3	0	1	0	1	0
Totals.....	39	10	12	27	11	5

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	O	A	E
Myer, 2b.....	4	2	1	1	2	0
Stone, rf.....	4	2	1	1	0	0
Manush, lf.....	5	2	3	3	0	0
Cronin, ss.....	5	0	2	1	3	0
Travis, 3b.....	4	0	1	1	6	1
Schulte, cf.....	4	0	0	4	0	0
Kress, 1b.....	4	1	1	12	1	1
Sewell, c.....	4	0	0	4	0	0
Crowder, p.....	1	0	0	0	0	0
Kline, p.....	0	0	0	0	0	0
Russell, p.....	0	0	0	0	0	0
McColl, p.....	0	0	0	0	0	0
Whitehill, p.....	0	0	0	0	2	0
*Bluege	0	1	0	0	0	0
†Berg	1	1	0	0	0	0
‡Harris	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	36	9	9	27	14	2

*Batted for Crowder in sixth.
†Batted for Russell in seventh.
‡Batted for McColl in eighth.

Philadelphia	000	201	610	—10
WASHINGTON	001	004	400	— 9

Runs batted in—Coleman (2), Warstler (3), Foxx, Cramer, Johnson (3), Crowder, Manush (3), Cronin (2), Travis, Schulte. Two-base hits—Travis, Johnson, Cramer. Three-base hits—Coleman, Warstler, Johnson. Home run—Foxx. Stolen base—Manush. Sacrifices—McNair, Travis, Warstler. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 8; Washington, 6. First base on balls—Off Benton, 1; off Cascarella, 4; off Crowder, 1; off Kline, 1; off Russell, 1; off McColl, 1. Struck out—By Benton, 1; by Crowder, 3; by Russell, 1. Hits—Off Crowder, 6 in 6 innings; off Russell, 1 in 2-3 inning; off Benton, 4 in 5 innings; off Kline, 2 in 1-3 inning; off McColl, 2 in 1 inning; off Whitehill, 1 in 1 inning; off Cascarella, 5 in 4 innings. Wild pitch—Cascarella. Winning pitcher—Cascarella. Losing pitcher — McColl. Umpires — Moriarty, Hildebrand and McGowan. Time of game—Two hours 16 minutes.

Second Game.

ATHLETICS.	AB	R	H	O	A	E
McNair, ss.....	5	0	1	2	3	0
Cramer, cf.....	5	2	3	2	0	0
Johnson, lf.....	5	2	3	3	0	0
Foxx, 1b.....	3	1	2	12	0	0
Higgins, 3b.....	3	0	1	2	3	0
Miller, rf.....	4	0	0	1	0	0
Warstler, 2b.....	4	1	0	2	5	0
Berry, c.....	5	0	2	3	1	1
Marcum, p.....	4	0	1	0	0	0
Totals	38	6	13	27	12	1

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	O	A	E
Myer, 2b.....	4	1	1	2	2	1
Stone, rf.....	4	0	0	2	0	0
Manush, lf.....	3	0	1	1	0	0
Cronin, ss.....	4	1	2	2	3	0
Travis, 3b.....	4	1	2	2	3	0
Schulte, cf.....	3	0	1	3	0	0
Kress, 1b.....	4	0	0	10	0	0
Phillips, c.....	4	0	1	5	0	0
Burke, p.....	2	0	0	0	0	0
McColl, p.....	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kline, p.....	0	0	0	0	1	0
*Harris	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	33	3	8	27	9	1

*Batted for Burke in seventh.

Philadelphia	010	000	302	—6
WASHINGTON	100	000	002	—3

Runs batted in—Manush, Berry, Foxx, Higgins (2), Johnson, Travis, Warstler, Schulte. Two-base hits—Travis, Foxx, Cramer. Three-base hit—Travis. Stolen bases—Manush, Warstler. Sacrifice—Higgins. Double plays—Warstler to Foxx, McNair to Warstler to Foxx, Myer to Kress, Travis to Kress. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 11; Washington, 5. First base on balls—Off Burke, 2; off Marcum, 2; off McColl, 1; off Kline, 2. Struck out—By Burke, 3; by Marcum, 2. Hits—Off Burke, 9 in 7 innings; off McColl, 4 in 1 inning (none out in ninth); off Kline, 0 in 1 inning. Losing pitcher—Burke. Umpires — McGowan, Hildebrand and Moriarty. Time of game—Two hours 14 minutes.

10-Mile Run Is Won by Dengis

Agee Is Second After He Stops to Get Drink of Water.

Dewhurst First D. C. Runner to Finish in Long Grind.

Continued from Page 1.

pranced over the line as though finishing a jaunt around the block.

The first Washington man to complete the grind was Arthur Dewhurst, Central Y. M. C. A., who arrived at the finish line 1 hour 5 minutes and 26 seconds after the start, in fourth place. Bob Willoner, of the Meadowbrook Club, claimed third place 45 seconds ahead of Dewhurst. The local runner's effort won him the District A. A. U. Marathon championship.

Dengis and Agee, clubmates, staged a thrilling duel for 4 miles, locking strides at the 1-mile mark. Yard for yard they struggled along under the blast-furnace heat of an unrelenting sun to Thirteenth and M streets, the halfway mark, where Agee broke up the duel long enough to quench his thirst in a gasoline station. This false move enabled Dengis to forge ahead by a block and a half.

Again at Georgia and New Hampshire avenues, the 7-mile post, with Dengis in front by a good city block and a half, Agee steered off the course into another gasoline station to profusely douse himself with water. It was the old story of the Hare and the Tortoise, with the transplanted son of the Auld Sod seizing every advantage to achieve the victory.

Order of Finish.

Won by Pat Dengis (Stonewall Democratic Club, Baltimore). 0:59:28 3-5.
2. William Agee (Stonewall Democratic Club), 1:03:37.
3. Robert L. Willoner (Meadowbrook Club, Philadelphia), 1:03:58.
4. Arthur Dewhurst (Central Y. M. C. A., Washington), 1:05:26.
5. William A. Schaub (Oxon Hill Boys Club, Oxon Hill, Md.), 1:05:38.
6. John McNulty (Baltimore Cross Country Club, Baltimore), 1:09:25.
7. Clifton "Pop" Hers (Stonewall Democratic Club), 1:10:19.
8. George Shorb (Central Y. M. C. A.), 1:10:58.
9. George Rolland (unattached, New York City), 1:11:09.
10. John Booker (Baltimore Cross Country Club), 1:11:57.
11. Frank Sperandeo (Baltimore Cross Country Club), 1:13:13; 12. Tom Nicholson (Central Y. M. C. A.), 1:14:17; 13. Haskell F. Clark (Washington Track and Field Club, D. C.), 1:14:57; 14. Francis Hoxap (Oxon Hill Boys Club), 1:16:56; 15. Donald Heinicke (Hanlon Athletic Club, Baltimore), 1:17:56; 16. Joseph E. Ward (Oxon Hill Boys Club), 1:19:13; 17. John McKeown (Washington Track and Field Club), 1:21:12; 18. Kennon Perrin (Hopewell Athletic Club, Hopewell, Va.), 1:21:23; 19. Jerry P. Looney (Washington Track and Field Club), 1:23:49.
20. Bernard McCoy (Cement Gun Co., Washington, D. C.), 1:25:57; 21. Wilson Rick (Baltimore Cross Country Club), 1:27:44; 22. James H. Montague (Washington Track and Field Club), 1:30:00; 23. Vernon Glendenning (Hanlon Athletic Club), 1:30:14; 24. Ellis Bloom (Hanlon Athletic Club), 1:34:13; 25. Philip Jackelski (Stonewall Athletic Club), 1:36:46; 26. Robert Harrison (Hanlon Athletic Club), 1:37:40; 27. Thomas Dukes (Oxon Hill Boys Club), 1:39:31; 28. Jack Asselta (Boys Club, Metropolitan Police, D. C.), 1:41:47; 29. Daniel K. Younger (Baltimore Cross Country Club), 2:33:00.

Team Scores.

First—Stonewall Democratic Club (Pat Dengis, William Agee, Clifton "Pop" Herz), 19.
Second—Washington Central Y. M. C. A., 20.
Third—Baltimore Cross Country Club, 22.
Fourth—Oxon Hill Boys Club, Oxon Hill, Md., 30.
Fifth—Washington Track and Field Club, 42.
Sixth—Hanlon Athletic Club, Baltimore, 48.

D. C. A. A. U. Championship.

First—Arthur Dewhurst (Central Y. M. C. A.).
Second—William A. Schaub (Oxon Hill Boys Club).
Third—George Shorb (Central Y. M. C. A.).
Team champion—Central Y. M. C. A. (Arthur Dewhurst, George Shorb, Bus Nicholson).

Winandermere Victor In Newmarket Stakes

Newmarket, England, July 4 (AP). Mrs. Corlette Glorney's Winandermere, favorite at 1 to 2, won the Stud Produce Stakes for 2-year-olds, valued at 200 pounds with extras, today from a field of five in the feature of the day at Newmarket.

Winandermere's margin over the second horse, J. L. Jarviss' Ary, was three lengths in the five-furlong sprint.

How They Stand

American League.

Team Standings.

	W.	L.	Pct.	G.B.
New York	43	26	.623	....
Detroit	44	29	.608	1
Boston	38	34	.534	6½
WASHINGTON..	38	35	.527	7
Cleveland	36	34	.514	7½
St. Louis	31	36	.463	11
Philadelphia	29	41	.414	14½
Chicago	24	48	.333	20½

Yesterday's Results.

Philadelphia, 10-6; WASH'N, 9-3.
Boston, 8-4; New York, 5-10.
Cleveland, 8-2; Detroit, 6-5.
St. Louis, 4-2; Chicago, 0-3.

Today's Games.

WASHINGTON at New York.
Philadelphia at Boston.
Chicago at Cleveland.
(Other clubs not scheduled.)

National League.

Team Standings.

	W.	L.	Pct.	G.B.
New York.....	46	26	.639	....
Chicago	43	39	.597	3
St. Louis	41	29	.586	4
Pittsburgh	37	30	.552	6½
Boston	38	33	.535	7½
Brooklyn	28	44	.389	18
Philadelphia	26	46	.361	20
Cincinnati	22	46	.324	22

Yesterday's Results.

Pittsburgh, 5-3; Cincinnati, 1-4.
New York, 9-15; Boston, 1-0.
Brooklyn, 8-2; Philadelphia, 5-11.
St. Louis, 6-2; Chicago, 2-3.

Today's Games.

New York at Brooklyn.
Pittsburgh at Chicago.
Boston at Philadelphia.
Cincinnati at St. Louis.

After the Long Grind Was Over

Post Staff Photo.

Miss Sybil Baker, Superintendent of Playgrounds, presents the trophy to Pat Degis, of the Stonewall Democratic Club, of Baltimore, after he had won the annual Department of Playgrounds-Takoma Citizens 10-mile run yesterday.

Tigers Divide Honors With Indians

Take Second, 5-2, on Six Hits After Bowing in Opener, 8 to 6.

DETROIT, July 4 (AP).—Hugging the heels of the league-leading Yankees, the Detroit Tigers today divided the honors with Cleveland in a double-header, dropping the first game, 8 to 6, but coming back to capture the second, 5 to 2.

Hudlin went the route for the Indians in the second game and was touched for six hits. Four of these hits were mixed with passes to help out the Tiger scoring. Fischer started for Detroit but was lifted in the third inning after having allowed five hits and three bases on balls. Lynwood (Schoolboy) Rowe finished the game and got credit for the victory. Darkness forced the conclusion of the game in the eighth inning.

The first game was a see-saw affair, with the Tigers acquiring and then losing the lead through a series of errors and some snappy fielding by the Indians. Averill and

Sun Alley and Jockey Munoz Winning Combination in Charles Town Feature

Gelding Tops Field From Start

Rollick Is Second, With Golden Vein Grabbing Third Money.

Daily Double Rewards $42.20; Only Two Favorites Triumph.

By Walter Haight,
(Post Staff Correspondent).

CHARLES TOWN, W. Va., July 4. The good people came from miles around to enjoy the sport of kings as conducted here in the mountains by the Shenandoah Valley Jockey Club. To the number of 10,000 they cheered and booed, bet and sweat, won and lost as the sun beat down in gobs and gobs. In fact, the sun was batting right down the alley. And those who go in for such unreliable things as hunches, cashed a bet in the Independence Day Handicap (thank you), the $300 feature race.

It was Sun Alley which stole the show in the race. Under as hustling a ride as has been exhibited hereabout, Young Frank Munoz brought the 4-year-old gelding to the wire a half-length in advance of Rollick which, in turn, had an advantage of two-lengths over Golden Vein. Three other bangtails accepted the issue and ankled across the finish line at various distances back.

Horse, Rider of Same Mind.

Evidently, Sun Alley and Young Munoz were of the same mind today. They were both out to go places quickly. The gelding which comes by his speed from both parents, Sun Briar and Sally's Alley, bounded to the front at the break and assumed a catch-me-if-you-can attitude for the entire seven furlongs.

At least three members of the field made determined efforts to separate Sun Alley from the major portion of the purse but to no avail. Justa Teacher was the first to try to knock Sun Alley off the top perch. The formidable Sam Palumbo did his best to have Justa Teacher keep up but she faded out of the picture on the backstretch.

Golden Vein then took up the task and pulled up to within a length but slid back in the upper stretch. Rollick was next in line and, under punishment from Jockey Eddie Smith, he made up some ground but Young Munoz was doing just enough booting and Sun Alley was doing just enough running to hold the purse safe.

Sun Alley Pays $11.80.

Five of the six horses were well played. Sun Alley rewarded with an $11.80 mutuel.

A second choice and a favorite teamed to produce a daily double which paid $42.20. The combination was Ghost Story in the first and King of Hearts in the third.

Favorite players took a shellacking in seven of the nine races. In addition to King of Hearts, the only other public choice to win was Miss Catalan in the eighth race.

The ninth race brought the longest pay-off of the afternoon when the unfashionable Do Tell triumphed at a $39.20 mutuel.

Arlington Park Entries.

(Associated Press.)

FIRST RACE—Five furlongs; purse, $800; claiming; for 2-year-olds.
1 Byrdine ..... 105 | 5 Lady Louella ... 109
2 Overthrow ..... 108 | 6 Grand Way 108
3 Wise Player ..... 114 | 7 Happy Dawn ... 105
4 Sand Cloud 111

SECOND RACE—Five and one-half furlongs; purse, $800; claiming; for 2-year-olds.
1 *Tartan Betsy .100 | 6 Brilliant Queen .105
2 My Blonde ..... 113 | 7 *Smoky M'lain .103
3 Jewelry ..... 109 | 8 Bar Play 103
4 Whoami ..... 109 | 9 Proposing 112
5 Chicasha ..... 112 | 10 Mr. Mack 106

THIRD RACE—Six furlongs; purse, $800; for maiden 3-year-olds.
1 Kashgar ..... 114 | 5 Sherron 114
2 Regardless ..... 114 | 6 Cold Steel 114
3 Mr. K's Girl ..... 109 | 7 Muira 109
4 Teeny Weeny 109

FOURTH RACE—Six furlongs; purse, $800; for maiden 3-year-olds.
1 Chief Pilot ..... 114 | 5 Hyphen 114
2 Kildee Mary ..... 109 | 6 Wild Reign 114
3 Creole Bird ..... 109 | 7 Shuffle Off 114
4 Solemn 109

FIFTH RACE—One mile; purse, $800; claiming; for 3-year-olds.
1 *Wild Turkey ..106 | 6 Long Bit 111
2 Grayback ..... 116 | 7 *Prince Charlo .107
3 *Secret Tryst ..... 111 | 8 Hoosier's Pride .116
4 Dawn Child ..... 102 | 9 Pemparason 116
5 Our David ..... 113 | 10 Mt. Wood 113

SIXTH RACE—Seven furlongs; purse, $800; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.
1 *Kavera ..... 105 | 6 Martie Flynn .. 110
2 Black Nose ..... 113 | 7 Northsails 116
3 *Broomshot ..... 104 | 8 *Tar Water 115
4 I Say ..... 108 | 9 Straitjacket 120
5 *Aman ..... 109 | 10 Sir Peach 113

SEVENTH RACE—One mile; purse, $800; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.
1 *Edith A ..... 101 | 4 Prince Pest 113
2 Mighty Atom ..... 111 | 5 Dominant Miss .106
3 Uncom Gold ..... 107 | 6 *Homer L 106

EIGHTH RACE—One and one-eighth miles; purse, $800; claiming; for 3-year-olds and upward.
1 *Sallie B'land .108 | 6 *Interior 105
2 Le Ministre ..... 115 | 7 Barney Sexton .115
3 King Pin ..... 115 | 8 *Brother Ben ..105
4 Hit and Run ..... 108 | 9 *Eveline P 105
5 Longus ..... 115 | 10 Happy Lad 115
*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Mount Royal Results.

(Associated Press.)

FIRST—Five and one-half furlongs; purse, $400; claiming; for 3-year-olds and upward; foaled in Canada.
Thermal, 102 (Ralls) 7.20 4.45 3.65
Maggie Love, 107 (Beecroft) 4.70 3.95
Star Crest, 112 (Laurin) 3.80
Spring Violet, Optical, Soulian Girl, Sweepvale, Ville Crest and Anoka also ran. Time, 1:08.

SECOND—Six furlongs; purse, $400; claiming; for 3-year-olds and upward.
Bolintz, 113 (Passero) 4.20 2.50 2.25
Yankee Doodle, 114 (Case) 3.00 2.25
Blue John, 114 (Laurin) 2.40
Oriental Lady, Ellen D. and Scara Glen also ran. Time, 1:13 3-5.

THIRD—Six furlongs; purse, $400; claiming; for 3-year-olds and upward; maidens.
Vicki, 97 (Watson) 5.40 3.30 2.05
Pillarita, 108 (Mitchell) 4.10 2.80
Miss Christie, 113 (Moore) 5.80
America B., Donald M., Little Possum, Lamantia, Ting Fan, Westy's Butler and Major Accident also ran. Time, 1:14 3-5.

FOURTH—Six furlongs; purse, $400; claiming; for 3-year-olds and upward; maidens.
Irish Pearl, 113 (Gibson) 16.90 8.80 4.35
Pete In, 108 (Chinn) 9.65 6.30
Transmit, 108 (E. Pator) 3.70
Co. East, Miss. Goldian, Cloudy Day, Chili Gold, George, Jr. and Mint Magi also ran. Time, 1:14.

FIFTH—Five furlongs; purse, $500; the Cote St. Jacques Handicap; for 2-year-olds; foaled in Canada.
Leo D., 110 (Gibson) 10.30 3.40 3.10
Irish Pride, 110 (Peden) 2.65 2.10
Robo, 104 (Ralls) 5.00
Stone Chatter, Hittie, Lashaway, The Star and Easteream also ran. Time, 1:01 1-5.

SIXTH—One and one-sixteenth miles; purse, $400; claiming; for 3-year-olds and upward.
Rainwave, 102 (Mitchell) 19.90 6.15 3.40
Princess Pixy, 112 (Laurin) 2.85 2.40
Woolaroc, 116 (Horvath) 2.80
Our Pal, Dug In, Corsinax and Kaffa also ran. Time, 1:49 3-5.

SEVENTH—One and one-eighth miles; purse, $400; claiming; for 3-year-olds and upward.
Freeboard, 110 (Mitchell) ... 6.00 3.70 2.70
Lashaway, 110 (Moore) 6.25 3.35
David's Own, 105 (Erwin) 13.50
The Bigamist, Miss Sun, Replevin, Pinkeye and Peccora also ran. Time, 1:54 3-5.

Chart of Charles Town Races

Wednesday, July 4, 1934.
WEATHER, CLEAR; TRACK, FAST.

FIRST RACE—Five furlongs. Purse, $250; claiming. For 2-year-olds. Start, fair from stall). Won, driving; place, same. Went to post at 2:42. Off at 2:49. Winner, D. C. Sand's br. f. (2), by Zev—Phantom. Trained by D. K. Keer. Value to winner, $200; second, $35; third, $15. Time, 0:24 2-5, 0:35 4-5, 0:48, 1:03 1-5.

Horses	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.	Jockeys	Straight
GHOST STORY	104	1	1	1½	1½	1½	1¹	Scarpulla	$6.50
DISRUPTION	109	4	2	2¹	2¹	2¹	2¹	E. Smith	3.50
RAPIDUP	112	5	6	3½	3¹	3¹	3¹½	Hiller	10.10
IDLE WORKER	107	6	5	4½	4½	4½	3¹	Cantara	31.10
MERIBELLE	109	2	3	3½	3¹	4½	4¹	Tryon	4.90
SPEEDEMUP	112	3	4	6	6	6	5	Jackson	16.90

Two-dollar mutuels paid—GHOST STORY, $15.00, $4.00, $3.00; DISRUPTION, $2.60, $2.40; RAPIDUP, $3.00.

GHOST STORY, fastest away, assumed command from the outset, was rated in the lead to the far turn, drew out with ease thereafter and won easily. DISRUPTION safe. The latter, always a forward factor, made repeated bids for supremacy, but was not good enough. RAPIDUP, slow to find his best speed, closed well, but was no match for the first two. IDLE WORKER raced evenly. MERIBELLE, fractious at the post and breaking from the outside, went wide on the first turn. SPEEDEMUP could never get up.

SECOND RACE—Six and one-half furlongs. Purse, $250; claiming. For 3-year-olds and upward. Start, good (from gate). Won handily; place, driving. Went to post at 3:11. Off at 3:14. Winner, C. Schmidt's b. g. (5), by Sweep On—Last Love. Trained by L. M. Carver. Value to winner, $200; second, $35; third, $15. Time, 0:24, 0:49 1-5, 1:16 1-5, 1:23.

Horses	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.	Jockeys	Straight
CONSUMMATION	115	3	3	3½	3¹½	2½	1¹	E. Smith	$2.70
CAPTOR	115	6	5	2½	2¹	2¹	2¹½	Prain	5.30
GRAND ROX	115	5	4	4¹	4¹	3¹	3¹	Holland	2.30
JOBS DIDO	105	2	2	1¹	1½	4¹	4¹	Cusimano	8.50
MINT BUD	106	1	6	6	5¹	5¹	5²½	Jackson	2.90
COMPROMISING	115	4	1	5¹	5¹	6	6	Yingling	30.80

Two-dollar mutuels paid—CONSUMMATION, $7.40, $4, $2.60; CAPTOR, $6.40, 3.60; GRAND ROX, $3.

CONSUMMATION, rated off the early pace, moved up stoutly on the back stretch, gained command on the final turn and drew out to win well in hand. CAPTOR, a forward factor from the start, closed well, but was no match for the winner. GRAND ROX, fractious at the post and starting from the outside, could not improve his position until near the finish, when he showed some speed. JOBS DIDO had good early speed but stopped. MINT BUD broke and swerved to the outside behind the field. COMPROMISING was never a contender.

THIRD RACE—Six and half furlongs. Purse, $250; claiming. For 3-year-olds and upward. Start good (from gate). Won, easily; place, driving. Went to post at 3:43. Off at 3:44. Winner, H. W. Herring's b. g. (8), by King James—Clairmonde. Trained by G. W. Herring. Value to winner, $200; second, $35; third, $15. Time, 0:24 4-5, 0:48 3-5, 1:15 2-5, 1:22 2-5.

Horses	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.	Jockeys	Straight
KING OF HEARTS	110	3	4	1½	1¹	1²	1¹	Feltner	$1.60
BONNIE LADDIE	115	4	1	2¹	2¹	3¹	2¹½	Williams	7.70
BABY ROX	113	1	5	4¹	4²	2¹	3¹½	E. Smith	8.00
BLESS HER HEART	110	6	3	5¹°	5²°	5¹°	4¹	Gaither	5.50
PALM BROOM	108	5	2	3¹	3¹	4²½	5¹°	Prain	5.00
FLYING START	115	2	6	6	6	5	6	Munoz	9.80

Two-dollar mutuels paid—KING OF HEARTS, $5.20, $2.80, $2.40; BONNIE LADDIE, $3.60, 3; BABY ROX, $4.20.

KING OF HEARTS had good speed to take command at once, was rated in the lead to the far turn, drew out with ease thereafter and won easily. BONNIE LADDIE raced closest to the leader throughout, made a bid to go to the front on the far turn, was no match for the winner and was tiring at the finish. BABY ROX lacked early speed, but closed well. BLESS HER HEART, forced to race wide in the turn for the first turn, could never get up. PALM BROOM showed a flash of speed but stopped. FLYING START was never a factor.

Daily double paid $42.20.

FOURTH RACE—Five furlongs. Purse, $500; claiming. For 3-year-olds and upward. Start good (from gate). Won driving; place, same. Went to post at 4:17. Off at 4:17½. Winner, G. F. Cook's ch. f. (3), by Westwick—Tody. Trained by G. A. Cook. Value to winner, $200; second, $35; third, $15. Time, 0:23 2-5, 0:34 4-5, 0:47 4-5, 1:01 2-5.

Horses	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.	Jockeys	Straight
TODY WEST	109	1	3	4½	4²	2½	1ns	E. Smith	$6.50
EASTER HERALD	116	2	1	1¹	1¹	1¹½	2¹	Palumbo	2.70
DIXIE BEE	108	3	2	2½	3¹	3¹½	3²	Gaither	1.20
DIE HIGH	116	6	5	5½	5²	4¹	4³	Holland	4.40
SANS SABLE	111	5	4	3²	2¹	5¹	5¹	Hiller	98.50
GOLD STREAK	116	8	7	6¹½	6²	6¹	6¹²	O'Malley	47.60
ANITA B	110	4	6	7¹	7¹	7¹	7¹	Tryon	290.60
SISTER CARRIE	111	7	8	8	8	8	8	Willard	16.40

Two-dollar mutuels paid TODY WEST, $15, $7.20, $3.20; EASTER HERALD, $4, $2.80; DIXIE BEE, $2.60.

TODY WEST, away in the first flight, was rated off the early pace, came to the outside in the stretch and wore down EASTER HERALD to get up in the final strides. EASTER HERALD had good speed to take command at once, shook off DIXIE BEE and IN HIGH and, saving ground on the inside, just failed to last. DIXIE BEE, unable to outrun EASTER HERALD, hung on well. IN HIGH, always a forward factor, made a bold bid on the far turn, but tired. SANS SABLE raced evenly. The others were outrun.

FIFTH RACE—Seven furlongs. Purse, $300; claiming. For 3-year-olds and upward. Start good (from gate). Won driving; place, same. Went to post at 4:46½. Off at 4:47. Winner, T. Sunkiya's ch. g. (4), by Sun Briar—Sally's Alley. Trained by H. S. Takera. Value to winner, $200; second, $60; third, $35. Time, 0:24, 0:48 1-5, 1:14 1-5, 1:28 1-5.

Horses	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Jockeys	Straight
SUN ALLEY	106	3	1	1¹	1¹½	1¹	1½	1½	Munoz	$4.90
ROLLICK	108	5	4	6	5²	5²	2²	2¹	E. Smith	3.30
GOLDEN VEIN	110	1	3	3½	3½	3²	3²	3½	Barr	2.90
ALDERSHOT	110	6	5	4¹	4½	4½	4½	4½	O'Malley	2.80
JUSTA TEACHER	110	2	2	2²	2²	3½	5½	5¹½	Palumbo	6.60
BOSTON MAT	104	4	6	5²	6	6	6	6	Scarpulla	18.60

Two-dollar mutuels paid—SUN ALLEY, $11.80, $5.60, $3.40; ROLLICK, $4.40, $3.40; GOLDEN VEIN, $3.

SUN ALLEY had good speed to take command at once, was rated in front throughout, saved ground on the turns and held ROLLICK safe. The latter, slow to find his speed, was taken wide at the first turn, came to the inside on the back stretch to be shut off, went out again in the stretch and finished well. GOLDEN VEIN had good early speed, saved ground on the inner rail throughout, but was not good enough. Aldershot raced on the outside throughout and closed well. JUSTA TEACHER flashed some speed. BOSTON MAT was never able to get up.

SIXTH RACE—About seven furlongs. Purse, $250; claiming. For 3-year-olds and upward. Start good (from gate). Won driving; place, same. Went to post at 5:17. Off at 5:18. Winner, Allen Gest's ch. c. (3), by Scotch Broom—Dunworkin. Trained by C. Beall. Value to winner, $200; second, $35; third, $15. Time, 0:48 2-5, 1:15, 1:29.

Horses	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Jockeys	Straight
SCOTTY DON	113	4	3	1²	1²½	1¹½	1¹	1¹	Fowler	$3.70
CROSSING OVER	112	2	2	3½	3¹	2¹	2²	2½	Day	8.40
HANDLEY	118	1	1	2¹	2²	3¹	3¹½	3¹½	Yingling	12.10
HACKY H	113	5	4	5¹	5²	4²	4²	4²	Cantara	7.40
DAISY BUNGA	110	6	5	4²	4¹	5²	5	5	Barr	12.10
DARK VISION	118	3	6	6	6	6	Pulled up		Tryon	1.10

Two-dollar mutuels paid—SCOTTY DON, $9.40, $5, $3.60; CROSSING OVER, $5.40, $3.40; HANDLEY, $4.40.

SCOTTY DON had good speed to take command in the run for the first turn, was rated on the front throughout and held CROSSING OVER safe in the drive. CROSSING OVER, forward factor at all times, closed stoutly, but was not good enough. HANDLEY raced forwardly from the start, saved ground on the turns, but could not set up. HACKY H. closed well. DAISY BUNGA lacked speed. DARK VISION refused to extend himself and was eased up when he sulked.

SEVENTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles. Purse, $250; claiming. For 4-year-olds and upward. Start good from gates. Won handily; place, driving. Went to post at 5:47. Off at 5:49. Winner, Mrs. K. Basehore's b. f. (4), by The Wanderer—Eleusina. Trained by W. Weaver. Value to winner, $200; second, $35; third, $15. Time, 0:24 1-5, 0:49 4-5, 1:15 1-5, 1:49 4-5.

Horses	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Jockeys	Straight
WANDREL	107	1	1	2¹½	2¹½	1¹½	1¹½	1¹½	Jackson	$1.50
ROYAL LASSIE	107	3	3	3¹	3²	2²½	2²	2¹½	Munoz	9.50
THE GEN	112	6	5	5³	6⁴	5¹	3³	3²	Prain	4.10
FOREST FAUN	114	5	6	6²	5¹½	4²	4²	4²	Holland	4.30
NISIA	114	7	4	4¹	6⁴	5³	5³	5²½	O'Malley	5.80
BYE AND BYE	112	2	2	1³	1½	3½	6⁵	6²	Williams	11.00
SHEREKHAN	112	4	7	7	7	7	7	7	Yingling	41.60

Two-dollar mutuels paid—WANDREL, $5.00, $3.60, $2.60; ROYAL LASSIE, $8.60, $4.80; THE GEN, $3.40.

WANDREL, away well, was rated close to the pace of BYE AND BYE, moved into command on the far turn, was then taken in hand, and won with something in reserve. ROYAL LASSIE, well up throughout, held on gamely. THE GEN, sluggish in the early pace, closed stoutly while saving ground on the inside. FOREST FAUN, slow to find his best speed, made up some ground. NISIA tired. BYE AND BYE stopped badly.

EIGHTH RACE—One and one-quarter miles. Purse, $250; claiming. For 3-year-olds and upward. Start good from gates. Won ridden out; place, driving. Went to post at 6:16. Off at 6:17½. Winner, Mrs. K. Newman's b. m. (6), by Catalan—Medlee. Trained by O Newman. Value to winner, $200; second, $35; third, $15. Time, 0:24 4-5, 0:50 2-5, 1:18, 1:44 1-5, 2:10 3-5 (track record).

Horses	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Jockeys	Straight
MISS CATALAN	110	3	1	3¹	2ʰ	1²	1¹½	1²	E. Smith	$6.60
BAY WRACK	114	4	6	6¹	4²	2ʰ	2¹	2¹	Holland	12.20
SAND BELL	115	5	8	5ʰ	8²	3²	3²	3¹½	Tryon	8.00
LENOX AVENUE	115	8	2	2¹	3¹	4²	4²	4²	Gaither	10.80
THE SCAUP	105	1	4	7¹	6¹½	6²	5²	5²	Brooks	19.50
VOCO	110	6	7	1¹½	1¹½	6²	6¹	6¹	Morrissey	5.80
OLD PLAY	115	7	5	8	7²	7¹°	7¹°	7³°	Yingling	93.00
TWIN STAR	110	2	3	4ʰ	8	8	8	8	Feltner	65.70

Two-dollar mutuels paid—MISS CATALAN, $3.20, $2.80, $2.60; BAY WRACK, $6.40, $7.60; SAND BELL, $3.60.

MISS CATALAN, rated well up in the early stages, moved into command on the back stretch, was rated in front for the balance of the trip, and was kept going to the finish. BAY WRACK moved up steadily from a slow start, made a bid to reach the leader on the final turn, but was not good enough. SAND BELL moved up stoutly leaving the back stretch and held on well. LENOX AVENUE had good early speed, and raced evenly. VOCO had good early speed, but stopped badly.

NINTH RACE—About one and one-quarter miles. Purse, $250; claiming. For 3-year-olds and upward. Start good from gates. Won easily; place, driving. Went to post at 6:49. Off at 6:53½. Winner, I. Brooks' b. m. (7), by Runantell—Tolly. Trained by owner. Value to winner, $200; second, $35; third, $15. Time, 0:24 1-5, 0:50 1-5, 1:17, 1:43 2-5, 2:10 1-5 (new track record).

Horses	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Jockeys	Straight
DO TELL	110	3	4	4¹½	4¹½	3²	1²½	1²½	Brooks	$18.60
ROST BRIGADE	115	6	8	3¹	2²	1½	2½	2¹	Fowler	4.90
HOSAIN	110	2	1	1½	1¹	2ʰ	3½	3ʰ	Cantara	4.30
ROZELL	110	7	6	7²½	6⁴	4ʰ	4¹½	4³½	Cusimano	2.70
ARMAGEDDON	115	4	5	5²	5¹½	6²	6²	5ʰ	Holland	3.70
NO MISTAKE	115	1	2	2½	3ʰ	5²	5²	6²	O'Malley	8.40
PRETTY BOY	115	5	7	8	7ʰ	7²	7²	7¹²	Willard	112.30
SHEEP SKIN	115	8	3	6ʰ	8	8	8	8	Gaither	68.00

Two-dollar mutuels paid—DO TELL, $39.20, $14.20, $7.60; POST BRIGADE, $6.40, $4.60; HOSAIN, $3.80.

DO TELL, away slowly, moved up stoutly on the outside on the back stretch, drove into the lead in the far turn, and won easily on her own courage. POST BRIGADE, rated off the early pace, took a brief lead on the back stretch, gave way to the winner, but held on well. HOSAIN had good early speed, but faltered at the end. ROZELL, slow to find her best speed, closed well on the outside. ARMAGEDDON, breaking from the outside, raced evenly, but could not better his position. NO MISTAKE had early speed while racing on the rail.

Fort Erie Results.

FIRST—Six furlongs; Niagara Purse; $700; 3-year-olds (Canadian foaled).
Sam Worthy, 112 (Vercher) 5.40 3.25 2.60
Worthy Duke, 107 (Mann) 3.65 2.95
Arbranch, 112 (Barnes) 3.30
Stare Idol, Masonville, Purple Gold, Ruskit, Sir Welland, Irish Kid also ran. Time, 1:13 4-5.

SECOND—Six furlongs; purse, $600; claiming; 3-year-olds and upward.
Wooly West, 108 (Watson) 13.90 7.55 6.20
Masantic, 108 (Remillard) 5.25 3.85
Even Stephen, 115 (Aimers) 3.90
Extra Man, Uncovered, Pot au Mint, Sass, Nune Way also ran. Time, 1:12 4-5.

THIRD—Six furlongs; purse, $600; claiming; 3-year-olds and upward.
Bran Muffin, 110 (Barnes) 6.95 3.60 2.60
Revonah, 117 (Erickson) 3.85 2.55
Chips, 100 (Madely) 2.60
Wacket, Carsidon, Alcodema, Barter also ran. Time, 1:13 2-5.

FOURTH—Mile and 70 yards; purse, $600; claiming; 3-year-olds and upward (Canadian foaled).
Khaki John, 117 (Madely) .. 5.05 3.30 2.60
Fire Reel, 114 (Remillard) 4.15 2.85
Roche d'Or, 114 (Dougherty) 3.00
Cudgeldee, Glaze, Step Off also ran. Time, 1:44 1-5.

FIFTH—Mile and 70 yards; the Fourth of July Handicap; purse, $1,500; 3-year-olds and upward.
Miss Monog, 102 (Madely) 74.35 18.30 5.90
Crout au Pot, 111 (Foden) 3.20 2.60
Spey Crest, 102 (Vercher) 5.30
Crofter, Shady Well, Live One, Stealingaway, Ladykin also ran. Time, 1:42 4-5.

SIXTH—One and one-sixteenth miles; purse, $700; claiming; 3-year-olds and upward.
War Plane, 115 (Erickson) 7.10 3.70 2.40
Fall Apple, 112 (Aimers) 3.15 2.30
Azmond, 110 (Remillard) 2.35
Sun Abbot, No Doubt also ran. Time, 1:45 3-5.

SEVENTH—One and one-eighth miles; purse, $600; claiming; 3-year-olds and upward.
Plain Ben, 114 (Erickson) 4.45 3.35 2.30
Troubanova, 108 (Watson) 6.15 3.10
Sir Byron, 114 (Fisher) 2.60
Don Tasker, Farr, Hayfire also ran. Time, 1:53 1-5.

The Post's Consensus at Charles Town

The following consensus has been compiled by The Post from the selections of the leading handicappers of the turf. The figures show how the selections were rated.

Consensus of Leading Handicappers

First race	Second race	Third race	Fourth race	Fifth race	Sixth race	Seventh race
Inscription (38)	Giggley Ann (34)	Ada Wan (27)	Pink Post (29)	Flageolet (29)	King Bird (27)	Worthington (20)
Barnstormer (21)	Scotty Don (17)	Small Change (26)	Dutiful (19)	Med. Times (21)	K. of Hearts (18)	Dark Star (15)
Dixie Prin. (13)	Jane Porter (11)	Nay Nay (17)	Hacky H. (18)	Rustic Cuba (20)	Helen's Alibi (13)	Dunair (14)

Bennings, Washington Post

Ghost Story	Scotty Don	Aella	Pink Post	Flageolet	Helen's Alibi	Worthington
Inscription	Giggley Ann	Small Change	Dutiful	Pergola	Braw Scot	Dunair
Parade On	Jane Porter	Ada Wan	Hacky H.	Rustic Cuba	King of Hearts	Boston Idle

Best bet—Pink Post.

Louisville Times, Associated Press

Wise Pete	Rock Bonne	Small Change	Hacky H.	Rustic Cuba	Helen's Alibi	Worthington
Dixie Princess	Scotty Don	Aella	Flying Start	Flageolet	Kingbird	Dunair
Inscription	Postman Home	West Action	Dutiful	Evening Chimes	Tulerries Wand	True John

Best bet—Worthington.

Racing Selections

Rockingham.
(For fast track.)
1—Paper Moon, Unknown Soldier, Lucky Buck.
2—Paper Profits, Flag Time, Distributute.
3—Fancy Flight, Happy Scot, Luck In.
4—The Pelican, Toytime, Bedight.
5—Outbound, Adobe Post, One Chance.
6—Modern Ace, Hernando, Old Judge.
7—Mathias, Lucky Prince, Southard.
Best bet—Outbound.
—Louisville Times (A.P.).

Latonia.
(For fast track.)
1—First Pigeon, Albess, Precious Betty, Little Connelly, Lady Macaw, Nightingale.
2—Tripp Up, Tulip Time, Virginella.
3—Curling, Hereward, Forceful.
4—Pestle, Specs, Jack Chevigny.
5—Barbaroosa, Inflice, Bokie B.
6—Jambalaya, Black Jacket, Moira's Chief.
7—Flying Ambassador, Decline, Discoloful.
Best bet—Pestle.
—Louisville Times (A.P.).

Fort Erie.
(For fast track.)
1—Woodage, Linesman, Dinmark.
2—Meloy, Uppity, Polygeny.
3—Becautious, Candy Pot, Santa Crest.
4—Craigco, Dark War, Meridian Queen.
5—Bylona, Crap Shooter, Semester.
6—Syndic, Lindsay, By the Sea.
7—Darkaini, Flying Heels II, Pan.
Best bet—Meloy.
—Louisville Times (A.P.).

Empire City.
(For fast track.)
1—Easy Flight, Alaric, Polytude.
2—Lampoon, Miss Snow, Big Boots.
3—Bull Fighter, Last Minute, Omar Jones.
4—Black Buddy, Coequal, Open Range
5—Carry Over, Identify, Speedmore.
6—Broadsword, Sweet Bud, Syriac.
Best bet—Broadsword.
—Louisville Times (A.P.).

Detroit Results.

(Associated Press.)

FIRST—Five furlongs; purse, $800; claiming; 2-year-olds.
Good Aim, 115 (Robertson) 5.20 3.40 2.40
Sun Lure, 112 (Luther) 3.40 2.40
Dark Dianne, 107 (Atkins) 2.40
Odessa Clark, Lier, Hospitality, Grand View, Green Lotus and Jimmy N also ran. Time, 1:01 3-5.

SECOND—Six furlongs; purse, $800; claiming; 3-year-olds and upward.
Campagna, 96 (Mattioli) .. 6.80 3.00 2.40
Scythe, 103 (Petrella) 3.20 2.40
Merry Caroline, 108 (Fernandez) ... 3.20
Nyack, Moon San, Trysbit and Rempli also ran. Time, 1:13 4-5.

THIRD—Six furlongs (chute); purse, $800; claiming; 3-year-olds.
Cova, 99 (Winters) 9.40 4.20 2.80
Kieva, 107 (Luther) 3.20 2.60
Angel Flor, 101 (Mauro) 2.60
Full Tilt, Donna James and Beckoned also ran. Time, 1:13.

FOURTH—Mile and an eighth; purse, $800; claiming; 3-year-olds and upward.
Tut Tut, 107 (Petrella) 7.00 3.60 3.00
Thistle Fyrn, 107 (Daniels) 3.20 2.60
Enigmatic, 92 (Roberts) 3.40
Star Brook, Regis Play and Englewood also ran. Time, 1:55 4-5.

FIFTH—Six furlongs (chute); the Old Glory Purse, $800; claiming; 3-year-olds and upward.
Sun Monk, 108 (Fischer) .. 28.20 8.40 4.80
Terrier, 110 (Winters) 4.80 3.60
Our Count, 103 (Petrella) 3.80
All Rowes, Our Sailor, Capitalist, Tug o' War, Eddy Lee and Ep also ran. Time, 1:13 1-5.

SIXTH—Six furlongs (chute); the Liberty Handicap Purse, $2,500; added; 3-year-olds and upward.
Rock X, 103 (Mattioli) ... 7.20 4.20 3.00
Sabula, 110 (Luther) 7.00 4.20
Mr. Sponge, 113 (Young) 8.80
Cloth o, Bahamas, Miss Patience and Marooned also ran. Time, 1:12.

SEVENTH—Mile and a sixteenth; purse, $800; claiming; 4-year-olds and upward.
Soeur Blanche, 106 (Robertson) 8.80 3.60 2.80
Dignified, 108 (Winters) 5.00 2.40
Shoot, 106 (Dronet) 3.00
Ted Clark, Muslet, Faux Pas and Pacheco also ran. Time, 1:47 1-5.

EIGHTH—One mile; purse, 800; claiming; 4-year-olds and upward.
Racketeer, 107 (Daniels) .. 12.60 6.00 3.40
Noelwood, 116 (Young) 5.00 3.20
Electric Gaff, 111 (Dronet) 3.60
Abakin, Sun Worship, Fair Billows and Careful Kitty also ran. Time, 1:41 2-5.

Mount Royal Entries.

(Associated Press.)

FIRST RACE—One mile and 70 yards; purse, $400; claiming; for 3-year-olds and upward.
1 Hollandaise ..... 97 | 7 Fatal Gift 102
2 Ruby Stone ..... 106 | 8 Radiomere 104
3 Wee Tidier II .106 | 9 Chalb. Queen ... 92
4 Candy Man ..... 107 | 10 *Jus' of Gold .106
5 Baton d'Amour .111 | 11 Foxsy Dew 105
6 Vanity ..... 102 | 12 Miss Johnston .104

SECOND RACE—Five and one-half furlongs; purse, $400; claiming; for maiden 3-year-olds and upward; foaled in Canada.
1 *Olivia D ..... 97 | 8 Assyrian Lad ..110
2 Cudheldon ..... 105 | 9 Foresight 107
3 *Wee M'Gregor .107 | 10 Moon Scamp ..107
4 John Jade ..... 112 | 11 Rockvale 102
5 Rampl'g Katie .107 | 12 Cudchic 107
6 *Curaliva ..... 102 | 13 *All Roses 102
7 Turf Toy 107

THIRD RACE—Six furlongs; purse, $400; claiming; for 3-year-olds and upward.
1 Sonny Don ..... 104 | 9 Rabble 105
2 Dark Altos ..... 110 | 10 Very B 105
3 Fly On ..

Nat Owner Goes to Bat for Cronin Answering American Star Team Protests

Five Choices Hurt, Says Griffith

Avers Cronin Used His Best Judgment in Picking Talent.

Stewart and Broaca to Do Flinging as Nats Play Yanks Today.

By Frank H. Young.

CLARK GRIFFITH, Nat owner, yesterday went to bat for Manager Cronin in reply to protests from New York because the fan's vote on the make-up of the American League team to meet the National Leaguers in the All-Star game in Gotham next Tuesday was not explicitly followed.

"In the first place," said Griffith, "every man named by Cronin except Sam West and some of the pitchers was one of the 20 voted for. Cronin simply juggling them about a little so as to get what he considered the strongest combination He favored Higgins ahead of Dykes and Simmons ahead of Averill and added on West to give the Browns a representative. Both Averill and Dykes are substitutes.

"When the fans voted, they did not know that Pitchers Lefty Grove and Earl Whitehill were bothered with sore arms, that Catcher Hemsley is suffering from an injured stomach muscle, or that Outfielders Carl Reynolds and Joe Vosmik are handicapped by leg injuries. Naturally, it was up to Cronin to replace these men with players who are ready—and that's exactly what he did.

"The American League wants to win this game and I assume that the fans who voted for that team want to see it win. And it is because Cronin wants to present the strongest front possible against the National Leaguers that he made the few changes he did."

It is Al Thomas' turn to pitch today, when the Yankees are met in New York, but Skipper Cronin, who always plays the percentages, has discovered that Al is not so hot against the league-leaders and so will turn over his mound assignment to Lefty Walter Stewart. Johnny Broaca, the bespectacled former Yale hurler who had the Nats eating out of his hand here last Sunday, is expected to do the alien flinging.

If the Nats hope to get anywhere in the current race, it is up to them to make up for a lot of lost ground in the four games listed in the big town.

That guy, Warstler, who plays second for the A's, certainly scoots over the ground like a rabbit, for which he is nicknamed. He made a great stop to rob Manush of a hit in the first round of the opener and in the next round turned in another good play to force Cronin at second on Travis' roller over toward first.

Crowder did not pass a man until the fourth, but then he used very bad judgment in picking his spot, walking Coleman with the aisles packed to force over a run and knot the string at 1-all.

Some great center fielding was shown in the opening fracas. Schulte came in fast for Coleman's near Texas leaguer in the second and went back almost to the flagpole to fasten himself on the end of Higgins' looper in the sixth. Coleman's best catch was a near shoestring grab of Stone's liner opening the fourth.

The Nats were fortunate in benefiting from pinch hitters in the opener. Of the three used, Bluege and Harris walked and Berg was given life on Higgins' error.

The little sun gods apparently have won their double-header duels with the police. No effort was made to prevent them from rushing from the bleachers to the stands between yesterday's games. Maybe it was the holiday spirit that led the coppers to watch the rush from their seats in the shade.

Schulte made a great grab of Higgins' long looper in the fifth of the nightcap, which robbed Higgins of an extra-base hit and prevented two allen runs. He raced back for the ball, apparently lost it and turned around to take another look, and then snared it back near the stands to the left of the flagpole.

Rockingham Park Entries.

(Associated Press.)

FIRST RACE—Five and one-half furlongs; purse, $800; for maiden 2-year-old fillies.

1 First Pigeon...115 5 Albess ...115
2 Miss Contrary..115 6 Maxine P.....115
3 Precious Betty.115 7 Catch Fly....115
4 Mamie D.....115

SECOND RACE—One mile and 70 yards; purse, $600; claiming; for 3-year-olds and upward; fillies and mares.

1 Nightingale ...110 5 *Little Connelly.112
2 Lady Macaw....105 6 *Uma 112
3 *Mai Jan.....104 7 *Unsets Lassie..112
4 Fair Cynthia...105 8 Micosh 112

THIRD RACE—Five and one-half furlongs; purse, $600; claiming; for 2-year-olds.

1 Razzedy Pants.107 9 *South'd Poet..102
2 Athanestie ....106 10 Play Sickle....106
3 Gyana .....104 11 Waterfront 107
4 Golden Tone....104 12 Tulip Time 104
5 Blondsure .....107 13 Our Bettie....106
6 *Tripp Up.....104 14 Idle Wild.....104
7 Virginella .....106 15 Leo B.....113
8 Rokeway 109

FOURTH RACE—Six furlongs; purse, $600; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.

1 Dorothy Dale..102 5 Dusky Dame....105
2 Billie's Orphan.106 6 Monk's Star....105
3 Sweet Peach....102 7 Blithe 102
4 Odette 110

FIFTH RACE—Six furlongs; purse, $700; allowances; for 3-year-olds.

1 Cherry Time....109 4 Brown Witch...104
2 Cactus Rose....104 5 Ridge Mor.....109
3 Southl'd Duke..102

SIXTH RACE—Six furlongs; purse, $600; claiming; for 3-year-olds.

1 Florence Louise.103 5 *Occult 105
2 Our Sammy....113 6 Lady Pal.....108
3 *Chauvinism ....101 7 *Rettef 105
4 *Prince Vic.....111

SEVENTH RACE—One mile and 70 yards; purse, $600; claiming; for 3-year-olds and upward.

1 Meteoric .....111 5 Hessey's Beau...104
2 Anson Bridge...104 6 Roulade 98
3 Lady Friend....106 7 Rabanero 109
4 Amazine .....111 8 Lonell 108

EIGHTH RACE—One mile and 70 yards; purse, $600; claiming; for 2-year-olds.

1 Pharamaid .....104 5 *Genial Joe....104
2 Laura Kiev.....104 6 Golden Nut.....109
3 Little Bubbles..107 7 Babeson 109
4 Full Sail.....109
*Apprentice allowance claimed.
Weather, clear; track, fast.

Detroit Entries.

(Associated Press.)

FIRST RACE—Five furlongs; purse, $800; claiming; for maiden 2-year-olds.

1 Maple Sue... 107 7 *French S'nt 105
2 *Sun Caprice 108 8 *Oddessa May 102
3 *Treas. Ship. 105 9 Suncirele B'se 110
4 Contrary ... 110 10 Herendeth... 107
5 *Lavishy Vinie. 102 11 Wilderness W. 102
6 *Rosewater ... 102 12 Keen 110

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs (chute); purse, $800; claiming; for 3-year-olds.

1 *Black Song.. 103 5 *Thistle Guy.. 107
2 *Spoiled Boy. 103 6 Hoptoit 112
3 Tumbler ..... 112 7 *Hammer 107
4 Safe and S'd. 103 8 *Acrobatic 103

THIRD RACE—Five and one-half furlongs; purse, $800; allowances; for 2-year-olds.

1 Lit. Doggie.. 108 5 Adam's Nve... 105
2 Maple Russy.. 108 6 U Demon..... 118
3 Imp. Betsy... 112 7 Pol. Hundred 112
4 St. Moritz... 115 8 Harold H..... 110

FOURTH RACE—Six furlongs; purse, $800; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.

1 *Two Tricks. 101 5 *Gertrude L.. 98
2 *Timorous ... 104 6 Roy. Purchase 101
3 Flit. Light... 103 7 *Doris B..... 104
4 The Run..... 109 8 Athol 111

FIFTH RACE—Six furlongs (chute); purse, $800; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.

1 Sash Cap.... 108 5 Gracious Gift. 108
2 *Red Hun.... 109 6 *Tremendous.. 98
3 *Charlie ..... 100 7 *Princeton 109
4 *Inferno Lad. 103 8 Sam Fass..... 114

SIXTH RACE—One mile; purse, $800; claiming; for 3-year-olds and upward.

1 *Six Bells.... 98 6 *Lazi Canter.. 110
2 *Lotta Airs... 105 7 *Grand C'pion 108
3 *Princess Pyre 100 8 *Blk. Diamond 108
4 *Doeskin ..... 95 9 Sweeperman... 115
5 *La Gol'rina. 103

SEVENTH RACE—One and one-eighth miles; purse, $800; claiming; for 3-year-olds and upward.

1 *Winifred Ann 107 5 *Gert. Reade. 107
2 *Lit. Turtle.. 112 6 *Scimitar 112
3 *Star Play... 112 7 *Lacquer 107
4 *Johnny Shaw 112 8 Watch Tower. 117
*Apprentice allowance claimed.
Weather, clear; track, fast.

At the Post . . .

with Bill Bennings.

Charles Town, July 4.

Dear Al:

Bennings, Inc., had choices bouncing in and out of the money throughout the day, but on only two occasions did they ring the winning bell. However, it was "good thing" day for the horsemen. In other words, several horses won which hardly would have been close if the heavy money was not in evidence. It is seldom that owners and trainers have had a crack at big betting during this meeting, and I'm afraid that the day's largest profits went to those who were on the inside of several races. Saw enough horse racing today to make both Mike and I dizzy. And then we had to trudge back to headquarters and dive into the speed books.

BILL.

First race—Ghost Story turned in a sizzling race to win today and might repeat if sent back. **Inscription** and **Parade On** appear to have an edge on the others.

Second race—Scotty Don is another which scored today and is far too good to disregard. Needs only another hustling ride. **Giggley Ann** and **Jane Porter** to complete the money circle.

Third race—Aella is the one to beat in this field. She is sharp now and those in charge have been awaiting a spot. **Small Change** and **Ada Wan** will be ready if the top one makes mistakes.

Fourth race—Pink Post appears to be well placed in this sprint. He can not stop to pick daisies on the way, however, as his edge is only a slight one. **Dutiful** ran a good race the other day and will have something to say about the money distribution. **Hacky H.** for the rest.

Fifth race—Flageolet breaks off the rail and may make every post a winning one. Won her last impressively. **Pergola** and **Rustic Cuba** for the other awards. The last named is one of Clocker Mike's good things.

Sixth race—Helen's Alibi has been rather inconsistent at this meeting. However, Clocker Mike came to me with tears in his eyes and asked me to put this one on top. **Braw Scot** and **King of Hearts** are my choices.

Seventh race—Worthington looks like the goods here. Both the route and the opposition suits. **Dunair** may awake with a bang. **Boston Idle** for the show.

Wood and Perry Beaten in England

Continued from Page 13.

This ability to handle the American's burning service proved the deciding factor as he broke Frank's delivery three times in the fourth set.

The Wood-Perry conflict, which immediately followed, if anything exceeded the first in tenseness. Where the opener mostly was a backcourt duel, Sidney and Fred went at each other like a couple of game cocks, almost invariably following their services to the net to engage in thrilling forecourt exchanges.

The result was that first one and then the other was hammering his opponent back with his service. Whenever a service break came it meant that set for the one who did it.

Ball Drops Over Net.

The final point of the match was almost anticlimactic after dropping his service in the fifth game Wood, struggling to ward off defeat, pulled up from love-40 to 30-40 when Perry apparently flubbed a return. However, it hit the net cord and, with a dull plop, dropped into Wood's forecourt to give the Englishman game, set and match.

The double defeat left the United States without a finalist for one of the few times since she became a tennis power.

Latonia Entries.

(Associated Press.)

FIRST RACE—Five and one-half furlongs; purse, $600; for maiden 2-year-old fillies.

1 First Pigeon...115 5 Albess ...115
2 Miss Contrary..115 6 Maxine P.....115
3 Precious Betty.115 7 Catch Fly....115
4 Mamie D.....115

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2 Lady Macaw....105 6 *Uma 112
3 *Mai Jan.....104 7 *Unsets Lassie..112
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4 Golden Tone....104 12 Tulip Time 104
5 Blondsure .....107 13 Our Bettie....106
6 *Tripp Up.....104 14 Idle Wild.....104
7 Virginella .....106 15 Leo B.....113
8 Rokeway 109

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2 Cactus Rose....104 5 Ridge Mor.....109
3 Southl'd Duke..102

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1 Florence Louise.103 5 *Occult 105
2 Our Sammy....113 6 Lady Pal.....108
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2 Anson Bridge...104 6 Roulade 98
3 Lady Friend....106 7 Rabanero 109
4 Amazine .....111 8 Lonell 108

EIGHTH RACE—One mile and 70 yards; purse, $600; claiming; for 2-year-olds.

1 Pharamaid .....104 5 *Genial Joe....104
2 Laura Kiev.....104 6 Golden Nut.....109
3 Little Bubbles..107 7 Babeson 109
4 Full Sail.....109
*Apprentice allowance claimed.
Weather, clear; track, fast.

Browns, Chisox Split Holiday Twin Bill

Chicago, July 4 (Spl.).—Dick Coffman, pitching for the St. Louis Browns, held the Chicago White Sox to two hits in the first game of today's double-header, and won—4 to 0. The Sox evened the count, however, by taking the nightcap decision— to 2.

First Game.

St. Louis.	AB	H	O	A	Chicago.	AB	H	O	A
Clift,3b..	4	1	0	0	Sw'son,rf..	3	0	2	0
West,cf...	3	0	2	0	Haas,cf....	3	0	2	0
Burns,1b..	3	1	9	0	*Bocek....	0	0	0	0
Pepper,lf..	4	1	2	0	Dykes,3b,2b	3	0	3	0
C'pbell,rf.	3	0	4	0	Bonura,1b.	4	1	10	0
Melillo,2b.	4	1	4	3	Sim'ons,lf.	3	0	1	0
Grube,c...	3	0	4	0	Hayes,2b..	2	0	0	0
Strange,ss	4	2	2	5	C'berlin,3b	2	0	0	0
Coffman,p	4	0	0	2	Boken,ss..	4	0	1	5
					Madjeski,c	1	0	7	3
Totals.	37	10	27	10	Jones,p....	3	0	0	2
					Totals.	29	2	27	11

*Ran for Haas in third, but latter was permitted to return to game by St. Louis.

St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Runs—Clift, West, Grube, Strange. Errors—Strange, Chamberlain. Bases batted in—West (2), Burns. Home run—West. Stolen bases—Grube, Strange (2). Double play—Melillo to Strange to Burns. Left on bases—St. Louis, 8; Chicago, 7. First base on balls—Off Coffman, 3; off Jones, 1. Struck out—By Coffman, 3; by Jones, 7. Hit by pitched ball—By Jones (Campbell). Umpires—Dinneen, Kolls and Donnelly. Time of game—One hour and 42 minutes.

Second Game.

St. Louis.	AB	H	O	A	Chicago.	AB	H	O	A
Bejma,3b..	5	1	1	3	Swanson,rf	4	0	4	0
West,cf....	4	1	1	0	Haas,cf....	3	0	1	0
Burns,1b..	4	2	3	0	Dykes,2b..	4	1	1	1
Pepper,lf..	4	0	2	0	Bonura,1b.	4	1	11	0
C'pbell,rf.	4	0	3	1	Simmons,lf	4	3	1	0
Melillo,2b.	3	1	4	3	Boken,ss..	4	1	2	3
Hemsley,c.	4	2	6	1	Cham'n,3b.	3	2	3	1
Strange,ss	3	1	2	5	Ohlo,c....	2	2	5	1
Blaeholm,p	1	0	0	1	Tietje,p..	3	0	0	0
Knott,p...	1	0	1	0	Gallivan,p.	0	0	0	0
*Cliff....	1	0	0	0					
McAfee,p..	0	0	0	0	Totals..	32	10	27	6
†Garms...	1	0	0	0					
Totals.	33	8	24	11					

*Batted for Knott in the eighth.
†Batted for McAfee in the ninth.

St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1—2
Chicago	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	x—2

Runs—Bejma, Melillo, Dykes, Bonura, Simmons. Errors—Strange, McAfee, Boken, Shea. Runs batted in—Simmons, Boken, Chamberlin. Two-base hit—Hemsley. Stolen base—Swanson. Sacrifices—Strange, Haas. Double play—Melillo to Burns. Left on bases—St. Louis, 8; Chicago, 6. First base on balls—Off Tietje, 3. Struck out—By Blaeholden, 1; by Knott, 3; by Tietje, 9; by Gallivan, 1. Hits—Off Blaeholder, 7 in 3 innings (none out in 4th); off Knott, 2 in 4 innings; off McAfee, 1 in 1 inning; off Tietje, 7 in 8 innings (none out in 9th); off Gallivan 2 in 1 inning. Wild pitch—Tietje. Winning pitcher—Tietje. Losing pitcher—Blaeholder. Umpires—Kolls, Donnelly and Dinneen. Time of game—Two hours ten minutes.

Dodgers Defeat Phils, 8-5, Then Bow, 11 to 2

Philadelphia, July 4 (AP).—The Phillies and Brooklyn Dodgers divided a double-header today. A three-run rally in the ninth broke a 5-to-5 tie and gave Brooklyn an 8-to-5 triumph in the first. Leslie and Frederick hit home runs. Timelys lugging enabled the Phillies to walk off with the second, 11 to 2.

First Game.

Brooklyn.	AB	H	O	A	Phillies.	AB	H	O	A
Boyle,lf...	4	0	1	0	Bartell,ss.	5	0	2	3
Stripp,3b..	4	0	1	2	Chiozza,2b,lf	4	2	3	2
Fred'k,rf..	4	2	1	0	Allen,lf...	3	0	2	0
K'necke,cf	2	1	5	0	*Hendrick..	1	1	0	0
Leslie,1b..	4	1	12	0	Jeffries,2b	0	0	0	0
C'nello,2b	5	3	4	7	J.Moore,rf	4	2	0	1
Lopes,c...	4	0	4	0	Camilli,1b.	4	1	11	0
Jordan,ss.	5	2	0	4	G.Davis,cf.	4	2	3	0
Leonard,p.	4	1	0	1	Walters,3b	4	1	3	3
Zachary,p	1	1	0	0	Todd,c....	4	2	2	0
					Collins,p...	2	0	0	2
Totals.	37	11	27	15	†Haslin...	1	0	0	0
					Totals.	37	11	27	14

*Batted for Allen in eighth.
†Batted for Collins in ninth.

Brooklyn	3	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	3—8
Philadelphia	0	2	0	0	0	1	2	0	0—5

Runs—Stripp (2), Frederick, (2), Chiozza, Jeffries, Camilli, G. Davis (2). Errors—Stripp, Bartell, Collins. Runs batted in—Walters, Todd, Hendrick, J. Moore, Leslie (3), Frederick, K'necke, Camilli, Zachary. Two-base hits—Chiozza, J. Moore, Todd. Three-base hit—Chiozza. Home runs—Leslie, Frederick. Sacrifices—Frederick. Double play—Stripp to Cuccinello. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 5; Brooklyn, 10. First base on balls—Off Collins, 7. Struck out—By Leonard, 1; by Zachary 1; by Collins, 3. Hits—Off Leonard, 9 in 7 1-3 innings (one out in eighth); off Zachary, 2 in 1 2-3 innings. Winning pitcher—Zachary. Umpires—Stark and Quigley. Time of game—Two hours and seven minutes.

Brooklyn.	AB	H	O	A	Phila.	AB	H	O	A
K'necke,cf	4	1	3	0	Bartell,ss.	5	2	4	5
Stripp,3b.	4	0	2	3	Chiozza,2b.	4	3	1	2
Taylor,lf.	2	0	1	2	Allen,lf...	4	3	0	0
L.W'son,rf	2	1	2	0	J.Moore,rf.	4	3	2	0
Leslie,1b.	3	1	8	0	Camilli,1b.	4	1	11	0
Chap'n,2b.	4	0	4	5	G.Davis,cf.	5	3	2	0
Jordan,ss.	2	0	2	1	Walters,3b.	4	1	1	2
Frey,ss...	2	0	1	3	J.Wilson,c.	3	0	6	0
Berres,c...	2	1	7	1	Hansen,p..	4	1	0	2
Beck,p....	0	0	0	1					
Carroll,p..	0	1	0	2	Totals..	36	16	27	12
*C'nello...	1	1	0	0					
Totals	33	5	24	18					

*Batted for Carroll in ninth.

Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0—2
Philadelphia	3	0	0	4	1	0	0	3	x—11

Runs—Berres, Carroll, Bartell (3), Chiozza (2), Allen, J. Moore (3), Camilli, G. Davis. Errors—Stripp, Camilli. Two-base hits—Carroll, G. Davis, Chiozza, Allen, Camilli. Three-base hit—J. Moore. Sacrifice—Allen. Left on bases—Brooklyn, 8; Philadelphia, 7. First base on balls—Off Beck, 3; off Carroll, 2; off Hansen, 4. Struck out—By Carroll, 1; by Hansen, 5. Hits—Off Beck, 3 in 2-3 inning; off Carroll, 13 in 7 1-3 innings. Wild pitch—Beck, 2. Passed ball—Wilson. Losing pitcher—Beck. Umpires—Quigley and Stark. Time of game—Two hours 2 minutes.

Aqueduct Results.

(Associated Press.)

FIRST—Five furlongs; purse, $1,000; claiming; 2-year-olds.
Manual, 111 (Merritt) 18-5 7-5 7-10
Jalasa, 110 (Jones) 7-10 1-2
Rust, 108 (Litzenberger) 8-5
Wilful Miss, Miss Firefly, Warned Off, Black Tassel, River Rose also ran. Time, 0:59.

SECOND—About 2 miles (substitute race); purse, $1,500; steeplechase; conditions; 4-year-olds and upward.
Irish Bullet, 151 (Bellhouse) 11-10 1-2 out
Nesconset, 130 (Smiley) ..... 1-2 out
Rideaway, 148 (McGinnis) ..... out
Lavishy also ran. Time, 4:03.

THIRD—Five furlongs; the Banquet purse, $1,200; 2-year-olds.
Allen Z. 115 (Workman) ..... 3-5 1-5 out
Moisson, 118 (Jones) 7-10 1-5
Distracting, 110 (Kurtsinger) 1-4
Jeanne S. and Prince Regent also ran. Time, 0:59 3-5.

FOURTH—Mile and a furlong; the Brooklyn Handicap; purse, $3,500 added; 3-year-olds and upward.
Discovery, 113 (Bejshak) ..... 3-5 out out
Dark Secret, 126 (Kurtsinger) ..... out out
Fleam, 108 (Stout) ..... out
Halcyon also ran. Time, 1:49 4-5.

FIFTH—One mile; purse, $1,000; claiming; 3-year-olds and upward.
Scotch Soldier, 108 (Austin) 4-1 3-5 4-5
Big Show, 105 (Litzenberger) 3-1 8-5
Xandra, 110 (Gilbert) 4-5
Palatine, Reso, Bannoch Lath and Dunora also ran. Time, 1:40.

SIXTH—One mile; purse, $1,000; claiming; 3-year-olds and upward.
Black Falcon, 112 (Gilbert) 11-5 1-1 1-2
Our Sallie, 102 (Merritt) 5-2 6-5
Celiba, 104 (Litzenberger) 3-5
Dunbar, The Rake, Galon Lad, Pennate, White Flier, Affirmative and Black Patricia also ran. Time, 1:40 3-5.

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Owens' Horse Is Culpeper Winner

Scores in Ladies' Saddle Class; Sir Cona Again Leads Hunters.

CULPEPER, Va., July 4 (Spl.).—Brilliant performances and the closest competition ever witnessed at a Culpeper show, marked the ring events of the opening day's classes at the thirtieth annual exhibition here today before a large holiday crowd.

The local crowd was augmented by visitors from Washington, Baltimore, and other cities to the number of 6,000.

The only accident of the day happened in the third race when Saratoga Chip, Mrs. William Anderson's racer, lost his saddle at the finish of the mile, throwing his rider, Earle Fewell, and knocking him unconscious.

The same old lucky No. 13, that won first for him at Hampton and Richmond, brought victory to Sir Cona, Manley W. Carter's chestnut gelding, in the hunting class.

Washington Horse Wins.

A Washington horse, Jack Lightning, owned by Mr. and Mrs. Vernon Owen and ridden by Mrs. Owen, won the blue in the interesting class for ladies' saddle horses. Mrs. Allen Potts' Nesbit won first in the free-for-all hunters and jumpers. One of the outstanding performers was Magician, a chestnut mare from the stables of Edgewood Farm, Albemarle County, which won the only prize given in the touch-and-out class.

Mrs. Fay Ingalls, of Hot Springs, exhibiting here for the first time, was a favorite from the start, riding Jumping Jack to victory in the middle and heavy weight class. Miss Elizabeth Nesbit's Cathode Ray came to first place against the field in the lightweight hunters. Melvin C. Hazen, District Commissioner, Washington; N. O. Furr, Middleburg, and Roy S. Norton, Washington, were judges in the ring.

Summary of Events.

Class 4, brood mares, suitable to breed hunters—First, Polly E. L. Redmon; second, Primrose, Clifton Simpson; third, Emblematic, Edgewood Farm.

Class 3, 2-year-olds, half-bred—First, Turntable, Mrs. George P. Greenhalgh; second, Rover, Clifton Simpson; third, Miss Sylvia, C. W. Yowell.

Class 7, saddle horses, conformation, style action, paces and manner considered at walk, trot and canter—First, Redpoll, Edgewood Farm.

Class 20, hunters and jumpers, open to all, over jumps 4 feet, best performance to win (19 entries)—First, Nesbit, Mrs. Allen Potts; second, Lucky Find, L. R. Colbert; third, Magician, Edgewood Farm.

Class 12, hunters, for 3-year-olds, over jumps, 3½ feet, conformation and performance, 50-50—First, Sir Cona, Manley W. Carter; second, Croisan, Manley W. Carter; third, Red Fox, J. E. Banker.

Class 9, ladies' saddle horses, ridden by ladies, especial count on manner of performance—First, Jack Lightning, Mr. and Mrs. Vernon G. Owen; second, Gulf Breeze, Miss Marjorie McLeod; third, Robin Adair, Edgewood Farm.

Class 11, suitable to become hunters, for horses 3 and 4 years old, owner in Culpeper County; shown under saddle—First, Bun Roamer, A. D. Scott; second, Miss Elkwood, A. D. Scott.

Class 21, jumping class, touch and out, over 4-foot jumps—First, Magician, Edgewood Farm.

Class 13—Hunters, four years old and under, conformation, quality and general promise valued 50 per cent; performance, over jumps, 50 per cent: 1, Sir Cona, Manley W. Carter; 2, Red Fox, J. E. Barker; 3, Silver Top, Mrs. Fay Ingalls.

Recess, Class 15—Lightweight hunters, for horses carrying to 150 pounds over hounds not exceeding 4½ feet; conformation, 25 per cent; performance and manners, 75 per cent: 1, Cathode Ray, Miss Elizabeth Nesbit; 2, Nesbit, Mrs. Allen Potts; 3, Rookie, Miss Margaret Cotter.

Class 16—Middle and heavyweight hunters, carrying 175 pounds, 4½-foot jumps; conformation, 25 per cent; performance and manners, 75 per cent: 1, Jumping Jack, Mrs. Fay Ingalls; 2, Gray Stone, L. R. Colbert; 3, Magician, Edgewood Farms.

Riders in this class were Mrs. Ingalls, Miss Connie Moore and Alex Sive.

Races—Half-mile, open to Culpeper horses: 1, High Lady, Mrs. A. S. Bowman; 2, Willie Billy, M. R. Waugh; 3, Lightning Rock, Guy L. Miller.

Flat race—Half-mile, open to all: 1, Kentucky Son, M. C. Rodecap; 2, Argail, J. D. Swan; 3, Timber Fire, L. R. Colbert.

Race—One mile, for Culpeper Famous Lena, Harry Lee Smith; 2, Infatuation, Mrs. Helen Phillips; 3, Charley, C. W. Byers.

Race—Three-quarters mile, free-for-all: 1, Kenbridge, C. H. Fitzgerald; 2, Schley, Mrs. A. S. Bowman; 3, Busy Ike, L. R. Colbert.

Steeplechase—Over 2½ miles, cross country, over nine jumps and once around the track; under rules of National Steeplechase Association: 1, Fluttering, M. H. Everhart; 2, Show Boat, Mrs. A. S. Bowman; 3, Radio, Wilmer Kearns.

Empire City Entries.

(Associated Press.)

FIRST RACE—Five furlongs; purse, $800; claiming; the Welcome; for 2-year-olds.

1 Veronica C.... 110 5 Merry Bud.... 112
2 Polytude ..... 115 6 Tudor Queen. 115
3 *Air Line..... 113 7 Alaric 115
4 Easy Flight.. 118

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs; purse, $900; claiming; for 3-year-olds and upward.

1 Big Boots.... 105 7 Curiette 106
2 Miss Snow.. 106 8 Pending 116
3 Quorum ..... 111 9 *Our One.... 100
4 Just Cap..... 100 10 Quincunx 116
5 Fashion Show 106 11 Lampoon 116
6 Mad Eagle... 100 12 Transen 106

THIRD RACE—Five and one-half furlongs; purse, $900; the Lakeside; for 2-year-old maidens.

1 Bull Fighter.. 111 4 Mae Skilling. 108
2 Last Minute. 111 5 Omar Jones.. 111
3 Tarbucket ... 111

FOURTH RACE—About six furlongs; purse, $1,000 added; the Inwood Handicap; for 3-year-olds and upward.

1 Coequal .... 106 5 Bright Haven.. 95
2 Black Buddy.. 112 6 Can't Rem'ber. 105
3 Slapdash .... 107 7 Open Range.. 115
4 Flying Hour.. 108

FIFTH RACE—One mile and 70 yards; purse, $1,000; the Winsted; conditions; for 3-year-olds.

1 Speedmore .. 106 3 Bahadur 109
2 Identify .... 110 4 Carry Over... 113

SIXTH RACE—One mile and 70 yards; purse, $900; claiming; for 3-year-olds and upward.

1 Koterito .... 102 5 Sweet Bud... 110
2 †Striac ..... 103 6 †War Tide.... 102
3 St. Chris'er.. 110 7 Victory Flag.. 102
4 Occidental ... 106 8 Broadsword ... 110
*5 lbs. apprentice allowance claimed.
†7 lbs. apprentice allowance claimed.

22,000 See Cards And Cubs Divide

St. Louis Wins, 6-2; Then Loses by Same Score.

St. Louis, July 4 (AP).—The Chicago Cubs and St. Louis Cardinals split even in a double-header before a holiday crowd of 22,000 today, the Cubs winning the nightcap, 6 to 2, after dropping the first game by the same score.

First Game.

Chicago.	AB	H	O	A	St. Louis.	AB	H	O	A
W.Her'n,2b	4	1	2	4	Martin,3b.	5	1	1	3
English,ss.	4	0	1	1	Rothr'k,rf.	5	2	3	0
Klein,lf...	4	1	3	0	Frisch,2b..	4	0	0	5
F.Her'n,rf.	4	0	2	0	Medwick,lf	4	4	3	0
Cuyler,cf..	3	0	2	0	Collins,1b.	4	1	11	2
Fitzs.c...	3	0	2	1	Du'cher,ss.	4	1	2	1
Grimm,1b.	4	1	7	0	Orsatti,cf.	4	2	3	0
Hack,3b...	3	2	1	1	Du'cher,ss.	4	1	2	1
Lee,p.....	2	0	0	2	Carleton,p.	2	0	0	1
Rook,p....	0	0	0	0					
*Hartnett.	1	0	0	0	Totals..	38	14	27	12
Totals.	33	6	24	9					

*Batted for Lee in seventh.

Chicago	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0—2
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	5	1	0	x—6

Runs—W. Herman, Cuyler, Martin, Medwick (2), Davis, Orsatti, Durocher. Runs batted in—Klein, Phelps, Davis, Orsatti (2), Durocher, Martin. Two-base hits—Klein, Davis, Rothrock. Three-base hit—Martin. Stolen bases—Cuyler. Left on bases—Chicago, 6; St. Louis, 8. First base on balls—Off Carleton, 1. Struck out—By Lee, 4; by Root, 1; by Carleton, 1. Hits—Off Lee, 11 in 6 innings; off Root, 3 in 2 innings. Hit by pitched ball—By Carleton (Cuyler). Wild pitch—Carleton. Balk—Lee. Passed ball—Phelps. Losing pitcher—Lee. Umpires—Klem and Pfirman. Time of game—One hour 45 minutes.

Second Game.

Chicago.	AB	H	O	A	St. Louis.	AB	H	O	A
W. Her'n,2b	4	2	6	4	Martin,3b.	3	0	1	0
English,ss.	3	1	2	1	Rothr'k,rf.	3	0	1	0
Klein,lf.rf	5

BENNY — Too Late — By J. Carver Pusey

"CAP" STUBBS — That's Unfair— — By Edwina

WELL, THAT'S TH' WAY OF THINGS—A FELLA WORKS'N SAVES TO BUY A TENT—
I GAVE YOU THAT TENT MYSELF, CAP STUBBS!
DIDJA—I FERGOT!!—WELL—AN' THEN HE PUTS IT AWAY AWFUL CAREFUL LIKE SO'S—
YES—IN A HEAP 'LONG SIDE TH' GARAGE TILL I HAD TO DRAG IT INSIDE MYSELF—
WELL, YOU DIDN'T GIMME TIME!—AN' THEN YOU HADDA GO SELL IT TO TH' RAG MAN—
TIME! IT WOULD HAVE BEEN THERE YET! MY LAND!

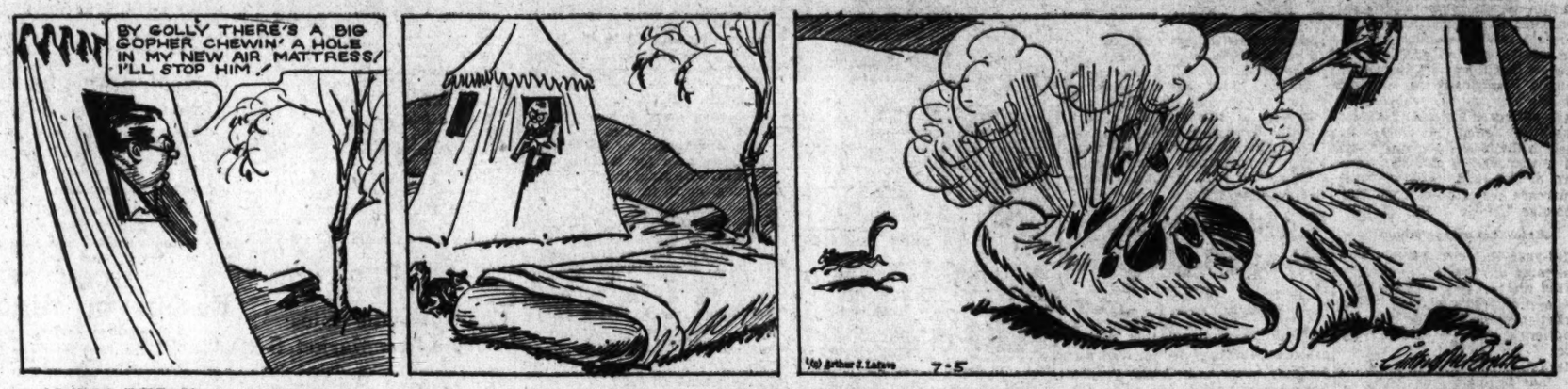
THE BUNGLE FAMILY — The Safety First Expert — By Harry J. Tuthill

WELL JO, I'M NOT TRYING TO DISCOURAGE YOU ON THIS WATER-HIKE, BUT TODAY I DID SOME INVESTIGATING ON HOW QUICKLY A YACHT CAN SINK AND—
BY "INVESTIGATING" YOU MEAN THAT SOMEONE STUFFED YOU RIGHT UP TO THE EARS, OAKDALE, PROBABLY. YOU ADMIT HE—
I ALSO TALKED WITH A MAN WHO SPENT 40 YEARS ON WATER. HE ASSURED ME THAT IF THE AVERAGE PERSON KNEW THE DANGER OF BOATS—
HE'S STILL ALIVE AFTER 40 YEARS OF DANGER, ISN'T HE?
HE'S HAD A LOT OF CLOSE CALLS. ONE OF THEM WAS IN— WHAT YEAR WAS THE ST. LOUIS WORLD'S FAIR?
HA! YESTERDAY PEGGY, TOO, GALLOPED IN HERE LOOKING AS THOUGH SHE HAD SEEN A BOSYMAN AND STARTED TO TELL ME ABOUT HOW EASILY MILLION DOLLAR BOATS SINK.
LISTEN JO, DON'T FORGET THAT WHEN A YACHT STARTS BACKFIRING, OR SOMETHING LIKE THAT, YOU CAN'T JUST PHONE A GARAGE TO SEND SHORTY OVER RIGHT AWAY WITH A SPARE—
THAT OILY WRETCH, OAKDALE! HOW WELL HE KNOWS HIS GOOSE WILL BE COOKED IF PEGGY GOES WITH ME ON THAT WONDERFUL YACHT CRUISE. HA! HA!

JOE JINKS, Featuring Dynamite Dunn — Well Laid Plans — By Lianna

TO AID HIM IN HOLDING JOE CAPITVE, DEAD-PAN DAN HIRED A RENEGADE AVIATOR—THE FLIER, TALKING TO HIS PAL AND MECHANIC MIKE, IS GETTING NERVOUS ABOUT ONE PART OF THE JOB
LISTEN, MIKE—DEAD-PAN DAN IS GIVIN' ME TWENTY GRAND TO HELP HIM SNATCH JOE JINKS
TWENTY-GRAND! THAT'S A BIG CUT!
SURE—IF I GET IT—I DON'T TRUST DAN—AN' I WANT YOU TO KEEP AN EYE ON HIM—STICK WITH HIM TILL I GET THE DOUGH
SURE!
PICK HIM UP AT HIS HOTEL—FOLLOW HIM TO THE FIGHT—HERE'S A TICKET FOR A SEAT IN BACK OF HIS—AN' LISTEN—IF HE SHOWS SIGNS O' DOUBLE-CROSSIN' ME, YOU—
I GOT YA—IF DAN STARTS PLAYIN' CROOKED WITH YA—YOU'LL KNOW IT BY FIVE MINUTES LATER!

NAPOLEON AND UNCLE ELBY — By Clifford McBride



DIXIE DUGAN — Fearless Doc — By J. P. McEvoy and J. H. Striebel

AS SOME UNSEEN HAND SLAMMED THE DOOR IN THEIR FACE WHEN THEY SOUGHT TO FLEE DIXIE AND MICKEY TURNED TO CONFRONT ANOTHER HARROWING EXPERIENCE.
—FLOATING DOWN THE STAIRS BEHIND THE TABLE WHERE SAT THE THREE SKELETONS CAME A FORMLESS APPARITION IN WHITE—
OH-H-H
UNCLE! DON'T!
WE'LL SEE WHAT THAT IS!
UNAFRAID DR. BROWN DASHES ACROSS THE ROOM AND GRABS THE "SPECTRE"—AND AS HE DOES SO—IT LETS OUT A WIERD SOUND—
HA!—I THOUGHT SO!
EEK

THE GUMPS — Alone With His Thoughts

SHADY REST—THE VACATION PARADISE—THIS IS THE WONDERFUL TIME I WAS GOING TO HAVE REGAINING MY HEALTH—REBUILDING MY MORALE—TWO SOLID WEEKS OF MISERY AND NO SIGN OF A LET-UP YET—I CAME OUT HERE WITH A TORTURED MIND, AND NOW I'LL BE GOING HOME WITH A TORTURED BODY AS WELL—
AND THIS IS THE LIFE THAT ANDY CLAIMS HE LOVES—TRAMP AND ROW ALL DAY WORKING UP AN APPETITE, AND THEN YOU CAN'T EAT THE FOOD—SIT OUT IN THE BROILING SUN TILL YOU'RE WEARY IN EVERY JOINT, AND THEN NO SLEEP ON THOSE HARD BEDS—NO ONE TO TALK SERIOUSLY TO BUT THE SPIDERS AND ANTS—NOTHING TO DO BUT NURSE BLISTERS, MOSQUITO BITES AND BRUISES—
THE CRUELEST JUDGES OF THE INQUISITION COULDN'T HAVE DEVISED A NEATER WAY TO TORTURE A MAN—HOW HAPPY THOSE FISH MUST BE DOWN THERE IN THE WATER—THEY HAVE NO INJUNCTIONS TO TIE UP THEIR MONEY—NO CRUEL WOMAN TO STEAL THEIR HAPPINESS—AND NO WELL-MEANING NEPHEW TO DEPRIVE THEM OF THEIR COMFORTS—
JIMMY SMITH

DICK TRACY — Baited!

YOU SEE, SCOTTY, I HAD GONE INTO THE GROCERY JUST AROUND THE CORNER TO GET SOME THINGS AND WAS COMING OUT WHEN I LOOKED UP AND SAW A BIG FLUFFY-HEADED WOMAN SITTING IN THAT CAR. I'M SURE IT'S LARCENY LU.
ALL RIGHT, MUMSY! NOW YOU GO ON BACK HOME. I'LL SHADOW THIS CAR AND FIND OUT JUST WHO IS IN THERE. I'LL SEE YOU LATER.
DO BE CAREFUL, SON.
BY JOVE! IT WOULD BE A JOLLY JOKE ON TRACY IF I COULD LOCATE THIS LARCENY LU AND STEVE, THE TRAMP AND BRING THEM IN MYSELF SINGLE-HANDED.
HA! IT'S WORKING! THE ENGLISH BLOODHOUND HAS SPOTTED US! NOW DRIVE TO THE GARAGE, MAX—BUT DRIVE SLOW ENOUGH FOR HIM TO FOLLOW US.

WINNIE WINKLE, the Breadwinner — No Help Not Wanted

WELL, IF THIS ISN'T THE MESSIEST PLACE I EVER SAW! I'LL DO MR. PULP A FAVOR AND STRAIGHTEN THINGS UP FOR HIM BEFORE HE GETS IN!!
THERE! THAT LOOKS MUCH BETTER!! THERE'S NOTHING LIKE A WOMAN'S INFLUENCE AROUND A MAN'S WORKSHOP!!
GOSH, THAT'S MR. PULP'S VOICE! HEAVENS!! SOUNDS LIKE HE'S IN TROUBLE!!
HELP! HELP!
HELP! LEAVE IT TO HIRED HELP TO DISARRANGE ALL MY PAPERS FOR ME! HELP!!—BAH!!

TODAY'S CROSSWORD

ACROSS.

1 Makes a mistake
5 Wrong
10 Pace
14 Bucket
15 Lasso
16 Odd: Scotch
17 Resisted
19 Disturbing the peace
21 Metal
22 Imbibe
24 Shelter
25 Called: archaic
27 Go by
28 Film floating on a liquid
32 Interpret: archaic
33 Perched
34 Receptacles for documents or valuables
36 Civetlike animals
39 Sphere
40 Donkey
41 Short for a man's name
42 Fish eggs
43 Kind of bird
45 Ease without curing
47 Gulped
48 Sand hill
49 Ran away precipitately
50 That which lures
52 Dethrone
54 Grow old
56 Border for a picture
61 Contrivance for preventing waste
63 Whole number
65 Roman road
66 Stanza
68 Is the matter with
69 Dry
70 Muse of lyric and amatory poetry
71 Speck
55 Renting contract

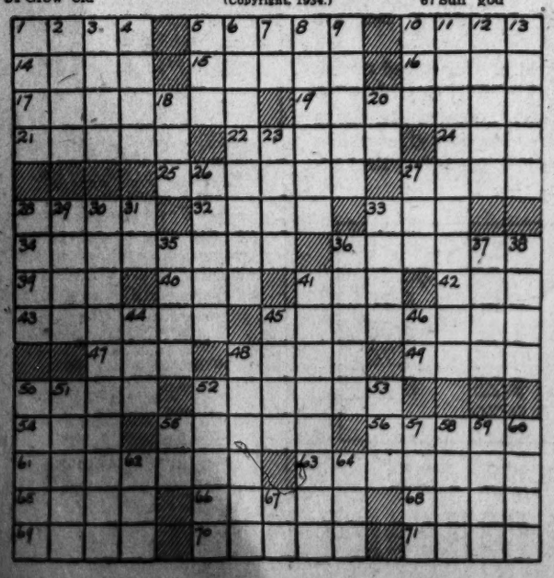
DOWN.

1 Epic poem
2 Engrossed
3 Mature
4 Wild plum
5 Exist
6 Those who interfere
7 State of the Union: abbr.
8 Bar of contrasting color
9 Godly person
10 Toper
11 Having three sides
12 Sea eagles
13 Boy attendants
18 Wily
20 Correct: colloq.
23 Anarchists
26 Top
27 Broad open vessel
28 Store
29 Be interested
30 Infidel
31 Mother
33 Vend
35 Discharged a debt
36 Strong winds
37 Carry: coloq.
38 Ovule
41 One who uses a light boat
44 Moisten
45 Young dogs
46 On condition that
48 Trader
50 Foundation
51 Variety of quartz
52 Search laboriously
53 Salamander
55 Old exclamation
57 Measure of paper
58 Exchange premium
59 Liquefy
60 Gaelic
62 Before
64 New: comb. form
67 Sun god

YESTERDAY'S ANSWER.

A	F	E	R		T	E	A		H	A	I	L
C	I	T	I	Z	E	N	S		A	R	N	E
T	R	A	D	E		S	E	C	R	E	T	E
		P	E	N	S		R	U	B		O	R
S	T	E	R	I	L	E		P	O	T		
U	R		S	T	O	R	M		R	A	Z	E
C	U	E		H	O	N	O	R		D	E	N
H	E	R	B		P	E	T	E	R		R	O
		R	O	E		S	O	M	E	H	O	W
G	O		S	P	Y		R	O	S	E		
E	M	P	T	I	E	D		T	I	M	E	R
N	E	R	O		A	I	R	E	D	A	L	E
A	N	O	N		S	E	A		E	N	D	S

(Copyright, 1934.)



Walt Mason, Himself

Redeeming Feature.

The man who pays his bills on time may be accused of forms of crime, but men will take his part; "No doubt," they say, "he jumps the track and makes some laws and statutes crack, but he is sound at heart. He has things charged, as he requires, and when the current month expires he's always right on deck; he calmly asks how much he owes, and digs the rubles from his clothes, in currency or check. Perhaps he knocks the speed laws cold, and makes the traffic coppers scold, but such things we forget when we recall how he appears, when other skates are in arrears, and pays up every debt. It may be true he beats his wife and takes some pleasure from her life, but she should take much pride in being wedded to a gent who never owes a blooming cent in all the countryside. They say he is a quarrelsome wight, who's always looking for a fight, in trouble every day; but surely such a trusty chap has every moral right to scrap, if he's inclined that way." And thus the man whose credit's strong is like the king, he can't do wrong, however hard he tries; his deeds in others might seem rash, but he's the man who pays the cash, and he is great and wise.

(Copyright, 1934.)

Newspaper Guild Meets Tonight.

The Washington Newspaper Guild will hold an open meeting at 8 o'clock tonight in the National Press Club auditorium. Delegates to the National convention at St. Paul will make their reports.

Midyear Review and Outlook of Business, Finance and Economics

Stock Levels Change Little In Half Year

Market Backs and Fills in Narrow Range Since January 1.

Outlook for Resumption of Share Price Recovery Called Brighter.

By Frederick Gardner.

New York, July 4 (AP).—Two years removed from the extreme lows of the 1929-32 decline, the stock market has drifted into the second half of the year with little change from the general level of prices that prevailed at the outset of 1934.

In the interval since January 1, the market has continued to back and fill over the comparatively narrow range into which it settled last year after the mid-summer reaction from the spring and early summer upswing, touched off when this country abandoned the old gold standard.

As the first half of 1934 drew to a close, speculation in stocks had fallen to the lowest ebb in a decade and a turnover of 500,000 shares, more or less, had become a daily occurrence on the New York Stock Exchange.

Reawakening of Hopes.

Mid-year, however, finds a reawakening of hopes in the financial market that the basis has been laid, in the prolonged stalemate of the market in recent months, for a resumption of the recovery of share prices.

Market analysts are referring to the indeterminate movement of share prices since last July as a "consolidation period," following the initial phases of recovery from the depths of the deflation cycle.

Wall street now has its telescopes trained on autumn prospects. If business can resume its recovery movement vigorously after the seasonal lull has passed, there is no doubt that the stock market will shake off its current inertia, even with Federal regulation of security exchanges enforcing a ban on old-style speculative tactics, market students say.

Trying Period Ahead.

The second half of the year will be another trying period for Wall street as it feels its way along through the initial phase of Federal control of speculation. During the next few months the commission will be called upon to lay down many important rulings which will shape the future of speculation in this country.

Hence, there remains some timidity and hesitation in speculative quarters, aside from the fact that the course of business at present does not provide a good background for an old-fashioned bull campaign.

However, the suspense that surrounded the stock market through the greater part of the first half of 1934, as stock market control regulation was being drafted and discussed and the New Deal was being hammered into form at Washington, has been considerably relaxed.

Future Under Control.

Federal control became operative July 1 and the administrative commission has been appointed. And with no more legislation in sight for months, business and the markets will have a period to adjust themselves to new conditions. Therefore, Wall street breathes a little easier in turning its eyes toward autumn.

In retrospect, the first six months of 1934 was another period of swift economic changes, largely growing out of the Roosevelt Administration policies. However, they did not find much reflection in the stock market.

A new year advance in stocks, stimulated by revaluation of the dollar on basis of a domestic price of $35 an ounce for gold and a large movement of capital to the United States in consequence, reached its apex early in February, about the time the first draft of the stock exchange control bill was introduced in Congress.

Industrials Touch Peaks.

By a small margin, industrial shares penetrated the peaks established on the 1933 upswing, but other groups did not follow. Subsequently, after a February reaction, stocks settled into a steady range, supported by considerable seasonal expansion in business.

As the spring upturn in business tapered off in April, stocks went into a decline which carried to mid-May. The market got support before it reached the lows of the fall decline last October, however, and rallied into June, then reutrned to a slow drift that continued into July.

Although adoption of a modified gold standard early in the year removed fluctuations in the dollar as a guiding influence in stock speculation, inflation psychology persisted to some degree.

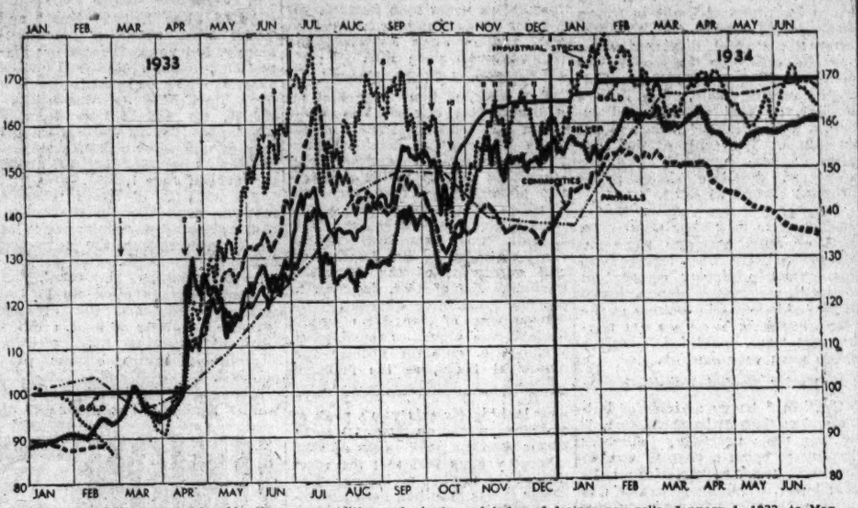
Silver Purchase Plan.

Inflation talk found sustenance in the silver purchase plan approved by Congress late in the session and a sustained undertone of firmness in commodity prices. It was reflected in the popularity of metal, sugar, packing and other shares likely to benefit by rising commodity prices.

Skepticism over the outlook for corporate profits under changing conditions curbed bullish enthusiasm for motor, chemical and some other industrial shares that were in favor earlier in the year.

Wide Survey of Commodities Fails to Prove Price Gains Depend on High Gold Values

Conclusions Reached in Using 15 Selected Products, That Cheaper Money and Yellow Metal Evaluation Cause Advances, Is Assailed as Superficial and Incorrect; List Is Called Nontypical and Extremely Limited.



(Index of dollar prices of gold, silver, commodities and stocks and index of factory pay rolls, January 1, 1933, to May, 1934, prepared by Brookmire, Inc., for the Rev. Charles E. Coughlin, Royal Oak, Mich., and Robert M. Harriss, of Harris & Vose, New York.)

(a) Chart shows day-to-day dollar price changes in commodities (agriculture), industrial stocks (industry), silver and gold since suspension of gold payments. Chart also shows increase in pay rolls (labor) as price of gold was raised. (b) The commodity line portrays the Moody Index based on the prices of 15 commodities weighted as follows: Wheat, 13; cotton, 13; hogs, 13; steel scrap, 10; sugar, 10; wool, 7; copper, 5; hides, 5; corn, 4; rubber, 4; silk, 4; lead, 3; silver, 3; cocoa, 2. (c) The pay rolls (labor) are plotted from the reports of the Federal Reserve Board at Washington, based upon data supplied to the board by the U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. (d) The silver line reflects the price movement in spot silver. (e) The stocks represented on this chart consist of the 30 issues comprising the Dow-Jones industrial averages. (f) The legend lists in chronological order the major events directly affecting the depreciation of the dollar (the changing gold value of the dollar), and the numbered arrows indicate the time when these events took place. (g) Figures at sides represent percentages. (1) Suspension of (gold) specie payments internally. (2) Suspension of (gold) specie payments externally (embargo on gold). (3) Thomas amendment passes Senate. (4) Press reports London Conference agreeing on currency stabilization. (5) Refusal to stabilize the dollar until prices rise further. (6) President announces general policy for permanent stabilization of prices. (7) Conversion offer to holders of British dollar bonds. (8) Resumption of speculative dollar depreciation. (9) Speculative dollar appreciation influenced by calling fourth Liberty 4¼s. (10) President announces gold pricing program of the Administration. (11) Successive advances in dollar price of gold announced by Government.

By Anna P. Youngman.

One of the most popular and superficially convincing arguments in favor of dollar devaluation is supplied by charts designed to illustrate the close correspondence between the rise in the dollar price of gold (that is, the decline in the gold value of the dollar) and advances in various business and commodity price indices. The chart given above, for instance, traces the course of a selected group of 15 commodities constituting the Moody index, it shows the movements of spot silver, changes in the Dow-Jones averages of 30 industrial stocks and fluctuations in pay rolls, based on computations of the Federal Reserve Board. Day by day changes in the dollar price of gold also are plotted.

Advocates of dollar devaluation who are urging further devaluation as a means of providing a spur to general business activity and accelerating price increases, will point out that the various indices have risen in general conformity with advances in the dollar price of gold (as measured by the depreciation of the dollar following declaration of the gold embargo in April, 1933). They will also emphasize the fact that the rapid upward movement was succeeded by generally declining trends after the dollar was provisionally stabilized and the price of gold fixed at $35 per ounce. The chart is, therefore, offered as proof of the success of the dollar devaluation policy, and is supposed to strengthen the case for further devaluation as a means of insuring a rapid resumption of the upward movement of commodity and stock prices, and wages.

With a view to emphasizing the alleged potency of changes in the dollar price of gold, various important events which have affected the exchange value of the dollar are indicated on the chart. For instance, passage of the Thomas inflation amendment to the agricultural adjustment act (3) was followed by a rapid upward movement of commodity and stock prices. Reports that the London Monetary Conference had reached an agreement on currency stabilization (4) led to a reaction in prices. Thereafter the advance was resumed, when the President announced his unwillingness to stabilize the dollar. The collapse in commodity and stock prices that followed the midsummer speculative boom is linked with the improvement which occurred in the exchange value of the dollar (fall in dollar price of gold), aided by the offer made to holders of British dollar bonds to convert them into sterling issues. The speculative advance in the exchange value of the dollar (decline in dollar price of gold), influenced by calling of fourth Liberty bonds in October, coincides with pronounced declines in the price indices. That was followed by a year-end advance, as the Government announced successive advances in the dollar price of gold, after launching its new gold-buying plan.

Undoubtedly the picture presented is impressive, but the superficial correspondence between the course of dollar gold prices and the charted indices does not prove that the price of gold controls and causes changes in the other indices. The so-called price of gold shown on the chart prior to formal devaluation of the dollar really reflects variations in the external exchange value of the dollar.

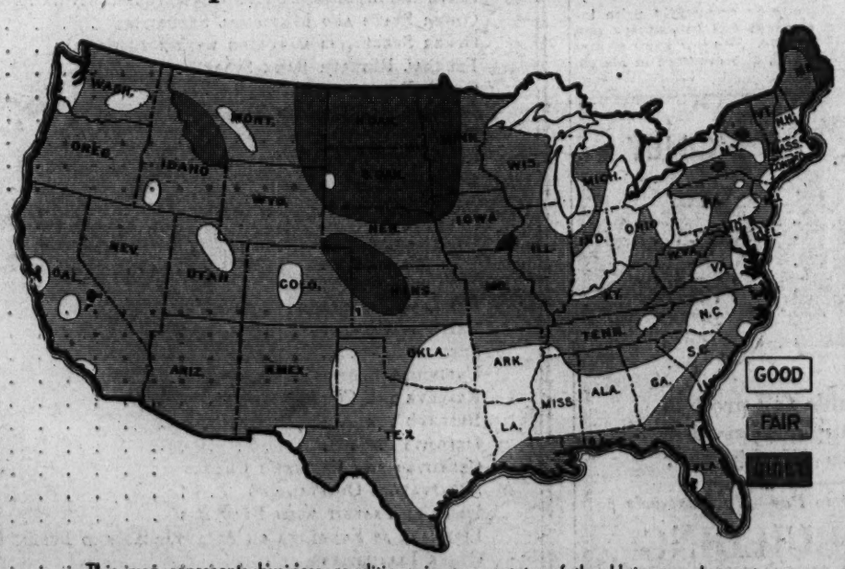
At the end of January the United States returned to the gold standard in international dealings (provisionally, at any rate), with a resultant stable dollar value of gold.

Since changes in the so-called dollar price of gold reflect variations in dollar exchange values, it is by no means surprising to find a sensitive price index, composed mainly of commodities whose prices are determined in world markets, tending to follow the ups and downs of the dollar prices of gold.

However, if the prices of the commodities composing the Moody index are followed individually, it will at once become apparent that the price fluctuations in specific cases bear no close relation to

Continued on Page 19, Column 1.

Map of United States Business



This map represents business conditions in every state of the Union as shown in July, 1934, issue of "Nation's Business," official publication of the United States Chamber of Commerce.

Bond Market Sets Record In Recovery

High-Grade Loans Touch Best Levels Since 1928 Sales.

Bankers See Financing Under Securities Act to Be Slow.

By Victor Eubank.

New York, July 4 (AP).—Bond prices in the first half of 1934 experienced one of the most striking recoveries in the history of Wall street.

Early in January, with returning confidence in the dollar, there developed a return flow of funds into fixed income investments, after the flight to stocks and commodities coincident with the 1933 currency depreciation.

Midyear finds highest grade bonds at the highest levels since 1928, and corporate bonds generally at the best prices since 1931. It is notable that bonds are well above the levels of a year ago, while stocks are somewhat under the average prices of last year at this time, when a feverish "inflation" bull market was in progress.

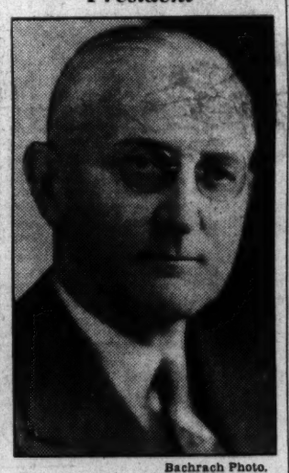
The average yield on 120 corporation bonds, compiled by Moody's, has fallen close to 4¾ per cent, from about 5¾ early in January, and a peak two years ago of 9¾ per cent, when bond prices dragged on the cyclical bottom.

The total quoted value of all bonds listed on the New York Stock Exchange is currently around $38,000,000,000, more than $3,000,000,000 over the level at the beginning of 1934, and over $4,000,000,000 above the level at mid-1933.

The long-term U. S. Government issues have risen to levels where their average yield is but little above 2¾ per cent, against more

Continued on Page 19, Column 5.

President



Bachrach Photo.

CLARENCE F. BURTON, president of the new City Bank of Washington.

Capital Banks Make Strides In Climbing

Two Restricted Institutions Reopen and Pay Out $2,800,000.

By Thomas M. Cahill.

Continued improvement in the local restricted banking situation marked the first half of the year. It saw the reopening of two more restricted banks and the release of $2,800,000 to their depositors. It further witnessed the creation of a new banking institution.

This newest bank of the National Capital is now thriving as the City Bank of Washington. It has its inception in Washington Mechanics Savings Bank, established in 1906. Long regarded as one of the strongest savings institutions in the city, the latter bank had a successful career and remained open to do an unrestricted banking business after the national banking holiday of March, 1933.

On the night of July 25, 1933, The Washington Post was first to publish information that Washington Mechanics Savings Bank planned to absorb Mount Vernon Saving Bank, restricted since the country-wide banking holiday. On October 3, 1933, the plan of absorption was approved by the Treasury Department.

Washington Mechanics Savings Bank had a main office at 2401 Connecticut avenue and three branches. The Mount Vernon institution had its banking house at Ninth street and Massachusetts avenue northwest. It was founded in 1920 by organized labor and supported in part by those interests.

The proposed merger was substantially increased November 7, 1933. Then it was announced the plan had been expanded to include the restricted Franklin National Bank, organized in 1914 and restricted since the National banking holiday. It had tried to reopen independently.

Business Climbs Through 6 Months Of Uncertainties

Outlook for Immediate Future Called Far From Clear as Some Quarters Question Whether Healthy Advances of Trade Will Come in Autumn.

By Ralph West Robey.

With Congress in session all but about three weeks of the first half of the year, it perhaps is inevitable that one should think back to the period as six months characterized by uncertainty. In spite of this, nevertheless, business made substantial gains. It was on the upgrade at the turn of the year, and the improvement continued until within the last six weeks, when the usual spring recession got a belated start. As yet the decline has not been greater, except in a few lines, than is customary.

The outlook for the next few months, nevertheless, is far from clear, and there is grave questioning in some quarters whether there will be the normal leveling off during the summer and a healthy rise in the fall.

To appraise the grounds for this questioning it is helpful to recall that a year ago at this time we were in the midst of a period of extraordinary business and speculative activity. It had got under way almost immediately with the advent of the New Deal and surged forward at a rate unparalleled in our history, and probably in the history of any nation. Thus, the general average of production as reflected in the Federal Reserve Board index rose from 60 in March to 100 in July, an increase of 67 per cent. Retail and wholesale trade also enjoyed a phenomenal improvement, and the stock market advanced by more than 100 per cent.

Bottom Drops Out.

Suddenly, however, the bottom dropped out of the improvement. It started in the stock market but rapidly spread throughout the economic system. Not all of the earlier gain was lost by any means, but the readjustment was sufficiently great to cause widespread questioning about the rapidity with which recovery could be resumed. The recession continued until November. The Reserve Board index of production for that month was 72, a drop of 28 per cent in four months.

At that time the Government stepped in again. This time, however, it was not merely with promises and intimations of what might be done, as largely was the case in the March-July period. Rather the stepping-in consisted of pouring money into the economic system as rapidly as possible.

Thus, whereas the average daily expenditures of the Government during the first seven months of the New Deal were $10,000,000, they were increased to $18,000,000 in November, to $22,000,000 in December, and to $32,000,000 in January. The two organizations used primarily in this pouring out of money were the Reconstruction Finance Corporation and the Civil Works Administration.

Business Starts Advance.

Whether because of these expenditures, or merely because the necessary corrections for the earlier unsound spurt had been completed, business started to advance at once. In almost every case the indices for December were above those for November and we entered 1934 with clear prospects for still further improvement immediately ahead of us.

There remained one question, nevertheless, that had to be answered before more than the immediate future could be judged with certainty. This was the question of whether private business would carry the load of recovery when the Government curtailed expenditures.

Defenders of the spending program insisted, of course, that there was no doubt that private business would take over the load. As they saw it, all that was necessary was to give business an impetus—"start the wheels turning," or "get business off dead center"—and thereafter it would go along by itself. Others, however, had reservations. They were unable to accept the thesis that once business was started upon the upgrade it would be possible for the Government to withdraw. Rather, it was their opinion that when the Government started to curtail expenditures, business would tend to slump with the result that Washington would be faced with a choice between a growing volume of dissatisfaction because of declining trade and returning to a spending program. In spite of the fact that trade unquestionably was on the upgrade at the start of this year, accordingly, there was not complete confidence that the improvement would continue.

Reservation to Confidence.

This lack of confidence, or perhaps one should say, this reservation to confidence, has continued throughout the intervening six months. It has been an outstanding characteristic of the period. We still are debating whether private business will step in and thereby let the Government get back to a more normal rate of expenditure. Probably as a Nation we are as far from an answer as we were six months ago. At least, however, we have more facts upon which to base a decision.

The first of these is that although the Government curtailed its rate of outlay sharply after January, business activity continued to improve until May, and in some lines to an even later date. Secondly, we know that since then, there has been a decline approximating the usual seasonal recession and that while this does not indicate basically worse business, it indicates that we are not moving ahead, that as yet private business has not "taken hold."

Thirdly, we know that the Government is not willing to stop its spending program at this point, but on the contrary is planning to pump further huge sums into the economic system during the next few months. Finally, we have to recognize that the outlook has been made immensely more complicated by the mass of fundamental legislation passed during the last session of Congress.

Future Planning Limited.

Of these various factors, it is probable that the last is most important. Even at the start of the year the powers in the hands of the Administration were so great that it was difficult for a business man to have the courage to make plans for more than a few weeks ahead at the most. Today, the situation is worse.

On the other side, two points are worthy of special emphasis. The first of these is in connection with our monetary policy. At the start of the year we still were engaged in an experiment of trying to raise commodity prices by altering the value of gold. At the end of January this policy was abandoned at least tentatively with the result that for the last five months we have had a dollar of constant gold content.

It is true that we have no assurance that it will not be changed again, but business men now are not faced in their planning with a unit of account being subjected to the whims of a Prof. Warren. So far as money is concerned, accordingly, there is much less worry than there was six months ago. This is the case in spite of the fact that re-

Continued on Page 19, Column 3.

Curb Finishes Half Year in Dull Trading

Weakness and Recovery Periods Mark Sales of Last Quarter.

Turnover Is Smallest for Any Six Months Since 1919.

New York, July 4 (AP).—The New York Curb Exchange turned the half year in the grip of extreme dullness with price levels approximately even with those ruling at the start of January.

Making its best showing during the first two months of the year, the market established a peak in February, then entered a slow sag, punctuated by alternating periods of weakness and recovery in the last three months of the period.

In point of volume and number of securities traded the business of the first half was probably the smallest since the exchange gave up its Broad street market-place and moved indoors some 15 years ago.

Change in Psychology.

The contrast of marked dullness and sagging values against the broadly active and buoyant markets during the first half of 1933 is explained by the decided change within the year in speculative and investment psychology.

In 1933 bullish sentiment, nourished by hopes or expectations of currency inflation and the fact of steadily rising commodity prices, expressed itself in active buying of equities.

With the waning of inflationary sentiment and with fears of Wall street regulation early this year, the tide turned and bullish ardor gave way to caution which brought no little selling from both speculative and investment sources.

Study Control Problems.

Regulation problems weighed heavily upon the exchange during the half year, and members and management, with time on their hands from the subnormal levels of floor business, turned to a study of the new conditions imposed by the Federal legislation.

Among the factors which tended to hold trading at a low ebb was the paucity of new stock and bond offerings, following the enactment of the securities act of 1933.

Barriers raised by this act against easy flotation of new issues worked particularly against the curb exchange, as the country's most important primary market.

Another Problem Faced.

Another feature of the Wal street legislative program which gives the exchange a situation to work out is that part of the securities exchange act dealing with stocks "admitted to trading" but not formally listed.

The curb exchange has many of these, and unless the particular provision of the regulation act is given a different interpretation than it has thus far received, it appears that these unlisted shares must either be removed from trading or placed among the listed group through observance of the necessary formalities.

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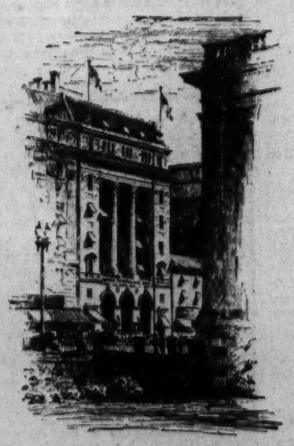

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OVER 120 YEARS OLD

Building Plan Of Treasury Is Under Way

Construction Program Involves Spending of $52,000,000.

The United States Treasury Department has 193 buildings already under construction as part of the Treasury construction program, it was announced. These buildings, mainly postoffices, involve the spending of approximately $52,000,000.

The Treasury Department, in charge of the erection of Federal buildings, has in hand in all approximately 900 building projects.

The amount which will have been spent when all are completed is in excess of $167,000,000. More than $110,000,000 of this amount has just recently been allotted and appropriated in order to help relieve unemployment throughout every section of the country.

Bending Every Effort.

The Treasury is bending every effort to expedite the work of getting this new group of projects under contract and under construction. It is estimated by the Division of Procurement of the Treasury that more than one-half of the total number of projects in the whole program will be completed or under construction by winter, unless unforeseen circumstances arise.

The building program is now being carried out in four separate divisions, paid for from four separate funds.

The first division of the Treasury building program comprises the 302 approved projects to be paid for out of the $65,000,000 appropriation allotted by Congress June 19, 1934, for which sites will be selected and plans prepared as soon as possible in order that contracts may be advertised and completed at an early date.

In the second group or division of the program are those projects for which funds have been allocated from other sources. There are 466 such projects, authorized at a total limit of cost of $67,410,788. Forty-nine of these are already under contract, involving an expenditure of $24,442,742 or 37 per cent of the total.

In Market for Bids.

Eighty-two projects in the second division are in the market for bids, or in the specification stage. The amount involved is $8,006,295, or 12 per cent of the total allotment.

Two hundred and seven projects are in the drawing stage, amounting to $17,041,516, or one-fourth of the total.

One hundred and twenty-eight projects are in the site stage, involving $17,920,235, or 26 per cent of the total. Branch postoffices in the principal cities will be approximately $14,000,000 under this item.

Out of the $67,410,788 fund for the second division of the program, $4,851,627 or 7.1 per cent has been disposed of through expenditures; 29.3 per cent or $19,591,115 is now under contract for immediate construction.

33 Projects in Division.

In the third division of the program are those projects to be paid for out of funds transferred to the Treasury from other departments. There are 33 projects in this division and the limit of cost is $1,711,865. There have been placed under contract projects totaling $1,249,230. The value of the work on the market, or in the specification stage, is $275,851. The remainder, totaling $186,784 is in the drawing stage.

These funds transferred from other departments involve rehabilitation, extension and remodeling of old buildings, construction of new buildings, repairs to sea walls, and similar undertakings.

Parts of Dakota May Be Left As Water Fails

Bismarck, N. Dak. (AP).—Diminishing water supplies are threatening continued habitation of portions of North Dakota, says Howard E. Simpson, State geologist.

As a result, it may be necessary to convert habitable portions once more into lands solely for grazing purposes of beef cattle and sheep, he says.

"Soil is useless without water," he declared. "Water supplies have been so diminished by cultivation and drainage and artesian water by sheer waste that continued use by humans of the regions is threatened."

Available water supplies of the State are not caring for the present population, and control and conservation of a large amount of stream water is necessary if future population is to increase, he declares.

Ten thousand lakes in the State have gone dry in the last 50 years as a result of decreased precipitation and increased evaporation, says State Engineer R. E. Kennedy.

Intensive Wheat Area Is East of Alleghenies

The most intensive wheat producing area of Eastern United States is situated east of the Allegheny Mountains and includes a large part of the State of Maryland, it is stated in a bulletin just issued by the University of Maryland experiment station.

This bulletin, the authors of which are Dr. W. B. Kemp, G. E. Epply, and Mrs. Claribel Welsh, discusses the cake and biscuit-making qualities of flours from Maryland wheats and gives results of tests along these lines. It is Bulletin No. 360 and may be obtained by addressing the experiment station at College Park, Md.

Textile Improvement Seen.

The declining trend of activity in textiles, which has been in evidence during the late spring months, should soon be terminated. A marked production increase is in prospect by late summer.

Maryland Flours Subject of Bulletin

Results of tests on the cake and biscuit making qualities of flours made from Maryland wheats are presented in a new bulletin just issued by the experiment station of the University of Maryland.

The tests carried on show that pound cake, gold cake and biscuits equal both in volume and score to those made with commercial flours may be made with flour from local wheats. To obtain such results with pound cake, a patent flour from local wheat was used and it was bleached with chlorine. Angel-food cake equaling that made with commercial flour, in either volume or score, has not been made from any of the test flours under any treatment.

A number of recipes which have been found especially adapted to the Maryland flours are given by Mrs. Claribel Welsh, professor of home economics, who planned and supervised the details of the baking tests. Authors of the bulletin, in addition to Mrs. Welsh, are Dr. W. B. Kemp and G. E. Eppley, of the agronomy department.

The number of this bulletin is 360 and copies may be obtained free by writing to the University of Maryland, College Park, Md.

Cotton Prices Rise Steadily In 11 Months

Market Climbs With Few Interruptions Since August, 1933.

By Carl C. Cranmer.
(Associated Press.)

Cotton prices advanced with few interruptions during the first eleven months of the current marketing season.

On June 30 they were about three cents per pound higher than in August, 1933, the beginning of the marketing season, and about 2 cents higher than a year ago in June.

The price advance has been accompanied by a decrease in the apparent supply and carryover, an increase in domestic consumption for the first ten months, and recent reports of unfavorable crop conditions, but with decreased exports and consumption abroad.

Total U. S. Supply.

The total supply of cotton in the United States for the season amounted to about 20,900,000 bales, composed of an August 1 carryover of 8,200,000 bales and a crop of about 12,700,000 bales.

From this supply to June 1 American mills consumed about 4,978,000 bales in the first ten months, and exporters took about 6,769,000 bales, leaving on hand an apparent supply in the United States on June 1 of about 9,300,000 bales.

This apparent supply is about 1,200,000 bales less than on the same date a year ago, and about 1,800,000 bales less than in June 1, 1932, when there were 11,100,000 bales in the country.

Domestic consumption for the first 10 months compares with 4,839,000 bales in the first 10 months last season. However, the disappearance of cotton in the United States during June and July is hardly expected to equal the unusually large quantity consumed last year.

So far this season exports to Japan and China, the largest customers have been about 250,000 bales larger than a year ago, but total exports to all countries are about half a million bales smaller. Total world consumption, August 1 to June 1, amounted to about 11,600,000 bales, compared with 11,700,000 last season.

As a result of anticipated slower consumption here and abroad for the rest of the season, present private reports estimate the United States carryover on August 1 at only slightly less then last season's figure of 8,200,000 bales. This carryover compares with 9,700,000 bales in 1932 and 6,400,000 bales in 1931.

The official Government estimate of acreage for 1934 will not be issued until July 9, but private estimates range from 28,500,000 to 30,500,000 acres.

Crop prospects have been affected by severe drought in Texas and too much rain in the Southeast, where boll weevil inroads have been reported.

Chain Store Sales Activity Is Slackened

Pick-up Is Below Average Performance of Past Years, Review Says.

New York, July 4.—Sales returns of the chain stores for May revealed a further slackening of trade activity, according to the current review of chain store sales issued by Chain Store Age. As is seasonally the case, business volume increased from the April total but the pick-up this year was below the average performance of previous years, the review revealed.

"The effect of this subseasonal showing for the second consecutive month," that publication continues, "reduced the percentage gain in sales over a year ago to one-half of what it was in March this year. The state of trade in the chain store field in May, as measured by the Chain Store Age index, dropped to 84.7 of the 1929-1931 average for the month, from 86.0 in April. The index of sales of independent department stores, as measured by the Chain Store Age index based on preliminary figures published by the Federal Reserve Board, was 72.4 in May as against 71.6 (revised) in April.

"Total average daily sales of the 19 chains regularly reviewed were $7,368,000 in May this year, as compared with $7,158,000 in April, and with $6,778,500 in May, 1933. May sales were approximately 8.5 per cent above those of May, 1933.

"The index of sales for the grocery group, comprising six leading chains, was practically unchanged at 78.3 for May as against 78.2 in April. Dollar volume for these chains was affected by a moderate lowering of prices along with a bigger loss in unit volume of goods handled.

"The group of six five-and-ten department store chains showed a sales index decline to 97.2 in May from 100.6 in April. In May, 1933, the figure declined to 82.9 from 85.4 in April.

"In the drug chain group, the index of sales of two leading companies was unchanged at 100.0 for May, the same as in April. Last year, the index figures gained fractionally from 85.3 in April to 85.8 in May.

"The apparel group, which for some time had been following a course independently of the other chain divisions, also experienced a set-back in May. The index of sales for three chains in this classification dropped to 98.2 from the high level of 103.3 set in April. The figure in May, 1933, stood at 79.0.

"The shoe group apparently fared much better than the other types. Preliminary figures indicate that the index of May sales of two chains was virtually the same as that for April, which was 100. A year ago the index figure dropped from 76.0 in April to 68.0 in May."

Price Gains of Farm Products Surpass Losses as July Begins

Cotton Continues Upward Trend as Wheat Follows an Irregular Course; Livestock Trends Lower in Response to Limited Demand; Fruits and Vegetables Mixed.

(Department of Agriculture, Bureau of Economics.)

Gains have outweighed the losses in the recent course of prices for leading farm products at the beginning of July. Such market staples as cotton continued the upward price trend, which has been the rule since drought effects have controlled the situation.

Fears of further crop damage supported the grain and feed position, although wheat did not advance with feed grains. Live stock tended lower in response to limited demand. Dairy and poultry products sagged off slightly owing to improving conditions in producing sections, but the underlying situation seems fairly strong.

Fruits and vegetables followed the irregular price movement usual in midsummer, but recoveries for potatoes, melons, tomatoes, lettuce and peaches were stimulated by the trade activity before the holiday. Onions, cherries and apples sold at steady prices. String beans and cabbage continued weak market features.

Cotton Prices Advance.

Prices of spot cotton advanced about one-fourth cent the last week of June. The advance was largely attributed to continued drought and high temperatures in the West, reports of boll weevil infestation in other sections, and to the anticipation of Government buying of cotton for relief purposes, along with advances in prices of other commodities and securities.

These factors making for higher prices were partly counterbalanced by reduced activity in the cotton cloth markets, by the prospect of decreased domestic consumption and continued light exports during the remainder of the season.

New England cotton markets, especially in the Fall River and Providence areas, also Southern mill centers, reported increased inquiries compared with the week before, but sales are restricted.

Most Grains Higher.

Domestic cash wheat markets in late June reflected but little of the gain in prices on sales for future delivery. Market supplies of soft winter wheat increased materially as harvest extended farther into the soft winter wheat belt. Demand was active. Cash spring wheat markets were barely steady. Rye markets were firm and higher, influenced principally by unfavorable prospects for the new crop.

Corn markets were independently firm because of further heat and drought damage over large areas in the corn belt. Oats markets strengthened with corn. Barley markets were rather unsettled, feed grades selling higher with corn, while malting grades were slightly lower as a result of somewhat larger offerings.

Linseed and cottonseed meal were firm, influenced by scarcity of offerings rather than by an increased demand. The output of linseed meal at Minneapolis and Buffalo continued exceedingly light but demand was not urgent and trading was light. Cottonseed meal held about unchanged at the principal distributing markets although local prices were advanced around $2 at Fort Worth. Soy-bean meal was firm with very little offered. Alfalfa meal strengthened as a result of advancing hay prices and lighter offerings. Other feeds held steady.

Livestock Lower.

The general cattle market at Chicago, strictly choice kinds excepted, ended the month of June very uneven, but mostly in weak position. Scarcity of finished medium weight and heavy steers was, of course, the principal factor in maintaining prices in such kinds, while the supply of lower grades, particularly grassers and short-fed natives, Texas and Northwestern, expanded materially.

Hog prices at Chicago held up fairly well early in the last week of June, but the recent top price of $5.25 evidently attracted larger numbers. This increase with a weak and declining fresh pork market acted as a weakening influence. Quality averaged up well. The sharp downturn of 75c-$1 in spring lamb prices at the end of June, after the market displayed some strength earlier in the month, was an outstanding feature of the Chicago livestock trade. The July 4 holiday, as well as expanded receipts, were principal factors in the downturn. The bulk of the supplies on sale consisted of native springers. Yearling sheep prices dropped around 50 cents.

Sales of spot wools on the Boston market were very slow around the first of July, although some increased activity was reported in some wool producing centers for dealers' accounts. Manufacturers displayed interest in looking at the wools available but were not buying any large quantities. Territory wools were very inactive.

Butter Market Unsettled.

Continued heavy arrivals of butter and advices of increases in production were unsettling influences tending to bring a slightly weaker tone with prices a quarter to a half-cent lower. Trading generally was quiet with offerings more or less burdensome, but there was some improvement in buying. Retail trade, though considered unsatisfactory, was apparently fairly well sustained and well above the corresponding period last year.

Receivers generally noted small to moderate increases in shipments from many creameries. From a storage-holding viewpoint the situation appears especially favorable.

Cheese production has continued high and storage stocks are heavy. Production in May was 6 per cent above May, 1933, and for the calendar year to June 1 was 1.5 per cent above the January-May prices last year. Prices weakened slightly in producing sections and central markets. Averages are a little below those of early July last year.

Sagging Egg Market.

Egg markets were considerably unsettled in late June and the beginning of July, and prices sagged off a fraction from the highest of June. The fact that storage reports showed heavy stocks of frozen eggs was disturbing, as there had been practically no indication that such stocks had been moving into storage more rapidly than a year earlier.

But combined stocks of frozen and shell eggs, figured to a case-egg equivalent, amounted to 10,495,000 cases on June 1, 5,000 cases less than the combined stocks on the same date last year. Most observers are now looking for this year's peak of combined stocks on August 1 to be larger than the peak stocks of 1933.

Some dealers feel that the reaction of the market to the report of larger stocks than had been expected was largely mental, and that actually the situation is still sound. A further decrease in production and in the receipts at city markets supports belief that the present reserves will be needed before the year is over.

Potato Prices Higher.

Eastern Shore potato shipping point prices were quoted higher at $1.90@$2.00 a barrel at the beginning of July, compared with $1.50@$1.60 the week before and $3 a year ago. A few sales of Arkansas, Alabama and Oklahoma sacked Bliss Triumphs were being made at $1.60@$1.70 per 100 pounds in the Middle West. Prices of old potatoes held nearly steady.

Onion prices were about steady. Peach markets were firm. Prices of Western lettuce advanced sharply around the first of the month. California Iceberg type again sold at $3.50@$5.00 per crate. New York 2-dozen crates of Big Boston sold at 25 to 50 cents in New York City. Prices of cantaloupes were firm. Tomato prices gained. Tennessee tomatoes were starting at $1.25@$2.00 per lug box in Northern markets, compared with $1.00@$1.50 a year ago. Watermelon prices were firm. Florida and Georgia Tom Watsons, 24-30 pounds average, or medium sizes, sold higher at $290@$445 bulk per car on auction sales in New York City.

U. S. Foreign Trade Advances In '34 Despite Many Difficulties

By Carl C. Cranmer.
(Associated Press.)

Despite many unsolved difficulties, but in common with increased activity in many other lines of business, foreign trade of the United States showed gains for the first of 1934, compared with the same periods in 1932 and 1933.

The dollar remained fairly steady in relation to the British pound after devaluation to a 59-cent basis and creation of the $2,000,000,000 stabilization fund in January.

This stability led to the unconfirmed suspicion in some quarters that financal authorities in London and Washington have reached some understanding to preserve the status quo in currency moves, at least pending developments.

War debts continued to be a disturbing factor, but as the half-year ended defaults apparently had been discounted.

The entire six months were clouded by fear that some of the European "gold bloc" countries would not be able to stay on the yellow metal standard. With the half-year ended gold continued to flow to the United States.

Exchange Restrictions Eased.

Foreign finance experts of the Department of Commerce noted the gradual relaxing of foreign exchange restrictions by many countries, particularly in Latin America. Germany, on the contrary, adopted more stringent regulations.

With tariff barriers as high as ever in the United States, but with new tariff bargaining powers in the hands of the President, lending hope for expanded opportunities soon, exports from this country for the first four months of 1934 totaled $693,200,000, compared with $427,400,000 in 1933 and $581,600,000 in 1932, according to the Department of Commerce. Imports totaled $547,900,000, compared with $363,000,000 last year and $524,200,000 two years ago.

On an index basis, adjusted for seasonal variations, exports for the four months were at 48 per cent of the 1923-25 average, compared with 29 per cent last year and 40 per cent in 1932. Imports were 43 per cent, compared with 27 in 1933 and 39 in 1932.

Seasonal Decline Registered.

Actual April exports this year showed a decline from March, but the decline was strictly seasonal and was largely due to a fall in cotton exports.

Exports of raw cotton in May again declined, the total for the 10 months of the cotton season, August to May, aggregating 6,769,000 bales, valued at $373,076,000, compared with 7,113,000 bales for the same period last year, which, however, were worthless—$277,245,000.

Devaluation of the dollar, making for higher domestic prices on export commodities, helped pile up higher export figures expressed in value, but the policy also made American dollars cheaper to foreign buyers, who thus purchased more goods as measured in actual quantities.

Thus the index of exports, measured in quantities, for the first quarter, was 75 per cent of the 1923-25 average, compared with 61 for the first quarter of 1933 and 76 for 1932. For the first four months of 1934 the index was 75 in January, 69 in February, 81 in March and 76 in April.

Imports of all the four classes, except finished manufactures, showed a gain for the period over 1933 and 1932. Finished manufactures were larger than in 1933.

I Will Sell

$1,000 Racquet Club 7s, '32 @ 50.
$3,000 Wash. Properties 7s @ 27½.
$500 Nat'l Press Bldg. 5½s C. D. @ 43½.
$2,500 Mayflower Hotel 6s @ Bid.
$1,000 Riverside Apts. 7s, 1934 @ 65 flat.
$2,000 Corcoran Cts. 7s, '35 @ 75.
$2,000 Fed. Sec. & Mort. 6s '34, Bid
$2,000 Cosmopolitan Office Bldg. and Theater 7s, '38, Bid.
$1,000 Hamilton Hotel C. D., Bid.
35 Auth Provision Co. pf. @ 90.
25 Hamilton Bank @ 25.
25 Liberty Nat. Bank @ 90.
500 International Bank, Bid.
35 Units Investors of Washington, Inc. @ 35.
100 Hearst Publications pf. "A" @ 24.
60 Cities Service com. @ 3.
100 American Brewery @ 2.
2,500 Verland Oil & Gas @ 35c.
85 District Nat. Securities, Bid.
5 Federal-Ameri. Co. pf., Bid.
5 Title & Investm't pf., Bid.
1,000 Automatic Guns, Inc., Bid.
5,000 Miller Train Control, Bid.

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General Commodity Price Rise Maintained for Past 6 Months

By Rader Winget.

New York, July 4 (AP).—On the trend of commodity prices in the last six months rested the hopes of millions.

Price swings often meant the capture or loss of livelihood for farmers, manufacturers and workers—and were a cause of worry for Government officials.

The geneal trend of all commodity prices in the last 18 months has been upward, with the higher level being maintained in the past six months.

At the time of Mr. Roosevelt's inauguration the wholesale commodity price index of the Department of Labor for 784 commodities stood at 60.2 per cent of the 1926 average, and from that March average to May of this year the index rose 13.5 points to 73.7.

Fluctuations Within Sections.

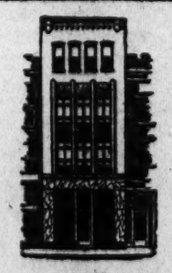
The interest, however, has not been entirely with the all-inclusive index because it does not measure fluctuations of price sections. The index of the non-agricultural prices stood at 63.8 in March, 1933; at 75 in January, 1934, and at 76.6 in May, 1934. For those same periods farm products were 42.8, 58.7 and 59.6, respectively.

A new high level was marked during the second week in June by the wholesale commodity price index of the National Fertilizer Association, composed of 476 individual commodities. It stood at 72.1 per cent of the 1926-28 level, as against 71.7 a month ago and 61.2 a year ago.

Dun's commodity price index in the first six months of this year moved from 162.3 to 164, as against the low point of 127.6 in March of last year.

Bradstreet's commodity price index stood at 8.83 in January and 9.14 in June. The low point of that index, 6.35, also occurred in March, 1933.

A HOME for Your MONEY



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Stable Dollar Is Dominant Step in 1934

Increase in Gold Supplies Boosts Bank Reserves to New Highs.

By Claude A. Jagger
(Associated Press Financial Editor).

New York, July 4 (AP).—Financial markets in the first half of 1934 witnessed laying of the foundation for an unprecedented expansion of credit, then worked themselves into a state of confusion over how it would be used.

Mooring of the dollar to a definite, although tentative, international value of 15 5-21 grains of gold, as of January 31, was the dominant financial development of the half-year.

The resultant huge increase in monetary gold supplies boosted excess reserves of the banks to unparalleled heights. The bond market in a period of a few weeks experienced the sharpest rise in recent financial history. More speculative issues soon faltered, yet highest grade bonds continued to rise, and in June registered the highest levels since 1928.

Cautious Attitude Adopted.

But with the knowledge that no wild absorption of credit into speculation in common stocks would again be permitted, and with the recovery program concentrating on expanding general public purchasing power rather than corporate earnings, Wall street adopted a cautious attitude toward shares. This attitude was intensified during April and May by the drawing up and enactment of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, designed to prevent speculative excesses.

Expansion of long-term credit through new securities remained at a standstill, save for Federal and municipal issues, as the financial community still balked at the securities act of 1933, governing new corporate issues. The prospect of reviving the flow of credit through this channel brightened toward the end of the half-year, however, with the moderate amendment and clarification of the securities act.

The volume of transactions in the New York Stock Exchange slowed at times in May to the smallest volume since 1924. With the arrival of early summer, and with indications of anything particularly severe in the nature of a midyear slump in industry failing to materialize, prices recovered a little.

Securities Above Year.

As of June 1, both bonds and stocks were above a year previously, but bonds showed the biggest appreciation. The total quoted value of all bonds listed in the New York Stock Exchange was $38,239,206,987, up $5,241,531,055 from a year previously. All shares listed had total quoted value of $33,816,513,632, which was only $1,343,552,237 above the level of June 1, 1933.

The strength of bonds reflected renewed confidence in the dollar, and a growing physical scarcity of bonds resulting from the protracted dearth of new issues.

As bank deposits increased, and banking reserves piled up in the reserve institutions, the upward pressure on prices of bank and investment institution funds seeking a profitable return became pronounced.

Inflationary sentiment was not wholly banished, but the flight of capital into equities, which became pronounced a year ago, definitely subsided early in 1934.

Agitation for Silver.

Agitation for silver legislation brought the question of monetary inflation to the fore again, but the legislation finally adopted was not widely regarded as of a character to cause further depreciation of the dollar.

The supply of monetary gold, boosted by more than $3,000,000,000 by devaluation of the dollar and by a heavy influx of the metal from abroad, gave the Treasury unprecedented resources to protect the dollar. Thoughts of inflation turned from monetary inflation to credit inflation. The new banking and securities legislation, however, gave the Federal Government rigid controls over private credit.

The cost of credit, both to the Federal Government and to best grade municipalities, declined almost steadily during the half year.

U. S. Exports of Cotton Total 436,300 Bales

New Orleans, July 4 (AP).—Secretary Emertius H. G. Hester, of the New Orleans Cotton Exchange, says the United States exports to foreign countries exclusive of Canada totaled 436,300 bales during June this year against 665,657 in June 1933.

Great Britain received 50,309 against 146,157 last year; France 15,020 against 54,009; Germany 49,962 against 154,895, and the rest of Europe 69,623 against 158,378; the Orient 251,386 against 152,128.

Collateral Borrowings Total $1,082,240,126

New York, July 4 (AP).—The New York Stock Exchange reported today that members' collateral borrowings, as of June 30, totaled $1,082,240,126, an increase of $65,853,440 compared with the May 31 total of $1,016,386,686.

The low point for brokers' loans, since the exchange began the practice of publishing the figures, was reached on July 31, 1932, when they amounted to $241,599,943. The high was established on September 30, 1929, when they totaled $8,549,383,979.

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WASHINGTON, D.C.

THE CHASE NATIONAL BANK

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK

Statement of Condition, June 30, 1934

RESOURCES

Cash and Due from Banks	$ 412,910,989.13
U. S. Government Securities	417,366,338.51
Notes of Reconstruction Finance Corporation	46,222,000.00
State and Municipal Securities maturing within two years	51,289,144.81
Other State and Municipal Securities	33,920,788.78
Other Securities maturing within two years	42,905,777.98
Federal Reserve Bank Stock	8,160,000.00
Other Bonds and Securities	90,776,109.66
Loans, Discounts and Bankers' Acceptances	621,566,066.51
Real Estate	42,305,257.16
Customers' Acceptance Liability	29,802,516.83
Other Assets	13,473,966.19
	$1,810,698,955.56

LIABILITIES

Capital—Preferred	$ 50,000,000.00
Capital—Common	100,270,000.00
Surplus	50,000,000.00
Undivided Profits	16,520,815.19
Reserve for Contingencies	17,131,683.13
Reserve for Taxes, Interest, etc.	1,112,383.55
Deposits	1,512,485,566.27
Certified and Cashier's Checks	20,960,585.88
Acceptances Outstanding	33,675,223.51
Items in Transit with Branches	1,192,703.16
Liability as Endorser on Acceptances and Foreign Bills	1,314,127.76
Other Liabilities	6,035,867.11
	$1,810,698,955.56

This statement does not include the statement of The Chase Bank with branches in Paris and the Far East or of any organization other than The Chase National Bank of the City of New York.

Commodities Fail to Defend On High Gold

Use of 15 Selected Products Is Called Unsafe and Incorrect.

Continued from Page. 17.

changes in the price of gold. Some commodities have risen much more rapidly than gold prices, and others have advanced more slowly. Cotton (middling upland), for instance, heavily weighted in the index, rose over 70 per cent from the time when the gold embargo was declared in April, 1933, to July 18, when a speculative peak was reached. By the end of the year, quotations had dropped until they were about 50 per cent above this April level. At present, cotton prices are approximately 80 per cent above the April base period. Wheat followed a similar erratic course in 1933 and at present (No. 2 red) is about 21 per cent above April, 1933, but below the quitations for the same period in 1933. Rubber prices, on the other hand, are now more than double those quoted last June, and are over 200 per cent above the level for the end of April, 1933. A detailed study of the price history of all the commodities embraced by the Moody index would reveal the widest divergencies and numberless special causes of price changes, such as weather conditions, production control, changes in industrial demand, &c., which have not the slightest relation to the changes in the dollar price of gold.

There is, however, another and even stronger objection to selection of the Moody index to test the effect of a rise in the price of gold upon commodity prices—that is, its extremely limited and nontypical character. Even if the Moody average faithfully reflected the course of prices of the commodities that compose the index it would throw no light upon the general course of domestic prices in the United States. The wholesale price index of the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics covering 784 commodities is the most comprehensive one that the country possesses. Between April 15, 1933, and November 18 (when the high point for the year was recorded) this index rose about 19 per cent. The latest available index (June 16) is not quite 16 per cent above the level of a year ago and is only 25.2 per cent above the lowest figure for 1933. In the meantime the price of gold has been raised 69 per cent—a plain proof that the Administration's monetary policy has failed to fulfill expectations.

Since price relationships are more important, however, than the average level of all prices, it is interesting to determine whether certain classes or groups of commodities, such as farm products, have risen more rapidly than other classes, thus bringing about a desired readjustment. The fact is that during the past year prices of farm products have risen about 20 per cent while all commodities other than farm and food products have advanced about 15 per cent. As compared with the lowest levels touched in 1933, however, the farm products groups unquestionably have risen much more rapidly than commodities other than farm products and food, the former showing an increase of 58.5 per cent and the latter, 20.5 per cent.

It serves no purpose to try to trace changes in the price of silver with a view to relating them to changes in gold prices. In the first place, silver prices are no index to domestic prosperity. In the second place, the heavy speculation in silver induced by rumors of subsidies and talk of remonetization have obviously been controlling factors in determining the fluctuations in silver prices. Again the rise in pay rolls and variations in industrial stock quotations have been influenced by many causes unrelated to the monetary policy of the Government. Undoubtedly a belief that an inflationary rise of prices was in prospect resulted in a feverish spurt in buying last summer which brought tremendous increases in the prices of speculatively held commodities and also assisted the short-lived stock market boom.

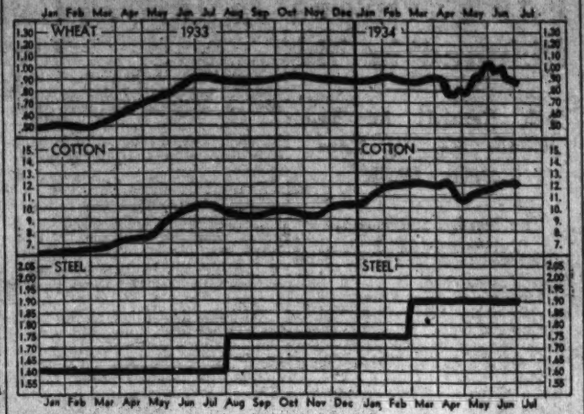
The effect of announcements in regard to monetary policy is unquestionably reflected in the erratic movements of stock and commodity prices in 1933. But that merely shows that the public was temporarily influenced by hopes that the monetary policy would accomplish the desired ends. The result was a psychological inflation which was followed by an inevitable recession because of the unsound foundation upon which the boom rested.

Fluctuations in industrial stock prices are in fact a particularly untrustworthy indication of changes in underlying conditions. That has been especially true in recent months when uncertainty regarding the stock exchange regulatory legislation has resulted in reduced trading volume and has affected security prices unfavorably.

Increases in pay rolls certainly have diverged widely from the course of gold prices. From March to September of last year the index of factory pay rolls showed a steady and rapid rise that was not affected by the midsummer speculative drop in prices. In November, however, when the Administration's monetary policy was having a seriously disturbing effect upon business, payroll indices began to decline. Even after adjustments for seasonal variation, this downward movement is pronounced. Toward the end of the year, pay rolls again began to rise and despite a fractional percentage decline from April totals, May pay rolls stood above the level of any month between July, 1931, and March, 1934. The logical explanation of this rise is found in the efforts of the NRA to spread work by increasing wage rates and reducing hours of labor, although part of it is due to an increase in manufacturing activity. Since the avowed purpose of the NRA was to bring about an advance in the aggregate purchasing power of wage earners, its efforts would have to be dismissed as entirely ineffectual, if the rise in payrolls were to be attributed entirely to monetary manipulation.

It is always rash to attempt to establish causal connections between particular policies and the business developments which coincide in point of time with those policies. The attempt to prove that the reduction in the gold value of the dollar has been an effective instrument of recovery and, indeed, according to some of its enthusiastic supporters the one "dynamic force that lifted us out of the depression" is pure assumption. Analysis of the evidence shows the lack of logical foundation for such conclusions.

Commodities Price Range



Leaders in Markets	Today	Yes'day	Week Ago	Month Ago	Year Ago
Cotton, New York (July)	12.07	12.07	12.12	11.64	10.25
Wheat, Chicago (July)	87 ¾	87 ¾	90	96 ¼	97 ¾
Corn, yellow, Chicago (July)	59 ⅝	57 ⅝	57 ½	53 ⅞	56 ¼
Oats, white, Chicago (July)	43	43	41 ⅞	41 ¾	47 ¼
Cattle, choice steers	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	6.15
Hogs, choice, Baltimore	4.75	4.75	5.00	3.55	4.30
Lambs, choice, Baltimore	8.00	8.00	8.50	10.00	7.35
Eggs, special, New York	17 ¼	17 ¼	17 ½	18 ½	18 ¾
Butter, New York creamery	25	25	24 ¾	24 ¾	25 ¾
Flour, New York	6.75	6.75	7.00	7.65	5.35
Coffee, New York	10 ½	10 ½	11	11 ½	7 ¼
Raw sugar, New York	3.15	3.15	3.15	2.75	3.47
Steel, Pittsburgh bar	1.90	1.90	1.90	1.90	1.60
Rubber, New York	14.27	14.27	13.74	12.85	14.50
Pig iron, foundry	18.50	18.50	18.50	18.50	14.50
Tin	51.37	51.37	50.87	51.75	45.87
Copper (electrolytic)	9	9	9	8 ½	8 ⅛
Silver	46 ⅝	46 ⅝	45 ⅝	45 ⅝	36 ⅜
Zinc, East St. Louis	4.35	4.35	4.20	4.27	4.50
Lead, New York pig	3.72	3.72	4.00	4.00	4.20
Coal, bituminous	4.12	4.12	4.12	3.97	3.38
Anthracite	9.46	9.46	9.46	9.88	8.12

National City Bank Declares Two Dividends

Votes 33 1-3 Cents on Common and 50 Cents Per Share on Preferred.

New York, July 4 (AP).—The National City Bank declared a dividend of 33 1-3 cents a share on the common stock for the four months period, April 1 to August 1, and a dividend of 50 cents a share on the preferred stock held by shareholders other than the RFC for the period February 1 to August 1.

The payment voted on the common was adjusted for the purpose of making disbursements on both classes of stock payable on a semi-annual basis in February and August. All payments were at the usual rate.

Preferred shares held by the RFC will receive a dividend of 43 1-3 cents a share, which is at the rate of 5 per cent for the period February 1 to April 1, and at the rate of 4 per cent from April 1 to August 1.

All dividends are payable August 1 to stockholders of record July 7.

Directors of the Loose Wiles Biscuit Co. declared the regular quarterly dividend of 50 cents on the common stock, payable August 1 to stock of record July 17.

Neisner Bros., Inc., declared a regular quarterly dividend of $1.75 on the preferred stock and four dividends of equal amount on account of arrears on the preferred, all payable August 1 to stock of record July 16. This payment clears up all arrears on the senior stock.

Engineers Public Service Co. reports for the 12 months ended May 31, consolidated gross earnings of $42,323,699 and consolidated net operating revenue of $17,850,901. These figures compare with gross earnings of $42,561,961 and net operating revenue of $19,498,474 in the previous 12-month period.

Consolidated net income of the United Light & Power Corp. and subsidiaries for 12 months ended May 31, totaled $1,085,430 after taxes, interest and subsidiary preferred dividends, equal to $1.81 a share on the $6 preferred stock. This compares with income of $2,503,078, or $4.17 a share on the preferred in the previous 12 months.

Net railway operating income of the Indiana Harbor Belt Railroad for the year ended December 31, 1933, totaled $1,894,005, compared with $1,527,314 in the previous year, the annual report to stockholders revealed. Total operating revenues were $7,765,719 compared with $7,298,620 the year before.

Directors of Beneficial Industrial Loan Corporation today declared the regular quarterly dividend of 87½ cents per share on the preferred stock, Series A, and 37½ cents per share on the common stock, both payable July 30 to stockholders of record July 16.

Waynesboro, Pa., July 4 (Spl.).—Stockholders in three Waynesboro industrial concerns have received dividend checks, while the two banking institutions in addition to paying interest on time deposits, declared dividends valued at $23,000.

Turkey's Cotton Program.

In conjunction with its program for the establishment of a national cotton textile industry, the Turkish government is planning to substantially increase domestic cotton production, according to Commercial Attache Julian E. Gillespie, Istanbul, in a report made public by the Commerce Department.

Trade Climbs In Half Year Of Uncertainty

Future Outlook Is Called Far From Clear as Autumn Nears.

Continued from Page. 17.

cently we have branched out in an experiment with silver.

New Security Act.

The second favorable factor of outstanding note is the modification of the security act by the last Congress. These amendments, while not going as far as many people desired, have made it possible for there to be some issuing of private securities. The road has been opened, therefore, for a resumption of the financing essential to recovery in the heavy industries and it is the general opinion that from now on we shall see more and more issues coming on the market.

It is this possibility, in fact, that provides the greatest optimism for the future. If the capital market is revived there is a strong probability that we shall have a good rally this fall. If it is not, it appears likely that the Government again will have to come to the support of the business structure through heavy expenditures, or we shall have another winter of low activity and a large amount of unemployment.

This is on the assumption, of course, that further trouble does not develop, in some other direction in the meantime. That this is a contingency that must be included in one's calculations for the future goes without saying.

Difficult Times Ahead.

The NRA and the AAA both have difficult times ahead, especially the former. The railroad pension bill just signed by the President is capable of causing trouble in its field through putting a heavy burden upon already overloaded organizations. And the farm mortgage bill, also just signed by the President, is filled with dynamite from the point of view of effect upon mortgage lending.

With these and other similar uncertainties in the picture it is useless to forecast what our situation will be six months hence. To do so one would have to appraise not only the usual economic forces at play, but as well to judge what the members of the Administration will do with the vast powers that have been placed in their hands.

They may permit us to have a slow, gradual recovery through making it possible for business men to plan for the future, or they may force business activity by pumping further billions of dollars into the economic system. On one point, however, it would appear that one may be dogmatic with reasonable assurance of being right. This is that we will not be permitted to suffer a marked slump in business—at least not until after November.

(Copyright, 1934.)

Electric Power Industry Seen Starting Climb

Tax Levies Chief Problem, Babson Believes; Levies Increase.

By Roger W. Babson.

Babson Park, Mass., July 4—Three years ago the utility business was known as a "depression-proof" industry. True, the actual business volume of electric light and power companies—the sale of electricity—held up remarkably well.

The utility depression came in the form of political attacks, rate reductions, and discriminatory taxes. Decreased revenues and increased costs brought the "crash" in utility securities.

The issues of public service companies are still very much depressed, but here and there straws show that the wind is now blowing from a more favorable direction.

Power Sales to Hit Peak.

Electric power consumption is the most optimistic factor in the utility outlook. For sixty consecutive weeks, sales of electric energy have shown a gain over the corresponding week of the previous year.

Power output soared in June and July, 1933, but even so it is still 5 per cent above the levels of last June. Output is well above both 1932 and 1931, and almost back to the record highs of 1929 and 1930.

Business should gradually pick up through the summer and fall, and I would not be surpised if power consumption made a new all-time peak this year.

Reason for Optimism.

My main reason for this optimism is the increase in electrical appliance sales. 1934 will undoubtedly be a record year for electric refrigerators. Washing machines, radios, vacuum cleaners, ranges, lamps and other household appliances are selling like hotcakes.

These sales all mean a big domestic market for electric current. Already household use of electricity is 5 per cent above 1933, and the number of new customers is growing daily. The domestic load is the real "gravy" for the power companies.

Moreover, in both home and factory, new uses are constantly being found for electricity. The industry still has real long-growth possibilities ahead of it as far as kilowatt output goes.

Rate cuts from the long-pull standpoint should be a bullish factor. Power consumption would soar if rates could be slashed drastically. There would be a lag, however, before the increase in business would offset the sharp loss in revenues. To avoid this difficulty, several large systems have recently hit upon a new wrinkle: Consumers are offered a generous number of free kwhs., provided that their bill, during the current month, is as large as in the same month last year. Furthermore, consumers, after using their free current, may use additional "juice" at very low cost. Consumers are thus induced to completely electrify their houses and factories.

14 Cents of Each Dollar in Taxes.

On the debit side of the ledger, the constantly rising tax burden is the worst entry. Taxes—Federal, State and municipal— are offsetting the benefits of increased demand for electricity. In 1913, taxes took 5 cents out of each dollar; today 14 cents go to public coffers. I am not sure that the "soak the utilities" trend is over; they have been a too easy and a too lucrative target for extravagant politicians. Further unfair tax levies will only be prevented by the united protest of the 9,000,000 American public utility investors.

The power industry has passed through its first major depression. Terific deflation has taken place in utility securities (just as much water was squeezed out of railway stocks and bonds in that industry's first major depression in 1893). Well-managed operating companies have now only the tax fight to win.

Some heavily capitalized holding companies may have to be unscrambled, but honestly run holding companies now have a chance to come through without a capital reorganization. The power industry is looking up. It is entering a new stage of its development—a period of more sane and gradual growth. Consequently, I feel that good utility securities may now be selling at as foolishly low prices as they were at ridiculously high levels in 1929.

Business, as estimated by the Babsonchart, is 4 per cent below a year ago and 21 per cent below normal.

(Copyright, 1934.)

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Bond Market Sets Record In Recovery

High Grade Loans Touch Best Levels Since 1928 Sales.

Continued from Page. 17.

than 3½ per cent early this year, and a depression high of about 4½ per cent a little more than two years ago.

High-Grade Loans.

With banks and investment institutions having difficulty in finding suitable investment media wherein they may use their funds profitably, bond market analysts see little prospect of any immediate change in the character of the high-grade bond market. Excess bank reserves have continued to rise, are now well above $1,700,000,000, and banks are getting no return on these funds.

Interest rates have fallen so low in the short-term money market that banks and institutions find little incentive to keep funds there. Prices of more speculative bonds will presumably be affected by business trends, but they have held up well into the midsummer business lull.

No inflationary threat of a character to provoke selling of fixed income investments generally is foreseen, for the near future, at least.

Factor in Low Yields.

Bond analysts point out that an important factor in the low yields at which bonds are now selling is the actual physical scarcity of them, owing to the stagnation of the new issue business over the past two years.

Two of the largest pieces of corporate bond financing since 1931 have appeared within the past week, however, possibly indicating that corporations will now begin to take advantage of the favorable terms at which long-term credit is available, particularly since the securities act of 1933 was somewhat clarified and slightly relaxed, effective July 1.

The biggest of the two issues which appeared in the past week was a $50,000,000 offering of Pennsylvania Railroad 4¼ per cent bonds, the largest corporate issue to be offered publicly since 1931. But since this was a railroad issue, and came under the purview of the Interstate Commerce Commission, it was not necessary to file the prospectus required by the securities act, to which there has been so much objection, although the issuers become liable under certain provisions of the act through offering the bonds publicly.

The second issue, however, which was $35,000,000 in 3 per cent 3-year notes of the Edison Electric Illuminating Co. of Boston, and the first major public financing by a domestic utility in three years, was carried out under the full regulations of the securities act.

Investment bankers expect the development of new financing under the amended securities act will at best be slow, and a good part of it may be refunding of outstanding obligations to take advantage of the favorable terms now available. But they believe this financing, under the securities act, will be limited to corporations with capitalization and business not too involved, so that it may be fully described in the prospectus with a fair degree of certainty that no facts have been omitted which might later turn up and be regarded as material.

The scarcity of high-grade investment bonds has presented a real problem to the banks, with their huge excess reserves which they would like to invest, to insurance companies and other investment institutions whose earnings depend largely upon the rate of interest at which they can employ their funds. U. S. Government issues and high grade tax-exempt municipals have been quickly snatched up as fast as they have come upon the market.

Grain Traders Find Market Unsatisfactory

First of '34 Is Ungratifying to Commodity Exchanges and Farmers.

By John P. Boughan.

Chicago, July 4 (AP).—It is the almost unanimous verdict of grain traders that the first half of 1934 has been unsatisfactory to farmers and to commodity exchanges alike.

Outstanding in illustration of the record is the fact that wheat prices, which had risen to well over the dollar mark, have fallen about 20 cents a bushel from their high point, notwithstanding crop conditions seldom if ever equaled as providing a stimulus to soaring of values. The 1934 half-year's top price of any wheat future delivery has been $1.09½, reached June 1 by December contracts. This week the same delivery has dropped to 89½ cents.

The main reason traders give for such exraordinary behavior of grain values is severely reduced purchase power in the market.

Prices Sliding Downward.

Peter B. Carey, president of the Chicago Board of Trade, stated explicitly today that grain prices had been settling slowly to lower levels because there was insufficient speculative buying to absorb the new harvest.

"Speculation has been frightened from the commodity markets by the continuous threat of legislation against the exchanges," Carey said. He added:

"The irony of the situation is that all proposed legislation of this character is introduced in the guise of being something that will aid the farmer. Instead of aiding, it has hurt the farmer seriously at a time he is entitled to much higher prices and needs them sorely.

"This half year has witnessed the most disastrous crop failure of a generation. Many experts say it is the worst in our history. Lack of moisture has reduced the possible 1934 wheat harvest to two-thirds, probably less, of normalcy. It has made serious inroads on other grains, pasturage, hay and all silage products."

Corn has not been destroyed by the drought, said Carey, and may yet result in a fairly satisfactory yield. But corn is faced with the menace of chinch-bug destruction—a real threat when it is considered how these tiny pests travel armylike on their errand of destruction.

President Carey declared that normally a fine volume of speculative trade would have been attracted to the exchanges this year because of the prospect, then the certainty, of a real shortage. But excessive threats of legislation, of drastic restriction and regulation of exchanges, drove away the advance buyers who ordinarily, and for years, finance each wheat harvest until it is needed somewhere for bread. Continuing, he said:

Futures Trade Slumps.

"On March 23, the total trade in future contracts of all grains slumped, on the Chicago Board of Trade to 6,575,000 bushels. Ordinarily, it would have been ten times as much. This tells the story.

"Based on a 59-cent dollar, wheat was selling at not more than 55 cents a bushel at terminal markets the latter part of June. Low price levels and restricted trade go hand in hand.

"In years past, when nature reduced the yields of farms, speculative advance buying boosted prices of what the farmer did have to sell.

"This condition, in itself an effective farm relief, will prevail again—but only when the grain trade and politics are divorced."

Italy's Imports Climb.

Italy's imports from the United States in the first quarter of the current year were vlaued at approximately three times that of total Italian exports to the American market, according to a report to the Commerce Department from Commercial Attache C. A. Livengood, Rome. The totals were, respectively, 303.0 and 98.4 million lira.

German Silk Imports Rise.

Germany's imports of silk and rayon for the first quarter of 1934 registered an increase in volume to 4,183 metric tons, valued at 19,656,000 reichsmarks, compared with 3,649 metric tons, valued at 18,734,000 reichsmarks, for the corresponding quarter of 1933, according to a report from Consul J. F. Huddleston, Dresden, made public by the Commerce Department.

Anglo-French Trade.

A trade agreement between France and the United Kingdom, providing generally for most favored nation treatment and provisionally effective July 1, 1934, for a period of nine months, subject to ratification by the respective governments, was signed at London on June 27, according to a cablegram received in the Department of Commerce from Commercial Attache Lynn W. Meekins, London.

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JUNE 30TH, 1934
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1503 Pennsylvania Ave. N.W.
Farmers & Mechanics Branch:
Wisconsin Ave. & M St. N.W.
Friendship Branch:
Wisconsin Ave. & Warren St.
Chevy Chase Branch:
Conn. Ave. & Morrison St.
Dupont Circle Branch:
1913 Mass. Ave. N.W.
Northwest Branch:
18th St. and Columbia Rd.
Park Road Branch:
14th St. and Park Road
Seventh Street Branch:
7th and Eye Streets N.W.
Complete Banking and Trust Service
RESOURCES
Cash in vaults and with Federal Reserve Bank $ 8,342,997.98
Due from banks 10,215,353.34 $18,558,351.32
United States Government certificates, notes and bonds 32,140,120.00
State and Municipal securities 831,347.57
All other securities 5,034,414.54
Commercial paper purchased 190,000.00
Loans and Discounts 19,603,116.35
Banking houses 2,658,472.21
Furniture and fixtures 479,268.33
Other real estate 64,440.58
Customers liability account of acceptances executed 7,010.00
Other resources 101,467.96
$79,668,008.86
LIABILITIES
Capital—common $3,000,000.00
preferred 1,500,000.00 $4,500,000.00
Surplus 2,000,000.00
Net profits and reserve for contingencies 1,336,646.84
Reserve for interest and taxes accrued 160,223.71
Deposits 71,664,016.18
Acceptances executed by other banks 7,010.00
Other liabilities 112.13
$79,668,008.86

Nation's Bank Deposits Rise Above 2 Billion

Abnormal Monetary Factors, Federal Spending Aid Gains in Cash.

By W. R. Huff.

New York, July 4 (AP).—Mid-year banking figures reveal the striking extent to which Government expenditures have combined with certain abnormal monetary factors to expand the Nation's bank deposits in the past six months.

Reporting Federal Reserve member banks in leading cities, which hold half the banking resources of the country, have increased their deposits by $2,300,000,000 since the end of 1933. It appears, therefore, that all banks in the United States have gained at least $3,000,000,000 in the last half-year, and perhaps $3,500,000,000.

An analysis of the figures shows that the factors producing the deposit expansion have been almost entirely abnormal. In addition to raising $2,500,000,000 of new money since the year-end, the Treasury has spent some $500,000,000 of unemployed gold, part of it the "profit" resulting from devaluation of the dollar.

Imports of Gold.

Furthermore, gold imports from abroad, accompanying the return of capital after stabilization of the American currency at its new level, combined with newly mined metal acquisitions, have amounted to approximately $800,000,000.

At least $200,000,000 of currency has found its way back to the banks from circulation. This factor alone can be considered normal, in view of the usual tendency of money circulation to shrink during the early part of the year. The other factors are not ordinarily encountered under average economic circumstances, at least not to the extent of the past few months.

All in all, some $4,000,000,000 of funds have been piled on the banks, leaving them with the insoluble problem of what to do with them under conditions where private borrowing is sluggish and the capital market stagnant. Perhaps $2,000,000,000 has been invested in Government securities; the rest has gone into cash balances at the Federal Reserve Banks.

The most striking feature of the figures for reporting member banks is the absence of any rise in loans and investments, aside from holdings of U. S. Government obligations. The normal way for bank deposits to rise—and the normal evidence of expanding industrial operations—is through the extension of more credit to customers and the enlargement of investments, which creates a return flow of funds to the banks as deposits.

Federal Bond Holdings.

Yet, while holdings of Governments have grown just short of $1,400,000,000 for the reporting member banks in the past six months, loans have dropped $388,000,000, mostly in the "commercial" rather than "on securities" classification. At a time when the Treasury was virtually dumping money on these banks and gold imports were flooding them with funds, their investments, other than Governments, rose a meager $61,000,000.

Net demand deposits of these reporting banks rose $1,638,000,000 in the half-year to a total of $12,504,000,000, the highest in recent years. Time deposits gained $162,000,000 at $4,501,000,000, while Government deposits expanded $532,000,000 to $1,357,000,000.

When the Treasury raises new money, it receives payment for its new obligations largely in the form of deposits on the books of banks. It calls for repayment of these deposits as the actual needs arise. Then, when the Treasury disburses the funds for public works, or whatever other purpose it wants money for, the deposits are recreated, this time for private accounts.

Deposits Still Uncalled.

With $532,000,000 of Treasury deposits still uncalled and $1,400,000,000 more Government obligations held than six months ago, it would appear that some $866,000,000 of the increase in private deposits of reporting banks resulted directly from the Treasury borrowing.

A substantial portion of the increased funds of smaller banks also has found its way to the larger city institutions. It has always been a practice of country banks to keep idle funds on deposit in New York, Chicago, and other big cities, as secondary reserves or in search of short-term employment.

Deposits due to correspondents by the reporting banks gained $929,000,000 during the half-year, while deposits owed by correspondents to the reporting banks increased $372,000,000. This meant a net increase in the deposits of the reporting institutions from this source of $557,000,000.

Gain in Deposits.

The gain in deposits of this character is an illustration of the Nation-wide extent of the expansion of bank resources. Small banks as well as large have more money than they can use.

The remaining increase in deposits of the reporting banks has been accounted for by gold imports, Treasury spending of gold assets and the return of currency. The gross increase from all these factors has been reduced, of course, by the decline in loans. The same is probably true of other banks.

The net rise during the six months of $1,071,000,000 in loans and investments of the reporting banks stands beside an increase of $987,000,000 in their reserve balances. In other words, these institutions could have extended twice as much credit as they did, if only there had been good borrowers who wanted it, besides the U. S. Treasury.

Metal Prices Steady.

Metals (nonferrous)—While copper, lead and zinc consumption probably will witness a temporary decline during the summer, renewed business activity in the fall is expected to bring consumption to a level well ahead of 1933. Profits in all cases will closely approach, and in some cases exceed, those for last year.

Puerto Rico Sugar Shipments Climb

New York, July 4.—Raw sugar shipments from Puerto Rico to the United States from January 1 to June 30 totaled 532,409 short tons, an increase of 5.3 per cent when compared with shipments of 505,804 during a similar period last year, according to cables to the New York Coffee and Sugar Exchange.

Refined shipments amounted to 74,510, a 28.4 per cent increase over the 58,027 ton total for the 1933 period.

Shipments of raw and refined together for the week ending June 30 amounted to 19,269 tons against 19,641 in the same week last year. About 75.9 per cent of the quota for the United States under the Costigan-Jones sugar bill has been shipped to date. The balance for shipment to complete the quota figures is approximately 195,000 tons, part of which has been already sold.

Daily Oil Yield Decreased by 10,100 Barrels

Week's Production Declines to 2,592,000 Units as Imports Gain.

New York, July 4 (AP).—Daily average gross crude oil production in the United States decreased 10,100 barrels in the week ended June 30, totaling 2,592,000 barrels, the American Petroleum Institute's weekly summary indicates. Daily average production east of California increased 10,100 barrels to 2,077,000 barrels.

Refineries representing 89.7 per cent of estimated total capacity, operated at 69.2 per cent of their capacity, reported daily average runs of crude oil to stills as 2,335,000 barrels. Daily average the previous week for refineries representing 89.7 per cent of total, operated at 71.7 per cent of capacity, was 2,420,000 barrels.

Finished gasoline stocks at refineries totaled 32,203,000 barrels against 33,243,000.

Unfinished gasoline stocks totaled 6,715,000 barrels against 6,941,000 barrels.

Daily average cracked gasoline by refineries representing 95.6 per cent of total charging capacity was 464,000 barrels. Daily average the previous week by refineries representing 95.6 per cent of total was 445,000 barrels.

Imports of crude and refined oils at principal United States ports totaled 1,310,000 barrels, a daily average of 187,143 barrels, against 1,221,000 barrels, a daily average of 174,429 barrels for the previous week.

	Fed. Agency Allow. Effective July 1	Actual Prod. Week Ended June 30, 1934	Change From Previous Week
Oklahoma	489,500	515,100	—15,300
Kansas	134,500	131,300	+ 4,000
Pn'hdl Texas	.....	58,900	— 1,600
North Texas	.....	57,750	— 50
West Cen. Tex.	.....	27,450	+ 500
West Texas	.....	145,150	+ 300
East Cen. Tex.	.....	54,900	+ 250
East Texas	.....	507,750	+ 3,450
Conroe	.....	52,100	— 500
Southwest Tex.	.....	49,200	+ 50
Coastal Texas not incl. Conroe	.....	118,850	+ 2,450
Total Texas	1,042,100	1,072,050	+ 4,850
No. Louisiana	.....	25,250	+ 50
Coastal La.	.....	67,550	+ 9,900
Total Lou'sa	88,900	92,800	+ 9,950
Arkansas	33,000	31,550	— 100
Eastern not incl. Michigan	108,900	104,750	+ 2,650
Michigan	33,200	31,850	+ 1,050
Wyoming	33,200	37,000	+ 2,100
Montana	8,000	8,750	+ 750
Colorado	3,000	3,000	+ 150
Total Rocky Mt. States	44,200	48,750	+ 3,000
New Mexico	46,600	48,600	.....
California	509,400	515,000	—20,300
Tot. U. S.	2,530,300	2,592,000	—10,100

Reported for week ended June 30, on Bureau of Mines basis. Figures in barrels.

Crude runs to stills: Daily average	2,495,000	2,580,000
Cracked gasoline production: Daily average	500,000	480,000
On A. P. I. basis: Finished gasoline at refineries	33,203,000	33,243,000
Bulk terminals, in transit, etc.	19,202,000	18,577,000
Stocks of unfinished gasoline	6,715,000	6,941,000
Stocks of other motor fuel	4,200,000	4,250,000
Gas and fuel oil stocks reported	106,223,000	105,580,000

Distribution of Sugar In U. S. Is Decreased

Distribution of sugar in the United States during the first five months of 1934 (January to May inclusive) amounted to 2,332,079 long tons, raw sugar value, as against 2,406,901 tons during the same period last year, a decrease of 74,822 tons, or approximately 3.1 per cent, according to a preliminary calculation by Lamborn & Co.

Beet sugar distribution totaled 663,139 long tons, raw value, as compared with 541,516 tons during the similar period last year, an increase of 121,623 tons, or 22.5 per cent. Cane sugar distribution aggregated 1,668,940 tons, a decrease of 196,445 tons, or 10.5 per cent.

Maryland Farm Values Unchanged From 1933

Farm real estate values, including all farm lands with improvements, in Maryland on March 1, 1934, are estimated by the Bureau of Agricultural Economics, U. S. Department of Agriculture, to be the same as a year ago. At present the values are estimated at 90 per cent of the prewar period, or 10 per cent below the average values in 1912-1914.

Of the 48 states, only 12 report comparative values higher than those for Maryland.

Portugal Increases Surtax.

A Portuguese decree effective July 2, 1934, increases the existing surtax on imports from 20 per cent to 28 per cent of the duties and creates a special surtax of 13½ per cent of the duty on exports, both applying to merchandise transported in vessels of countries which have not by August 1, 1934, secured abolition of "flag discrimination," that is, which have not, by that date, been granted national treatment by Portugal, according to a cablegram received in the Department of Commerce from Minister R. C. Caldwell, Lisbon.

Utility Groups Compared in Serious Study

14 Holding Companies Are Listed According to Support of Subsidiaries.

New York, July 4.—Some unusual conclusions as to the comparative status of public utility holding company bonds have been arrived at as the result of a two-months' exhaustive study by Poor's Advisory Services, which approached this task of analysis from a unique angle, permitting the holding companies to be ranked according to the strength or weakness of their subsidiaries.

The study comprised 14 holding companies, more than 200 subsidiaries and approximately 500 bond issues representing $5,000,000,000 par value, and is the first of the kind ever made by a nationally-known statistical organization. Each subsidiary was separately analyzed and graded by giving weight to such factors as past earnings, financial strength, capitalization and leverage, recent trends in growth, effect of rate cuts and of increased taxation, and possible effect of Government competition.

The percentage of assets in each group, to the total assets in the system, was then taken as the final basis for the comparative summary of the relative ranking of 12 out of 14 of the systems which could be classified as holding companies entirely.

Summary Put Into Chart.

This summary was then translated into a graphic chart, with separate analyses and conclusions regarding each group.

First among the holding companies rated is American Gas & Electric Co., followed by Commonwealth & Southern Corporation, which is placed second in respect to strength; National Power & Light, which is placed third, and United Light & Power, fourth.

Next in order are Niagara Hudson Power, North American Co., American Power & Light, Standard Gas & Electric, Associated Gas & Electric, Utilities Power & Light, Cities Service and Electric Power & Light.

It is pointed out that these ratings are in respect of the relative strength of the subsidiaries and not of the holding companies themselves. Pacific Gas & Electric and Columbia Gas & Electric are analyzed but not charted as they are described as operating as well as holding companies.

Dependent on Subsidiaries.

"The holding company is dependent for its livelihood on the income if derives from its subsidiaries," says the analysis. "The stream of subsidiary profits is diverted, first to pay subsidiary bond interest, second to pay subsidiary preferred dividend requirements. For certain of the systems a large proportion of subsidiary income after bond interest is diverted to pay preferred dividend requirements. Thus, a majority of the subsidiaries of a holding company may be strong or good from a subsidiary bondholder's viewpoint, but the holding company bonds may be insecure because so little of the available profits filter past the preferred stockholders.

"For example, the North American Co. is in sixth position, but its holding company bonds are much more secure than those at the top of the Commonwealth & Southern system, which is in second position. But of the total of bonds and subsidiary preferred stock of North American, only 20 per cent is subsidiary preferred, whereas of the total bonds and subsidiary preferred of Commonwealth & Southern 30 per cent is subsidiary preferred. This explains in part the difference in coverage of fixed charges and subsidiary preferred of the two systems—1.44 times for North American, and 1.23 times for Commonwealth & Southern.

U. S. Raw Silk Imports Total 31,057 Bales

New York, July 4.—Raw silk imports into the United States during June, 1934, totaled 31,057 bales, or 16,378 bales under imports of June, 1933, it was announced today by Peter Van Horn, executive vice president of the National Federation of Textiles, Inc.

Raw silk in storage in warehouses was 59,048 bales on July 1, 1934, or 25,115 bales above July 1, 1933.

Deliveries of raw silk to American mills during June, 1934, were 33,069 bales, or 20,558 under the same month of 1933. June deliveries were 5,671 under last month.

Approximately 38,600 bales of raw silk were in transit at the end of June.

Radio Market.

Seasonal influences during the next month should lead to a concentration of sales of radios in the automobile and portable types, while demand for the more profitable console types will be deferred until fall. Broadcasting revenues are likely to show a moderate seasonal decline.

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80 Elements Have Been Found By Science in Past 2 Centuries

Only 9 of the 92 elements were known before Christ, according to a paper prepared for the American Chemical Society by Prof. Harrison Hale, of the University of Arkansas.

Seven of these were metals, copper, gold, iron, lead, mercury, silver, tin—and two were nonmetallic—carbon and sulphur. No others were definitely added to these for more than twelve centuries; arsenic was discovered in 1250 and antimony in 1450, so that when Columbus discovered America he could have known only eleven recognized elementary substances.

Then during a period of more than two additional centuries only one other element was added, phosphorus, in 1669.

Discovered in 200 Years.

Fifty of the 92 elements have been discovered in the past 200 years, and every decade in these two centuries except one (1850-59) has seen the discovery of one or more elements.

The following seventeen elements have not yet been reported as found in the free state: Actinium, alabamine, dysprosium, erbium, europium, gadolinium, holmium, illinium, lutecium, masurium, polonium, protoactinium, scandium, terbium, thulium, virginium, ytterbium.

In "La Traite Elementaire de la Chimie," published in 1789, Lavoisier lists 33 substances which he classes as elements. These include light and caloric, or heat, as well as the radicals muriatic, fluoric, and boric, and the oxides lime, magnesia, baryta, alumina, and silica.

The following 23 elements known and isolated at that time were therefore listed in the order given by Lavoisier, who, of course, placed oxygen first: Oxygen, nitrogen, hydrogen, sulfur, phosphorus, carbon, antimony, silver, arsenic, bismuth, cobalt, copper, tin, iron, manganese, mercury, molybdenum, nickel, gold, platinum, lead, tungsten, zinc. In the discovery of the remaining 69 elements the preparation of new instruments has often furnished the means of successful attack.

The first decade of the nineteenth century witnessed the discovery of twice as many elements as any other like period. Six of these 14—potassium, sodium, calcium, barium, strontium, magnesium—were found at that time because the work of Galvani and of Volta in the last decade of the eighteenth century had furnished Davy with a battery for use in electrolysis. Indirectly the current was also responsible for the isolation of boron. Other metals prepared later by electrolysis include rubidium, cesium, cerium, gallium, and aluminum, but only gallium was discovered as a metal in this manner.

Of the eleven elements discovered in the two decades 1860-79, all except scandium were found by the use of the spectroscope which had been developed by Bunsen and Kirchoffin the preceding decade. These include cesium and rubidium by Bunsen and Kirchoff, thallium by Crookes, indium by Reich and Richter, helium by Lockyer, gallium and samarium by de Boisbaudran, ytterbium by Marignac, holmium and thulium by Cleve.

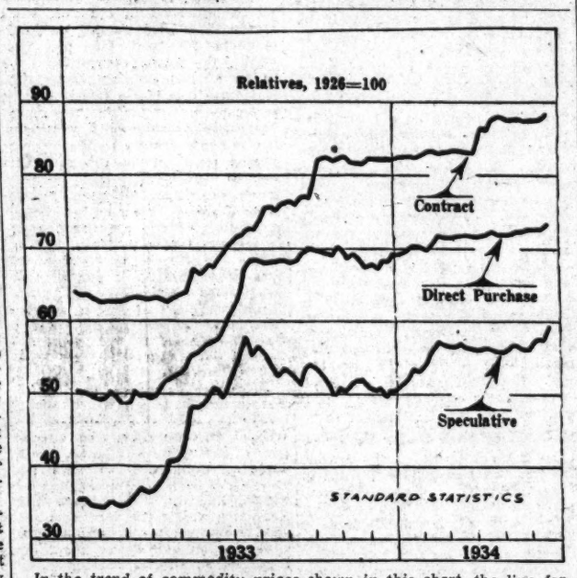
With the help of this same instrument, in the next decade praseodymium and neodymium were discovered and in 1907 lutecium was found. The spectroscope also was an indispensable aid to Ramsay and Travers in 1898 in their discovery of the rare gases of the atmosphere, krypton, neon, and xenon.

In 1898 the discovery of polonium and radium by the Curies and of actinium by Debierne in 1899 was made possible by the use of the electroscope, discharged by radioactive material; the work was aided by the use of the spectroscope.

The X-ray spectroscopic method resulted in 1922 in the discovery of hafnium and a few years later of masurium, rhenium, and illinium. The discovery of the last of the ninety-two elements, virginium and alabamine in 1930 and 1931, was made possible by the magnetoptic method of analysis, perfected in the years just previous.

Sulphur Exports Increase

United States exports of sulphur continue to register increases during the current year, according to the chemical division of the Commerce Department. Production and exports of sulphur reached the lowest point in years during 1932, but recovered sharply in 1933, it is pointed out.



In the trend of commodity prices shown in this chart, the line for speculative prices appears more sensitive, but net increases for all three classifications are about equal. Many held that speculative prices had strongly influenced the total commodity price index.

Gold and Silver Receipts

Receipts of silver by the mints:
(Under Executive Order of December 21, 1933.)

Week ended June 29, 1934:	
San Francisco	62,950.61 fine ounces
Denver	1,096.00 fine ounces
Total for the week	64,046.61 fine ounces

Corrected figure on total receipts of silver through June 29: 8,560,000 fine ounces.

Receipts of gold by the mints and assay offices:

Week ended June 30, 1934:	Imports.	Secondary.	New Domestic.
Philadelphia		$389,408.00	
San Francisco	$1,906.27	30,146.77	$521,941.92
Denver	365.00	20,767.00	384,435.00
New York	14,042,000.00	435,900.00	19,900.00
Seattle		20,977.32	206,214.38
New Orleans	18,996.40	54,501.29	385.72
	$14,063,267.67	$951,700.38	$1,102,877.22

Gold received by Federal Reserve Banks and the Treasurer's Office:
(Under Secretary's Order of December 28, 1933.)

Received by Federal Reserve Banks:	Gold Coin.	Gold Certificates.
Week ended June 27	$43,234.74	$861,980.00
Received previously	28,119,111.57	60,452,800.00
Total to June 27	$28,162,346.31	$61,314,780.00
Received by Treasurer's Office:		
Week ended June 27	.....	$10,600.00
Received previously	$249,194.00	1,591,300.00
Total to June 27	$249,194.00	$1,601,900.00

Note—Gold bars deposited with the New York Assay Office to the amount of $200,572.69 previously reported.

Purchases of Government securities for investment accounts:
Total for the week ended June 30, 1934, $500,000.

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Better Incomes For Farmers Planned in '34

Cash Returns in Year Climb 35 Per Cent Above 1933.

By Stephen McDonough.
(Associated Press.)

Improved farm income for those farmers who had crops to sell, drought which seared over three quarters of the American agricultural map and higher prices for goods which farmers bought marked the farm picture during the first part of 1934.

Cash income of farmers during the period was set by the Bureau of Agricultural Economics at about 35 per cent above the similar period of 1933. Adding in benefit payments received for curtailment of wheat, cotton, corn-hog and tobacco acreage, farmers' income was estimated at about 43 cent above 1933.

Costs Increase.

During the first four months of 1934 cash farm income totaled $1,595,000,000, compared with $1,184,000,000 during the same period in 1933. Added to this total was $104,000,000 in rental and benefit payments.

However, prices farmers paid were also on the increase, having jumped about 18 per cent, bringing the increase in farm buying power down to about 28 per cent of the prewar average.

Average weighted farm prices on May 15, compared with January 15, included: Wheat, 69.5 cents per bushel and 69.4; corn, 48.6 and 43.9; oats, 32.7 and 32.5; cotton, 11 cents per pound and 10.3; hogs, $3.17 per hundred pounds and $3.06; beef cattle, $4.13 and $3.33; sheep, $3.54 and $2.71; chickens, 11.2 cents per pound and 9.4, and butter, 21.5 cents per pound and 19.6.

Drought Sends Prices Up.

In more recent weeks, however, market prices of grains have soared because of the drought, carrying farm prices along with them. Hog prices have begun to climb, and prices of poultry and butter have jumped, all because of the drought, which cut grain yields and all but eliminated pastures and hay crops.

Meanwhile prices of beef cattle and sheep have dropped because of rapidly increasing sales of farm animals by farmers who could not feed them because of lack of water, pasture and hay.

Railway Equipment Sales.

Manufacturers of railroad equipment this year have received more orders than the aggregate for the past three years as a result of the gradual placement of PWA loans to railroads. Current prospects for additional business are clouded to some extent by the added burdens placed on the carriers by higher wages and the new pension bill.

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Mortgage Loan Correspondent Metropolitan Life Insurance Company

Banking Reaches Turning Point In June as Conditions Improve

New York, July 4 (AP). It is an almost universal opinion among bankers, says the American Bankers Association Journal, that June has been the turning point in banking history in the matter of recovery.

Reasons for the optimism are described as twofold—"the condition of the banks and the prospects of better banking business." Good loans are described as still hard to get, but the bankers are in better position to make them than in years.

"The reorganization of the banking system after the holiday of 16 months ago is now practically complete," says the Journal's survey and the preparatory period for enforcement of the major provisions of the banking act of 1933 is passed and the banks know where they stand.

The prospect for making loans is described as much improved. Industrial concerns are said to have made tentative arrangements for a large volume of financing contingent upon settlement of labor disputes and continued expansion of operations.

While the total volume of loans to commerce and industry is still low, as shown in the statements of the weekly reporting banks in larger cities, country bankers claim this does not truly reflect the situation in the mass of small banks which do not report weekly, for many have actually expanded their loans. Furthermore, much of the decrease in loans is believed to reflect ability of borrowers to pay off old loans as conditions have improved.

"Many bakers," says the Journal, "believe that considerable profitable business can be done under the Government's new residential repair and reconditioning scheme, not only in loans to home owners but in financing which will attend upon any considerable revival in local construction work."

Retail Trade Easy.

Retail trade status in contrast with the upswing of a year ago, dollar sales are barely attaining seasonal expectancy. As a result, the recent wide relative gains are shrinking to modest proportions in most lines. Material relative improvement is unlikely before fall.

Petroleum Prices Unsettled.

Continued production of "hot oil" has resulted in a portion of this output being offered below posted prices, but a serious unsettlement of prices is unlikely. More effective control of output now in prospect and rising demand should permit the maintenance of a favorable statistical position.

WE WILL SELL

10,000 Washington Suburban Collateral 3½s @ 68½.
6,000 Washington Properties 7s @ 28.
5,000 Mayflower Hotel 6s @ 39.
5,000 National Press Building CDs @ 44.
2,000 Racquet Clubs 7s @ 28.
100 Shares Hearst Consolidated Pub. 7% pfd. @ 24¼.

WE WILL BUY

Shoreham Hotel Notes.
Commodore Hotel Notes.
Oaklawn Terrace Apt. Notes.
Washington Properties 7s.
Hamilton Hotel CDs.
Jefferson Apt. Bonds.
City Club Bonds.
Hamilton National Bank Stock.
Riggs National Bank Stock.
New Amsterdam Apt. CDs.

Colony Company, Inc.
Washington Bldg. Met. 2721

The Liberty National Bank

15th and Eye N.W.
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS
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M. F. CALNAN, VICE PRESIDENT AND CASHIER
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STATEMENT
OF CONDITION JUNE 30, 1934

RESOURCES

Cash and due from banks	$1,073,069.86
United States Government Bonds	1,038,006.58
Bonds and Securities	570,080.74
Demand Loans	896,953.56
Loans and Discounts	1,180,642.50
Loans on Real Estate	44,700.46
Banking House, Furniture and Fixtures	236,972.13
Other Assets	30,750.04
Total	$5,071,175.87

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock	$500,000.00
Surplus	200,000.00
Undivided Profits	20,000.00
Reserves for Interest, etc.	68,117.59
Bills Payable	None
Deposits	4,282,515.73
Other Liabilities	542.55
Total	$5,071,175.87

This advertisement appears as a matter of record only and is not an offer to sell these Bonds. All these Bonds have been sold by the undersigned to security dealers and others.

$50,000,000

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company

General Mortgage 4¼% Bonds, Series "E"

Due July 1, 1984.

NOT REDEEMABLE BEFORE MATURITY. INTEREST PAYABLE JANUARY 1 AND JULY 1.

The issue and sale of the above Bonds are subject to the approval of the Interstate Commerce Commission and all legal proceedings in connection with the issuance and sale thereof to the approval of counsel for Kuhn, Loeb & Co.

GIRARD TRUST COMPANY, PHILADELPHIA, Corporate Trustee.

In the opinion of counsel these Bonds are legal investments for savings banks under the laws of New York (New York Banking Law of April 5, 1929, as amended by the Acts of January 26, 1932, April 21, 1933, and April 5, 1934) and other states.

Copies of a circular of the Company, dated June 27, 1934, describing these Bonds and giving information regarding the Company, may be obtained from the undersigned on request.

PRICE 97½% AND ACCRUED INTEREST TO DATE OF DELIVERY, TO YIELD 4.37% TO MATURITY.

Temporary bonds exchangeable for definitive bonds when prepared may be delivered in the first instance. Coupon bonds in $1,000 denomination, registerable as to principal, exchangeable for fully registered bonds and interchangeable under conditions provided in the mortgage. The Company has agreed to make application in due course to list these Bonds on the New York Stock Exchange.

Kuhn, Loeb & Co.

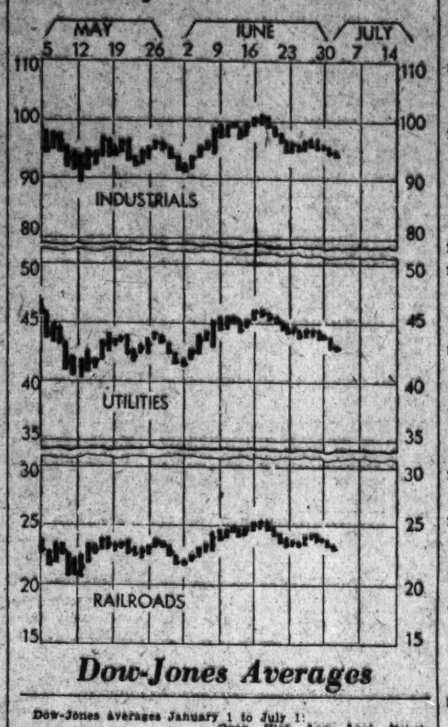
New York, July 5, 1934.

Mid-Year Review of Tranactions on New York Stock Exchange

(Associated Press.)

January 1 to date, 218,650,725 shares; year ago, 249,681,800 shares; two years ago, 177,103,041 shares.

Daily Stock Trends



Dow-Jones Averages

Dow-Jones averages January 1 to July 1:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net ch.
20 railroads	48.97	52.97	39.85	43.98	+3.01
20 utilities	23.19	31.69	22.11	25.76	+0.57
40 bonds	84.66	95.21	84.66	94.74	+10.08

1934 High	1934 Low	Name and Dividend Rate	Sales Add On	High	Low	Close	Net Ch'ge.
		A					
47	30	Abr & Straus (1½b)	...21	43	38	43	
107½	82	Abr & Str pf (7)	...25.30	107½	99	107	
11½	6¼	Adams Exp	...3658	11½	6⅝	6⅝	
71½	65	Ad Exp pf (5)	...6.10	77½	70¼	77½	
24½	14½	Adams-Millis (¾a)	...2595	24½	16	22	
11⅜	6	Addressog	...616	11⅜	7⅜	9⅛	
7⅝	3	Advance Rumely	...252	7⅝	4½	5	
6¾	2⅜	Affiliat Prod (.60)	...560	6¾	6¼	6¾	
106⅝	80½	Air Reduc (3)	...1067	106⅝	91⅜	96	
3⅝	1¼	Air-Way El Ap	...331	3⅝	1⅞	3	
23½	17⅜	Alaska Jun (1.60b)	...9496	23½	17⅜	21	
3½	2½	Allenwaty	...5064	3½	2⅜	3⅛	
14⅜	6¼	Allen pf xw	...1285	14⅜	5½	13	
14⅜	6¼	Allen pf 650 ww	...1285	14⅜	6¼	12½	
14⅜	4¾	Allen pf 140 ww	...280	14⅜	6¾	11	
82	82	Allen & Western (6)	...90	82	82	82	
23	12½	Alleg Steel	...30	23½	15	15⅜	
130½	106¾	Al Chem & Dye (4)	...1711	130½	126¼	130	
130	117	Al Chem & Dye pf (7)	...63	130	122½	127½	
23⅜	11½	Allis-Ch Mfg	...3852	23⅜	13¼	15	
30½	12½	Alpha P Cem	...348	30½	12⅝	14⅝	
7	3½	Amal Leather	...340	7	3¼	3¼	
43	31½	Amal Lea pf (1k)	...3262	43	25	25¾	
58½	32	Amerada (5)	...1425	58⅝	41½	50	
36	25	Am Ag Ch Del	...1344	36	25¼	33½	
23¼	11½	Am Bank Note	...1434	23½	14½	21⅞	
69½	34½	Am Bank N pf (3)	...48.30	69½	60	65½	
13½	5¼	Am Beet Sug	...1787	13½	7⅛	12⅝	
72½	32	Am Best S pf	...162	72½	46½	67	
28	13¾	Am Brake Shoe (.80)	...483	28	23¾	26	
110⅛	88	Am Br Shoe pf (7)	...28.70	110½	90	110	
107½	90	Am Can (4)	...4825	107½	99¼	99	
145½	120	Am Can pf (7)	...106	145½	126½	143	
33½	17½	Am Car & Fdy	...1790	33⅜	18¼	20	
56½	31¾	Am Car & F pf	...307	56½	38¼	40½	
12¾	4	Am Chain	...151	12¾	6½	7¾	
40	14	Am Chain pf	...51	40	20½	30	
60⅜	42¾	Am Chicle (3)	...2723	60¾	46⅝	55	
35½	20	Am Coal of Allet (2a)	...6.70	35½	22	27	
6½	2	Am Colortype	...142	6½	3⅝	3½	
62½	29½	Am Comi Alco	...4151	62½	32	33½	
5	1¾	Am Encaus Til	...710	5	1¾	1¾	
10½	4½	Am Europ	...749	10½	5⅝	8⅝	
13¾	6½	Am & For Pow	...6467	13¾	7	8	
25	10¼	Am & F P 1st pf	...363	25	12	18¾	
30	12	Am & F P 2d pf	...525	30	17	20	
17½	7½	Am & F P pf	...4467	17½	9⅜	10¾	
22½	11½	Am Hawaii SS (1)	...795	22½	13½	14	
10⅜	6	Am Hide & Lea	...305	10½	6¼	7	
42¾	24½	Am H & L pf	...2772	42¼	26½	31½	
38⅜	34¼	Am Home Pr (2.40)	...387	38⅜	36½	34½	
19	8	Am Ice	...1740	10	8	8	
45¼	32	Am Ice pf (6)	...111	45¼	35¼	36½	
11	8½	Am Internat	...9536	11	8½	7¾	
1	¾	Am-La Pra & P	...973	1½	¾	¾	
10	2	Am-La Pr pf	...32.70	10	2	8	
28⅞	20½	Am Locos	...1811	28⅜	22¼	24⅝	
74⅜	38¾	Am Lose pf	...241	74⅜	40	55	
19½	12	Am M & Fdy (.80)	...962	19½	12	14⅜	
10¾	3	Am M & Met	...1151	10¾	3½	9	
10	2	Am Mach & M etf	...298	10	4½	9	
27⅜	12⅜	Am Metal	...3625	27⅜	11⅜	23½	
91	63	Am Met 6% pf	...25	91	63	87½	
34½	30¾	Am News (1¼)	...145.10	34⅜	31	33	
15¾	4¾	Am Pow & Lt	...8120	12¾	5⅞	9¾	
28⅞	11½	Am Pwl & Lt pf (1½)	...770	25½	13¾	19⅝	
28⅜	11½	Am P & L $5 pf (1¼a)	...670	26¼	11⅜	15⅜	
17⅜	11¼	Am Rad & St S	...11200	17⅜	12	13⅝	
121	107½	Am Rad & St pf (7)	...3.20	121	111½	120	
33¼	22¾	Am Rail Mill	...9630	28½	16⅜	18⅜	
54½	32¾	Am Safety Raz (4)	...266	54⅜	36	54½	
4⅜	1	Am Seating	...502	7⅞	3¼	4⅝	
2	1	Am Ship & C	...580	2	1	1	
30	15	Am Ship Bldg (2)	...117.80	30	19½	23	
51¼	30½	Am Smelt & R	...15109	51¼	38¾	41⅝	
125	71	Am Smelt pf (11½k)	...238	125	100	125	
95¾	87	Am Smelt S pf	...169	95¾	72⅜	93¾	
69	42	Am Snuff (3¾kb)	...880	69	48¾	69	
125	106	Am Snuff pf (6)	...5	125	100	125	
21⅜	14	Am Sti Fdry	...1846	26½	14	16¼	
81	52	Am Sti F pf (2)	...38.50	81	59½	70	
44¾	25⅛	Am Stores (2½b)	...170	44⅛	37	42⅞	
66¾	43⅛	Am Sugar Ref (2)	...1026	66⅛	46	65¾	
130⅜	102	Am Sugar pf (7)	...1	130½	103½	120	
20	11	Am Sumat Tob (¾e)	...484	20	13⅝	18	
129¼	109¾	Am Tel & Tel (9)	...7113	135⅛	107¾	113	
82½	63½	Am Tob (5)	...715	82⅜	65¼	73½	
84½	64½	Am Tob B (5)	...3496	84½	67	74⅜	
108	100	Am Tob pf (6)	...90	124	107½	123	
21	11¾	Am Type Fdrs	...382	13	4⅞	8	
28¾	7	Am Type F pf	...173.10	28¾	7½	15⅜	
27⅜	13⅜	Am Wat Wks (1)	...6640	27⅜	16⅜	20	
80	50	Am W W 1 pf (6)	...113	80	69	74	
17½	7	Am Woolen	...9178	17½	8½	10½	
83¾	36¾	Am Wool pf (2½k)	...1048	83¾	58	60½	
5	1¼	Am Writ Pa	...1457	4¼	1	1⅜	
17½	3⅜	Am Zinc L & S	...1707	17½	3⅜	4½	
9	5½	Am Zinc L & S pf	...594	9	5⅝	5⅝	
50½	32	Am Zinc L & S pf	...37	50½	37½	42½	
17¾	10	Anaconda	...15010	17¾	13	14¼	
12	7⅜	Anacon W & C	...79	13	9¼	13	
24¾	16¾	Anchor Cap (.60)	...377	24¾	18	18⅜	
100	80	Anchor Cap pf (6½)	...24.50	100	94	94½	
10½	5½	Andes Cop	...13	10½	6	7	
7¾	4	A F W Paper	...107	7¾	5	5⅝	
36	21¾	Aren-Dan-M (1)	...488	34	26¾	30	
115¼	106	Arch-D-M pf (7)	...8.30	115¼	110	115	
83¾	64	Armour Del pf (7)	...213	93¼	76½	92½	
8	2⅝	Arm Ill A	...9003	8	4⅛	5⅝	
3¾	1⅜	Arm Ill B	...3493	3¾	2¼	2¾	
75⅜	31¼	Arm Ill pf	...4088	75⅜	55	69¾	
71⅜	68¼	Arm Ill pf rcts	...6	71⅜	68½	69½	
3¾	2⅛	Arnold Const	...1265	8¾	3⅜	5	
10⅜	3½	Artloom	...113	10½	4¼	6½	
9¾	3⅜	Art Metal	...82.80	9¾	8	9¼	
3½	1	Assd App Ind	...343	3½	1	1	
18¼	8½	Assd Dry Gds	...1243	18¾	11⅜	11½	
77¾	44	Assd D Gd 1 pf	...68	77½	50	63	
84½	61	Assd D Gd 2 pf	...19	84½	50	55¼	
40½	26	Assd Inv (½g)	...8.70	40½	29½	38	
73¾	44½	Atch T & S F (2g)	...8608	73¾	51⅝	58⅝	
89½	53¼	Atchison pf (3)	...340	89½	70¾	86½	
34¼	27½	Atl Cst Line	...1349	54¼	34¼	37	
18	12	Atl G & W I	...8.80	16	12	14	
13	8	Atl G & W I pf	...42	24	13	13	
33½	21¼	Atl Refin (1)	...4884	38¼	21⅜	24½	
35½	18	Atlas Pow (1g)	...574	55½	35¼	47½	
101½	75	Atlas Pow pf (6)	...39.50	101½	83	101	
18¾	7½	Atlas Tack	...273	16¾	7½	9	
57¾	32	Auburn Auto	...5563	57¾	22	22½	
18¾	4	Aust Nich	...1350	18¾	7	12	
64	27¾	Aust Nich pr A (5)	...19.80	64	39½	60	
10¾	5¾	Aviation Corp	...12598	10¾	5¾	5¾	
		B					
16	8½	Baldwin Loc	...9357	16	9¾	10¾	
64¾	22½	Ball Loc pf	...3658	64¾	35	44½	
34½	18¾	Balt & Ohio	...7586	34½	18	22¼	
37¾	19¼	Balt & O pf	...792	37¾	24½	26	
99½	86	Bmberger pf (6½)	...45	99½	86½	97	
46¾	29¼	Bng & Ar (2½)	...532	46¾	39½	43	
111	91½	Bng & Ar pf (7)	...14.70	111	95¾	111	
8½	2¼	Barker Bros	...460	8½	3	4¼	
38½	14	Barker pf	...64	38½	16¼	28	
10	6½	Barnsdall	...4341	10	7	7½	
30	23	Bayuk Cigar (4% f)	...397	39	23	29¼	
98	80	Bayuk 1 pf (7)	...12.30	98	89	98	
18¾	8¾	Beatrice Cr	...783	18¾	10⅜	15⅜	
90	55	Beatrice C pf (7)	...38	90	55	90	
36	27	Beech Creek (2)	...1	36	31	36	
67	54	Beech-Nut P (3)	...106	67	58	64	
13¼	7	Beldine-Hem	...2884	15¼	8½	12¾	
118¼	83¼	Belg N R pf (5.86)	...96	118¼	95½	113¾	
23⅞	10¼	Bendix Aviat	...13174	23⅞	13⅜	14½	
19¼	12½	Benef Ind Ln (1½)	...1988	19½	12½	16¾	
34½	21	Best & Co (1)	...615	34¼	26½	32	
49½	44¾	Bethlehem Stl	...12112	49½	30⅝	32¾	
83	4	Beth Stl pf	...290	82	58⅞	60½	
80	18	Bigelow-San (1g)	...150.90	40	25	26	
18¼	9¼	Blaw-Knox	...1012	16⅛	10¾	10½	
26	16	Bloomingdale (.20g)	...23.10	26	18	22	
107½	65	Bloomingd pf (7)	...13	107½	88	107½	
46½	42	Blumenthal pf	...2.30	68¾	44½	43½	
68¾	33¾	Bohn Alum (5)	...2004	68¾	49¾	53¾	
83	68	Bon Ami A (5b)	...29.40	83	76	81½	
27½	18	Borden (1.60)	...5752	27½	19¾	25¾	
32¾	11¾	Borg-Warner (1½s)	...3089	32¾	20¾	21¾	
10½	7	Boston & Me	...72	10½	9½	9½	
3	½	Botany C M A	...133	3	1	1¾	
19¾	6¼	Briggs Mfg (1)	...9341	19¾	12	17	
24½	10½	Briggs & Strat (1.10b)	...160	24½	15	19	
37¾	25	Bristol My (2.20b)	...842	37¾	28	33¾	
8¾	5	Bklyn & Qu T	...128	8¾	5	5	
58½	39½	Bklyn & Q T pf (6)	...77	58½	41	48	
40½	25⅝	Bklyn-Man T	...5154	40¼	28½	36¾	
94¾	69¼	Bklyn-M T pf (6)	...195	94¾	82½	93	
80½	60	Bklyn Un Gas (5)	...397	80½	60½	67½	
61	41	Brown Shoe (3)	...136	61	50¼	57	
123¾	117	Brown Sh pf (7)	...4.30	123⅝	118½	123	
10⅞	6⅛	Brunswick-Bal	...490	10⅞	6¾	6¾	
9¾	4	Bucyrus-Erie	...538	9¾	8½	8½	
14½	7⅜	Bucy-E pf	...647	14½	9¼	9½	
75	47	Bucy-E 7% pf (3)	...24.10	75	58	58	
7¾	3½	Budd Mfg	...3887	7¾	5⅝	5½	
44	20½	Budd Mfg pf	...133	44	25	30¾	
5¾	3	Budd Wheel	...1863	5¾	3	3	
15¾	4½	Bullard Co	...1405	15½	7¾	8⅞	
6½	2½	Bulova Watch	...150	6½	2¾	5	
6	1	Burns Bros A	...18	6	1¾	2⅝	
4½	1	Burns Bros A cts	...37	4½	1	2	
3½	1¼	Burns Bros B	...13	3½	1⅞	2	
2½	¾	Burns Bros B cts	...12	2½	½	1	
13¼	3	Burns Bros pf	...89	13¼	4	8½	
10¾	10⅞	Burr Ad Mach (.40)	...2945	10⅞	12½	13½	
3⅛	1¾	Bush Term	...158	3⅛	1¾	1⅞	
6	2	Bush T 7% deb	...36	6	3	3½	
15¾	4½	Bush T Bldg pf etf	...22.90	18¾	8½	14¾	
3⅜	1¾	Butte & Sup	...137	2½	1½	1½	
3	1¾	Butte Cop & Z	...401	3	2	2½	
4½	2	Butterick	...282	4¾	2½	2½	
32¾	18	Byers Co	...2200	32¾	18¾	21½	
57⅞	46¼	Byers pf	...41	67⅞	47½	52½	
		C					
34½	16¾	Calif Pack (¾g)	...1628	34½	18¾	31¾	
1¾	¾	Callahan Z-Ld	...709	1¾	¾	¾	
6¾	3⅜	Calumet & Hec	...1971	6¾	4	4½	
15⅞	6¼	Campbell Wy	...971	15⅞	8½	8¾	
20¼	20	Can D G Ale (1)	...1275	29½	20	20¾	
56½	44	Can Sou Ry (3)	...2.90	60	50	55	
18¼	11¾	Canad Pac	...9188	18¼	12¾	13⅜	
38	22¼	Cann Mills (2)	...427	38	28½	33	
10¼	4¼	Cap Adm A	...167	10¼	5⅜	7⅞	
39	26	Cap Adm pf (3)	...49.10	39	26¾	34	
85	60	Caro Clin & O (4)	...30	85	74	85	
92½	70	Caro C & O stpd (5)	...6.15	92½	78	92½	
88¾	54½	Case (J I)	...5101	88¾	46	49½	
84½	64½	Case (J I) pf (4)	...51.95	84½	67¾	70	
33⅝	15	Caterpil Tract (½g)	...8.80	33⅝	23½	28⅝	
44½	22¾	Celanese	...8132	44½	22¾	24¾	
4⅝	1¼	Celotex	...157	4⅝	2	2⅝	
4	⅝	Celotex ctf	...418	4	1¼	1¾	
22¾	2½	Celotex pf	...195.70	22¾	6½	13½	
32½	24	Cent Aguir (1¼)	...784	32½	24	28½	
92	55	Cent R R N J	...76	92	62	64½	
12¾	5¾	Century Rib M	...522	12¾	7¾	9¾	
95	75	Century Rib pf (7)	...8.90	95	82	82	
43¾	23¾	Cerro de Pas (½g)	...11199	43¾	30½	42½	
7¾	2¾	Certain-teed	...1281	7¾	3¼	5¾	
35	10⅝	Cert-teed 7% pf	...64	35	17½	30¼	
16½	8	Checker Cab	...30	16½	9	9	
48¾	32¾	Ches & Ohio (2.80)	...6061	48¾	39½	46¾	
45¼	29½	Ches Corp (2½)	...1331	48¼	34	44½	
7	1	Chi & E Ill	...64	7	2¾	3	
8	1¼	Chi & E Ill pf	...68	8	3	3¾	
15	8¾	Chi & N W	...8118	15	8¾	13½	
28	10¼	Chi & N W pf	...766	28	13½	15¼	
8½	2¾	Chi Gt West	...816	8½	2¾	3	
11⅞	6	Chi Gt W pf	...744	11⅞	6¼	6¾	
7	3	Chi Ind & L pf	...7	8	6	6	
8½	3¾	Chi M St P & P	...1046	8½	4½	4½	
13¼	5	Chi M St P & P pf	...5996	13¼	6¾	7	
9½	4½	Chi Pneu T	...889	9½	8½	8½	
28¾	14¾	Chi Pneu T pf	...885	28¾	16½	21	
6¼	2¼	Chi Rk Is & P	...838	6¼	2¾	2¾	
8	3	C R I & P 6% pf	...262	8	3¾	3¾	
9¾	3¾	C R I & P 7% pf	...341	9¾	4¾	5¼	
8½	4	Chi St P M & Om	...4.30	8½	5	5	
11¾	3½	Chi St P M & Om pf	...4.90	11¾	5	7¾	
16	10½	Chi Yell Cab (1)	...511	16	11¾	13½	
13	10¾	Chick Cet Oil (1½g)	...531	30¾	15¾	20¼	
11¾	3½	Childs Co	...1197	11½	6	6	
17¾	10¼	Chile Cop	...31.90	17¾	12½	13¼	
60¾	28¼	Chrysler (1¾b)	...49861	60¾	36½	38¾	
49	46	Cinn Sand & Clay pf (3)	...30	49	46	46	
24½	14½	Cities Ser & P (3)	...2411	24½	17½	19¾	
67¾	43¼	City & S F pf (6½)	...69.95	96	67	93½	
82	45¼	City Investing (2)	...40	52	50	50	

1934 High	1934 Low	Name and Dividend Rate	Sales Add On	High	Low	Close	Net Ch'ge.
2⅛	⅛	City Strs	...1633	2⅛	⅛	⅛	
1¼	⅛	City Strs ctf	...718	1¼	⅛	⅛	
5½	2	City Strs A	...91	5½	3½	3½	
5½	¾	City Strs A ctf	...120	5½	2½	2½	
21¾	6½	Clark Equip (.80)	...216.00	21¾	8¼	13	
76½	50	Clev & Pitt (3½)	...1.90	76½	74½	76½	
44	31	Clev & Pitts spl (2)	...2.20	44½	38	43½	
84½	71	C C C & St L pf (5)	...80	84½	71	84½	
45	22	Clnett Pea (1)	...278	45	28	33	
115	90	Clnett Pea pf (7)	...5.80	115	95	106	
127	85	Coca-Cola (6)	...529	127	95¼	126½	
55	45½	Coca-Cola A (3)	...115	55	50½	54½	
18¼	9	Colgate-Palm	...8777	18¼	8¾	14⅞	
92¼	66	Colgate-Palm pf (4)	...85	92¼	68½	88	
28½	10	Coll & Alk	...3015	28½	15⅝	15¾	
94	72	Coll & Alk pf (7)	...34.30	94	77½	90	
9	6	Colonial Bea	...12	9	6¼	6¼	
40⅝	20	Col & Sou	...62.20	40⅝	27	31½	
33¼	18	Col & Sou 1 pf	...83.30	33¼	20	25	
39	18	Col & Sou 2 pf	...11.60	30	20	22	
8¾	2⅜	Col Fuel & Ir	...913	8¾	3⅜	5⅜	
32	9	Col F & Ir pf	...37.90	32	10½	21	
19¼	10½	Colum G&E (1½f)	...13937	19¼	11¼	13⅝	
78¾	50	Col G&E pf A (5)	...300	78¾	62	76¼	
6¾	2¼	Col G&E 5½ pf (5)	...1	6¾	5¼	5¾	
45¾	27	Gen Ry Sig (1)	...726	45¾	31¼	31¼	
101½	90	Gen Ry Sig pf (6)	...80	101½	90	90	
3½	1	Gen Real & Ut	...3047	3½	1½	1⅝	
26⅜	11	Gen Real & U pf	...196	26⅜	16	16½	
23¾	11½	Gen Refract	...880	23¾	10½	15⅛	
19¼	7¼	Gen Refract etf	...856	19½	12¾	14	
48½	22½	Gen Stl Cast pf	...25.40	48½	30	30	
12½	7⅝	Gillette (1)	...3971	12¾	8½	10⅝	
65	45⅝	Gillette pf (5)	...202	65	47	63½	
6¾	3⅜	Gimbel Bros	...1094	6¾	3½	3¾	
35	13¼	Gimbel pf	...1199	30	18¼	22	
52¾	17⅜	Com & Sou pf (6)	...724	52¾	21¼	43½	
13⅜	8⅜	Conde Nast	...279	13⅜	7⅜	9⅛	
31⅛	16½	Congoleum-Na (1.30)	...3018	31¼	23	26⅝	
14½	8½	Congress Cig (1)	...108	14½	9⅜	11¾	
61	50	Conn Ry & L 4½	...30	61	50	61	
88	80½	Conn Ry & L pf (4½)	...30	88	80	88	
13⅜	5⅜	Consol Cigar	...1197	13⅜	6¼	9¼	
59	30½	Con Cig pf (7)	...12.80	59	31	50	
61	45½	Con Cig pf xw (6½)	...31.30	61	43¾	60	
60¾	45¼	Con Cig pf xw (6½)	...8.70	60¾	45	60¾	
5½	2¼	Con Film	...962	5½	2½	3½	
17½	7¼	Con Film pf (1z)	...1416	17½	7¾	14⅝	
47¾	31½	Con Gas (2)	...13657	47¾	31¾	33¼	
94	81½	Con Gas pf (5)	...895	94	82	93	
4½	1½	Con Laundries	...403	4½	2½	2½	
111½	103	Con Oil pf (8)	...5.70	111½	108	111	
6¾	2½	Con R R Cuba pf	...723	6¾	2½	3⅝	
2½	⅛	Con Text	...6197	2½	⅞	⅞	
13¾	4¼	Container A	...1344	13¾	6½	9	
5¾	2	Container B	...2141	5¾	2¾	3¾	
14⅝	6½	Cont Bak A	...6461	14⅝	7	8½	
2⅝	¾	Cont Bak B	...1519	2⅝	¾	1¼	
64	46¼	Cont Can pf (4)	...106	64	46¼	57½	
83½	55½	Cont Can (3)	...2561	83½	69½	79	
11¾	6¼	Cont Diam Fib	...262	11¾	7½	8¼	
35½	20	Cont Ins (1.20)	...1125	35½	23⅜	30⅝	
2⅝	1	Cont Mot	...6797	2⅝	1	1	
22¾	12½	Cont Oil Del (⅛s)	...10151	22¾	16½	18¾	
84½	60½	Corn Prod (3)	...2108	84½	60½	65	
145	133	Corn Prod pf (7)	...56	145	135	145	
51	51	Corn Exchange Bank (3)	...5.50	51	51	51	
9⅞	3¼	Coty	...2254	9⅞	3¾	5⅜	
35	23	Cream of Wh (2)	...1699	35	28	32	
17½	7	Crosley Rad	...764	17½	8	15	
36¼	24¼	Crown Cork	...857	36¼	24½	24⅞	
41¾	32	Cro Cork pf (2.70)	...92	41¾	35½	39¼	
69	42½	Crown WP pf (4)	...1.50	69	47	60	
6⅜	3¼	Crown Zeller	...2220	6⅜	3⅞	5¼	
28⅝	14	Crucible Stl	...7811	28⅝	21⅜	22	
71	30	Crucible Stl pf	...84	71	48	60	
3½	¾	Cuba Co	...880	3½	1	1½	
10½	3	Cuba R R pf	...21.50	10½	3¼	7	
11	2½	Cuban-Am Sug	...2611	9⅞	3½	8	
60	14½	Cuban-Am S pf	...142.50	60	20½	56	
50¾	35½	Cudahy Pack (2½)	...630	50¾	37	45¾	
29¾	13½	Curtis Pub	...1653	29¾	12½	22½	
84¼	36½	Curtis Pub pf (2½k)	...933	84¼	43½	81½	
5½	2	Curtiss-Wright	...16853	5¼	2½	3⅛	
12¾	3⅜	Curtiss-Wr A	...8357	12¼	5¼	9¼	
91	75	Cushman 7% pf (7)	...5.90	91	80¾	86½	
90	68½	Cushman 1s pf (8)	...2.70	90	68½	85	
21½	9½	Cutler-Ham	...311	21½	11	16	
		D					
8¼	5½	Davega Strs (.20g)	...109

Mid-Year Review of Stock Exchange Tranactions, Continued

—1934— High	Low	Name and Dividend Rate	Sales— Add 00	High	Low	Close
1⅜	½	Mother Lode	1107	1⅜	⅝	⅝
12	1¼	Moto Met Gau	5079	12	7¼	8⅝
44¾	19	Motor Prod	2674	44¾	21½	22
16½	6¼	Motor Wheel	3189	16½	8½	8½
18⅝	3⅞	Mullins Mfg	1109	13⅝	5¼	11⅝
48	10	Mullins Pf	219.60	46	12½	32¾
25¼	10	Munsingwear	206	25¼	13¾	21
11¾	3⅜	Murray Corp	4877	11¾	6	6⅜
21¾	13½	Myers & Bro (1)	94	21¾	15½	18⅝
		N				
32¼	15½	Nash Mot (1)	10261	32¼	15½	16⅞
46	30	Nash Ch & St L	12.30	46	32	32¼
8⅞	3	Nat Acme	1158	8⅞	4¼	5
13¼	7½	Nat Aviation	695	13¼	7	7
12¾	3¼	Nat Bell H pf (1.65g)	863	12¾	3¼	8
49½	33⅜	Nat Biscuit (2)	4389	49½	33⅜	34¼
148	129½	Nat Bis pf (7)	91	148	131	143½
23⅜	12	Nat Cash R A (½g)	4156	23⅜	14½	16½
18⅜	11¼	Nat Dairy Pr (1.20)	9667	18⅜	13	17⅜
3	⅛	Nat Dept Strs	1377	1	1	1⅛
22½	3	Nat Dept Strs 1 pf	245.10	22½	5	16½
31⅜	20¼	Nat Distill	23821	31⅜	23¼	23⅝
32⅞	10	Nat Enam & Stpg (½g)	324	32⅞	16½	27
160½	100	Nat Lead (5)	182	160½	135	153
143	122	Nat Lead pf A (7)	26	143	122	143
113¼	99¼	Nat Lead pf B (6)	1430	113¼	100½	113¼
15½	7½	Nat Pow & Lt (.80)	4800	15½	8½	10
2⅝	⅛	Nat Ry Mex 1 pf	91.20	2⅝	1	1¾
1	⅛	Nat Ry Mex 2 pf	198	1	⅛	⅛
58¼	33	Natl Sti (1)	2922	58¼	38⅜	40
21⅛	9¼	Nat Supply	920	21⅛	11½	15⅝
60	32	Nat Sup pf	62.30	60	33½	51
18¾	11	Nat Tea (.60)	1327	18¾	11	12
30¼	4	Neisner Bros	770	30¼	6½	23
49⅞	15	Newberry (J J) (1)	115	49⅞	39½	40¾
106	80	Newberry (J J) pf (7)	16	105	100	105
13	5	Newport Indust	1333	13	6	8
25	5⅜	New Orl T & Mex	10.80	25	11½	14
24¾	13	N Y Air Br	504	24¾	15	18⅝
45¼	25⅜	N Y Central	23835	45¼	25⅜	27¼
26⅞	11⅞	N Y Chi & St L	526	26⅞	15	18
43¼	14⅛	N Y Chi & St L pf	1457	43¼	17½	28⅜
8¼	2⅜	N Y Dock	116	8¼	3⅝	4¼
20	6	N Y Dock pf	222	20	8	11⅝
139	101	N Y Harlem (5)	24.80	139	108	123½
115	115	N Y & Harlem pf (5)	10	115	115	115
1¼	⅜	N Y Investors	1117	1¼	½	½
96	78½	N Y Lack & W (5)	60	96	83	96
24½	13⅜	N Y N H & H	5639	24½	13⅜	14⅜
37⅜	20⅜	N Y N H pf	722	37⅜	23½	23½
11⅜	7	N Y Ont & W	122	11⅜	7	7
1¾	⅞	N Y Rys pf	96	1¾	⅝	⅝
22⅞	9⅛	N Y Shipbldg (.40)	2450	22⅞	11⅝	15½
69¾	69½	N Y Shipbldg pf (7)	25.10	69¾	73½	81½
109⅞	83	N Y Steam $7 pf (7)	15.40	109⅞	90	106⅞
99½	70	N Y Steam $6 pf (6)	13.10	99½	82	96⅞
45⅝	25	Noranda Mines (1g)	3844	45⅝	33¼	43⅞
183⅞	138	Norfolk & W (10b)	194	183⅞	161	181¾
100	77	Norf & W pf (4)	33.60	100	82	98¾
4½	1	Norfolk Sou	231	4½	1¼	2⅞
8¾	4⅛	No Am Aviat	3987	8¾	4½	4¾
25¼	12½	North Am (½g)	12120	25¼	13⅜	16⅝
44⅝	31	North Am pf (3)	261	44⅝	34	40⅝
74⅜	39	No Am Ed pf (6)	239	74⅛	47½	72¼
16	3⅜	No Ger Lloyd	13	16	11¼	16
87½	71	Northern Cent (4)	2.30	87½	81	86¾
36¼	15⅜	Northern Pac	5922	36¼	21½	23
43	33	Northwest Tel (3)	13.10	43	34	36
4½	2⅛	Norwalk T & R	534	4½	2⅜	2½
34¾	33	Norw T&R pf (3½g)	3.90	37	34⅜	34⅜
		O				
15⅞	10⅛	Ohio Oil (.15g)	6344	15⅞	10½	11
7	2½	Oliver Farm	159	7	3	3⅛
27⅜	9	Oliver F pr pf	660	27⅜	12	14
6¼	4¼	Omnibus	478	6¼	4½	5½
95	78	Omnibus pf (8)	72	95	89	94½
14⅝	6	Oppenheim Coll	883	14⅝	7½	9½
19⅝	11¾	Otis Elev (.60)	4133	19⅝	14	15½
102	92	Otis Elev pf (6)	27.55	102	92	100
8	3	Otis Stl	2823	8	4½	4⅝
25	7½	Otis Stl pr pf	408	25	9	20
45	28	Outlet (2¾b)	4.10	45	30	42
114½	97	Outlet pf (7)	1.90	114½	97	114½
94	66½	Owens-Ill (3)	1018	94	73½	76
		P				
6⅜	2	Pac Coast	101	6⅜	2	4½
11¼	3¾	Pac Cst 1 pf	74	11¼	3¾	8¾
6	2	Pac Cst 2 pf	57	6	2	5
23½	15	Pac G & L (1½)	2155	23½	15½	18
37	22	Pac Ltg (3)	1338	37	23½	32
34	19	Pac Mills	402	34	20⅜	24
86½	60	Pac T & T (6)	81.80	85½	72	79
116	99¼	Pac T & T pf (6)	15.10	116	103	113
8⅞	5	Pac West Oil	429	8⅞	3½	7
6⅝	3	Packard Mot	1705	6⅝	3½	3½
11½	8¼	Pan-Am Pet	53	11½	10¾	11
2½	⅜	Panhandl P & R	434	2½	1¼	1¼
21½	9	Phlaodlp pf	1.80	21½	11	11
5⅞	1⅛	Parish Publix ctf	17222	5⅞	1¾	3⅜
35½	16⅜	Prk & Til	702	35½	20	24
6⅜	2	Park Utah	12462	6⅜	3⅛	4¼
2	1	Parmelee Trans	184	2	1	1
4¼	1	Pathe Exch	4936	4¼	1½	2
24¾	4⅜	Pathe Exch A	4923	24¾	10½	20¼
21½	13	Patino Min	3254	21½	13⅜	16⅜
4⅞	1½	Peerless Corp	1392	4⅞	2	3¾
64	46	Penick & Ford (2)	310	64	53	57¼
87⅛	35½	Penney (J C) (2.20b)	2307	87⅛	51½	57¼
108½	103	Penney pf (6)	10	108½	103½	108½
5¼	1⅞	Penn C & C	254	5¼	2⅜	3
7¾	2¾	Penn-Dix Cem	1002	7¾	3⅞	5
32	10	Penn-Dix pf A	101	32	13	23
39½	22	Penn R R (1g)	8884	39½	28¼	29½
55	21	Peoples Drug (1½b)	188	55	21	55
109¾	80	Peoples Dr pf (6½)	30	109¾	86	109¼
43⅜	25	Peoples G L & C	1302	43⅜	27	30⅜
8	2⅜	Peoria & East	46	8	4	5½
38	13	Pere Marq	166	38	16½	26
43	12	Pere Marq pf	99	43	16½	31
51½	14½	Pere Mar pf A	140	51½	18	41
15	9¼	Pet Milk (1)	85	15	9¼	15
14¾	8¼	Petro Corp (½g)	1806	14¾	9	10¼
18⅞	11¾	Phelps Dodge (½g)	5484	18⅞	14⅜	17½
36½	21½	Phila Co 6% pf (3)	181	36½	24¼	34½
64¾	38¼	Phila Co pf (6)	59	64¾	49	64
6	2	Phila Rap Tr	42.20	6	3	4
16	3	Phila Rap Tr pf	129.70	16	4½	7¾
6¾	2¾	Phila R C & I	2316	6¾	3¼	4½
31⅜	10¼	Phillip Morris (1)	889	31⅜	11½	27¾
21	8	Phillips Jones	105	21	9	13
74⅞	58	Phil Jones pf (7)	4.40	74⅞	58	65
20¾	11	Phillips Pet (1½g)	9043	20¾	15½	17⅛
13½	5½	Phoenix Hos	161	13½	5⅛	7
64	44	Phoenix Hos pf (3½)	7.70	64	50	54½
6½	2	Pierce Ar	9308	6½	2	2½
1¼	⅝	Pierce Oil	599	1¼	⅝	⅝
10¾	6½	Pierce Oil pf	108	10¾	7	7
2	1	Pierce Pet	791	2	1¼	1½
27⅞	18	Pills Flour (1.60)	631	27⅞	18½	27½
84½	53⅜	Pirell (4¼a)	43	84½	70¼	78½
27	15	Pitt & W Va	77	27	15	19
18½	8½	Pitt Coal	40	18½	9½	12
42½	30	Pitt Coal pf	27	42½	30	32
165	141¼	Pitt Pt W pf (7)	2.20	165	141½	165
49¾	46⅜	Pitts Mck & Yng (3)	2.50	49¾	49	49
11⅝	4⅛	Pitt Scr & B	17.30	43	25	25½
43	21½	Pitt Stl pf	68	43	2	2¾
3½	1⅛	Pitt T Coal	36.40	3½	2	2¾
17½	6⅛	Pitt T Coal pf		17½	8⅛	15½

—1934— High	Low	Name and Dividend Rate	Sales— Add 00	High	Low	Close
5	2¼	Pitt United	86	5	2¼	3
39⅝	34	Pitt United pf	42.10	39⅝	36½	37½
133	133	Pitts Yng & Ash pf (7)	40	133	133	133
5	1½	Pittston Co	47	5	1⅜	2½
16⅜	9¼	Plymouth Oil (1)	3681	16⅜	10	11½
14⅞	6	Poor & Co B	543	14⅞	6	8
6¾	2¾	Puerto R-Am T A	168	6¼	3	3¾
3¼	1½	Puerto R-Am T B	120	3¼	1½	1¾
29⅝	13½	Postal T & C pf	2257	29⅝	16¼	19
20	14	Prair Pipe L	28	20	14	20
5½	1¾	Pressed Stl Car	1084	5½	1⅞	2¼
22	5¼	Press Stl Car pf	298	22	6¾	11⅞
41¼	33⅓	Procter & Gam (1⅓)	1968	41¼	33⅓	36½
114	101¾	Procter & G pf (5)	53.20	114	102½	113
45	32⅝	Pub Svc N J (2.80)	3657	45	33	35¼
119½	99	Pub S N J 8% pf (8)	16	119½	105	116⅞
106	84	Pub S N J 7% pf (7)	50	106	90	105
97½	75	Pub S NJ 6% pf (6)	81	97½	78	96½
84	59⅝	Pub S NJ $5 pf (5)	165	84	67	81
102⅝	63⅛	Pub S El&G pf (5)	49	103⅝	90	103⅜
59⅝	49	Pullman (3)	2392	59⅝	48½	48
14⅞	7	Pure Oil	5205	14⅞	9⅜	10⅛
80	51⅞	Pure Oil pf	114.70	80	58⅜	66¼
19¾	11¾	Purity Bak (1)	1507	19¾	12¼	13¼
		R				
9½	5⅛	Radio	24169	9½	6½	6⅝
35⅝	13⅜	Radio pf B	7768	35⅝	15	27½
41½	22	Radio pf	1009	41½	23¼	37
4¼	2	Radio-Keith-O	4681	4¼	2⅛	2½
24¼	15½	RR Sec Ill C Stk	34.40	24¼	16	16⅜
23	11¼	Raybest-Man (1)	928	23	16	17
56⅜	35½	Reading Co (2)	217	56⅜	43	51¼
41½	28	Read 1 pf (2)	330	41½	33½	41½
39½	27	Read 2 pf (2)	87	39½	29¼	38⅜
14	7¼	Real Silk	239	14	7½	8½
60¼	45	Real Silk pf	16.80	60¼	45	50½
6	1⅛	Reis & Co	926	6	2¼	3
38¾	8	Reis 1 pf	324.60	38¾	13½	13½
13⅝	5¼	Rem Rand	4386	13⅝	6¾	10¼
60½	24¾	Rem R 1 pf	169	60½	32⅜	50
67	24	Rem R 2 pf	32.60	67	30	58
126	104	Rens & Sar (8)	30	126	114	126
5½	2½	Reo Mot	3026	5½	3	3¼
25¾	9	Repub Stl	11851	25¾	15	15⅝
67½	19	Rep Stl cv pf	1961	67½	39	46½
14½	3	Revere C & Br	168	14½	5	9½
28½	10	Rev C & Br A	36	28½	11¼	19⅞
90	35	Rev C & B pf	40.20	90	46	85
27¾	12	Reynolds Met (1a)	1803	27¾	15½	20½
13½	6	Reynolds Sp	217	13½	6½	10
60	57	Reynolds Tob (3)	22.80	60	57	60
48⅝	39¾	Rey Tob B (3)	6124	48⅝	39¾	45⅜
23	15	Rhine-West E (.87a)		23	15	16
13½	7	Ritter Dent	70	13½	7	8
33⅛	23⅜	Roan Ant Cop	743	33⅛	26⅜	27⅛
10¼	3⅜	Rossia Ins (.20g)	923	10¼	4	7¼
39¼	29⅞	Royal Dut (1.075e)	275	39¼	33	35⅛
15	6	Rutland pf	44	15	7½	9
		S				
57	35¾	Safeway Strs (3)	1240	57	44	49
113	90⅜	Safe St 7% pf (7)	107.60	113	98½	111
107	80	Safe St 6% pf (6)	99.80	107	84¾	105
27½	20⅜	St Jos Lead (.10g)	2461	27½	16½	20½
4⅝	1¾	St L-San F	600	4⅝	2¾	2½
6½	1⅜	St L-San F pf	725	6½	2¼	3⅜
20	9	St L Southw	24.20	20	12½	16½
27	15	St L Southw pf	4.10	27	23½	27
12¼	4½	Savage Arms	446	12¼	6	6⅜
38⅛	22	Schenley Distill	13126	38⅛	25	26⅜
8	2½	Schulte Ret	2000	8	3¾	4¾
30¾	12	Schulte Ret pf	271.53	30¾	15	22
50	37¼	Scott Paper (1½)	23.40	50	41	47
2	1	Seaboard Air	1646	2	1	1⅛
3⅛	1¼	Seab Air pf	186	3⅛	1¾	2
38⅜	19	Seaboard Oil (.80b)	2700	38⅜	25⅜	31
4¼	2½	Seagrave	63	4¼	2⅜	2⅞
51¼	30	Sears Roeb	11913	51¼	38⅝	41¼
4¼	1¾	Second Nat Inv	1310	4¼	2	2⅛
35⅛	30	Second Nat pf (2k)	21	35⅛	32	38½
2	1	Seneca Cop	585	2	1	1
9	3½	Servel	7499	9	4¾	6⅞
13¼	4	Sharon Stl H	411	13¼	5½	7¾
7⅛	4	Sharp & Dohme	1023	7⅛	4¾	5⅞
40	30	Sharp & Dohme pf (3½)	92	40	34¼	45½
13⅞	6	Shattuck (FC) (¼)	3509	13⅞	6¾	8⅞
26½	20	Shell T & Tr (.67e)	10.84	26½	21	23½
11½	6¾	Shell Union	3462	11½	7⅞	7⅞
89	47	Sheell Un pf	287	89	58	74⅜
24½	13½	Simmons	4649	24½	14½	15½
11¼	7⅜	Simms Pet (.55g)	627	11¼	6⅛	8¾
11½	6	Skelly Oil	722	11½	7⅞	9¼
68¼	42	Skelly O pf	49	68¼	54¾	62¼
27½	12	Sloss-S Stl & I	37	27½	15	25
42	15	Sloss-S Stl pf	46.80	42	23½	30¾
17	3½	Snider Pack	2910	17	6¾	10¾
19⅞	9½	Socony Vacuum (.30g)	15801	19⅞	14	15¾
104¼	76	Solv Am pf ww (5½)	187	104¼	86	103
39¾	29½	So P R Sus (2.40)	886	39¾	29¼	35
130	112	So P R S pf (8)	4.55	130	115	130
22⅛	14⅛	Sou Cal Ed (1½)	2249	22⅛	15¼	16¾
9½	6	Soup Dairy A	2.60	9½	6	6
2¾	2¾	Sou Dairy B	4	2¾	2¾	2¾
33¾	16⅛	Sou Pac	14254	33¾	18¼	23⅛
36½	17	Sou Ry	7090	36½	21⅞	23⅛
41¼	19	Sou Ry pf	1903	41¼	27⅝	28⅝
47¾	28	Sou Ry M & O (4)	44.50	47¾	39	43
13	5	Spalding	65	13	5¾	9
74	30¼	Spalding 1 pf	21.70	74	30¼	60
62	20	Spang Ch pf	13	62	30	55
8	3	Sparks With	4761	8	3⅜	4½
7¾	1¼	Spear & Co	361	7¾	2¾	4
53	30½	Spear pf	2.10	53	39	53
24¼	12¼	Spencer Kell (1.20)	390	24¼	15¾	21½
11⅜	3¾	Sperry Corp	16308	11⅜	5⅝	8⅛
13	6	Spicer Mfg	42	13	7	7
31½	18	Spicer pf A (3)	39	31½	21¾	26
67½	17½	Spiegel May Stern	3151	67½	19	51
25¼	18¾	Std Brands (1)	12170	25¼	18¾	20
126	120	Std Brands pf (7)	27.20	126	121¼	124⅜
8	3¾	Std Com Tob	788	4	6	6
17	6	Std G & El	3756	17	6⅝	10¼
17	6¾	Std G & E pf	1915	17	7⅜	11½
33	15	Std G & E $6 p pf (1.80)	292	33	16	25
38¼	18	Std G & E $7 p pf (2.10)	587	38¼	17½	27¾
1½	⅞	Std Invest	181	1½	⅞	1⅛
110¼	94½	Std Oil Ex pf (5)	313	110¼	96½	109
42⅞	30⅝	Std Oil Cal (1)	5311	42⅞	30⅝	33¾
41	19	Std. Oil Kan (2)	193	41	33¾	37
50½	33⅛	Std Oil N J (1)	9413	50¼	41⅛	43⅛
14¼	6	Starrett (L S)	355	14¼	6	9¾
61⅞	45¾	Sterl Prod (3.80)	1748	61⅞	47¼	60½
3	1	Sterl Sec A	268	3	1⅜	1½
7	2⅝	Sterl Sec pf	229	7	3	4⅛
36¾	28¼	Sterl S cv pf	1	36¾	30	35
10⅝	4½	Stewart-Warn	2573	10⅝	6¼	6⅝
13¼	5½	Stone & Web	3970	13¼	6	7⅜
9¼	3½	Studebaker	6842	9¼	4	4⅛
47	17	Studebaker pf	402.05	47	19½	20
83⅞	42	Sun Oil (1a)	328	83⅞	51½	62
114¼	96	Sun Oil pf (6)	46.20	114¼	100	114¼
25¼	14½	Superheater (½)	121	25¼	14⅛	15
3	1¼	Superior Oil	1364	3	1¾	1¾
15⅜	8⅛	Superior Stl	779	15⅜	6½	8¾
5¾	3¼	Sweets Co	201	5¾	3¼	3⅜
2½	⅞	Symington	109	2½	⅞	1⅛
5⅜	2⅜	Symington A	404	5⅜	2⅜	2½
		T				
15¼	10¼	Telautograph (1)	297	15¼	10½	11¼

—1934— High	Low	Name and Dividend Rate	Sales— Add 00	High	Low	Close
6⅜	3¼	Tenn Corp	716	6⅜	4⅛	5
43¼	15	Tex & Pac Ry	238	43¼	18⅝	25
29⅜	18¼	Texas Corp (1)	4874	29⅜	21½	23½
43¼	22⅜	Tex Gulf Sul (2)	4696	43¼	30½	33½
6½	2⅜	Tex Pac C & O	2480	6⅜	3⅛	3⅞
12	6	Tex Pac L Tr	4389	12	6¼	9
15½	8½	Thatcher	255	15½	10	11¼
44	38⅜	Thatch cv pf (3.50)	18	44	39	43¼
12⅛	5¼	The Fair	169	12⅛	6	7¼
83	45	The Fair pf (3½k)	11.50	83	50	78
9¼	4⅜	Thermoid	1783	9⅛	5	5
8¼	5½	Third Ave	161	8¼	5⅜	6
19⅜	13	Third Nat Inv (.85g)	62	19⅜	13½	16
11	6	Thompson (J R) (½)	113	11	6¼	6¼
20¼	10⅜	Thompson Prod	1640	20¼	13	14
5½	2½	Thompson-Star	2147	5½	2⅞	3
24½	19	Thompson-Star pf	37	24½	19	19
14¾	7¾	Tide-Wat As	8031	14¾	8½	11¾
85⅛	44	Tide-Wat As pf (4¼k)	287	85⅛	64½	82
40	18	Tide-Wat Oil (⅝g)	520	40	31	38
96⅞	62	Tide-Wat Oil pf (5)	108	98⅛	80	94½
8½	3	Timk-Det Ax	4239	8½	3⅞	6½
41	21	Timk Roll B (1)	3212	41	26¾	28⅝
41	3	Transamerica (⅛g)	6528	8½	6⅛	6⅛
13½	6½	Transue & Will	1001	13½	6⅛	7⅜
8	3½	Tri-Cont Corp	2825	8¾	4	4¾
78	51	Tri-Cont pf (6)	97	78	60¼	70¾
49	25¾	Truax Traer	386	40	33	37½
3½	1⅜	Truax Traer pf	254	3½	1⅜	3
9¾	4⅜	Trunson Stl	1416	9¾	4⅛	5½
8½	⅜	Twin City R T	372	8½	1⅜	4¾
39	4½	Twin City pf	109.90	39	6	25
		U				
4	1⅜	Ulen & Co	344	4	2¼	2⅛
51½	22½	Underwood-Ell (1⅓)	584	51½	36	47
121	95	Under-Ell pf (7)	12.90	121	102	120
60⅝	31½	Un Bag & P (2g)	881	60⅝	43	50
50⅞	34½	Un Carbide (1.40)	6940	50⅞	35⅞	41¾
20½	15	Un Oil Cal (1)	2274	20½	15	16¼
133⅝	96⅛	Un Pac (6)	1092	133⅝	110⅛	120¾
85⅜	62⅞	Un Pac pf (4)	267	85⅜	71¾	84½
21¼	13⅜	Un Tank Car (1.20)	552	21¼	15⅜	18½
37⅜	17¾	Unit Aircraft	25062	37⅜	17¼	17⅜
17	7	Unit Am Bos	122.90	17	9	11⅛
46	38⅜	Unit Bis (1.60)	717	29¼	22	25
120	104⅛	Unit Bis pf (7)	9.60	120	107	120
46⅛	20¼	Unit Carbon (1.27g)	1647	46⅛	35	44
8⅞	4	United Corp	19368	8⅞	4½	5½
37⅞	22⅛	United Corp pf (3)	1606	37⅞	24¾	31¼
18¼	6¼	Unit Drug	5106	18¼	9¼	15½
10⅞	2¾	Unit Drywood	245	10⅞	3⅜	6⅝
75⅛	50	Unit Dye pf (7)	10.90	75⅛	59¾	68
8	3	Unit El Coal	401	6	3½	5
77	49⅛	Unit Fruit (2½b)	1748	77	59	71
20¼	13⅞	Unit Gas & Im (1.20)	6009	99¼	86	99
3⅜	1	Unit Paperbd	102	3⅜	1¾	2⅛
13¾	6¾	Unit Piece Dye	513	13¾	7	7
68	35	Unit Piecs D pf	19.80	68	49	50
15¼	7½	U S & For Sec	477	15¼	8¼	10½
78	60	U S Ag For S pf (6)	28	78	63¼	75
4	1	U S Distrib	26	4	1½	1⅝
13	4	U S Distrib pf	13	13	7½	11
1¼	½	U S Express	163	1¼	½	⅝
27½	15	U S Freight (1)	268	27½	16¼	18
50¼	34½	U S Gypsum (1)	901	50¼	34¼	43
139½	110	U S Gypsum pf (7)	44	139½	115	139½
10½	3¼	U S Hoff Mach	565	10½	4⅝	7⅞
64¾	37	U S Indus Alco	2479	64¾	37	39¾
11⅞	6	U S Leather	608	11⅞	3	3½
19¾	11¼	U S Lea pf	402.05	19¾	11¾	13⅝
80	55½	U S Lea pf A	33	80	55½	58
33	12	U S Pipe (½)	7429	33	18	22½
19⅝	13¼	U S Pipe 1 pf (1.20)	330	19⅝	16½	19
12¾	5½	U S Real & Im	2302	12¾	5¾	6½
24	10¾	U S Rubber	11505	24	14¾	17
61¼	17⅞	U S R

Radio Waves and Ripples

Ho! For the swing that was hefty.
One cheer for the "nineteenth hole."
For C. B. S. has gone golf chesty,
And N. B. C. will soon go on the dole.

Which means that the boys from Columbia's studios have accepted the challenge of N. B. C.'s stalwart stick artists for a second annual radio golf tourney.

Sunday at 9 a. m. they'll gather at the Belhaven Country Club prepared to surge forth in the most terrific sandblast that ever roused the rafters off the roof or rippled the gentle waters of the Potomac coursing nearby.

The N. B. C. divot diggers announce the following invincible team: Fred Shawn, announcer, captain; Bill Dodge, salesman; Phil Merryman, engineer; Ed Rogers, announcer; Bob Youse, announcer; Bob Terrell, engineer; Carlton Smith, Presidential announcer, and Pete Williams, engineer and chief hazard.

C. B. S.'s par busters, out for a birdie on the nineteenth, are: Larry Elliott, announcer, captain; Wallace Kent, relief announcer; Harry Butcher, station manager; Jess Willard, commercial manager; John Sald, staff artist; Harold Forry, engineer; Harold Gray, announcer, and Bruce Geddas, engineer and bottle holder.

Last year the boys ended the fray all even. Sunday, teeing off with practically the same line-ups, it's microphones to transmitters that they will make it a repeat. Best pairs will be teamed up and so on down the line.

Prizes will go to the low medal score, the runner-up; a booby award to the high scorer and Manager Butcher has a beautifully engraved cup for the player making the greatest number of "whiffs."

Prepared to plough through traps, hazards, fairways, the rough, and resigned to a good, long hibernation at the nineteenth hole, Harry Butcher made this last-minute statement:

"Columbia will make a h——l of a sight better showing this year."

Capt. Shawn exuded confidence, but remained noncommittal.

Ed. Note: Dave Herman, of The Post's sports staff, promises a whirlwind send-off to the winner in his Sunday golf column.

YOUR local radio scribes sat in solemn silence at the first audition for the "Airbreaks" program, slated for the air Saturday night from WMAL, and emerged a wit less jittery than some 15-odd aspirants who mouthed a few shaky love ballads into the mike.

Intended as a "catch-all" for local radio talent, these auditions, held at WMAL's studios Tuesday and Thursday nights at 8 o'clock, were, incidentally, the teeming brain child of a fair-haired young man, who is, none the less, one of Washington's elite among radio editors.

And . . . mirabile dictu . . . out of the 15 persons heard, three or four really revealed some entertaining possibilities. Shannon Allen, N. B. C.'s local production manager, looked pleased. The radio editors looked through the control room window, stopped making inane notes on their audition blanks, nodded their heads cautiously and issued such sage observations as:

"Well, maybe he's got some stuff" . . . "Not bad, eh?" . . . "Let's ask him to sing 'Mandalay' or something."

So if several additional bright beams of talent show up tonight (we need strong stuff—no barytones—and maybe some humor) your radio editors may break out with a program on Saturday.

They say, since we got ourselves into this, that N. B. C.'s regular announcers will stay on the sidelines . . . and the program will be handled by the boys who ordinarily pound typewriters.

PARK police looked askance. The "berling" sun beat down. Kids howled—"I wanna ball-o-o-n!" . . . and Gertrude Niesen, one of C. B. S.'s fair chanteuses, clipped the cords of 100 balloons attached to the Washington Monument.

This happened yesterday morning. 'Twas a big stunt to make local youngsters balloon conscious. And if they happened to snare a balloon before it got beyond shooting distance . . . a grand prize awaited at WJSV.

But grown-ups wanted to play, too. And swarms of kids,

DR. M. SAYLE TAYLOR, otherwise known as Columbia's Voice of Experience," who begins a stage appearance tomorrow at the Earle Theater.

happy and grimy, nearly stampeded our Gertrude. She took it with smiles. A few balloons got busted.

THE "Voice of Experience"—Columbia's daily health talk—will start tomorrow a series of intimate conversations with the Earle Theater audience.

He'll concentrate on personal problems submitted by Washingtonians and reveal something of that elusive personality that has gained him (say, his press agents) a daily audience of 2,000,000 . . . most of whom, we presume, are in need of some physical or mental enlightenment.

Frank LaFalce, of Warner Brothers Earle, says the "Voice" is a "swell personality."

We find, after scanning some publicity stuff, that the "Voice" (who is Dr. M. Sayle Taylor) likes tennis and handball . . . owns no pets . . . never wears a vest . . . likes fisticuffs . . . and travels by air and vacations by water.

The Post Radio Time-Table

Thursday, July 5 — Washington Eastern Standard Time

	WRC 316M—950KC	WMAL 476M—630KC	WJSV 206M—1,460KC	WOL 229M—1,310KC	
6:30	.....	.....	Eye Opener	.....	6:30
6:45	Pollock, L'nhurst	Early Risers	" "	" "	6:45
7:00	Devotions	Breakfast Club ..	Sun Dial	Musical Clock.	7:00
7:15	Organ Rhapsody	" "	" "	" "	7:15
7:30	Cheerio	" "	" "	" "	7:30
7:45	"	" "	" "	" "	7:45
8:00	Herman & Banta	" "	" "	" "	8:00
8:15	Glee Club	" "	" "	" "	8:15
8:30	Morning Glories	" "	" "	" "	8:30
8:45	Sylvan Trio	" "	" "	" "	8:45
9:00	Mail Bag	Edward MacHugh.	.....	.....	9:00
9:15	Clara, Lu 'n' Em	News	Woman's Hour ..	News	9:15
9:30	Morning Parade.	Today's Children.	" "	Excerpts	9:30
9:45	" "	Radio Kitchen ..	" "	" "	9:45
10:00	Jean Abbey	Navy Band	.....	Melodies	10:00
10:15	Frances Barton.	" "	" "	" "	10:15
10:30	Pedro Via	Better Business...	" "	Variety, Value.	10:30
10:45	" "	Al and Lee Reiser	Pet Milky Way...	" "	10:45
11:00	Gene Arnold ..	Mary Phillips	Voice of Ex'ience	Burns & Reid.	11:00
11:15	Skillet Sisters..	Listening Post ..	Connie Gates	Songs of Hawaii	11:15
11:30	Garden Sug'tions	Vic and Sade	Velas Ensemble...	Organ Doctor..	11:30
11:45	Rex Battle	Words and Music	" "	Joe Frasetto ..	11:45
	AFTERNOON PROGRAMS				
12:00	Lotus Orch.	Words and Music	Velazco Orch. ...	Dude Ranch ...	12:00
12:15	" "	Hon. Archie	" "	" "	12:15
12:30	'Camera Hunting'	Farm, Home Hour	"College Blues"...	Organ Interlude	12:30
12:45	Ensemble	" " "	Tony Wons	J. Washington.	12:45
1:00	Stones of History	" " "	Gene Stewart ...	Sign Off.....	1:00
1:15	" " "	" " "	Afternoon Rhythms	.....	1:15
1:30	Trio Romantique	Smackout	Poetic Strings ..	.....	1:30
1:45	" "	Nancy Noland ...	" "	.....	1:45
2:00	Yasha Davidoff.	Musical Keys	Metro'itan Parade	.....	2:00
2:15	Gen. Garibaldi..	" "	" "	.....	2:15
2:30	Woman's Review	Roy Shields' Orch.	Dancing by Sea...	.....	2:30
2:45	" "	" "	" "	.....	2:45
3:00	Chick Webb....	Betty and Bob...	Baseball Game ..	Sports, Variety	3:00
3:15	Foster Melodies.	Alice Joy	" "	" "	3:15
3:30	Hazel Glenn ...	Chicago Orch....	" "	" "	3:30
3:45	Lady Next Door	" "	" "	Book Man	3:45
4:00	Wilson's Orch..	" "	Lena Phillips	Sports, Variety	4:00
4:15	" "	" "	Serenade	" "	4:15
4:30	Tales of Courage	Jimmy Harbison..	" "	" "	4:30
4:45	Echoes of Erin..	John, Gene, Dick	Buddy Welcome..	" "	4:45
5:00	Sundown Revue.	Education Assn...	Mischa Raginsky.	Something	5:00
5:15	Aunt Sue	News	Skippy	For Everyone	5:15
5:30	John B. Kennedy	Musical Interlude.	Jack Armstrong .	" "	5:30
5:45	Musical Interlude	Lowell Thomas ..	Charles Barnet...	Christian Sci'ce	5:45
	NIGHT PROGRAMS				
6:00	Bulletin Board..	Vincent Lopez....	Evening Rhythms.	Eli Dantzig ...	6:00
6:15	Gene and Glenn.	Baseball Resume..	Just Plain Bill ..	Today in Sports	6:15
6:30	Shirley Howard.	Musical Interlude.	Leon Belasco Or..	Archie Bleyer.	6:30
6:45	The Goldbergs..	Amos 'n' Andy..	Boake Carter	Govt. Family ..	6:45
7:00	Rudy Valee ...	Grits and Gravy..	Evan Evans	Best Buys	7:00
7:15	" " ...	" "	Arch McDonald..	News	7:15
7:30	" " ...	Wash. Favorites..	Philadelphia Orch.	Marine Band .	7:30
7:45	" " ...	Ernie and Eddie..	" "	" "	7:45
8:00	Showboat	Death Valley Days	.....	Joe Holman ...	8:00
8:15	"	" "	" "	Southern Strings	8:15
8:30	"	Goldman Band ...	Mark Warnow ..	Male Quartet .	8:30
8:45	"	" "	" "	Orlando's Orch.	8:45
9:00	Paul Whiteman.	Provinces Parade.	Godfrey's Gazette.	Joe Frasetto ..	9:00
9:15	" " .	" "	" "	Rhythm Ra'blers	9:15
9:30	" " .	Palisade Echoes..	Old Vienna	News	9:30
9:45	" " .	" "	Fray & Broggiotti	Leon Friedman.	9:45
10:00	Flowing Music..	POSTILION	Wrestling Bouts..	Tango Band ...	10:00
10:15	Astor Orch.	Charlie Davis ...	" "	" "	10:15
10:30	Glen Echo Orch.	Guy Lombardo ..	" "	B. Ribbon Band	10:30
10:45	" "	" "	Warren Sweeney..	Sign off.....	10:45
11:00	News	Miwaukee Orch..	Joe Reichman ...	.....	11:00
11:15	Night Owl	" "	" "	.....	11:15
11:30	Powhatan Orch.	Slumber Hour ...	Enoch Light Orch.	.....	11:30
11:45	" "	" "	" "	.....	11:45
12:00	Sign off.....	Sign off.....	Sign off.....	.....	12:00

Joe Palooka — **Hot Foot** — **By Ham Fisher**

BLACKIE BEAR

By D. SAM COX

A lot of you children didn't know that a squirrel can bark, but he can. He makes a teeny-weeny noise not much bigger than the sneeze of a cat; but he does bark.

You haven't heard anything about Chatter Squirrel for a long time, but he has been right down on the creek all the time, and has kept up with Blackie and the boys in most of their doings.

He got pretty lonesome after they left, and so he decided to go up to Mountain House and see them.

So one night just after supper, when they had all lit their pipes and were having a good smoke, they heard somebody barking just outside of the door. It was such a little bit of a bark that they all knew it was not Hound Dog nor Howler. Besides, they had both gone off to hunt for rabbits, and Blackie couldn't guess who it was. He hadn't ever heard Chatter Squirrel bark but two or three times, and so didn't remember his voice. But Jay Bird did, and he said: "Oh, there's Chatter Squirrel. Open the door, Dr. Coon, and let him in."

When Chatter came in they had a lot of howdy-do, and they introduced him to Betty and all the rest of the Bear family, and he lived right up to his name, for he chattered a mighty lot about all the things he had seen on his way up the mountain. He never had been away from the creek before, and he had lost his way two or three times, though Jay Bird had told him how to come up if he ever decided to visit Blackie. And he told them about all those wild geese and turkeys that Jay Bird had been talking about, and the big hawthorn tree with a million red berries on it.

"But the best things I saw," he said, "were trees and trees full of chestnuts. I never saw so many in my life."

"I don't think much of chustnuts," said Blackie. "I have eaten a few sometimes when I couldn't eat anything else, but they are right poor eating."

That made Jocko laugh. "Well," he said, "if you had ever eaten some of them after my good mistress has roasted them you wouldn't say you didn't think much of them. We will get a lot of them tomorrow, and I will show Bettie how to roast them, and then I am sure you will eat so many that Dr. Coon will have to work on you."

And then they all began to tell about the best things in the world to eat, everybody trying to talk at once, till Bettie told them that it seemed to her that everything was the best thing for that crowd to eat, for no matter what she cooked or how much of it, there was hardly ever enough left to draw flies.

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Death Notices

ADDISON—On Wednesday, July 4, 1934, ELLEN MOYLAN BOWIE, beloved wife of Francis G. Addison, jr. Funeral services at Holy Trinity Church, near Collington, Md., on Friday, July 6, at 3 p. m.

BINNIX—On Wednesday, July 4, 1934, at his residence, 424 First street southeast, BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, beloved husband of the late Emma Jane Binnix. Funeral from the above residence on Friday, July 6, at 1 p. m., thence to the Whitefield M. E. Church, Lanham, Md., where services will be held at 2 p. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment in church cemetery.

CARY—Suddenly, on Wednesday, July 4, 1934, at Strasburg, Va., ELDEN ASHFORD CARY. Remains resting at Hysong's parlors, 1300 N street northwest. Notice of funeral later.

CLARK—On Wednesday, July 4, 1934, MARY CONNOLLY, beloved wife of the late Frank A. Clark. Funeral from her late residence, 1334 Randolph street northeast, on Friday, July 6, at 9:30 a. m., thence to St. Anthony's Church, where requiem mass will be said at 10 a. m. Relatives and friends are invited. Interment at Mount Olivet Cemetery.

DAVIS—On Tuesday, July 3, 1934, at 10:45 a. m., at her residence, 1224 North Carolina avenue northeast, ANNIE A. DAVIS, aunt of Helen L. Jamison and sister of the late Mrs. Charles J. Greene. Remains resting at the Lee funeral home, Fourth street and Massachusetts avenue northeast, where services will be held on Thursday, July 5, at 7 p. m. Friends invited.

DISNEY—On Tuesday, July 3, 1934, at his home, Rockville, Md., WILLIAM F., beloved husband of Dora Wolfden Disney, aged sixty-seven years. Remains resting at the Colonial funeral home of William Reuben Pumphrey, Rockville, Md. Funeral from his late residence, on Thursday, July 5, at 11 a. m. Interment at Laurel, Md.

DUTTON—On Tuesday, July 3, 1934, at her residence, 1475 Columbia road northwest, LENA CATHERINE, wife of the late George E. Dutton and mother of Clarence B. Dutton, of Hammond, Ind., and George P. Dutton, of Atlanta, Ga.; Carl H. and Lillian B., of Washington, D. C., and the late Edwin S. Dutton. Services at the S. H. Hines Co. funeral home, 2901 Fourteenth street northwest, on Friday, July 6, at 10 a. m. Interment at Fort Lincoln Cemetery.

FLYNT—On Tuesday, July 3, 1934, at Children's Hospital, RICHARD, infant son of Richard V. and Florence A. FLYNT, aged eight months. Funeral from the W. W. Chambers Co. funeral home, 1400 Chapin street northwest, on Friday, July 6, at 2 p. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment in Cedar Hill Cemetery.

HARDY—On Tuesday, July 3, 1934, at Garfield Hospital, THOMAS JOHNSON, beloved son of Kemper S. and Elizabeth W. Hardy and brother of Kemper S. Hardy, jr. Remains resting at V. L. Speare Co., 1009 H street northwest, until 1 p. m. Thursday, July 5. Funeral from Highland Baptist Church, 5314 Fourteenth street northwest, on Thursday, July 5, at 2 p. m.

HAVENNER—On Tuesday, July 3, 1934, at his residence, 1641 Good Hope road southeast, PHILIP FRANKLIN, beloved son of the late Walter H. and Mary C. Havenner. Funeral from the above residence on Friday, July 6, at 8:30 a. m. Mass at St. Teresa's Church, Thirteenth and V streets southeast, at 9 a. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment Congressional Cemetery.

JONES—On Monday, July 2, 1934, at her residence, 212 Seventh street southeast, ANN POWELL, beloved wife of Daniel Jones and mother of David P., Trevor P. and Margaret Ann Jones. Funeral from the W. W. Chambers Co. Southeast funeral home, 517 Eleventh street southeast, on Thursday, July 5, at 2 p. m. Relatives and friends are invited to attend. Interment at South Wales.

McCARTHY—The men of the Third Order of St. Francis are requested to assemble at 4300 Twelfth place northeast, Thursday, July 5, 1934, at 8 p. m. for the purpose of reciting the Rosary for the repose of the soul of our late brother, SYLVESTER McCARTHY, ALOYSIUS McCARNEY, Prefect.

MARTIN—On Tuesday, July 3, 1934, PHILLIP A., beloved husband of the late Laura L. Martin. Funeral from the daughter's residence, Mrs. Mary M. Smith, 1322 C street northeast, Friday, July 6, at 8:30 a. m., thence to the Church of the Holy Comforter, Fourteenth and East Capitol streets, where requiem mass will be offered at 9 a. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment at Mount Olivet Cemetery.

MILOR—Suddenly on Tuesday, July 3, 1934, at Georgetown University Hospital, RUFUS E. MILOR, jr., of Rockville, Md. Funeral services at the Rockville Methodist Episcopal Church, on Thursday, July 5, at 1:30 p. m. Interment Fort Lincoln Cemetery.

RICKETTS—On Tuesday, July 3, 1934, at her home, Rockville, Md., IRENE SCHOOLEY, the beloved wife of Everett M. Ricketts, aged sixty-eight years. Remains resting at the Colonial funeral home of William Reuben Pumphrey, Rockville, Md. Funeral from the above funeral home on Thursday, July 5, at 2:30 p. m. Interment Forest Oak Cemetery, Gaithersburg, Md.

RICKETTS—On Wednesday, July 4, 1934, at his home, Spencerville, Md., STONEWALL JACKSON, the beloved husband of Fannie Ricketts. Remains resting at the Colonial funeral home of William Reuben Pumphrey, Rockville, Md. Funeral services at the Colonial funeral home, on Friday, July 6, at 11 a. m. Interment Rockville Union Cemetery.

STARKEY—Suddenly, on Monday, July 2, 1934, at Georgetown University Hospital, GEORGE L., son of Joseph N. Starkey. Funeral services at Warner E. Pumphrey's funeral home, Rockville, Md., on Thursday, July 5, at 3 p. m. Interment Rockville Union Cemetery.

WALTON—Suddenly, on Monday, July 2, 1934, EDWARD KING, beloved son of Edward Randolph, jr., and Jennie King Walton. Funeral from the residence of his parents, 4334 Klingle street northwest, on Thursday, July 5, at 10 a. m. Mass at St. Ann's Church at 10:30 a. m. Interment Oak Hill Cemetery.

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Strange as It Seems —By John Hix

For further proof address the author, inclosing a stamped envelope for reply. Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

Charles XII, King of Sweden, was a veteran fighter when he was no older than most boys just out of high school. He became king in 1697 when he was 15, and immediately became the object of an international conspiracy to cripple his nation. Russia, with Poland and Denmark, hoped to crush the power of the boy-king in 1699.

Charles answered first by repulsing Denmark with such success that he was able to dictate the terms of peace at Travendal. Next he turned to the Russian forces of Peter the Great, and with only 8,000 men in his own army he completely defeated Peter's force of about 60,000 at Narva. Peter's army has been estimated as high as 80,000, but some authorities place it at 40,000. The Swedish army was outnumbered at least five to one, and perhaps by ten to one.

Russia was avenged, however, nine years later when Charles—who by then had dreams of a world empire—with an army of 40,000 crossed the Vistula and marched into the heart of Russia. There his army was annihilated and he escaped with only a handful of troops into Turkey. Charles was killed in 1718 at the siege of Frederikshald.

• • • •

During construction of the Washington Monument a cat accidentally fell from scaffolding 160 feet above the ground—the height of a 12 or 15-story building. Aided by the uncanny sense of balance possessed by all cats, this one was able to land on its feet without serious injury.

Tomorrow: The Jonah Fish.

Births

William F. and Elizabeth Jacob, boy.
Howard A. and Elizabeth Vermillion, girl.
Ralph J. and Jencie Wells, girl.
Earl W. and Mary Mink, boy.
Robert A. and Charlotte Gabriel, boy.
George I. and Mary Erikson, girl.
Spencer M. and Ida Boone, boy.
Kenneth and Emeline Cole, girl.
Joseph L. and Adele Rein, girl.
Porter C. and Mary Trice, girl.
Kennard B. and Hazel Taylor, boy.
Donald E. and Grace Clark, boy.
Joseph E. and Elizabeth Miller, girl.
Sam and Eva Robertson, boy.
Isaac and Gertrude Riley, boy.
Albert L. and Amie Holman, girl.
William and Claudia Hill, girl.
Henry and Minnie Keys, girl.
James and Rebecca Wilson, girl.
Maude and Louise Jackson, girl.
Abner R. and Alice Hansborough, girl.
Preston J. and Mildred Millard, boy.
Sylvester and Lemue Brown, girl.
John and Leonilie Goldman, boy.
Roger and Lillie Pitt, boy.
George and Ida Brown, boy.

Deaths

Owen Conklin, 80 yrs., Little Sisters of the Poor.
Ann Powell Jones, 66 yrs., 212 Seventh st. se.
George L. Starkey, 18 yrs., Georgetown University Hospl.
Rufus E. Miller, jr., 18 yrs., Georgetown University Hospl.
Joanna Ames, 82 yrs., 2102 Second st. nw.
Julius Portis, 74 yrs., Gallinger Hospl.
Moses Mumford, 70 yrs., Gallinger Hospl.
Richard Simmons, 60 yrs., Freedmen's Hospl.
Rosa Russell, 57 yrs., Freedmen's Hosp.
Joen Doe, 50 yrs., arrival Casualty Hospl.
Eli Odom, 39 yrs., Casualty Hospl.
Allen Johnson, 30 yrs., rear Regan's Boathouse.
Willis May Giles, 25 yrs., T. B. Hospl.
Sadie Dutton, 50 yrs., Casualty Hospl.

Events Today

Dinner—Division of Classroom Teachers, N. E. A., Mayflower Hotel, 6:30 p. m.

Luncheon—Kiwanis Club, Mayflower Hotel, 12:30 p. m.

Luncheon—Department of Administrative Women in Education, N. E. A., Mayflower Hotel, 12:30 p. m.

Convention luncheon—Soroptimist Club, Willard Hotel, 12:30 p. m.

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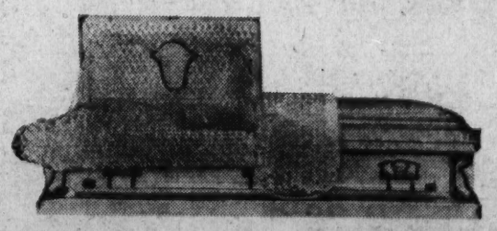

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PROPOSALS

TREASURY DEPARTMENT. Procurement Division, Public Works Branch, Washington, D. C., Sealed bids in duplicate subject to the conditions of Executive Order No. 6646, dated March 14, 1934, will be publicly opened in this office at 2 p. m. July 17, 1934, for furnishing all labor and materials and performing all work for metal cases and racks for the National Institute of Health, Washington, D. C. Specifications and drawings not exceeding one set may be obtained at this office in the discretion of the assistant director of procurement, Public Works Branch, W. E. Reynolds, Assistant Director of Procurement, Public Works Branch.

REMODELING OF ASSIUT BARRAGE AND IBRAHIMIA HEAD REGULATOR. Tenders are fixed by the Ministry of Public Works of the Egyptian Government for the remodeling of Assiut barrage and Ibrahimia head regulator. The contract documents including drawings, conditions of contract specifications, instructions to tenderers, &c., may be inspected on or after July 19, 1934, at the Ministry of Public Works, Cairo, or at the Royal Egyptian Legations in Paris, Berlin, Rome and Washington, or at the Office of the Consulting Engineers, Messrs. Coode Wilson, Mitchell, and Vaughan Lee, 9 Victoria street, London S. W. 1. Contractors desirous to tender may obtain copies of the said documents from either of the above offices upon payment of twenty pounds Egyptian and after making a deposit of three thousand Egyptian pounds in cash. On submission of tender a further deposit of twenty-two thousand Egyptian pounds must be made. These deposits will be held as a guarantee of good faith on the part of firms making them. Only tenders from firms who have previously executed similar works will be considered unless made by an established firm of contractors who are English limited liability companies or the equivalent thereof in other countries (societes anonymes). The tenders must be submitted to His Excellency the Minister of Public Works, Cairo, before midday of September 24, 1934. A memorandum for tenderers will be available from July 15 and can be obtained free of cost from either of the above offices.

P.—July5,9,12.

OFFICIAL NOTICES

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF the District of Columbia, June 22, 1934. Notice. A public hearing having been held by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia on June 6, 1934, in the matter of closing certain streets hereinafter described, and the said Commissioners being satisfied as to the equity, justice and advisability of said closings, and that said closings are in the public interests, and not detrimental to the interests of abutting owners, notice is hereby given that the said Commissioners have prepared the following order: Ordered, that pursuant to the provisions of Public Act No. 307, approved December 15, 1932, the street area as shown in green on plats filed in the office of the surveyor of the District of Columbia, and numbered as Maps 1837, 1838 and 1839, is hereby ordered closed, same to take effect on and after August 2, 1934, the title to said land comprised in said area so closed to revert to the abutting property owners, as shown on said maps; the said street area hereby ordered closed being described as follows: (1) Closing part of Utah avenue n. w., south of Rittenhouse street, abutting on lots 46 to 52, square 2319, and being that part of said Utah avenue lying east of the extension of the westerly boundary of parcel 61/49 (Episcopal Home for Children). (2) Closing part of Sherrett place n. w., west of Reno road, and providing for a dedication in connection with the same, to adjust the street lines and provide for a change in the course of said Sherrett place. (3) Closing part of 9th place n. w., south of Quincy street, abutting on lot 811, square 2901 (known as U. S. Reservation No. 486), and being that part of said 9th place lying south of the extension of the south line of a public alley 15 feet wide, running east and west in square 2901. Any and all parties interested must file objections to said closings in writing before the effective date of above order; otherwise said order shall become effective on August 2, 1934, as aforesaid, said street area shall on and after said date become closed in accordance with the provisions of said act. MELVIN C. HAZEN, GEORGE E. ALLEN, JOHN C. GOTWALS, Commissioners of the District of Columbia.

AUCTION SALES

TUESDAY, JULY 10, 1934—
THOS. J. OWEN & SON, Auctioneers
1431 Eye Street Northwest.

TRUSTEES' SALE OF VALUABLE UNIMPROVED LOTS FORMERLY IMPROVED BY PREMISES 907 AND 909 EYE STREET NORTHWEST.

By virtue of two certain deeds of trust duly recorded, in liber 5045, folios 351 and 354 et seq., of the land records of the District of Columbia, and at the request of the party secured thereby, the undersigned trustees will sell, at public auction, in front of the premises, on TUESDAY, the TENTH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1934, at THREE-THIRTY O'CLOCK P. M., the following-described land and premises, situate in the District of Columbia, and designated as and being (parcel 1) part of original lot 2 in square 373, described as follows: Beginning on the line of north I street, at a point distant 5 feet west of the original southeast corner of said lot, and running thence west along the line of said street, 15 feet to the center of the party wall between houses known as 907 and 909 I street, thence north through the center of said wall a distance of 90 feet; thence east 15 feet to the west line of a public alley 10 feet wide; thence south along the west line of said alley 90 feet to the place of beginning; known for taxation purposes as lot 801 in square 373; (parcel No. 2) part of original lot 2 in square 373, described as follows: Beginning on the line of north I street 20 feet west from the original southeast corner of said lot, said point of beginning being the center of the party wall between houses known as Nos. 907 and 909 I street; thence north through the center of said wall, a distance of 90 feet; thence west 11 feet to a point distant 26 feet west from the west line of a public alley, 10 feet wide; thence north 33 feet to the north line of said lot; thence west 8 feet 6 inches; thence south 123 feet to the line of north I street; and thence east 16 feet 6 inches to the place of beginning. Known for taxation purposes as lot 803 in square 373. Each parcel to be sold separately.

TERMS OF SALE: One-third of the purchase-money to be paid in cash, balance in two equal installments, payable in one and two years, with interest at six per centum per annum, payable semi-annually, from day of sale, secured by first deed of trust upon the property sold, or all cash, at the option of the purchaser. A deposit of $300.00 will be required at time of sale on each lot. All conveyancing, recording, &c., at cost of purchaser. Terms of sale to be complied with within thirty days from day of sale, otherwise the trustees reserve the right to resell the property at the risk and cost of defaulting purchaser, after five days' advertisement of such resale in some newspaper published in Washington, D. C.

A. BRITTON BROWNE, RANDALL H. HAGNER, Trustees.

P—Jun28,30;Jul3,5,7,10

AUCTION SALES

(Continued.)

MONDAY, JULY 9, 1934—
THOS. J. OWEN & SON, Auctioneers,
1431 Eye Street Northwest.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE IMPROVED BY THREE-STORY BRICK DWELLING KNOWN AS 1210 6TH STREET SOUTHWEST.

By virtue of a certain deed of trust duly recorded in Liber No. 5408, folio 416 et seq., of the land records of the District of Columbia, and at the request of the party secured thereby, the undersigned trustee will sell at public auction, in front of the premises, on MONDAY, THE NINTH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1934, at THREE-FIFTEEN O'CLOCK P. M., the following-described land and premises, situate in the District of Columbia, and designated as and being lot "B" in John F. Callan's subdivision of lots in square 502 as per plat recorded in Liber N. K. at folio 324, of the records of the office of the surveyor of the District of Columbia.

TERMS OF SALE: One fourth of the purchase money to be paid in cash, balance in three equal installments, payable in one, two and three years, with interest at 6 per centum per annum, payable semi-annually, from day of sale, secured by first deed of trust upon the property sold, or all cash, at the option of the purchaser. A deposit of $300 will be required at time of sale. All conveyancing, recording, revenue stamps, &c., at cost of purchaser. Terms of sale to be complied with within 30 days from day of sale, otherwise the trustee reserves the right to resell the property at the risk and cost of defaulting purchaser, after five days' advertisement of such resale in some newspaper published in Washington, D. C.

SAM'L A. DRURY, Surviving Trustee.

F—je27,29,Jy2,5,7

MONDAY, JULY 9, 1934—
THOS. J. OWEN & SON, Auctioneers,
1431 Eye Street Northwest.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE, KNOWN AS PREMISES 1125 SUMNER ROAD SOUTHEAST.

By virtue of a certain deed of trust duly recorded in Liber No. 6495, folio 311 et seq., of the land records of the District of Columbia, and at the request of the party secured thereby, the undersigned trustee will sell, at public auction, in front of the premises, on MONDAY, THE NINTH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1934, at TWO-THIRTY O'CLOCK P. M., the following-described land and premises, situate in the District of Columbia, and designated as and being lot 216, being part of a subdivision of part of lot 60, recorded in Book L. C., No. 2, page 1, section No. 8, Barry Farm, by Henry C. Settle and Lillie V. Settle, as per plat recorded in Book 65, page 192, of the Records of the Office of the Surveyor of the District of Columbia. Said property now known for the purpose of assessment and taxation as lot 216, square 5865.

TERMS OF SALE: One-fourth of the purchase-money to be paid in cash, balance in three equal installments, payable in one, two and three years, with interest at 6 per centum per annum, payable semiannually, from day of sale, secured by first deed of trust upon the property sold, or all cash, at the option of the purchaser. A deposit of $250 will be required at sale of each lot. All conveyancing, recording, revenue stamps, &c., at cost of purchaser. Terms of sale to be complied with within 30 days from day of sale, otherwise the trustee reserves the right to resell the property at the risk and cost of defaulting purchaser, after five days' advertisement of such resale in some newspaper published in Washington, D. C.

SAM'L A. DRURY, Surviving Trustee.

P—je27,29,Jul2,5,7

WEDNESDAY, JULY 11, 1934—
THOS. J. OWEN & SON, Auctioneers,
1431 Eye Street Northwest.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF VALUABLE TWO-STORY BRICK DWELLING, BEING PREMISES NO. 610 ROXBORO PLACE NORTHWEST.

By virtue of a certain deed of trust duly recorded in liber No. 5389, folio 315, et seq., of the land records of the District of Columbia, and at the request of the party secured thereby, the undersigned trustee will sell, at public auction, in front of the

PERSONALS 3
Post Classified Ads.—National 4200.

(Continued.)

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LET DR. DELLA LEDENDECKER'S WONDERFUL HANDS RUB YOUR ACHES & PAINS AWAY. WE. 1120. 3025 O NW.

LOOK for my ad in the recommended service column on July 10. W. R. Russell.

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MARJORIE WEBSTER SUMMER CAMP offers a glorious vacation to girls from 4 to 18 years and boys from 4 to 8. Swimming, horseback riding, games, handicraft, dancing, &c. Camp is open until September 1. Register now for two weeks or more. Send for booklet. Rock Creek Park Estates, Washington, D. C. Georgia 1700.

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AUTOMOBILES for SALE 10

AUBURN 1929 Cabriolet; $149.00; 5 wire wheels; good tires. ROBT HERSON AUTO EX., INC., 72 Florida Ave. N.E. NO. 10408-6730.

BUICK 1932 convertible Victoria. Perfect condition throughout. Low price of $600. Logan Motor Co., 1417 Irving st. nw.

BUICK Buick, Buick—Attention Buick owners. We have a 1932 Buick Straight 8 De Luxe 4-door Sedan that is for real as can be inside and out; fully de luxe equipped; has had exceptional care and runs like a new car today. Your '29 or '30 Buick will make the down payment on this practically new car. HANDLEY MOTOR CO., 3730 Ga. Ave. N.W. AD. 6060.

CHEVROLET 1931 Cabriolet; new paint, tires and top; mechanically O. K. $260; only $64 down. "PARKWAY" MOTOR CO., 3040 M St. NW. WEst 0161.

CHEVROLET 1933 Sedan, de luxe, 6 wheels; well fenders; $40 trunk; extras; low mileage; unusually clean cut. Your car $515 in trade; balance 18 months. MANDELL CHEVROLET, 13th and Good Hope Rd. S.E. ATlantic 4400.

CHEVROLET 1933 Sport Coupe De Luxe. Take to the open road in this 6-wheel tu-tone green car. It's real class—low mileage, plenty of extras. A demonstration will convince you. $500. Terms, trade. LUSTINE-NICHOLSON MOTOR CO., Hyattsville, Md. Greenwood 2200.

CHEVROLET 1933 coach; $439 mech. perf.; brakes and tires A-1. 1711 Florida Ave. N.W. NOrth 8565.

CHEVROLET—1933 Sedan, finished in black with straw stripe and cream wire wheels. New tires all around. This car can not be told from new in any respect. Low mileage. $485. Ourisman Chevrolet, 625 H st. ne.

FORD V-8 DE LUXE SEDAN. Original low mileage, with set of original Firestone Tires still good for at least 8,000 miles. This car has safety glass all around. We have removed the seat covers and find the high-grade mohair upholstery absolutely "like new"—hardly shows any wear and as clean as can be. See $413 and save today. TAYLOR MOTOR CO., Better Conditioned Cars Always, 1835-40-1901 14th st. nw.

FORD 1931 De Luxe Roadster. $185; perfect condition; terms. Keystone Garage, 1615 O st. nw. DEc. 5516.

FORD—Late 1931 Town Sedan. Black; sacrifice $225. Mr. Cooksey, Dist. 4310. Skinker Motor, 1216 20th st. nw.

FORD de luxe roadsters, late 1931; fully equipped, including rumble seat, trunk rack; only $195. Also late model sport roadster; new paint; new top; only $159; easy terms. Open evenings and Sundays. Capitol Motors Co., 215 Pa. ave. se.

MANY DIFFERENT MODELS and wide price range on finer used cars. L. P. Steuart, Inc., 1328 14th st. nw.

NASH, Chevrolet, Chryslers, Fords and all types of used cars at select low prices. NASH-ORR, 1733 14th St. N.W. DEc. 4419.

SELECTIVE ASSORTMENT of good used cars at low prices. Barry-Pate Motor Co., 1130 Conn. ave. nw.

STUDEBAKER 1933 Commander, 8-passenger sedan, de luxe equipment; black paint; very good condition throughout; $695. Terms. C. C. C. guarantee. CAPITOL CADILLAC CO., 1222 22d St N.W. NA. 3300.

STUTZ 1928 Sedan, tires, motor, finish like new, leather upholstery, fine car; private owner; $300. 6001 4th st. nw. GE. 7634.

TERRAPLANE 1934 Coach; practically a new car; only $635. Terms. WESTFALL MOTOR CO., 2813 M St. N.W. Pot. 2357.

USED CARS 100 to select from. Priced from $25 to $625. $5.00 will hold any car. Open evenings until 9 p. m. ANACOSTIA MOTOR CO., 1325 Good Hope Rd. SE. Linc. 2077.

Gasoline Alley

RECOMMENDED SERVICE 19
Post Classified Ads.—National 4200

QUALITY and SERVICE
—that we offer you regularly in our $1.35 shoe repair job, we now offer you at this price
Genuine OAK Leather
For Today Friday and Saturday
HALF-SOLES and RUBBER HEELS .79c
Goodyear or O'Sullivan
WHEN YOU SAY SHOE REPAIRING SAY—
SELIS, 810-14th St. N.W.
14th St.—Just Above H—NA. 6780
NRA We Do Our Part

ALL BRANCHES OF WORK. BY
A Reliable Company
that employs only experienced men in each individual line of work. Masters, not Jacks, of all trades.

Papering	Roofing	Porch inclosures	
Painting	Carpentry	Hardwood floors	
Plumbing	Garages	Weather-stripping	
Plastering	Stucco	Electrical work	

Pay as little as $5.00 Monthly beginning in September
General Contracting Co., Inc.
923 New York Ave. Dist. 5085.

ALTERATIONS—Home improvements, new homes, store fronts, garages, porch inclosures, plumbing, repairs and remodeling of every description. Liberal terms or cash. Deal with a reliable firm. Save money and trouble by calling NAtional 2805.

ABC CONSTRUCTION CO.
418 Colorado Bldg. Free Estimates.

ALTERATIONS—Home improvements. No cash. Easy terms. Estimates free. Royal Contracting Co., 907 15th st. nw. NAtional 3803. Nite, Cleveland 8529.

ARCOLA HEATING
Complete, 6 rooms, 300 ft. radiation; no cash needed; 3 years to pay; $269.
HOME HEATING SPECIALISTS.
Lincoln 8144 1395 Florida Ave. NE.

CAMERA REPAIRING, photographic supplies. FULLER & D'ALBERT, INC., 815 10th st. nw.; National 4712.

CHAIR CANING UPHOLSTERING
ARMSTRONG, 1239 10th nw.; ME. 2083.

DECORATING, roofing, papering, painting, general repairing; guar.; reas. M. L. Smith, 1724 Webster st. nw. AD. 7108.

ELECTRIC WIRING Fixtures & Repairs
6-room house, fixtures and base plugs, $55. Regal Elec Co., 819 Upshur nw. CO. 8391.

Electric Wiring Old houses, including fixtures (on display) $70 Seymour Levy, 228 G nw. Me. 5835.

FURNACES VACUUM CLEANED $3
All Heating and Plumbing systems repaired or remodeled. Personal service. Call Jack. GE. 8670.

HOME IMPROVEMENTS—Papering, painting, general house repairing done on small monthly payments. HOME DECORATORS, Inc., 1009 9th st. nw. ME. 0854.

JOBS, $1 UP—Carpenter, brick, cement, painting, roofing; guar. Di. 6479.

PAPERING Rooms, $4 up, prompt service; also painting. Roy White, 1624 Gales st. ne. AT. 4652.

PAPERING rooms, $4 up; prompt service; also painting; all work guaranteed. WILLIAM MEEK, WE. 3033.

PAPERHANGING, painting and floor finishing reasonable. Parkview Decorating Co., 509 F st. nw. Nat. 7317.

PAPERHANGING rms., $4.00; this week only. J. Jones, 1629 6th st. nw. Po. 1253.

PAPERHANGING, PAINTING — Excellent work; reas. prices; estimates free. Shelton E. Kilby, 315 7th st. se.; AT. 6338.

PIANO TUNING—$2.00 Free Est.
Wm. Woolley, 1111 N st. nw.; PO. 4878.

PLASTERING repaired or gratexed; stucco resurfaced, cement, chimneys, waterproof basements; damp walls and old roofs repaired; guar.; reas. Minnich. ME. 6762

RUGS DOMESTIC SHAMPOO 9x12—$3.00 8x10—$2.50
LUWIN CO., 1725 7TH ST.; NO. 9160.

RUGS All Kinds. Washed by experts. 9x12, 8x10 $2.75
Capital Carpet Cleaning Co. National 2985.

SCREENS METAL WEATHER STRIP INCLOSING PORCHES
COFFEY BROS SCREEN CO. AD 6018

SHOES DYED to match your gown Reasonable
SELIS, 810 14th st. NA. 6780.

SHOE RENOVIZING—Includes half soles, rubber heels, new tops and welt, heel pads, laces and shine, 75c. Howard Cleaners, 3002 12th st. ne. or branches.

VACUUM CLEANER repairing. Any condition. Try our $1 service. Wash Vacuum Cleaner Service. Phone North 4624-9667.

VALET SERVICE—Suits pressed while you wait, 40 cents. Hat cleaning, shines. Famous Valet Shop, 1347 E St. nw.

Window Shades Made and installed as low as 75c.
KLEEBLATT. 11th and H ne.; Linc. 0879.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE 21
Post Classified Ads.—National 4200.

PRESSERS—(2); fancy silk; steady work; must be experienced; new plant. Independent Cleaners, Inc., 3700 Eastern ave., Mt. Rainier, Md.

WOMAN (white), settled, excellent cook, housekeeper, intelligent, speaking good English; must like children; stay nights. Apply in person. No phone calls. 9128 Georgia ave., Silver Spring, Md.

WOMEN—Several young, aged 21 to 36, will be employed by large corporation; office experience not important but other qualifications are good appearance, fair education, intelligence. Applicants will be interviewed in group, 3 p. m. sharp Friday, July 6. Rm. 603, International Bldg. Ask for Emp. Mgr.

WOMEN (4), refined, who have 5 hours or more daily to devote to earning about $15 per wk.; no canvassing. Apply 9-12 a. m., Room 603, 1319 F nw.

HELP WANTED—MALE 22
Post Classified Ads.—National 4200.

BARBER (American), first class; salary and commission. 823 15th st. nw.

BARBER—First-class, steady if suitable; 60 per cent. Herberts Barber Shop, 8235 Georgia avenue, Silver Spring, Md.

BARBER—First-class; white; steady job; apply 1524 North Capitol st.

BARBER—For evening work; steady job. 1214 Good Hope rd. se.

BOOTBLACK—Experienced; neat appearance for barber shop. Apply 312 9th nw.

HIGH SCHOOL graduates (3), over 21; we will train you to earn good pay; willingness to work more important than experience. Phone for appointment Thursday, before noon, National 2700, or call 724 14th st. nw.

MEN—I will interview in a group young men interested in either permanent or summer work; good pay; those selected will have choice of 2 types of work; varied futures with large corporation operating several businesses. Apply only 7:45 p. m. sharp Friday nite. Emp. Mgr., 602 International Bldg.

MEN (2), of neat appearance, for permanent job; willing to start about $25 wkly. Apply 9-12 a. m., Supt., Room 603, 1319 F nw.

MEN WANTED (2), at once; neat appearing; come prepared for work. Apply 10 to 12 a. m., Suite 908, National Press Bldg.

MEN—Can use several men for commercial sales solicitation proposition. Apply Office, 738, Investment Bldg.

Men Article sells for $1; you keep the $1; 15 to 30 sales daily. Room 301, 1317 F st. nw.

PRESSERS—(2); steady work; new plant. Apply Independent Cleaners, Inc., 3700 Eastern ave., Mt. Rainier, Md.

WE REQUIRE the services of salesmen in our Easy Washer and Ironer Department. Men with selling experience and own cars preferred. Apply Supt's Office, Fourth Floor, S. Kann Sons Co., Thursday, July 5, between 10 a. m. and 1 p. m. and 2 p. m. and 4 p. m.

CHAUFFEURS—WANTED to drive BELL CABS
New Cars Available Immediately
Apply 1317 L St. N.W.

WANTED
WHITE CHAUFFEURS WITH IDENTIFICATION CARDS TO DRIVE NEW DIAMOND CABS
APPLY MR. HIPSON
6 A. M. TO 6 P. M.
1ST AND M STS. N.E.

AUTO PARTS—SERVICE 13
Post Classified Ads.—National 4200.

DODGE, Plymouth, sales service; Exide batteries gas, oil, road service. W. A. Isaac, Queen Chapel road; GE. 1617.

WINDSHIELD glass, $2.25. Any size door glass $1.50; seat covers $12.50; auto tops $10. Turner, rear 1417 P nw. De. 2798.

WANTED—AUTOMOTIVE 18
Post Classified Ads.—National 4200.

CASH FOR YOUR CAR.
CHESAPEAKE AUTO CO.
1102 11th st. se. Linc. 7373.

SPOT CASH For your late-model used car. Manhattan Auto & Radio Co., 1706 7th st. nw.

CASH IN 5 MINUTES
BARNES MOTOR CO.
Before you sell your car get our price. We will pay unpaid balance and give you difference in cash. See Mr. Barnes, 1729 14th St. NW.

AUTOMOBILES For SALE 10
Post Classified Ads.—National 4200

(Continued.)

FORD—Used—Bargains.
NORTHEAST MOTOR CO.
920 Bladensburg Rd. N.E. AT. 0200.

SEE STOHLMAN CHEVROLET FOR THE BEST USED CARS IN THE U. S. A.! 3307 M ST. NW.

Drive out to Hyattsville and SAVE at LUSTINE-NICHOLSON
PHONE GREENWOOD 2200 — CHEVROLET — HYATTSVILLE MD.

'33 CHEV. Coach	$495
'33 CHEV. De Luxe Sedan	$525
'31 CHEV. Sport Coupe	$275
'33 CHEV. De Luxe Spt. Coupe	$495
'31 CHEV. Coupe	$365
'31 FORD Stake Truck; dual wheels	$325
'33 CHEV. Roadster	$295

'34 CHEVROLET COUPE $100 LESS THAN A NEW CAR. Less than 2,000 Miles.

'29 CHEV. Coach	$135
'32 FORD V-8 Cabriolet	$375
'29 CHRYSLER Sedan	$275
'31 FORD Closed Cab, Pick-up Body	$250

EMPLOYMENT AGENCIES 24
Post Classified Ads.—National 4200.

WE SUPPLY bartenders, cooks, waitresses and all hotel and restaurant employes; male or female; white or colored. Call NAt. 8043. 1412 Eye nw., 3d floor.

SALESMEN WANTED 25
Post Classified Ads.—National 4200.

AN EXCEPTIONAL POSITION

Here's an opening in a high-class organization offering unusual earning possibilities to a salesman of ability and good address. No technical knowledge necessary, but you must be a judge of human nature and willing to work. Applicants will be inteviewed between 8:30 and 12.

P. W. CALFEE
Suite 70, H. L. Rust Bldg.

SITUATIONS—MALE 27
Post Classified Ads.—National 4200.

CHAUFFEUR, truck driver, desires work. 530 24th st. nw.; WE. 1495.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES 29
Post Classified Ads.—National 4200.

BARBER SHOP, suburban; 3 chair; good buy for $1,000. R. M. DESHAZO, 1123 14TH NW. NA. 5520.

CAFE and rathskeller with liquor license; $1,500 cash and small monthly payments. 1220 New York ave. nw.

DELICATESSEN and 6 rooms; corner; rent, $65; old stand; business $250 weekly; will sacrifice for $700; the best buy in town.

DELICATESSEN and 4 rooms; cheap rent; business, $350 weekly; a real bargain for $1,250. 2804 Ga. ave.

ROOMING HOUSE, 11 rooms, 2 baths, 2-car garage; nicely furnished, including radio and elect. refrigerator; ideal for meals; a real bargain for $250 cash payments and small monthly notes. R. M. CURTIS, Nat. 3934. 410 Bond Bldg., 14th & N. Y. Ave. N.W.

IF YOU HAVE $1,000 CASH and want to make some real money in a manufacturing business, answer this for full particulars. Box 219, Washington Post.

PARKING SITE
20,000 sq. ft. of ground first time offered for parking and gas station site. Owner will make 10-year lease at $15,000 a year. Should net $20,000 a year to operator.

TOLEDO GUARANTY CORPORATION
Suite 1026, Woodward Bldg.
Na. 2626

PARTY WITH $1,000 to $2,000 to invest in business deal with unlimited possibilities, making large profit at present. With or without services. Address Box 218, Washington Post.

ROOMING HOUSE, 17th and K—12 rooms, 2 baths, rent $75; nice income; price, $950; terms. Investigate. S. WINFIELD, 900 12TH N.W. NAT. 9654.

INSURANCE 30
Post Classified Ads.—National 4200.

ALL KINDS OF INSURANCE.
K. M. LIVINGSTONE.
923 15th St. N.W. Dist. 0700.

MONEY TO LOAN 32

ADVANCES on diamonds, watches, jewelry and silverware, &c.; loans $200 and over, 2%; all tickets good 1 year. Horning's Loan Office, opposite Wash. Airport.

MONEY TO LOAN to responsible parties of good character. LINCOLN SERVICE CORP., Suite 209, Woodward Building, Phone National 2003.

ON diamonds, watches, jewelry, silverware, &c.; no adv. arrangement necess.; lowest int. rates. Rossiyn Loan Co., Rosslyn, Va.

REAL ESTATE LOANS 33
Post Classified Ads.—National 4200.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FIRST MORTGAGE SECURITIES.
A. C. HOUGHTON & CO. (Realtors.)
1516 H St. N.W. DIST. 7536.

MONEY TO LOAN
Money for 1st trust D. C. mortgages. No delays. 6% interest. No charge unless loan is made. Submit full particulars.
H. R. HOWENSTEIN CO.
1315 H St. N.W. DIst. 0908

INSTRUCTION 36
Post Classified Ads.—National 4200.

BEAUTY CULTURE — Mabelle Honour School; South's original, largest, finest school; new day, eve. classes forming. 818 14th st. nw. and 1325 N. H. ave

EARN SUCCESS with secretarial training. Hotel & Business College, 14th and Eye sts. nw.; NAt. 4717.

GIRLS to learn beauty culture; $50 com., terms. Position obt. 1363 Conn. ave.

LEARN mechanical dentistry; week's free trial to beginners. National School Mechanical Dentistry, 1301 G nw.; NA.4092.

SPECIAL STEN. AND TYP.
For Exam. on July 11. Tuition, $3. Every day and every night.
SPECIAL COURSE. The Civil Service Preparatory School, 529 12th st. nw. L. Adolph Richards, M. A., M. S., Principal.

JUNIOR PATENT EXAM.
SALARY, $2,000.

CARD PUNCH MACHINES
CALCULATING MACHINES, STEN. & TYP.

FILE CLERK EXAM.
SPECIAL course. The Civil Service Preparatory School, L. Adolph Richards, M. A., M. S., Prin., 529 12th st. nw. ME. 6337.

SUMMER SCHOOL
Special eight weeks of intensive training in shorthand and typewriting. Designed especially for high-school graduates, college students and graduates. Class opens July 9 and ends August 31. Early application for admission should be made. Printed description of courses furnished upon request.

STRAYER COLLEGE
HOMER BUILDING
NAtional 1748. F St at 13th.

NOTICE—You can make much more money if you complete a Boyd Business Course. Learn or review your shorthand, typing, bookkeeping, calculating machines. Boyd has 10-20 openings daily. You learn much faster if you attend Boyd's.

DOGS—CATS—PETS 40
Post Classified Ads.—National 4200

MOTHER CAT and 3 kittens, 9 wks. old, thoroughbred Persians. Call SH. 3410-R.

MISCELLANEOUS for SALE 45
Post Classified Ads.—National 4200.

A FEW general insurance accounts, including typewriter desk. Box 116, Washington Post.

ANTIQUE CHEST of drawers, mahogany day-bed, rug, other household articles. Apt. 411-E, Wardman Park.

APARTMENT-SIZE GRAND—A well-built, late model piano that we have thoroughly reconditioned. The case design is the plain modern style, the finish mahogany. We don't believe you can buy a better piano for $185. A Kitt "Remade" piano. Homer L. Kitt, 1330 G st.

MISCELLANEOUS for SALE 45
Post Classified Ads.—National 4200.

(Continued.)

BABY GRAND—We have a lovely little Queen Anne grand (the design that is becoming so popular lately) that was loaned out on a six-month contract, but returned after 60 days. The finish doesn't show a scratch and the action is perfect. It can now be purchased for $485, substantially less than the list price. Pay $10 down. Homer L. Kitt Co., 1330 G st.

BEER COOLERS, 5 large metal ice chests and ice crushers; 2 large elec. mixers, power cider press; Monel metal barbecue machine. Edgar Baum, Inc., 914 E st. nw.

FRIGIDAIRE—5 cu. ft.; al porcelain inside and out, $75. ELECTRICAL REFRIGERATION SERVICE CO., 2030 14th st nw. DE. 1611.

MODEL airplane supplies; complete stock of Balsa, tissue, wire, &c. National Aviation Supply, 1807 14th st. nw.

OFFICE FURNITURE—A large assortment of used pieces at low prices. H. Baum & Son, 616 E st. nw.

OFFICE FURNITURE, used; Govt. surplus and seconds; lowest prices. Commercial Office Furn. Co., 430 8th nw. ME. 7742.

PIANOS FOR RENT—Up., $3.50 and $4 mo.; finest rental stock in Washington. No. 3659. W. W. Kimball, 721 11th st. nw.

STOVES—Used gas stoves, plates and coal ranges for sale; all kinds. New Philadelphia Junk Co., 1436 H st. ne. LI. 10311.

STUDIO COUCH—Rome de luxe construction; originally $47.50; close out, $27.50. (1 rust, 1 green). Ideal Bedding Co., 622 E st. nw.

TYPEWRITERS—Guaranteed like new; low prices; terms; we rent, repair, exchange. Standard Typewriter Co., 723 10th nw.

TYPEWRITERS—All makes for sale; rental and repairs; open eves. American Typewriter Co., 1431 E Cap. st. LI. 0082.

TYPEWRITERS—Reconditioned portables and standards; all makes; excellent rental machines; lowest rates. Typewriter Sales & Service Co., 811 Seventeenth st. nw. Nat. 5666.

WALL PAPER—Special room lots, $1.25; sufficient for ceiling, side walls, border; room, 10x14x8; wide selection. Walter Morgan & Co., Inc., 421 10th nw.; NA. 7688.

WESTINGHOUSE REFRIGERATORS. RUDOLPH & WEST, 1332 New York ave, nw. NAt. 4870.

$700 PIANO—Ample any auditorium; immediate sale, $50. 1742 F st. nw.

G. E ELECTRIC REFRIGERATORS. Matchless mechanism combined with stream-lined beauty. Down payment as low as $7.00 on Monitor Tops. NATIONAL ELECTRICAL SUPPLY CO. 1328-30 New York Ave. NW. NA. 6800.

GAS RANGES 3 real bargains in large size 6-burner, double oven stoves. Capital, 1524 L nw. NA. 8905.

LUGGAGE trunks, saddlery, harness. All leather goods repaired. G. W. King, jr., 511 11th nw.

BOATS 48
Post Classified Ads.—National 4200.

DODGE SPEED BOAT, 26 FT., 90-H. P. EXCELLENT CONDITION. PHONE ATLANTIC 5700.

WANTED—TO BUY 49
Post Classified Ads.—National 4200.

ALL KINDS of furniture, bric-a-brac, vases and china wanted; will pay highest cash prices. Call NAtional 1796.

ANTIQUE JEWELRY, watches, diamonds, coins, gold teeth, silver, mus. inst.; full prices. Schiller's, 444 9th st., cor E nw

BEST PRICES paid for desirable furniture; also store fixtures; stocks of merchandise. Phone Fr. 8112. Prompt attention.

BOOKS—All kinds, stamps, magazines, autographs; highest prices paid. Pearlman's, 933 G nw No branches. Met. 5415.

CASH for gold watches, diamonds, jewelry, antiques, silver. Tendler's Pawnbrokers' Sales Co., 913 D st nw.

FURNITURE, household goods, bric-a-brac bought for cash and removed at once. Call Charles, National 4809.

FURNITURE—Household and office furniture wanted at once. Highest cash prices. Call C. Margolis Furniture Co., ME. 9533.

FURNITURE, household goods of all kinds. We pay highest prices. Don't sell until you call North 6040. Prompt service.

GOLD OR PLATINUM JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE AND GOLD TEETH; ANY CONDITION. WE HAVE U. S. GOVT. LICENSE TO BUY GOLD AND PAY CASH. A. KAHN INC., 42 YEARS AT 935 F ST. NW.

OLD GOLD, antique jewelry, rings, watches, gold teeth, coins, silver, music inst.; top prices. Milsam's, 436 9th st. nw.

OLD GOLD, silver, platinum, diamonds bought by oldest estab. Wash. dealers. Louis Abrahams, 711 G st. nw.

OLD GOLD, SILVER WATCHES, DIAMONDS
Discarded jewelry, gold teeth. U. S. Government license to buy and sell. FULL CASH PRICE PAID.
SELINGER'S, 818 F St. N.W.

ROOMS—FURNISHED 50
Post Classified Ads.—National 4200.

ALL STATES TAVERN, 500 East Capitol st. Cool, airy furnished. Single or double rooms. Reas.

ARIZONA HOTEL—310 C st. nw., 1 block off Pa. ave. Neatly furnished rooms; lobby; 3 baths on each floor; shower baths; continuous hot water; $3.50 week up; transients, $1 to $1.

BEAUTIFUL, private home; in residential section; room and priv. bath; gentleman in office; refs. COl. 0065.

COLUMBIA RD., 1834—Single rms., $3; dou., $4; all outside; 4 baths; c. h. w.; maid ser.; hall rm., $2.50; men. Ad. 10213.

DOWNTOWN—Cool, clean, quiet, homelike rm. or 2 r., b., for refined adults; phone; cont. h. w.; refs. 1717 DeSales.

E. CAPITOL ST., 314—Apt. 52, 2 large outside rms., adj. b.; large closets; one fitted for h. h. k.; together, $35; separate, $20 each. LInc. 7280.

EVERETT HOTEL, 1730 H st. nw.—Rates, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50—Special weekly rates and for tourists and groups—Every room hot and cold running water and telephone—Tub and shower bath privileges—Location 2 blocks from White House—4 blocks shopping and theaters. Center of Gov't offices.

IRVING ST. NW., 1331—Very bright room; for lady employed; car and bus service. Col. 7891-R.

K ST. NW., 1834—2 nicely furn., cool, double front rms.; 1 single front room; phone and hot water. Met. 1749.

KENYON ST. NW., 1810—Desirable well-furnished front room in clean, modern home. Call Adams 2853.

L ST. NW., 1347—Nice front room; cooled by fan; very conv. to all points; $5 week.

M ST. NW., 1329—Overlooking Thomas Circle; small front room; cool; $12 mo.

MT. PLEASANT—2053 Park rd. nw.; single room; 2d fl.; cool, clean; employed gentleman; $14; garage. AD. 1014.

NR. Thomas Circle; large cool, comfortable room, with hot and cold running water; $20 each double; $35 single; twin beds; gentleman; refs. NO. 8927.

NEWTON NW., 1625—Large, cool room, 5 windows; owner's home; gentlemen; $15.

OATES ST. NE., 1266—Nicely fur. lg., cool frt. rm.; priv. home; bus. AT. 3822.

ONE-ROOM apt. with kitchen, $25 per month. 1524 P st. nw.

ONTARIO RD. NW., 2510—Basement furn. rm.; also large front housekeeping rm.; semibath; adults. Col. 4075.

PORTLAND—1129 Vermont ave. Specially adapted for summer residence; high ceilings, big windows, cross-ventilation; marble corridors; rugs rooms make it COOL and comfortable; maid service; now $7 week single; 2 rooms, bath, en suite, $75 month.

QUE ST. NW., 1741—Large, outside, 2d-fl.; twin beds; single, $4; double, $5.

WESTMINSTER—1607 17th st. nw. Rooms with bath or running water and near bath with showers; single, $6 or $7; double, $8-$10.

WILLARD ST. NW., 1778—Well-fur., clean, cool room, next bath; colored; reas.

WYOMING AVE. NW., 1802—Expensively furn., cool, quiet; l. h. k.; twin beds; $5.

WILL BOARD 4 boys between ages of 7 and 12 for summer months. Mrs. T. Willmer Kibler, Route 1, Rileyville, Va.

MOVING and STORAGE 64
Post Classified Ads.—National 4200.

TO BOOST our moving service, special price to Hutchison Bros., WE. 2500.

LONG-DISTANCE moving, local moving, storage. ANDERSON UNITED VAN SERVICE, 11th and N. Y. ave. nw.; NAt. 3699.

APARTMENTS—Furnished 65
Post Classified Ads.—National 4200.

BEAUTIFUL cool 5 rm. apt.; shower bath; a. m. l.; 13-foot ceilings; Alex., Va., 15 minutes drive; view of river; only $55. Phone Met. 8731 before 6 p. m.

BURTON—2120 G st. nw. 1 or more bedrms., kitchen; maid service; adjoins Geo. Wash. Univ. and Grant School; "walk to work;" new management; $8-$12 week.

CENTRAL—Attract. liv. rm. and bedrm. of wind. next bath; or rm., piano, radio; cont. h. w.; phone; refs. 1626 17th.

CLEVELAND PARK, 3026 Porter st., Apt. 103—Exclusive, 2 rooms, kitchenette, dinette and bath; available at once.

CONN. AVE. NW., 4707—Large, attractive living room, bedrm., dinette, kitchen; front porch; beautifully furn. Em. 6800.

CONN. AVE. NW., 2900—South Cathedral Mansions, 2 rooms, kitchen and bath, furnished, $65. H. G. SMITHY CO. 811 15th St. N.W. Nat. 5904.

H ST. NW., 2003—Cool, 3-room corner apt., furn. Phone West 1185-J.

MASS. AVE. NW., 200—The Lindbergh, 1 room, kitchen and bath, completely furnished, $48 up; 2 rooms, kitchen and bath, completely furnished, $65. Electrical refrigeration on house current. Elevators, switchboard. Garage if desired. Call manager, MEt. 3928. H. G. SMITHY CO. 811 15th St. N.W. NAt. 5904.

ORREN ST. NE., 1409—3 rooms, private bath; gas, light, elec., refrig.; $45 monthly; adults only.

PARK RD. NW., 1673—The Parkridge. Corner apartment; 2 rooms, foyer, dinette, kitchen and bath; new furniture. Frigidaire. Elevator. $65. H. G. SMITHY CO. 811 15th St. N.W. Nat. 5903.

R ST. NE., 18—Attractively furnished; 4 rooms and bath; sink, gas range, cont. hot water; third floor.

THE MADISON—1739 Eye st. nw. Furn. apts.; 1 room, $40 month; 2 rooms, $60 month.

TILDEN ST., NW., 3020 (Apt. 404)—Five rooms, bath, extra lavatory; exceptionally desirable. CLeveland 5754.

8TH ST. SW., 216—Across from Smithsonian Park; 2 large, airy rooms; completely furn.; priv. bath; newly decorated.

13TH ST. NW., 3525—1st fl. apt.; attractive bed-living rm., dressing rm., large kitchen; Frigidaire; rear porch; reas. AD. 3909-W.

18TH ST. NW., 3337—Bright airy, 3 rooms, kitchen, bath; large sleeping porch; Frigid. on house current; reduced to $45 per month.

7123 9TH ST. NW.—Bright, airy 2 rooms, kitchen and private shower bath; semi-detached home; gas, elec., unlimited phone, refrigerator; adults preferred. GA. 4319.

2 ROOMS, kitchen, dining alcove, bath; at 2721 Adams Mill rd., near 18th st. and Columbia rd.; beautiful, cool location; exclusively residential; opposite entrance to park; everything furnished; price, $60; also 2-bedroom apartment. LONDON HALL. 1133 13TH ST. NW.

All outside apts.; large, attractive, newly furnished; bed-living room, kitchenette, bath; Murphy beds; large dressing closets; Frigidaire on house current; homelike atmosphere; $43 month up. NAt. 9010.

PORTLAND—1129 Vermont ave. 3 rooms, bath, hall; cool; $75.

Francis Scott Key, Apt. Hotel
20th and F sts. nw. 1 room, kitch., bath; completely furn.; linens, silver; Frigidaire; day, week, month. National 5425.

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FLEETWOOD—3707 Woodley rd. nw., 2 or 3 rms., kitchen, dinette, bath; Frigid. free; high elevation. CL. 0615.

RAVENEL—1610 16th st. nw., 1, 2 and 3 rooms, kitchen and bath; $50 to $100.

THE CLIFTON, 1323 Clifton st. nw.; 4 rooms, hall, pantry, bath at $50; 5 rooms, $60; will furnish. See janitor.

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COLUMBIA RD. NW., 1334—Newly furn. rooms, some with running water; unlimited phone; Southern home-cooked meals if desired; reas. rates. CO. 5922.

FRENCH family offers excellent double room; twin beds; board; also single; semiprivate bath; $35 each. POt. 0458.

K ST. NW., 1736—Very cool bed-living room; private bath; suitable 3 persons; also other well-furnished rooms; excellent food; nicely served. Call after 4 p. m., St. 9719.

MASS. AVE. NW., 1408—Nicely furnished room, finest location in city; walking distance to business section; excel. table.

NEW HAMPSHIRE AVE. NW., 1726—Large, cool rooms for summer; single or double; twin beds; excellent meals served if desired; very reasonable.

SHERIDAN CIRCLE — Unusual, artistic; large cool double and single rooms; in refined home overlooking Rock Creek Park; roof garden; unexcelled cuisine; complete service; grounds. 2306 Mass. ave. nw.; North 6482.

VERMONT AVE. NW., 1326—Attractive single room; excellent home cooking; $25 mo.

13TH NW., 2903—For 1 or 2 people; private Southern family; reas. Col. 1452.

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Residential summer